prove of the administration of General Jackon, and that it has undiminished confidence in him; and the members of this convention, pledge themselves to use all honourable means promote his re-election.
Resolved. That John C. Herbert to appoint-

ed the delegate from the second Congression-al district, to represent it in the convention about to be held in Baltimore, to nominate candidate for the Vice-Presidency of the United States, who shall be a man known to he opposed to the present tariff, and who is your, not only of reducing the taxes on articles of luxury, but of necessaries also; so that the revenue arising therefrom, shall not be more than is required for an economical

administration of the government.

hesolved. That the proceedings of this convention be signed by the chairman and secre tary, and published in the Globe, at Washington, Maryland G: zette, Annapolis, and Baltimore Republican.
JOSEPH J. JONES.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Secretary.

BALTIMORE CONVENTION.

At a meeting of the convention of delegates from Queen Anne's, Caroline and Talbot counties, held to appoint a delegate to the convention to be held in Biltimore on Mon day, the 21st of May next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Vice-Pie sidency. Edward L. ovd. Jr. was called to the chair, and Edward Mullikin appointed Secretary. Moved and resolved that in choosing the delegate to the convention, the votes be taken by counties.

After the necessary consultation, William Carmichael, E-q. of Queen Anne's, was duly chosen the representative from pe 8th congressional district, in the Baltimere con-

Resolved. That the proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the E. S. Whig, and Baltimore Repub-

EDWARD LLOYD, Chairman. EDWARD MULLIKIN, Secretary.

A NEW FRONTIER WAR THREAT-ENED.

FROM THE ILLINOIS ADVOCATE -EXTRA To the Militia of the North-Western section of Illinois.

in violation of the Treaty of last summer. The British band of Sacs and other hostile Indiaus, headed by the Black Hawk, are in possession of the Rock River country, to the great terror of the frontier inhabitants. I consider the settlers on the frontier in imminent

I am in possession of the above information, from gentlemen of respectable standing, and from Gen. Atkinson, whose character stands so high in all classes.

Extract of a Letter, da'ed. FORT ARMSTRONG, April 13, 1832.

DEAR SIR: The band of Sacs under Black Hawk, joined by about one hundred Kicka poos, and a few Pottawatamies amounting in all to about five hundred men, have resumed a hostile attitude. They crossed the Missis. sippi at the Yellow Banks, on the 5th inst. and are now moving up on the East side of Rock River, towards the Prophet's Village.

"The regular force under my command is too contemplate.

Your own knowledge of the characters of these Indians, with the information herewith submitted, will enable you to judge of the course proper to be pursued. I think the fron-tier is in great danger, and I will use all the means at my disposal to co-operate with you in its protection and defence.

With great respect,
Your most obedient servant,
H. ATKINSON.
Brig. Gen. U. S. Army. His Excellency Gov. Reynolds, Belleville, Illinois.

Extract of a letter from Gen. Hughes, Sub Indian Agent, to Gen. Atkinson, dated Rock Island, 13th April, 1832.

"My opinion is, that the squaws and old men have gone to the Prophet's Town, on Rock River—and the warriors are now only a few miles below the mouth of Rock River, within the limits of the State of Illinois. That those Indians are hostile to the whites, That those Indians are hostile to the whites, there is no doubt; that they have invaded the State of Illinois, to the great injury of our citizens, is equally true; hence it is that the public good requires that strong as well as speedy measures should be taken against speedy measures should be taken against Black Hawk and his followers.

Respectfully, I have the honour to be, most of the night, and we have spent several thours there this meaning, but such is still the

AND. 8. HUGHES

"The British band of Sac Indians did rendezrous at old Fort Madison, and induced a great many of the young men to join them at their arrival at the Yellow Banks. They crossed about 500 horses into the State of Illinois, and sent about seventy horses through the country towards Rock River; the remainder, some on horseback, the others in canoes, in fighting order, advanced up the Mississippi, and were encamped yesterday, five or six miles below Rock River, and will no doubt endeavour to reach their strong hold which they were sent to the lospital. in the Rock River swamps, if they are not interrupted. From every information that I side in Delancy street. have received, I am of opinion that the inten-tions of the British band of Sac Indians is to tions of the British band of Sac Indians is to tions of the British band of Sac Indians is to commit depredations on the inhabitants of the

Respectfully, your obedient servant, GEO. DAVENPORT.

To Brig. Gen. Atkinson. In possession of the foregoing facts and information, I hesitated not as to the course I ver. He was carried home to his friends in should pursue. No citizen ought to remain Delancy street. He must have remained unquiet when his country is invaded, and the der the ruins more than two hours, and reelpless part of the community is in danger.

I have called out a strong detachment of ne militia, to rendezvous at Burdstown on the 22d inst Provisions for the men, and orn for the horses, will be furnished in a-

I hope my countrymen will realize my exnectations, and offer their services as hereto- weight on it must have been entirely crushore, with promptitude and theerfulness, in defence of their count

JOHN REYNOLD Commander in Chief.

April 17, 1832.

From the New York Commercial Advertiser of Saturday afternoon, we copy the fol-lowing distressing particulars of a melanchov event which occurred in that city on Fri day evening last. NEW YORK, May 5.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT AND DE-STRUCTION OF LIFE.

Rarely does it fall to our lot to record a more afflictive and unexpected calamity than At a quarter beon the present occasion. fore six o'clock, vesterday afternoon, the large new structure, belonging to Phelps & Peck, on the corner of Cliff and Fulton streets, and a cupied as counting rooms and a warehouse for the very extensive business of that firm, suddenly tell in with a startling and tremenions crash, causing the foundations of the buildings in the whole neighbourhood to trem-The edifice was of brick, six stories high, resting upon a granite basement of uphigh, resting upon a grinte oright blocks or pilasters, of the description ordinarily in use. The building occupied a bout 100 feet on Cliff street, and 75 up on Fulton. Two thirds of the pile, compris-Fellow-Citizens:—Your country requires tog the whole front upon Cliff, and say fifty your services. The indians have assumed a hostile attitude, and have invaded the State, dicularly from top to bottom, and fell at once into a heap of broken ruins. So sudden wa the giving away, and the fall, that a gentleman, who was at the instant passing on the apposite side, in Cliff street, saw the granite blocks, as it were, start from the wall supposed it to be an optical illusion occasion ed by the glancing of the eye; but in the same instant, looking upward, the whole edifice was simultaneously tumbling down, and his agility alone enabled him to escape.

The whole building to the topmost loft, was filled with goods of great weight and in-trinsic value. The lower stories were stored with iron and tin, and the three upper lofts crammed to their utmost capacity, with cotton. The loss of property, independent of the building, will be very great. But this loss weighs as the dust only in the balance, in comparison with the loss of life which is at this moment wringing so many bosoms with anguish, and the unspeakable agonies of the mangled though not liteless bodies, that have been taken from the ruins. The number of small to justify me in pursuing the hostile lives lost by this distressing event, is not yet party. To make an unsuccessful attempt to small to justify me in pursuing the hostile to party. To make an unsuccessful attempt to known. At the time of its occurrence, we correct them would only irritate them to acts of hostility on the frontier, sooner than they of hostility on the frontier, sooner than they counting room only a short time before, and counting room only a short time before, and in the period of the period of the principles. These gentlements are to principles of the period of the pe counting room only a s was, at the moment of the catastrophe, in attendance at the monthly meeting of the Board of Public Schools. The other partn r

Mr. Peck, is in the country.

Mr. Thomas H. Goddard, the book-keeper, and Mr Josiah Stokes, the confidential Clerk, were in the counting room on the second floor, engaged in writing at their desks, at the time of the fall; and Mr. Alfred K. Seymour, another clerk, was in the counting room on the first floor. All three were whelmed in the ruins, and crushed to death. Mr. Pitkin, also a clerk, was standing at the front door, on Cliff street, and saved himself by jumping of one side at the moment he heard the cracking, and running across the street. Mr. O'Neal, of Utica, a customer, was ascending. Neal, of Utica, a customer, was ascending the first flight of stairs at the moment, and, as it were by a miracle, escaped with only a few slight bruises, having worked his way out of the ruins about fifteen minutes after the walls fell in. A cartman, named Barney Jackson, who was on the side walk, was par-tially buried in the ruins, but was fortunate-ly rescued in about two hours with only a broken arm, and a few bruises. His horse was

Extract of a letter from George Davenport,

Bay. to Brig. Gen. Atkinson, dated
Rocks Island. April 15, 1832.

Dear Sir: In reply to your inquiries of this morning respecting the Indians, I have to state that I have been informed by the man I have had wintering with the Indians, that the first instance into die. Simon-thave had wintering with the Indians, that the British hand of Sac Irdians is determined to make war upon the fronter settlements."

British hand of Sac Irdians is determined to make war upon the fronter settlements."

One of the man found in the street, the gentlemen invited: Had it would probably or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends of several of the gentlemen invited: Had it would probably or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends of several of the gentlemen invited: Had it would probably or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends of several of the gentlemen invited: Had it would probably or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends of son held as appointed, it would probably or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends of the firends of the firends and the other two coloured men) were that I have been informed by the man I have to distinguish the Indians, that the first instance into die. Simon-tract the rules of this painful disaster is apparation to all the call of the building, have continued until the fall of the building, have

dislocated, besides other wounds, some of which appeared to be internal. His case is believed to be extremely critical. The other believed to be extremely critical. The other was not so badly hurt, his wounds being prin-cipally confined to a hand and arm, which were a good deal cut and bruised. The shoulder of the former was restored to its proper place by Dr. S. and such other relief aff ed as could be rendered at the moment, after understand they are brothers-in-law, and re-

Barney Jackson, mentioned above, was carhad supposed his arm was broken in two ces, but it was found on examination that such was not the fact. His head and face were apparently much bruised, but it is believed, hat with proper attention he will ver. He was carried home to his friends in marked that during this time be considered himself in effect a dead man.

About half past 12 o'clock, the hand of Mr. Stokes was seen projecting from beneath the runs, and grasping the pen with which he had been writing: it will be many hours before he can be removed: the body from the

A coloured man was taken out about one o'clock, and carried to the house of Alder-man Harner, opposite, and about six o'clock this morning was sent to the hospital dread fully mangled. As near as we could ascer-tain, he is named Thomas Hawkes. We saw the dead body of another coloured man ta-ken from the ruins at 9 o'clock this morning. The gentlemen who have thus been so sud-

enly cut off, were highly esteemed and be deniy cut oit, were nighty esterned air loved. Mr. Goddard is well known as the author of his system of book-keeping. Mr. Stokes, was a young gentleman of great worth, son of our excellent fellow citizer, Mr. Thos. Stokes, and the confidential clerk of Mr. Phelps. Mr. Seymour has been in the employ of Phelps and Peck for five years, and was deservedly esteemed; he was from the neigh ourhood of Utica.

At two o'clock this morning, the bodies of two labourers were extricated from the ruins one of them was found in a sitting position, near the front, lifeless-he is said to be a foreigner, named Pearsall; from the appear ance of the corpse it was supposed that he lived some time after the building fell.

In Cliff street, the second door from Phelps and Peck's, a gentleman was confined to his sick bed, very low, who had not for some time been able to assist himself in moving, yet the fright was so great that he jumped from his bed and stood erect on the chamber floor.

In the great anxiety to get to those who were underneath the ruins, several persons were injured by the falling of bales ton, and other goods. About 9 o'clock, John Hunter, a watchman, received the force large bale on his breast, which deprived him of the ability of speaking for some time. He, however, finally was able to speak, and when we saw him last, a physician was with him, who thought him not dangerously injured.

The moment news of the catastrophe was received at the City Hall, Mr. Justice an sent a strong corps of police, to preserve order: and prevent the destruction of proper Alderman Sharpe of the Second Ward,

nd Alderman Stevens of the Third, were ikewise promptly on the ground, and were indefatigable in their labours until a very late

In order to call the assistance of the Hook and Ladder Companies; the bells rang an aarm of fire. The several companies hastened to the spot, and worked with great dili-gence, not unaccompanied with danger for many hours. They were directed by Mr. Guick, the Chief Engineer, assisted by Mr. in the neighbourhood illur dows, which, with the torches of the engines, afforded sufficient light to the gentiemen who were removing the goods, &c. Wearied out were removing the goods, &c. Wearied out by the labours they had wrought, further ef-forts were discontinued shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, but were resumed again at an early hour-the Mayor in person directing the Police.

The crowds of people collecting to wiew

the second instance within a year, that the same merciful interposition has preserved his valuable life. He had been prevented last year from getting on board the steam-boat Gen. Jackson, at Peekskill, on his return to the city, a few hours before her unfortunate explosion, only by the urgent and unusual solicitations of the Captain of a sloop, who at length prevailed on him to take a passage on board his vessel.

Extract of a letter from George Davenport, of mine, that the extent of suffering and death beld, in consequence of the non-attendance of the gentlemen invited. Had it is not yet ascertained.

Rocks Island, April 15, 1859.

Draw Sir. In solid, April 15, named at the consequence of the non-attendance of the secretained.

to. One of them was found to be very bad-ly injured, his head being deeply cut and co-there were neither party walls, as in so great vered with blood, and one of his shoulders dislocated, besides other wounds, some of chors, as the irons for connecting the matethat has falled, were not morticed into the timbers of the section that remains; and there appears to have been a complete breaking off, exactly as if the foundation of a part of the building had given way, and there was no with each other as yesterday, but the belief connecting fixtures between the two portions of the edifice, by which the whole strength should have been united. The corsequence was, that the building has yielded to the pressure of the enormous weight of iron, tin, cotton and other goods stored within it-the balance not being evenly preserved. The store had been occupied but three or four weeks, and it is evident that the laws of gravitation have only preserved it so long. considerable disarrangement of the equ would have produced the same result at an

> vas a most estimable and worthy man. was industrious, but poor - He has left a nu-merous and excellent family, in narrow cir-

POSTSCRIPT .- Half past 12 o'clock .-We have just returned from the scene of death. The body of poor Goddard has been taken out -his head doubled over upon the breast. The body of young Seymour is seen, but not

The dead bodies of three black men have ONE O'CLOCK.—The body of Mr. Stokes is een; but it will be some hours before the rubish can be removed from it

The roof of the superb three story dwelling adjoining, is destroyed.

FOREIGN.

From the New York Standard of yesterday THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the Canada, capt. Wilson, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 1st of April, we have our London files to the 31st of March, and Liverpool to the day of sailing. We have received also our Maga-&c. from which we shall give selec ions to-morrow.

The news of a political character is not important. The cholera is spreading steadily in London, there being eighty or ninety cases per day, but it appears to excite little a-It has made its appearance decidedly

We give reports below of cholera in Paris,

There is no other French news.

The Dutch and Belgian affairs are still unsettled, and seem far enough from such a con-summation. The Austrian and Prussian guvernments appeared to have ratified the ar-rangements of the Conference of London, but Russia seems to hold back. The King of Holland adheres to his conditions, though the Conference rejected them THE CHOLERA.

London, March 29 .- Remaining at last eport, 212; new cases 21; dead, 45; recoverd, 32; remaining, 226. Total cases, 1665;

CHOLERA IN DUBLIN.

The Dublin Evening Post of Tuesday last, announces that the cholera has broken out in Rive cases have occurred in the vi-Dublin. cinity of Summer-hill, four of which have terminated fatally, and are exhibiting the most marked and virulent features of the malady. The Morning Register of Wednesday con firms the intelligence, and states that government had caused the Richmond Penitentiary ment had caused the reception of patients, tion of a question which ought long ago to be fitted up for the reception of patients, tion of a question which ought long ago to be provided necessaries and medical advice, and have been placed beyond the reach of our trade and innade other preparations for the relief of the poor who might be afflicted with the disease. No additional cases have occur

red in Belfast, which is at present perfectly free from the disease. There have been in all

when it first appeared amounts to about éle-sand people crowded into the several streets leading to the spot, before seven o'clock last evening; and there could not have been less than that number at 8 o'clock this morning. It is mentioned as a remarkable providence, Mr. Phelps having left his counting-toom but a short time before the accident, that this is the second instance within a year, that the same merciful interposition has preserved his valuable life. He had been prevented last valuable life. He had been prevented last

say, Anderston, &c.
Total cases in the united kingdom since the commencement, 8770; total deaths, 3160. REFORM.

r killed, as was also one belonging to the corporation, which was standing in the street.

It is impossible even yet to give an accust It is impossible even yet to give an accust in all its particulars. One or the other of our firm was at the access of the trainmity most of the night, and we have spent everal thours there this meaning, but such is still the confusion, and so great the introduced piles.

Explosion, only by the argent and unusual solicitations of the Captain of a sloop, who at length prevailed on him to take a passage on board his vessel.

It is needless for us to repeat a truth already impressed upon the minds of the great bulk of our readers,—namely, that until the means of carrying throw the house of Lords and the means of carrying throw the house of Lords and the provisions of the Bill which are relatively the country as essential to any system of solid improvement in the representation, and so great the introduced piles.

nisters, and ready for immediate use, po rest or satisfaction can be enjoyed by the friends

Appearances, we are usual to say, present no more favourable prospects, so far as the combinations of the party in the House of Lords are concerned. Jimes 28.

Public attention in the city continues to be

much occupied with the Belgian treaty, the ratification of which by the three powers which have not yet signed, it is fixed for tomorrow, being on their part the 2d postpone-ment of the question. The statements current on the subject are as much at variance seems to have gained strength that the ratification by Russia, at all events, will be far-ther postponed. At the same time it is affirm-ed, that Austria and Prussia are not to be influenced by this determination of their ally, and that the ratification of the treaty, therefore, by those powers, will take place to morrow.-16. 50.

The mania for emigration rages just now in this country to an unheard of extent. We believe more people have quitted, or intend quitting Elginshire for America this spring. than during the last ten years. From the arlier day.

Mr. Goddard, one of the deceased, small village of Rothes alone, no fewer than 16 intend sailing very soon, in the same ves-16 intend sailing very soon, sel, for the western hemisphere.

Elgin Courier.

FRANCE. PARIS, March 28th, 10 P. M.-There have been many reports circulated this day respecting the Cholera, but it is beyond doubt estain that it is in Paris. According to a statement in the Gazette de France of this evening, the number of persons infected al-ready amounts to 38. Ten Persons have already been admitted into the hospital of the Hotel Dien, of whom three have died.

An official publication of the numbers, &c. is expected to-morrow.

HOLLAND AND BELGIUM. Pants, March 28.

A courier arrived this day from Vienta. who brings to Count Appony, the Austrian Ambassation at this Court the ratification of the Emperor of Austria of the treaty of the 15th of Nov. with orders to have it exchanged in London as soon as the Plenipotentia of Prussia shall have received from his Court the same authorization.

The Prussian ratification was believed to

be in London. Count Orloff had arrived there. Extract of a letter from the Hague, dated the 26th:— Since the departure of Count Orloff, the issue of his mission has been more particularly on account of the long deliberations in the Cabinet Council, which took place before he set out—the subject of much conversation, both public and private. What appears certain on the subject is, that the conditions proposed on our part have not been accepted by the Conference. The reply of our Cabinet to the note addressed to the Plenipotentiary of the Netherlands in London, was not finally drawn up until Saturday. It seems that this delay was the cause of Coat Orloff continuing so long here. Indeed, the royal steam boat, at Botterdam, was held in readiness for him, at a moment's notice, for three days before he embarked. We are confident that the Count, in his personal negociations in London, will exert every effort to bring about an arrangement consistent with

the continuance of general peace."

It is supposed that the King of Holland is sustained in his course by the hope of relief from a change of ministry in England, which will bring the Duke of Wellington and his friends into power. Upon this the Times remarks thus:—

This delay of a final settlement, and this

consequent danger of a new collision in the Netherlands, is one among the many evils, foreign and domestic, which we now saffer, and have suffered from the 13 months agitation of a question which ought long ago to or cavil. Every branch of our trade and industry is depressed at home, and more than half of our influence is paralysed abroad, by the gloomy electric cloud, pregnant with storms, which is observed by well as natives, to hover above the legislative EDINBURGH.—There have been 9 cases and 7 deaths since Saturday, making the total cases, 50, and deaths, 29. The towns eastward of Edinburgh have cased to issue ers, for instance, from commencing their spring operations with the employment of ward of Edinburgh, have ceased to issue reports, and are now reckoned clear of cholera. At the Water of Leith 4 cases and 1 death have occurred since our last; and 7 cases; and 4 deaths at Cannonmills. In this city and its envirous together, there have been in the last four days, 21 cases, and 12 deaths, a greater number than in any previous terms of the same length. — Scotsman.

Glassow, &c. — During last week cases of this disease have occurred very generally in all parts of Glasgow. The mean daily number of persons attacked since the 12th Feb. when it first appeared amounts to about eleven, and the ratio of mortality to from 50 to

From the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer of Jet

LATER STILL FROM ENGLAND. LATER STILE FROM ENGLAND.

At an early hour this morning, ware ceived our files of sapers brought by the Large don packet ship Columbia, Captain Delandshe was boarded last night by our news schooner Eclipse. The London dates brought to by the Canada were to the morning of the Statement of the Statement of the Hampshire Telegraph of the 2d April the Hampshire Telegraph of the 2d April the Under date of the 31st March it said that there were 87 new cases in London, as that there were 87 new cases in London, as the country. 33 new cases and 16 deaths.

The last accounts from Ancona are considered, both by the British and French Gyers.

ments, completely satisfactory. Gen. Cu. DI heres has restored to the smair that character which it would not for a moment have turdated directed of had it not been for the most ing il strange forgetfalness of the orders, which strange forgetfalness of the orders, which terest connated from the cabinet of the Thildries at the epoch of the departure of the expedicity.

At Rome, however, the most trivial circomstances are converted by anger, into ground for note after note to the French Ampround for note after note to the French Am-bassador, it being evidently the design in this way to ring the changes to Europe, and to smother the principal question under a heap of trifling dentails, which since the ex-planation given by the French Government, either merit no attention, or at best are mere-Ir of secondary importance.

From the No Y. Mercantile Advertiser of

LATEST FROM FRANCE. The ship Fama, arrived last evening from Havre, having left that port on the 2d ult.—Captain Windsor, has favoured us with papers of that place to Slat, and Paris to the 50th March inclusive.

th March inclusive. There appears to be no doubt that the Allied Powers are determined on an amicable settlement of the affairs of Holland and Bel-The funds both in France and England continue to advance, which is a sure criterion that the peace of Europe will not

soon be disturbed. An important discussion took place in the Chamber of Deputies on the 29th, on the subject of the Corn Laws, in which the law prohibiting the importation of Corn and Flour, was abolished. It was ascertained that the average which would be published on the 1st April, would admit the importation of rn into Marseilles, and all the ports of the Mediterranean.

The Chamber of Deputies was engaged or the 30th, on the bill for a modification of the Corn Laws. It appears that the Chambers were, after the last dates, soon to adjourn.
CHOLERA IN PARTS.

Pages, March 30, eight o'clock in the morning.—In the last three days 58 patients have been carried to the Cholera Hospital, 15 of whom are since dead. Besides these, eight deaths have occurred in different parts of the itr, viz: 1 in St. Antoine street, 1 in St. lean arcade, 1 irt Calandre street, 2 in Beauregard, 1 in Haut Matin, in Mazarine, and 1 des Jardins.

The number of cases in private houses is not yet ascertained. Nearly all who have been attacked belong to the lower ranks of society, and live in confined and crowded,

ad consequently unhealthy places.
P. S. Half past 4. P. M.—Eight -Eighteen new

PARIS, March 30.—This-morning the diligences are filled with timid people, who are leaving the capital to seek for safety in the provinces which the cholera has not visited.

HAVRE, March 30.—The Court of Assizes at Rouen, after hearing of the case, acquitted, day before yesterday, five American sailors, accused of resisting the armed force on the evening of the 21st of October.

MARRIED .- In Troy, New-York, Mr. MORRISON BLECHER, Printer, to Miss PINA BRUNNER: - and Mr. Edward U. Graves,

Printer. to Miss C. GRAWBAGER. Turn up the column rules my boys, We'er mourning for a maid, Who to enjoy a better life, In Gravz's cold bed is laid. We moarn, too, for a brother-craft,
Who joined the mystic ties
And may be no squabling have,
His vetter, half to PL

Their forms are ready for the Press,
Their proof-sheets are corrected,
Their register is quite as good,
As could have been expected.

Well, may their ribs prove true, And may their friekets make no biles; No outs or doublets may they have On publication nights: And may all brothers of the eraft,

Be equally as warm; And may their beds no longer be Rept standing for a form. [Troy Budget.

CEVID YEEREU EU EEIFCE THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of St. Mary's county. in Md. letters of administration with the wi annexed, on the personal estate of Benjamin Harrison, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of April next, they may herwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this lst day of May 1832.

/ BENJAMIN TIPPETT, Adm'r. W. A.

BENJAMIN HARRISON, dec'd. May 10.

28th OF May Scheme.
CLARK: takes great pleasure in congratula-Prizes in the last State Lottery, and would in form those who were unsuccessful, that Scheme No. 5, to be drawn on Saturday, May 28th, 1832, presents more than ordinary opportunities for putting them in the possession of wealth, containing, as it does, no less than three Capitals of \$10,000 each.

prize of \$10.000 | 35 prizes of \$100 1 10.000 | 51 50 1 10.000 | 51 40 4,270 1,000 102 500 T 1,530 200 1-11-475

13,395 prizes, amounting to \$136,880. Whole Tickets 85 Halves 82 50; Qra. 81 25;

He sure to direct your orders to either of J. CLARK'S Offices, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Gay, N. R. corner of Baltimore and Charles etc.

May 10.

To Brig. Gen. Alkinson, U. S. Army."