

FOREIGN.

From the N. Y. Evening Post. Late from Europe.

The packet ships Pacific, Capt. Crocker, and Hannibal, Capt. Hebard, have arrived, the former from Liverpool and the latter from London, bringing London papers to the evening of the 31st August, and Liverpool papers to the 2d of September inclusive.

The most important intelligence brought by these arrivals relates to the cause of Poland, which is represented as being in a condition almost hopeless, the population of Warsaw in a state of open rebellion against the government; the Governor displaced; Skrzyniec dismissed; the capital in a state of anarchy and without resources, and the Russian Army approaching.

The London Times of the 31st, however, questions these accounts, giving as its reasons the great influence of the Polish Diet and Government over the patriotic club who are said to have caused the insurrection, and who are still to be composed of a few hot head students, and finally the great popularity of Prince Czartoriski, which renders it exceedingly improbable that he should be suddenly displaced to make room for men standing so low in the estimation of the people of Warsaw as General Kraskowicki and Prondzinski.

The same paper further remarks: The approach of the Russian armies to Warsaw, and the consequent interruption of all communication between the rest of Europe and that city, allow room for these speculations which the Prussian Government has shown itself too apt to encourage.

The quiet of Switzerland is again disturbed. At Basle says an English paper, every body is under arms. A severe fight had taken place between the troops of the Diet and the peasantry in favour of the Provisional Government, who were assisted from Solerue, &c., and remained masters of the field.

WARSAW, Aug. 10. From the last number of the Cracow Courier we hear that there was yesterday a very important secret sitting of the two Chambers united, in which a special military deputation to the General-in-chief was appointed, with full power to suspend him in his command if it should be deemed necessary, and provisionally appoint another in his room.

WARSAW, Aug. 17. Yesterday and the day before were days of horror. The Patriotic Club, long irritated against the established authorities and dissatisfied at not seeing Gen. Jankowski condemned to death, at length determined on taking violent measures.

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WARSAW, Aug. 15. The Nuremberg Correspondent of the 21st of Aug. states that very serious troubles had broken out in Hungary; and the Allgemeine Zeitung of the 22nd inst. contains some favourable accounts from Pesth, relative to the Cholera. The following are extracts:

The Government being no longer in a condition to afford them protection. To-day, however, in compliance with a wish intimated to them, they have determined not to set off as yet. To-day the Government hitherto existing has been dissolved, and General Kraskowicki has been placed at the head of the new government, with very extended powers.

WARSAW, August 13. General Dembinski, Governor of Warsaw, has issued a proclamation, in which he states that having been informed by our National Government on the 17th inst. that the garrison duty at Praga was negligently performed, that no patrols were sent out, and that the enemy's cavalry had come up to the telegraph, he immediately sent Lieut. Chrosz, one of his Aides-de-Camp, with an order to General Djekowski, Governor of Praga.

WARSAW, Aug. 17. On the 16th the Russian army broke up from Lowicz on the 15th, and without having met with any resistance from the enemy, advanced on the 16th to Bloniew, sixteen English miles from Warsaw.

WARSAW, Aug. 17. On the 17th, at the afternoon, Count Wittgenstein, with 50 squadrons, some hundred Cossacks, and five batteries of horse artillery, proceeded to reconnoitre towards Warsaw.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 24.—The arrival of a new protocol of the Conference, numbered 14, created a great sensation at Brussels yesterday. This protocol, if our journals are to be believed, proposes a new armistice, limited to six weeks, between the Belgian government and the King of the Netherlands.

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spread, and was to the physician or nobleman who falls into the hands of the infuriated peasantry. There is, however, no doubt that the military will soon put an end to the troubles.

GREECE. Malta, Aug. 5.—By the Pelican, which arrived on the 28th from Napoli, in eight days, we are informed that every thing in that distracted country remains in the most alarming state, owing to the rapid progress of disaffection, owing to the rapid progress of disaffection, owing to the rapid progress of disaffection.

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to doubt. Anxious to signalize themselves by some new and glorious enterprise, they will rush to the combat with the energy of desperation, and if they perish, it will be at a frightful expense on the part of their oppressors.

While on this subject we remark, that the late intelligence from Poland is liable to create undue discouragement among the friends of that unfortunate country, many of whom may not be aware that the accounts which have been published are chiefly of Russian origin, and of course very deeply tinged with Russian colouring.

From the London Courier of August 24. Brussels papers to the 21st inst. reached us this morning. They announce two rather important facts, first, that the American Government has insisted upon an indemnity from the King of Holland for the losses sustained by American merchants in the confiscation at Antwerp, and secondly, that it is the intention of the Conference to insist upon the reduction of the military force in Belgium, so as to put that country entirely upon the footing of a neutral state.

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Maryland Gazette. ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, October 20, 1831.

For the Maryland Gazette. ELEGIAC LINES ON THE DEATH OF MISS ELIZABETH T. G... "Death always leaves a signal mark—the youthful for his prey; The woe and the wretched call—he passes of his way.

He heeds them not, he knows too well he would be welcome there; He'd rather be the unbidden guest, among the bright and fair— When pleasure's cup is sparkling bright, and hours are bounding high— And every scene is beautiful and brilliant to the eye.

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Resolved, That every man in this district, under the age of forty, considered as a member of a committee, who are authorized and required to retain in custody, any free person found off their premises, or any appearance of suspicion, whom they before a magistrate for examination, when this is not practicable, at their own discretion, according to the offence.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the committee of vigilance to visit the houses in the district, and to examine the committee of safety any free person who comes to their knowledge, to the peace, safety and good neighbourhood.

Resolved, That the Delegation Assembly for Anne Arundel County, requested to use their best efforts to secure the passage of a law, prohibiting slaves within this State from being taken out of the State, except on condition of being manumitted.

Resolved, That they be recommended to the members of the legislature generally, the propriety of instructing our representatives, to support a law for the appropriation of one of the United States colony in this State.

On Thursday morning, the operation of lithotomy was performed on the venerable chief Justice MANSUETT, with a professional skill which could be rivaled only by the admirable fortitude with which it was borne.

Captain Valpey, at Eastport from Barbadoes, September 11th, reports that the number of lives lost in the late hurricane is estimated at nine thousand!

SPEAKING PIPES. The mainmast of the Briton is fitted with a tin pipe, for the conveyance of the voice in boisterous weather from the quarter-deck to the maintop. The pipe is about one inch in diameter. It was a proposition of Mr Parsons, of this dock-yard.

PUBLIC MEETING. At a meeting of the citizens of the fourth election district of this county, convened at the house of Mr. John Pumphrey, on Saturday the 8th day of October, for the purpose of adopting measures of defence against any insurrection among the coloured population.

Resolved, That we consider the insurrection of the black population in Southampton County, Virginia, and the diabolical outrages which they committed upon the lives of the helpless and innocent, a most urgent call upon the citizens of every state and county to adopt some measure for preventing the recurrence of a similar catastrophe among themselves.

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