

ment amount at least \$20,000 was stated, however, that a detachment of surgeons, under General Kolbitz, had advanced to the frontiers of Galicia, and had been immediately attacked by the Austrians, suffering a very considerable loss.

FROM THE RUSSIAN HEADQUARTERS AT KLECZEWO, June 22.

I am under the painful necessity of coming to you that the Imperial Russian Commander-in-Chief, General Field Marshal Diebitsch Sabalkanski, yesterday at half past 1 o'clock, at the quarters at Kleczewo. Until his attack he had been in perfect health, and the preceding day had been remarkably well at table, when, at 2 o'clock this morning, he was suddenly attacked by a diarrhoea which bore unquestionable symptoms of cholera. The violent attacks of sickness came his powerful constitution, and his tranquil resignation, and with much effort and active career.

The army mourns in him a General and a kind guide, who treated his conquerors with a peculiarly humane and lenient spirit, and heavy burdens of war to those districts which his glorious conduct had afflicted.

This afflictive death appears to be additional proof that the cholera depends more upon the state of the atmosphere and individual disposition, than contagion, for hitherto not a single sickness had manifested itself in the ranks.

The General of Infantry, Count Tolstoy, assumed the command of the army. PARIS, June 22.—The Message of the Emperor contains the following: "The Emperor has been graciously pleased to grant the rank of Marshal of France to the late General Diebitsch. The Emperor has also been graciously pleased to grant the rank of Marshal of France to the late General Diebitsch. The Emperor has also been graciously pleased to grant the rank of Marshal of France to the late General Diebitsch."

death of the latter, it did not lead him to commit suicide. There seems no foundation in truth for such a suspicion. The Marshal was never accused of being a temperate man in a country where intemperance is scarcely reckoned a vice. His habits of the bottle would thus naturally expose him to the cholera more than the other officers.

Diebitsch derived his title of Sabalkanski, or 'Passer of the Balkan,' from the success of his Turkish campaign. His successor has likewise a title commemorative of the glories of the same campaign—that of Erivan, derived from the conquest of Erivan. The Polish Generalissimo has transferred to his own brow the laurels of the 'Passer of the Balkan.' Is he destined likewise to eclipse the glory of the 'Victor of Erivan?' The Poles have measured themselves with Turks before, and are not unlikely, on the present occasion, to conquer them again, by stripping their Russian victors of the accumulated trophies of the last war.

Extract of a private letter from an officer in the Polish Army.

"You see, my dear friend, that I take the earliest opportunity of answering your last welcome letter, which found me in the confusion and turmoil of the camp. You mention the arrival of C—; I have not seen him; nor have I yet been introduced to the two other English gentlemen who have joined our army. Several English physicians have also arrived. We thank them for their sympathy and their courage, and it would be far better if any generals or superior officers could be sent to join us.

"We have just been fighting a great battle at Ostroienk. Our army has lost a considerable number of men, but not above half what the Russians lost. Before this battle at Ostroienka my regiment had been employed in driving the Imperial Guards beyond the frontier; we were continually falling in with fighting parties, and took a large quantity of baggage. At Lonza we took spoil to the value of more than a million (40,000). A general at the carriage of a General in the Guards (Briston), the trunks of all his staff, and all sorts of luxuries, so that our soldiers are now feasting on tea and coffee served up in silver, we have moreover seized 300 magnificent saddles. It was very great fun to hunt in the trunks of these gentlemen; we found many letters, one in particular, in which one brother writes to tell me your servants will give you between 100 and 200 paper roubles for him. I hope you have got rid of your valet de chambre (who was a freeman) and that after six months' trial you are convinced these free servants are a bore."

"At the battle of Ostroienka two of my brothers killed their horses, killed under them. I had two killed under mine, the second had his belly shot away by a cannon ball, which tore away the sole of my boot, but I escaped with a very slight contusion. My eldest brother had a trifling wound in his breast, but otherwise we have all five of us escaped without injury.

"We have now had a week's repose, and the Russians have not dared to attack us, but I hope and expect that we shall march against them in a day or two at any rate; but we shall still have tough work (*du fil a retordre*) before it is over.

"Good bye, my dear friend—may God bless you; write to me, as I will to you, if I live."

FRONTIERS OF GALICIA AND POLAND.

JUNE 4.

"The cholera is very destructive in Galicia, and is of a very malignant character, in Brody especially, where a great many poor Jewish families reside, for hitherto most of those who are attacked, (nearly 100 persons daily) soon fall victims. In Lemberg the disease is less malignant, yet sometimes there are 30 deaths in a day. Of the insurgents of Podolia and the Ukraine, who have fled since they were dispersed, several noblemen are now in Lemberg, among them is Count Rzewuski, who played a part in the Ukraine; as he has also estates in Galicia he will retire to them. The Podolian insurgents, who in their flight entered the circle of Tarnopol, have been disarmed and sent to the interior.

"Notwithstanding the partial disturbances in Podolia, the spreading of a regular insurrection in that province appears to be not very likely; but an event which is said to have taken place in the heart of Russia, might if confirmed, have the most important consequences. This report is that serious disturbances have broken out at Kiew, which from the small number of troops in that government are stated to have spread rapidly, and which, as that province is very populous, it might be very difficult to put down in the sequel.

"Gen. Dwernicki was lately at Presburg, accompanied by his Aid-de-Camp, and an Austrian Captain of horse on his way to Lemberg.

WARSAW, June 13.—Accounts from Gaietow, on the Vistula, report that news had been received there that Gen. Chronowski had gained, on the 1st, considerable advantages over Gen. Rudiger. No direct news from Gen. Chronowski has reached Warsaw.

Letters from Lithuania, say, that the insurgents, together with Gen. Chlapowski, had taken the town of Stonim, and that the Grand Duke Constantine, was gone to Minsk.

The Warsaw Gazette says—"It is affirmed that Gen. Badiger has entered the city of Lublin, and Gen. Kretz has occupied Siedlec. General Skrzynecki was in Warsaw yesterday, at a grand entertainment given by the National Guard to the army, at which the Members of the Government were also present. It is said that the Grand Duke Michael was present at an engagement between a detachment of the Guards and Gen. Gielgud, in the government of Augustowo."

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, August 11, 1831.

HYMENEAU.
MARRIED on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. GUEZ, Mr. JOHN C. ORNSTEUFFER to Miss REBECCA ANN PENNINGTON.

We this week give the correspondence between Mr. Blair, (Editor of the Globe,) and Mr. Berrien, late Attorney-General. It should have preceded the Address of Mr. Berrien, concluded in our last.

We are authorized to state, that John C. Herbert, Esq. declines being a Candidate to represent the District composed of Annapolis, Anne Arundel, and Prince-George's counties, in the Congress of the U. States.

To the Voters of Anne Arundel County.
Circumstances uncontrollable, compel me to decline as a Candidate for the next House of Delegates to the Convention that nominated me, and those of my Fellow Citizens who have proffered me their support, I return my most unfeigned acknowledgments. Your obedient servant,
Frederick Lewis Grammer.

We are authorized to say, that John S. Sellman, declines being a Candidate as Elector of Senate.

For the Maryland Gazette.
THE GREEN HILLS SIDE, &c.
Let me sing of fields of flowers,
Of myrtle groves and vine-clad bowers;
Of lakes, where night waters stray,
And silver fish their gambols play.

There is one sweet spot I hold dear
Than any they're prais'd, however fair:
A spot, where in fancy I'm often stray'd—
The Green Hill's side, where in childhood I play'd.

'Twas there, with a heart as pure and light
As the dew that falls in summer's night,
And before the world a shade could throw
Of the cloud, which now hangs o'er my brow.

With happy mates, I sported away
The evening hour of each bright day.
Time runs in memory never can fade
The Green Hill's side, where in childhood I play'd.

Gen. Cass, the new Secretary of War, arrived in Washington on Sunday last.

From the Washington Globe.
Extract of a letter from Mont. J. B. Montgomery, to Commodore Jesse D. Elliott, dated U. S. Ship Erie, off Pensacola Navy Yard, July 22d 1831.

"4th of July, when I sent a boat to Tampico with a note to the American Consul (a copy of which, with the answer I received, I have the honour herewith to enclose). From the letter, Sir, you will perceive that the Commerce of the United States, with the ports of the Mexican Republic, is at present conducted with a degree of security, and exemption from molestation rendering the continued presence of a protecting force, upon that coast, unnecessary.

"I was also informed that tranquility prevailed throughout Mexico, and the fullest confidence seems to be entertained by the native and foreign residents of a continuance of this happy state of things, as well as of the permanency of the existing Government."

[CONT.]
U. S. SHIP ERIE,
Off the Bar of Tampico,
July 4th 1831.

SIR:—Having just arrived upon this coast for the purpose of prosecuting the views of our Government, by affording all necessary protection to the Commerce of the U. States and property of her citizens. I will thank you to furnish me with any information you may possess calculated to promote the effectual accomplishment of that object.

Should you desire to visit the Erie, I have directed the officer of the boat, who will hand you this, to hold himself subject to your pleasure, and afford you a passage to the ship.

Very respectfully, Sir, I am your Obedient Servant,
(Signed,) J. B. MONTGOMERY.
To EDW'D. H. CAMMANE, Esq.,
Acting Consul of the U. States, at Tampico.

Extract of a letter from E. H. CAMMANE, Esq. Vice Consul at Tampico, to Lieut. J. B. Montgomery, commanding U. S. ship Erie, dated Tampico, July 5th, 1831.

"I am in possession of your note of yesterday's date.

"In reply, I have the honour to inform you, that the Commerce and Flag of the United States remain respected as heretofore, and do not require any further protection. The most perfect tranquility prevails throughout the country, and there is no expectation of a political change.

Death of David Williams, the last of the Captors of Andre.—A correspondent of the Albany Argus, at Rensselaerville, says—
"DAVID WILLIAMS, the last of the captors of Major Andre, died on Tuesday of this week, at sundown. His remains were interred on Thursday with military honours, at Livingstonville, Schoharie county."

This venerable patriot (says the Argus) was in the 79th year of his age. Although infirm, his general health, down to a very recent period, was good. The great action in which he was a participator, will associate in his name among the brave and faithful of an era in which it was his good fortune not only to live and to act, but to perform services, under the strongest adverse temptations, of incalculable value to his country. There is no event more strikingly characteristic of our

revolution, its objects and agents, than the refusal of three obscure men, suffering all the deprivations of war and poverty, and gaining a precarious subsistence by occasional labour on their half-deserted farms, and by occasional service in the army, to accept of great wealth and affluence at the expense of the cause in which they were engaged.

A CARD.
DENNIS BOYD, offers his services as Elector of the Senate, and solicits the support of his Fellow-Citizens of Anne-Arundel county at the approaching September Election.
Feb 17

THE AMERICAN FARMER,
EDITED BY GIDEON B. SMITH,
Is published in Baltimore (Md.) by I. VINEY HITCHCOCK & Co.
(Successors of J. S. SKINNER.)
In weekly numbers of eight quarto pages, —at FIVE DOLLARS per annum.

THE purpose of this periodical is to be a medium through which a great number of the most enlightened and scientific practical Cultivators of the soil, residing in every section of the United States, communicate the results of their experience to each other, and to the public, and receive similar benefits from the best theoretical and practical writers of foreign countries, on every subject connected with husbandry in the broadest sense of the term.

It is devoted exclusively to practical Agriculture; Horticulture; and Rural and Domestic Economy. The American Farmer contains also a great number of useful receipts, readings adapted to the stations of mothers and mistresses of families so much of the news as relates to the foreign and domestic markets for Agricultural products, and a correct statement of their prices current, at the time of publication; but nothing connected with party politics is at any time permitted to appear in its columns.

The American Farmer was the first periodical devoted exclusively to the promotion of a American Agriculture, and it is by common consent acknowledged to have been hitherto, its most able and efficient advocate. Indeed it is hazardous little to aver that this work contains a more valuable body of practical information on this subject than any other extant.

The current volume of year is the thirteenth of its publication, and few American periodicals circulate more extensively. It is taken and written for by men of talents and practical experience in the several departments of which it treats, in every part of the United States; and it has been subscribed for, and is regularly sent to many eminent individuals and learned societies in the different countries of Europe and America, whose unanimous testimony to the excellence of the work might be adduced, if its character was not, in the opinion of the publishers, too well established to require recommendation.

The American Farmer is neatly printed on very fine paper, and many of the subjects of which it treats are illustrated by expensive wood engravings. The numbers for a year make a volume of convenient form and size, and the last one is accompanied by a title page and minute index, completing the volume for binding.

When a number fails of being received by a subscriber or becomes damaged in the mail, another shall be sent if requested.

N. B. The postage on each number is, when not over 100 miles, or when within the state, one cent; when over 100 miles one cent and a half.

Although a considerable surplus of copies beyond the current subscription list, has at all times been printed, and of some of the volumes a second and even a third edition have been issued, yet such has been the demand for back volumes that only a very small number of full sets (complete from the commencement) can heretofore be made.

The price of the work in sets is six dollars per volume half bound and lettered. Some of the volumes may be had single, at five dollars each.

Communications and advertisements connected with any of the subjects of the American Farmer will be gratefully received, and promptly attended to.

In order to render the Farmer pleasant and profitable both to its publishers and its patrons, it is hoped that gentlemen will assent practically to the necessity and propriety of a careful compliance with the following

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

1. Price five dollars per annum, due at the middle of each year of subscription.
2. Subscriptions are in all cases charged by the year, and 1 ever for a shorter term.
3. When once sent to a subscriber, the paper will not be discontinued without his special order, and then not till the end of the year of his subscription that shall be current at the time of receiving such order, except at the discretion of the publishers.
4. The risk of Mail in the transportation of both the paper, and of Bank notes sent in payment for it, is assumed by the publishers.
5. Advertisements connected with any of the subjects of the American Farmer, inserted at one dollar per square.

AGENTS:
All Postmasters are requested to act as Agents for the Farmer, and to require a strict compliance by subscribers with the above terms, especially the three first items. They are authorized to retain \$1 for each new subscriber, and 10 per cent on all other collections.

The list of special Agents is published in the Farmer on the first Friday in each month.

* Subscriptions received at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.

August 11.

COLLECTOR'S SALE.
WILL be sold at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, on the Farm belonging to the heirs of Henderson Magruder, on Saturday the 10th day of September next, at 11 o'clock A. M. a sufficient quantity of Rail Timber or Cord Wood, standing, as the case may require, to satisfy County Charges due for the year 1832.

ATTENDANCE BY
BENNER LINTHICUM, Jan. Late Collector A. A. County.
August 11.

OBITUARY.
DIED at her residence near this city on the 29th ult. after a lingering illness, Mrs. PRISCILLA MILLS, Consort of Mr. JAMES MILLS.

On Saturday evening last, after a short but severe illness Miss CAROLINE, second daughter of Mr. Philip Clayton of this city.

EXECUTION.
We learn by a passenger in the Western stage that Oliver Watkins was executed in Brooklyn, (Conn.) on Tuesday morning, at half past nine o'clock, for the murder of his wife. He persisted in his innocence of the crime he was charged with to the last, and expressed great indifference to his fate. He died without a struggle. About fifteen thousand spectators were present to witness the execution. *Proc. Jour.*

NAVAL REGISTER.
Some of the most important changes in the Navy Register, and the stations and movements of most of the public vessels in commission, as ascertained at the Department during the month of July, 1831.

DEPARTS.
Lieut. Thos. T. Ritchie, to Gibraltar, June 20.
Lieut. Benj. Talmadge, to Gibraltar, June 20.
RESIGNATION.
Midshipmen R. P. MAYRANT, Timothy B. Field and J. S. SHAW, detached from command of the Schr. Ariel, on the 6th inst. in consequence of sickness; and
Lieut. E. FARRAN, appointed to the command temporarily, till the return of Lieut. Gedney.

Master Commandant Rousseau left Pensacola in bad health, for New Orleans, accompanied by Dr. Sprout, late Surgeon of the U. S. Squadron, (now leaving) on his return to the North.

PACIFIC.
Frigate Gardner, to St. Louis.
Sloop St. Louis, to St. Louis.
Sloop Dolphin, to St. Louis.

BRAZIL.
Frigate Hudson, to Rio de Janeiro.
Sloop Vandallia, to Rio de Janeiro.

WEST INDIES.
Sloop Erie, Vincennes, Natchez.
Schooners Grampus, Porpoise, Shark.

MEDITERRANEAN.
Frigates Brandywine, Constellation.
Sloop John Adams, Ontario, Boston, Concord.

NOTICES.
Frigate Brandywine, with Commodore Bidelle, was at Gibraltar on the 1st of June inst., also on the 20th.
Sloop John Adams, Captain Voorhees, arrived at Gibraltar, 1st June—twenty days from Cape of Virginia to Cape St. Vincent; sailed the 30th for Mahon, and thence to the Eastward.
Sloop Concord, Captain Perry, arrived at Gibraltar 13th May—sailed 2d June to Eastward.
Schooner Shark, Lieut. Commanding Boeum, was at St. Thomas 20th June—all well; to sail for St. Croix next day—was still there on the 21st inst.
The U. S. Schooners Spark, Lt. Com. Pierry; Sylph, Lt. Com. Robinson; and Ariel, Lt. Com. Shaw, bound to the Southward, sailed about July 1st—from Norfolk.

Frigate Potomac, Captain John Downes, left Hampton Roads on the 16th instant for New-York—arrived at N. York 21st.

Sloop Falmouth, Captain Gregory, sailed from New-York 6th inst.

Sloop Lexington, Captain Duncan sailed from Norfolk, 3d inst.

Sloop Vandallia, Captain Gallagher, at Buenos Ayres on the 29th May last—to sail next day for Montevideo and Rio de Janeiro.

Sloop St. Louis, Captain John D. Sloat, was at Callao, Peru, on the 19th April last.

Sloop Vincennes, Captain E. R. Shubrick, arrived at Port Royal, Jamaica, on 2d inst. from St. Jago de Cuba, and sailed again on the 5d or 7th for the latter place.

Schooner Porpoise, Lieut. Commanding John Percival, off the Havana on the 3d June—arrived at Key West on the 25th—officers and crew well.

Sloop Erie, commanded temporarily by Lieut. Jno. M. Montgomery, left Pensacola 16th June, to complete her cruise on the coast of Mexico, which had been interrupted by the sickness of Master Com'd. Rousseau, her late Commander.

Sloop Florida, Lieut. Commanding Thos R. Gedney, arrived at Norfolk on the 24th instant.

Schooner Grampus, at Port Royal, (Jamaica,) on the 4th ult. from Carthagen.

Sloop Vandallia reached Rio 9th June; and Frigate Hudson was to sail next day for U. States.

POSTSCRIPT.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.
The Lexington Observer Extra of August 2, gives the Result of the first day's poll in Lexington as follows:
CONGRESS—ALLEN (Clay) 458
SHANNON (Jackson) 231

The vote for members of the State Legislature exhibited about the same relative strength: the Clay members averaging 454, and the Jackson members 202.

In Jessamine county at dinner time, Kincaid (Clay) 66 votes ahead of Adair.—Woodson 27 ahead of Cunningham (Jackson) for the Legislature.

Woodford county at dinner—Allan 308, (Clay) Shannon (Jackson) 177; Bailey 294, Whittington 215.

Athens Precinct, majority for Clay Candidate 22.

The following is from the Maysville Eagle of August 2.

ELECTION RETURNS.
MASON—1st Day
Marshall (C.) 625 | Coleman, (J.) 449
Chambers, 744 | Marris 614
Taylor, 576 | Lashbrooke, 439

BOURBON—1st Day.
Marshall, 777 | Coleman 463

NICHOLAS—1st Day.
Marshall, 381 | Coleman, 457

BRACKEN—1st Day—2 Precincts.
Marshall, (maj.) 51 | Coleman.

FLEMING—1st day at dinner, (exclusive of one precinct.)
Davis, (C.) 406 | Daniel, (J.) 155
Balt. Patriot.

LATER FROM EUROPE.
The ship Romulus has arrived at New York from Havre, whence she sailed on the 27th of June, but brought no papers.

The ship Edward Quessel, also arrived at New York from Liverpool, brings Liverpool papers of the 28th June, and London of the 27th, both inclusive. Our extracts are from the second editions of the Daily Advertiser and Journal of Commerce.

Private letters from Havre say that Casimir Perrier had retired from the Head of the French Ministry and Marshal Soult had taken his place; Marshal Soult is in favour of their measures. It is said a French army would march into Belgium.

The cholera had reached Hamburg. In England, and indeed on all parts of the Continent, the alarm appears general that the scourge will spread. It was reported that Antwerp had been burnt on the 23th June.

From Warsaw, the dates are one day later—no new battles had been fought, but the Poles appear to be in good spirits, and ready to act on the offensive. All accounts agree that an important crisis is at hand.

France was tranquil.

Nothing from Spain or Portugal.

The English papers are filled with the great question of Reform which was to be taken up in Parliament on the 4th of July.

The Irish papers are occupied with the examinations relative to the Newtonbury Massacre.

CLARK'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, July 29, 1831.

REPORT of the Drawing of the Maryland State Lottery, No. 5, for 1831.

No. 10,816 (even number) the capital prize of \$10,000

of 12619 prize of 2000

11941 " 1000

7914 2410 each prizes of 500

15955 736 " 200

11940 13787 " 800

15960 19309 " 100

113103 8091 } each 100

1795 14844

110670 118443 115679 } each prizes of 50

1196 8 15999 118734 } each prizes of 25

With 20 prizes of \$20; 200 of \$4, and 10,000 of \$1 each.

No. 10816, an even number, having drawn the Capital Prize, agreeably to the scheme, therefore, all the even numbers, being those ending with 2, 4, 6, 8, or 0 are each entitled to one dollar and fifty cents in addition to whatever prizes they may have drawn besides.

All marked thus † sold at Clark's.

ON WEDNESDAY, August 31, will be drawn in Baltimore, MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY—No. 6, for 1831.

ODD AND EVEN, HIGHEST PRIZE, 10,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME:

1 prize of \$10,000	5 prizes \$100
1 " 5000	10 " 50
1 " 1000	20 " 20
1 " 500	50 " 10
1 " 200	100 " 5
1 " 100	1000 " 1.50
1 " 50	

Half Tickets only one dollar—Quarters 50 cts To be had at

CLARK'S
Offices, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Gay, N. E. corner of Baltimore and Charles Streets.

* Orders either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Address to JOHN CLARK, Lottery Vendor, Balt. August 11.