FOREIGN.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

Yesterday evening's eastern mail brought us advices of the arrival of two packet ships at New York—the Rhone, from Havre, which sailed on the 2d March, and the Caledonia, from Liverpool, which sailed on the 1st

The Reform Bill is still the subject of disof the Anti-Reform party, or the luke-warmness of some of the declared supporters of the measure. Having the authority of the King to create Peers, it is not probable that Earl Grey will expose the Bill to danger by the non-exercise of the powers with which he has been entrusted. It has been said of his Lordship that his aristocratic feelings are sustrong that he would rather resign his office than deluge the House with new Peers; but those who assert this forget that the Reform Bill, which is certainly any thing but aristocratic, was the creation of his Lordship, and that his pride and his honour are equally concerned in its being carried triumphantly through the Houses of Parliament.

certical in its being carried triumphantly throloth Houses of Parliament.'

The Cholera continues to be the subject of much speculation, and a violent controversy as to whether it is the Asiatic disease, or not has arisen. At a late meeting of the West minster Medical Society, Doctor Sigmond undertook to redicule the notion that the India Cholera existed in London. He had made application, he said, to the Central Board of Health, requesting an opportunity to see the disease, but had been answered that the partients died so soon that it was impossible to give notice of any case. From his brethren, however, he had received better treatment.—He saw same cases, he said, which were decidedly not Asiatic Cholera, if at least he might jurge from what he had read. The only case of blue cholera, which he saw, was that of a man in a place dignified by the name of the Cholera Hospital: the only part blue was on the arm where the man's name was tattood in blue. In another case which was tattood in blue. In another case which was tattood in blue. In another case which were sufficient to be the cholera continuent, the collest of the cholera continuents. The content of the Cholera Hospital: the only part blue was on the arm where the man's name was tattood in blue. In another case which was tattood in the content of the cholera continuents. The collect is through a most powerful lens or in the fever, which is pretty sure to succeed. But altogether the epidemic is a mere lagatelle, and had not imagination magnified in through a most powerful lens of terror, which ever, will be received. But altogether the epidemic is a mere lagatelle, and had not imagination magnified in through a most powerful lens of terror, which ever, will be e was on the arm where the man's name was tattoord in blue. In another case which was conditions of the atmosphere, and certain emanations from the earth—it resembled the
epidemic cholera of 1069, described by Syderham. The present disease, he affirmed,
was not contigious, and declared the opinion
that it was so was not supported by a shadow.

A case occurred in New Street Cation, least
night, that of a woman, which ended fatally
this afternoon. Another female in the same
house has also shown symptoms of the disease.

In the Town's Hospital, vesterday, there

in perfect order, impelied by a favourable wind which had blown ever since they had left Belleisle. Letters from Madeira state that the people of that Island were ready to proclaim Donna Maria, and only waited the arrival of the expedition to carry their desires into effect; it is, therefore, expected that Madeira will surrender without firing a shot.— It seems that three of Don Miguel's ships. with troops on board, had appeared off the island. From some cause or other, however, ed. have returned to Lisbon.

prevails in any part of the kingdom, except maining 12; new cases 1; died 3; recovered among the ignorant and superstitious, who 2; remaining 11.
have strange notions on the subject. In this In Edinburgh the preparations made for remark we refer particularly to the conduct of some people in Glasgow and suburbs, who refuse to allow the authorities to inter their deceased relations. The disease does not deceased relations. The disease does not seem to spread in such a manner as to create seem to spread in such a manner as to create alarm. In London, according to the Times of 29th February, the total number of cases is 104, and deaths 69: this, considering the population and the time elapsed since the first case was reported, is scarcely worthy of noticing. According to the same paper the to-tal number of cases in the kingdom, reported to the London Board of Health up to the 28th February was 5,460, and deaths 1,609.

The Edinburgh Mercury of 27th February says—tWe have much pleasure in referring to the official reports in this-day's paper— From these it will be seen that there is not now a single case of cholera in Haddington or Trenent; that in Musselburgh the disease is also nearly extinct, there being only two Edinburgh it has made no progress at all to alarm the inhabitants.

The London Courier of the 25th February, gives the following extract of a letter from one of the most eminent physicians of the me-

Kensington, for Asiatic cholers, without success. I have seen many of the cases, fatal, and otherwise, and am positive that it is a direct the removal, in future of all restrictions as to quarantine between the different ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by it in some ports and places in Great Britain, either by in answal, he did not remember that it had ever before been called upon to answer such questions. All he would at present say was that dependents, it is to get out for the same place with the excess before been called upon to answer such questions. All he would at present say was that dependents, it is to get out for the same place with the excess before been called upon to answer such questions. All he would at present say was that dependents, it is to get out for the same place with the excess before been called upon to answer such questions. All he would at present say was that dependents, it is to get out for the same places will the second the point of the same places in Great Britain, either to answer such question on the 15th March. Finally, the limits of the Council, that the desired that Government had a possible to the coast of Italy, and whether it was undependents, is to set out of next month, and the council detraken with their consent?

Earl Grey thought this proceeding rather thought that Government had ever before been called upon to answer such question on the 15th March. Finally, the limits of the coast of Italy, and whether it was undependents, it is dependents, is to get out of the

commencing as a diarrica [or slight gastro-enterite]; and in the great majority of cases, going no farther. When, however, the bow-el-complaint is neglected, maltreated, or ag-The Reform Bill is still the subject of discussion in the British House of Commons.—
The London Courier of the 27th of February, relative to this subject, says:—'We have reason to know that no creation of Peers will be necessary for the purpose of carrying the second reading of the Reform Bill. In the committee, however, it may be necessary to carry Peers in order to prevent the failure of the Bill, either through an increased strength of the Anti-Reform party, or the luke-warmness of some of the declared supporters of the disease to infection or contagion. They

151; deaths 64; cures 52.

On Friday, there was a considerable falling pointed out to him, the symptoms were pain off in the number of new cases, though the and spasm in the abdomen, with a yellow skin, deaths amounted to 8. On Saturday there in fact rather a case of icterus, dependent on gall stones, than a case of cholera. Dr. Signound said, he had very strong doubts, for he crease took place—there being 22 new cases. supposed he must not express himself more strongly, of the existence of cholera in the metropolis.' At a sitting of the London Medical Society on the 20th of February, Dr. James Johnson said that he had seen the cho-Bridgegate. There have, however, occurred lera in India, and that the disease now pre-valent in London was totally unlike it. It Gallowgate; and at the Broomielaw, with two was, he said, epidemic, arising from certain conditions of the atmosphere, and certain conditions of the atmosphere conditions of the atmosphere

of proof.

A London paper, the 'Mark Lane Express,' of the 27th of February, extols highly the season which had just closed. 'The most express and just closed. 'The most express and just closed. 'The most express and just closed.' The most express that paper of the pressure in the control of the pressure in t

striking feature,' says that paper, of the present and preceding months of the winter portion of the year is the singular but not unmosphere and weather.'

The Brazil packet which had arrived at Leaden tell in with the expedition of Dan agreement with the grantest difficulty that London, tell in with the expedition of Don Pedro, about one day's sail from Terceira.—
It is said that no intention was entertained of who die of cholera, can get the duty performtouching at that island, but that the fleet would ed. Whirever they appear to remove the re-proceed at once to Madeira. The ships were mains of any cholera patient; they are hooted touching at that island, but that the fleet would proceed at once to Madeira. The ships were mains of any cholera patient; they are hooted in perfect order, impelled by a favourable and threatened, and even pelted on all sides wind which had blown ever since they had left Belleisle. Letters from Madeira state ces have been heat off without accomplishing ces have been beat off without accomplishing their object.
Patrick, Feb. 24—Cases remaining 6; new

died 1; recovered 3; remaining 2.

Greenock, 3 P. M. Feb. 27—A boy, aged
14, named M. Willan, son of a pilot, had
just been taken to the hospital in a state of

A new creation of Peers.—It is stated that

some weeks antecedent to the occurrence of terially to prevent the spread of the disease to any great extent; for, as yet, during five weeks, there have occurred only twenty-five cases or so.

QUARANTINE. - It will be seen from the following Orders in Council, that the internal quarantine is to be abolished in the country,

"Council Office, Whitchall. February 18th, 1822 S"Sir—The Lords of his Majesty's Council aving had under their consideration numerous applications from merchants and others, relative to the great inconvenience and distress occasioned by the quarantine regulations established in consequence of the appearance of cholera in the port of London, and in different ports in the North of England and in Scotland, their Lordships heips most anxious Scotland, their Lordships being most anxious of affording every security to the public health, and, at the same time, of protecting the interests of trade and commerce.

"After an attentive examination of the question of quarantine, as applicable to the inland communications by canals, and the Aberdeen wished to know from the Noble

regulations relative to this last port, as stated in the last part of my letter of the 15th inst. be for the present continued in force.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
(Signed) "C. C. GREVILLE."

From the Glasgow Chronicle 27th Feb. Yesterday morning the American ship Ca-nillus sailed from Greenock for New York, with her full complement of 138 passengers. Many applications for passages were refused The passengers are generally of the Agricul-tural class. As the Cholera has appeared in Glasgow, no clean bill of health was allowed to the ship, but a certificate signed by a num-ber of the medical Board of Health, was given, certifying that no disease of a contagious nature existed in Greenock.—It. was at one nature existed in Greenock.—It, was at one time proposed, that as the American quarantine laws are very severe (forty days quarantine, is the time specified by law, we believe) the Camillus should proceed to the Holyloch and ride four days quarantine, and clear from thence; but the certificate of Cholera not being in Greenock up to the time of the vessels

salling, is supposed to be sufficient.

London Money Market, Feb. 28—The settlement of the account in consols has passed over very quietly, the time bargains to beladiusted. justed, proving very small indeed. On the whole, the balance of the speculations ap pears to have been for the rise, and there re-mained consequently some stock to be taken, a trifling, though but temporary, advance occurred in the rate of continuation for the A pril account. The transactions, independently of the settlement, were extremely small, and the last prices of Consols were 82 to ½

lor money, and 82\$ to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ for April. Exchequer bills closed at 7s to 8s. premium.

We regret to learn that there is little or no hope of the completion of the Thames Tunnel the Commissioners of public works have refused to advance the sum (£248,000)necessary to complete it.

A Bill is about to be introduced for a Rail-Read between Glasgow and Edinburgh.

FRANCE. At the sitting of the Chamber of Deputies on the 28th February, M. Teste appeared at the tribune to present the report of the com-mittee, on the proposition of M. Portalis relating to the appeal of the law of January 19th, 1816, prescribing the ceremonies to be adopted on the anniversary of the death of Louis XVI (Jan. 21st) as amended by the Louis AVI (Jan. 21st) as amended by the Chamber of Peers. The report was exceedingly brief. Repelling any insinuation that they wished to suppress the proper feeling of regret awakened by the recurrence of the day, y recommended the total repeal of the law. M. Salverte moved that the question should be taken without debate, which was generally seconded from the right. It was ascertained that a quorum was present, and the vote for taking the question immediately was u-nanimous. It was so taken, and on the first section of the bill, as amended by the Chamber of Peers, which enacted that on the 21st Jan. in every year, the Courts and public of-fices should be closed in sign of mourning, but one member, M. Andre du Haut Rhine, rose in its favour. All the others rose simultancously in opposition. Deep silence prevailed during the whole of this proceeding.

The second section, abrogating the law of ple lot by a majority of 237. Ayes 262, Noes 26. Considerable sensation was produced at

the same sitting by the resignation of M. Thierry Poux, one of the Deputies which the President conceived to be couched in terms

Patrick, Feb. 24—Cases remaining 0; new case 1; died 1; remaining 6. 25th—Remaining 6; recovered 0; died 0. 26th—Remaining 6; died 1; recovered 3; remaining 2.

ind. From some cause or other, nowever, just been taken to the hospital in a state of the course, and, it is supposed, have returned to Lisbon.

THE CHOLERA.

The cholera creates no great anxiety in long 9. 25th.—Remaining 9; new cases 6; disondon—nor does it appear that much alarm and 2; recovered 1; remaining 12. 26th—Relation of Peers, selected principally from the back, the Dutch would not fear to attack the Centres, but nartly from the Extremities, of Relations, whom they hate with a savage hospital all surprised to see an alliance tormen, or fensive and defensive, between Holland and Russia, and we suspect this to be the secret by the immediate creation of a considerable batch of Peers, selected principally from the Centres, but nartly from the Extremities, of Relations, whom they hate with a savage hospital and surprised to see an alliance tormen, or fensive and defensive, between Holland and Russia, and we suspect this to be the secret by the immediate creation of a considerable batch of Peers, selected principally from the Relations, whom they hate with a savage hospital collapse.

A new creation of Peers.—It is stated that the collapse.

Chambers of Peers towards the lower House, by the immediate creation of a considerable batch of Peers, selected principally from the Relations, whom they hate with a savage hospital collapse.

A new creation of Peers.—It is stated that the collapse in the systematic opposition manifested by the systematic opposition manifested by the fensive and defensive, between Holland and Russia, and we suspect this to be the server by the immediate creation of a considerable batch of Peers, selected principally from the Relation of the Hague.

Chambers of Peers towards the lower House, by the fensive and defensive, between Holland and Russia, and we suspect this to be the server by the immediate creation of a considerable batch of Peers towards the lower House, by the fensive and defensive, between Holland and Russia, and we suspect this to be the server by the fensive and defens by "the immediate creation or a considerable batch of Peers, selected principally from the Extremities, of Centres, but partly from the Extremities, of the Chamber of Deputies. The name's of the Chamber of Deputies. The name's of Messrs. Jars, Rambuteau, Royer Collard, Odier, Delessert. Lobeau, Etienne, Humann, Collier, Colli Lafitte, Lamarque, Lafayette, Dupont de l'Eure, Clausel, Bignon, and Salvette, are mentioned as likely to be included in the

It has been ascertained that the deficit of M. Kesner, amounts to 6,265,000 francs.

PARIS, Feb. 22. Two students of Berlin have lately chosen a new mode of duelling. In order to render their chances equal, they agreed that each should embrace a person affected of the Cholera. This being done, and 24 hours having elapsed without either of them showing any sympoms of the disease, their seconds declared that the two adversaries had done sufficent to satisfy their honour, and thus the affair terminated.

A duel was fought at Paris on 25th Feb. between Count Leon, a natural son of Na-poleon, and a Mr. Hesse, aid to the Duke of Wellington. Hesse was dangerously wound-

one of the most eminent physicians of the meinland communications by canals, and tha
tropolis.

The Beho'de Rowen's says Accounted that whe
coasting trade by sea, their Lordships are of
thave been searching day after day, from
Rotherhither to Vanzhall—from Limehouse to produce greater evils than the precautionary vernment, in sending out a large expedition been effected at Paris.

The Beho'de Rowen's says Accounted that whe
ment had been discounted that whe
mada on the su
ment had been discounted that whe
mada on the su
mada on the su
ment had been discounted that whe
mada on the su

The Earl of Aberdeen was now glad to

congratulate the House upon the end of that farce called Non-intervention. They would now surely no more hear of it. As used by the Noble Lord the world meant nothing more than what all Governments applied to it; than what all Governments applied to it;
which was that so long any country carried
on their own concerns without endangering
the safety of surrounding nations no interference would take place, but whenever it
passed that point, non-intervention flew
away,—(Hear, hear.) He would inquire
whether the French Government had ever
whether the kernelled upon to make the safety of that purpose.

The intelligence from Lisbon is to the 15th of February. It is stated in the London Portuguese clerks and all Portuguese enployed by English residents, to quit Lisba immediately.

GREECE. whether the French Government had ever been required, or been called upon to move an army into the Papal States. Austria had been called upon, and the French had said, of faustria goes to keep peace, so must we; and this was the only authority for interference. Up to this time peace had been kept in these states, but in his opinion the French flag would not be two days in the country till there would be an end of it. He considered that the expeditions could, only be compared. Provisional Government. The Assemble, of the Assemble, that the expeditions could only be compared. that the expedition could only be compared to the expedition to Egypt under the Repub-Earl Grey said the Noble Lord was not sa-

tisfied with having his questions answered, but again rose, not to ask other questions, but to force on a discussion upon a subject which he would find when it came before the House, he was completely ignorant of. He would not allow himself to be drawn into a debate upon the subject at the present inconvenient me. In answer to the taunts of the Noble Lord with respect to the close connection of them. this country with France, he would only say this country with France, he would only a state of shews every day more jealousy on the Restance of the state connection between the two countries requirconnection between the two countries required to be drawn so close in order to preserve the peace of Europe. He hoped that would be preserved, in spite of all the endeavouring of Noble Lords opposite.—(Hear, hear-) He had never yet found a single case to justify a suspicion of the faith of the Prench Government. He had still, and should continue to have a wish for non-intervention, but when the safety of neighbouring states required it, when the peace of Europe was endangered—communications had been made to him by the French Government which had satisfied him. communications had been made to him by the French Government which had satisfied him, and he, as a minister of the Crown, could not at present say more. It was not long since an expedition of a greater amount, and one which was likely to lead to far greater be still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the still more unwilling to consent to the appropriate that the first one which was likely to lead to far greater results had sailed apparently with the concurrence of the Noble Earl, and he (Earl Grey) did not recollect that any one had got up and questioned the Noble Earl upon the subject. The Government had taken the responsibility upon themselves, and when the the sponsibility upon themselves, and when the responsibility upon themselves are responsibilities. sponsibility upon themselves, and when the proper time came they would be ready to de-fend their conduct.

From Bell's Weekly Messenger of Feb. 26. The foreign intelligence of the week dis-closes the important fact of the arrival of Count Orloff at the Hague, from St. Petersburg, on a special mission to the King of Hol-land. This has given rise to much speculation and anxious surmises. If we connect this fact with the further postponement of the ratification of the Treaty of November by the Northern Powers to the 15th March, it leads to the almost irresistable conclusion-that the Belgian Treaty, in its present state, will not be ratified at all. In other words that the condition of Europe is still in an uncertain state, and the continent may in all pro-bability be embroiled in war during the spring or summer. Desirous as we are of peace, it is impossible to drive this gloomy suspicion from our minds.

The politics of all powers take a colour from their interest—and kings and nations are just what the times will suffer them to be. There is no doubt but that Russia sees with indignation the progress of liberalism in the south and west of Europe, and Nicholas has had so severe a struggle with it in Poland, and has so much to apprehend from its fatal accendancy in his own dominions, that he will be disposed to attack free states and free institutions wherever he can. We should not be at all surprised to see an alliance formed, of-

powers. But France is committed to sup-port the new kingdom of Belgium; and Eng-land has precipitately exchanged her ratifica-tion of the Treaty of November, anticipating the concurrence of other Northern Powers. the concurrence of other Northern Powers. This is the state of circumstances much to be regretted, as it was perfectly unnecessary on our part. But for the present we dismiss the subject,—hoping that something may yet turn up to diminish the shances of war.

Letters from Sir Walter Scott have been received, dated January 20th, when he was

in the highest health and spirits. The King of Naples had been particularly kind to the worthy Baronet, and he offered to give orders for any excavation of Pompeii he might desire.—Sir Walter intends to proceed short-

PORTUGAL.

DON PEDRO'S EXPEDITION.

Letters from Madeira of the 20th Pebru-ry, state confidently, that Perdimand wis te-

MEGARA, Jan 26.—The Deputies of III. Augustine Capo d'Istrias now alone form : Provisional Government. The Assembly Megara has conferred the executive power Megara has conterred the executive powered Vaini, Conduriotti, and Coletti, three respectively. See the Coletti has joined the party of the Opposition, the example of his defection is followed by the troops of the old Government. The gritten of Tringlitzs and Missolanchi page. risons of Tripolitza and Missolonghi now knowledge the authority of the Depaties as sembled at Megara, and obey the orders of

The commandant of the English statics would compose of men favouring Russian in-terests by which means Greece would soon become a Russian Province."

SYRIA. The latest Constantinople date is the 23th January, which we find in the Gazette d France of the 1st March. It is stated that the reports from Syria were not favorable to the Porte. It was rumoured that Ibrahim Pachahad resumed his position before St. Jest d'Acre; and that Abdallah Pacha had ar nounced to the government that he could no defend the place for ten days without extra neous assistance. The Porte had certainly received despatches, but had suffered nothing to transpire as to the nature of their cor-tents: which gave currency to the suppo-tion that they were unfavourable.

ITALY. A letter from Toulon, dated the 19th fe-bruary, cays:—We have learnt from me-chant vessels that the first division of theerpedition to Italy has arrived safe at Circ Vecchia, and landed all the troops.-T vecchia, and landed all the thought transports Meuse and Rhone have already sailed to join them, and the Pelican steam-boat is on the point of starting for the size destination.

A letter from Vienna, states that the nev of the expected occupation of Ancona and C vita Vecchia by French troops produced ca siderable sensation — The funds fell, bat appears that they afterwards rose again a l

FRANCE AND HAYTI. PARIS, Feb. 29—In the Chamber of E-putier, on the question of voting fs. 1,000,00 to relieve the sufferers from the Colonies, the French government, the second relative Commerce. The first stipulated for the pa-ment of an annuity of four millions; the st ment of an annuity of four millions; the ke cond, a treaty of commerce, was based on the most perfect reciprocity. France was to trioy the same privileges as the most favoral nations — Whilst this was going on, the Hitten government manifested hostile dispositions towards France, it suppressed the hid duty stipulated by the treaty on the istroduction of French merchandize. Our Committee of the works of the with the work is proper to with least of the works. thought proper to withdraw.

The minister admitted that France cause to complain of Hayti, but that the vernment before engaging in a war, out the exhaust all means of arrangement. He wor not ediscuss the hostile project of Gerer Lamarque (which was to fit out ships of vi It to the Grecian Islands, and to go as far as Athens, Sir F. Adam having made him the offer of a conveyance there by the government steamer.—Caledonia Mercury.

In the discuss the hostile project of the standard which was to fit out ships of the for the purpose of injuring the commerce that the steamer.—Caledonia Mercury.

Hayti) it might be done no doubt, but he is not think it necessary to explain himself in not think it necessary to explain himself for ther. He thought that France ought to the some measures, and on that account he in gretted that when the budget of his deniment had been discussed, a reduction had been made on the sum asked for the purpose

nounces that five merchants of consequence at Stockholm have lately disappeared, and no traces of them have since been found. The Nya Argus states that the Bahk will suspend structure of the five few few five f its payments for a few days. The circum-stance has made a serious impression at Stock- of li

Extract of a letter from & magistrate of the counties of Kilkenny and Waterford, nendated Feb. 18.—We are still in a most lamentable state here. The white feet are premise dominant in most parts of the country, and nothing is done to stay them. We have troops enough in our barracks, but they might as faili well be in the Hebrides.'

Waryland Wazette.

· ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, April 12, 1832.

NOTICE.

The voters of Anne Arundel county and the city of Annapolis, friendly to the re-election of Annapolis, friendly to the re-election of Annapolis or the WED-NESDAY succeeding the first a londay in court, to take into consideration the propriement of sending a delegate to the Battimore ty of sending a delegate to the Baltimore Convention of May next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Vice Presidency. Our friends of the neighbouring county of Prince-George's, are respectfully invited to co operate. MANY VOTERS.

The Baltimore Republican is requested to were The Baltimore Republican is requested to give this notice a few insertions.

On Monday morning last, at an early hour, the house of Mrs. Watson, a widow lady, residing at the head of South River, was disearth covered to be on fire, and in a short time was sight burned to the ground. So rapid was the pro-gress of the flames, that the family with dif-Who stroyed. By this calamity a widow with eleven children, seven of whom are daughters. be gu have been deprived of a home. They are without clothing, and are now sheltered by ly the kindness of their neighbours. To a bethe kindness of their neighbours. In a penerolent community, no appeal need be made in their behalf. Persons disposed to assist them with articles of clothing, money, &c. mry leave their contributions at the store of last the store of last the store of the store of last the store o Mr. Selby, who will have them safely delivered to the sufferers.

ANNUAL REPORT

Of the MANAGERS of the Female Orphan time Society of Amapolis, read at a meeting of been said Society, held in St. Anne's Church, sesset on the 2d instant.

The MANAGERS of the Female Orphan So-The Managers of the Female Orphan Society of the city of Annapolis, are again called upon, in the order of Providence, to render an account of their stewardships for another year. In doing the, although continued to the continued of the continu another year. In doing this, although conscious that they need the indulgence of the Society for which they have acted, they yet lived, S. ciety for which they have acted, they yet feel the setisfaction of knowing that they have to the best of their judgment and power, guarded the interest of the Institution, and promoted the objects or which it was originally formed.

There has been, of course, but little variety in their operations, as the limited state of their funds, prevented their enlarging the human of the interest of the Authority of the state of their funds, prevented their enlarging the

ty in their operations, as the limited state of their funds, prevented their enlarging the number of the inmates of the Asylum; consequently the detail of their proceeding must be brief. They would, however, white upon this subject, state that if any case of extreme destitution had occurred in this city, they this subject, state that it any case of extreme destitution had occurred in this city, they should have felt it to be their duty to have opened the doors of the Asylum to its subject, they be a providence, through the instrupened the doors of the Asylum to its subject, trusting that Providence, through the instru-mentality of a generous public, would have given means to meet the exigency; but they could not feel justified to search out distant objects, however peritorious or afflicted, under the search to do yet here. s the means to do so had been more imme-

diately in their power.

Previous to the last meeting the Managers had contracted to bind out one of the pupils in the Asylum, because up situation offered, held out great advantages fasher, and because her removal would make room for one, more has by destitute. She accordingly left us in April, and we have had the satisfaction of receiving continued reports of her good conduct, and useful acquirements. This circumstance is gratitving to us, and reflects credit upon the conduct of the Matron, whose time and energies are devoted to the instruction and comfort of these little ones, and who continues to merit and receive the commendation and support of those whose business it is to watch over and investigate the concerns of the Asylum.—The vacancy occasioned by the removal of this child was immediately filled by a little first child was immediately fitted by a little girl of about four years of age, placed in circumstanges calculated to elicit the tenderest commisseration. She was virtually, although not literally without a Parent—her mother was dead, and she was partially abandoned by her father—herself and a sister some years helple. older were lodged in a house where scenes of in the iniquity abounded, to which they were involuntarily, nay, necessarily exposed, and which sooner or later, must have become familiar if the case. sent weeks at a time, and when present no safeguard to them. One of the Managers of the Institution procured a home for the one whose age precluded her from our protection, and the other, a poor, neglected, miserable yeste looking object, was admitted into the Asylum.—There she has found a mouner and ters who have united in ministering to her ne-ters who have united in ministering to her necessities, and initiating her into the peaceful and instructive regulations prescribed for its observance. Since then Providence has removed her father, and she is now literally without a parent. She's at present a happy little girls indeed few houses exhibit a picture of happiness more gratifying than is to be found in the cheerful countenances of our p. M