

we have all the grounds to hope for a preservation of our friendly connections with those powers, and of the uninterrupted progress of our prosperity, that can be found in the justice, firmness and prudence of an able, efficient and impartial administration of our Foreign Affairs.

Resolved, That we are therefore peculiarly grateful, at this particular crisis, that our present venerable Chief Magistrate has yielded to the wishes of his friends, and consented to be again placed in high office, as in the people for his present high office, as in addition to other and weighty considerations, we shall have a guarantee, in his public character that a policy will be observed towards other Powers, which shall maintain peace and respect for our moderation, our justice, and our preparation for war, and which shall read the lesson to the nations of the earth, that the government of the United States is as little inclined to brook, as to offer, insult and wrong.

Resolved, That we have a firm confidence in the patriotism, integrity and ability of JOHN C. CALHOUN, and have beheld, with admiration and esteem, the further development of his great and powerful genius and capacity for public business in the able and dignified discharge of his present trust. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Port-Tobacco Herald; and that this convention be adjourned, to meet again at Port-Tobacco, the 3d Monday in June next.

NICHOLAS STONESTREET, Chair'n.
ELIAS P. MATTHEWS, Sec'y.

Col. WHITE has been re-elected a delegate, in Congress from Florida, by a majority of from votes to fifty votes. The whole number of votes given was about 2500.

CURIOS COINCIDENCE.
It is exactly 150 years since, in the reign of Charles the Second, during the ferment in the public mind occasioned by the struggle for privilege between the Lords and Commons, in the celebrated impeachment case of Fitzharris, that the parliament was unexpectedly dissolved by the King in person. The history of England relates the circumstance in the following remarkable words:—The secret was so well kept that the Commons had no intimation of it until the Black Rod came to the doors, and summoned them to attend the King at the House of Peers.

N. J. Mer. Ate.

METEOROLOGICAL JOURNAL.

1	Clear, pleasant, light breeze,	w-n
2	Clear, pleasant, light breeze,	c-n-e
3	Cloudy, thunder gust in evening with rain,	n-e-s-w
4	Rain, foggy, mild, light breeze,	n-e
5	Clear, cool, heavy blow,	n-w
6	Clear, cold morning, white frost, fresh breeze,	s-s-e
7	Cloudy part of the day, moderate breeze—	s
8	Cloudy, light rain, heavy rain at night, heavy blow,	s-w-n-w
9	Cloudy, some snow squalls, heavy blow,	w-n-w
10	Cloudy part of the day, cold, hard frost, heavy blow,	s-w-s
11	Flying clouds, cold, heavy blow, hard frost, ice,	n-w
12	Clear, cold, frost, heavy blow,	n-w
13	Cloudy, moderate, fresh breeze,	s-s-w
14	Cloudy part of the day, white frost, mild, light breeze,	s-w
15	Cloudy, rain, light breeze,	s-s-e
16	Rain half the day, light breeze,	s-n-e
17	Clear, pleasant, light breeze,	s-e
18	Clear, pleasant, light breeze,	c-n-e
19	Cloudy, few drops rain, P. M. clear, warm, fresh breeze, northern lights,	n-w-w
20	Clear, warm, moderate breeze,	w-s-w
21	Clear, cool, moderate breeze,	e-n-e
22	Clear, P. M. cloudy, light breeze, cool,	e-n-e
23	Clear, P. M. cloudy, moderate breeze, rain at night,	s-e
24	Clear, P. M. cloudy, sprinkling rain, fresh breeze, cold,	n-w-w
25	Clear, cool, light breeze,	n-w
26	Flying clouds, moderate breeze, cool,	e-n-e
27	Cloudy, cold, little rain, high wind	n-e
28	Cloudy, drizzly, cold, moderate breeze,	n-e-n
29	Cloudy part of the day, cool, fresh breeze,	n-n-w
30	Cloudy, cool, fresh breeze,	w-n-w

A CARD
DENNIS BOYD, offers his services as Elected of the Senate, and solicits the support of his Fellow-Citizens of Anne Arundel county at the approaching September Election.
Feb 17

FOR SALE.

A PLANTATION near Herring Creek Church in Anne Arundel county, containing 325 Acres of fertile Land, adapted to the culture of Wheat, Corn and Tobacco, and proved by actual experiment, to produce the latter article of the first quality. There is on the premises, a convenient Dwelling House with the necessary out-houses, and a great abundance of fire wood and chestnut-rail stuff. It lies with very healthy and well watered. It lies within two miles of a public landing on the bay, where several small regular packets and a steam boat, present easy and constant means of transportation of produce and passengers to Baltimore. The soil is very susceptible of improvement by clover & plaster, and the neighborhood fertile, good, and places of public worship within a convenient distance. The terms, which will be accommodating, may be known by applying on the premises to P. H. O'REILLY.

June 9.

\$50 DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Thursday night the 31st ult. NEGRO SAM, who calls himself SAM COOK, Sam is about 24 or 25 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, slender make, & dark complexion. He is rather round shouldered and has a downy look, and a thick coarse voice—Sam was formerly the property of Thos. H. Dorsey Esq. and has a wife at Mr. Brice J. Worthington's; he may therefore be lurking in the neighbourhood of Annapolis—the clothing Sam took with him was a pair of dark blue ca-voinet pantaloons, a dark blue cassimere roundabout, twilled domestic shirt, a white beaver hat much worn with a black crape around it—made by Brownson, Baltimore, and some other things not recollected. The above reward will be given for said Negro if taken over thirty miles from home, or \$25 if taken under, and secured in any jail so that I get him again.
ESSEX R. DORSEY.
Living near Merrill's tavern on the Washington road Elk-Ridge.
June 9

HALLAM THEATRE.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Hallam Theatre, is requested at Williamson & Swann's Hotel, on Thursday evening, the 16th instant, at 6 o'clock, P. M. As business of importance will be submitted, it is desirable the stockholders should generally attend.
JAMES F. BRICE, Sec'y.
June 9.

MEMORIAL-PROTESTANT CAMP MEETING.

A tented Church for Queen-Anne's, Caroline and Talbot circuit, is appointed to be held about 34 miles from Easton, on the lands of Samuel Colston Esq. to commence on Friday, the 23rd of July next, and end on the Wednesday following. The place fixed upon, offers many facilities of convenience and comfort. A spring of water, of the very first quality, affording an ample supply for all purposes, is within a few yards of the ground, which is high and sloping, with an excellent shade. Vessels of large size may come within less than half a mile of the camp, to which there are fine paths leading in several directions, and good pasturage and accommodations for horses. (Which will be well attended to) very convenient. All the members of our Church, and public generally, who can make it convenient to leave tents or attend the said meeting, are invited to do so. Several Ministers from a distance are expected to be present.
The Cambridge Chronicle, the Centre ville Times, the Kent Enquirer, the Caroline Intelligencer, and the Baltimore papers, general ly, will confer an obligation on the Church by giving this advertisement a few insertions, say once a week till the time.
June 9

Ann-Arundel County, &c.

WHEREAS Aimer Linticum, Jun. late Collector of the Tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath returned to the Commissioners for said county the following list of Lands on which taxes are due for the year 1832, and on which there is no personal property to pay the same, to wit:

Name of Person	Name of Land	Amount of Tax due
James Anderson's heirs,	Part of Durrall's Delight and two other tracts names unknown 7 88	
Rear'd and Glover,	House and Lot in Annapolis 1 76	
William Cook, Richard Chew,	House and Lot in Annapolis 1 50	
Lewis Davall, Hebezza Dulaney's heirs,	2 Houses and lots in Annapolis 57	
James Dunn,	House and Lot in Annapolis 3 94	
John Griffith, Joseph Hood,	Part of Partnership, Part of Finland, Part of the Resurvey of tracts 6 49	
Mary Howard,	House and lot in Annapolis 3 81	
Stephen Linticum, Ruth Lucas,	Part of Holland's Choice, 3 25	
John P. Merkins, Gilbert Murch's hei, Thomas Murgan,	Part of Heading, Harris's Mount, House and Lot in Annapolis 75	
Mary O'Rourke,	Part of Hammond's First Concession Poplar Ridge, 58	
Elizabeth Parry, Matthew Phelps,	Part of Portland Manor, 83	
Able Pocock,	Part of First Discovery, 75	
Abraham Pearce's heirs,	Part of Addition to Timber Ridge, 1 88	
Ridgely and Duvall, Clara Richards,	State's Hope, 1 33	
Nehemiah Rowles,	Part of Moorley's Choice and Body's Adventure Lot No. 2, 1 26	
Benj. Scrivenor's heirs, Richard Smith, Jane Spratton, Philip Schwarz,	Scott's Alley, Last Shift and Part of Addition to Timber Neck, 6 83	
Henry Trout,	Gowry Bank, 1 32	
	Moore's Newmarket, 1 80	
	House and lot in Annapolis, 6 23	
	Seeder's Delight, 1 50	
	1 58	

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof, as will be sufficient to pay the tax, and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, "An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this State."
By order, Bushrod W. Marshall, Clk. Comar's A. A. Co.
The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, and American Baltimore, will publish the above notice a week for four weeks and forward their accounts to the clerk of the Commissioners.
May 24, 1831.

THE ART OF DANCING.

MR. DUROCHER RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis, that he will open a **DANCING ACADEMY.** At the Assembly Room, on the first day of June. Those persons who wish to send their children will please to enter them at Mr. Williamson's, where a subscription paper is left May 19, R 4w

ODD AND EVEN SYSTEM.

By which the holder of two Tickets must draw one Prize, and may draw Three!

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, No. 4, for 1831.

To be drawn in Baltimore, on Thursday, the 30th June.

HIGHEST PRIZE, 10,000 DOLLARS.

CLARK offered to adventurers the highest capital prize of \$10,000, in No. 3, for 1831. CLARK sold both the highest capital prizes of \$5,000 and \$1,000, in No. 2, for 1831, and CLARK also sold the highest capital prize of \$ 5,000 in No. 1, for 1831.

SCHEME.

1 prize of \$10,000	4 prizes of \$1000
1 " " 2,000	8 " " 500
1 " " 1,000	20 " " 200
2 " " 500	200 " " 100
2 " " 300	1000 " " 50
2 " " 200	

Half Tickets One Dollar only. To be had at CLARK'S.

Offices, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Gay, N. E. corner of Baltimore and Charles sts.

Where the Highest Prizes in the State Lottery have been oftener sold, than at any other Office!!!

Orders either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Address to JNO. CLARK, Lottery Vendor, Baltimore.

DUBOIS'S LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE.

ODD AND EVEN.

MORE LIBERAL THAN EVER: \$5,000 FOR \$1!

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, No. 4, for 1831.

To be drawn in Baltimore on THURSDAY, the 30th day of June next.

HIGHEST PRIZE 10,000 DOLLARS.

HALF TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH.

SCHEME.

1 prize of 10,000	is	10,000
1 " of 2,000	is	2,000
1 " of 1,000	is	1,000
2 " of 500	is	1,000
2 " of 200	is	400
4 " of 100	is	400
8 " of 50	is	400
20 " of 20	is	400
200 " of 4	is	800
10,000 " of \$1.50	is	15,000

10,241 Prizes 9,759 \$32,000

20,000 Tickets, * Orders for Tickets by mail or private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prizes, will meet with prompt attention. Address, EDWARD DUBOIS.

FOR SALE. SOUTH RIVER BRIDGE STOCK. Annapolis, June 2.

BALTIMORE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JNO. J. DONALDSON, President.

DIRECTORS. W. W. Taylor, Robert Oliver, Wm. T. Hunter, Edw. G. Woodyard, Silas M'Intosh, Benj. D. Highlan, John B. Morris, Saml. J. Donaldson.

GEORGE CARR GRUNDY, Secretary.

THE COMPANY proposes to insure lives for one or more years or for life—to purchase or sell annuities to receive money on trust, or to pay an interest thereon, and accumulating paying an interest thereon.—To manage trusts, and to make all kinds of contracts in which the casualties of life and interest of money is involved.

Creditors, whose hops of payment are founded on the lives of their debtors, may secure their debts.—Salaried officers, and persons whose families are dependent on their exertions, for support, may provide by annual payments, for their families, by an insurance on lives.—Aged persons, whose incomes are inadequate to their maintenance, may, by the purchase of an annuity, receive much more than the simple interest for their investments.

No money is received for less than one year, nor in sums less than a half per cent per annum interest of four and a half per cent per annum is allowed and paid semi-annually, or the Company will invest the money, and pay over the interest received, deducting a half per cent for compensation. The company, acting as trustee, there can be no danger from death, or insolvency.

Office No. 22 St. Paul's street, Baltimore.

Applications (post paid) attended to. May 19.

POSTSCRIPT.

Late from Europe.

The packet ship Birmingham, at New-York from Liverpool, brings London papers to the evening of the 6th May, and Liverpool to the 8th. The Journal of Commerce, Evening Post and American furnish us with the following interesting items.

The accounts from the seat of war in Poland are to the 31st April. The Poles, it will be seen, though without any well authenticated account of new battles, are still on the advance, and acting offensively, having occupied Siedlec, the late head-quarters of the Russians, who, in their turn, re-crossed the Bug, a retrograde movement, that indicating great weakness or apprehension. The Warsaw papers of the 21st April, contain an account (given below) of a most hazardous attack made by 6,000 Poles against four times their number of Russians. They were compelled to retreat (of course) but it appears from Skrzynecki's account of the affair, that they retreated with credit, not having lost any of their artillery. The courage and spirit of this gallant nation, continues unabated.

The Nuremberg Correspondent, quoted in the London Courier of 6th May, says, in an article from Bucharest of 10th April, that the Russian troops, with the exception of a small force to garrison that town, were to withdraw over Pruth, and go into cantonments in Podolia, Lithuania, and Volhynia. The withdrawal of these troops was looked upon as indicative of the confidence of Russia, that no disturbances were to be apprehended on the part of the Turks. The Courier finds a more probable explanation of their movement in the insurrections, which have broken out in the old Polish provinces, and that it is deemed important even at the risk of evacuating Wallachia, and leaving it open to the Turks, to hasten troops into the revolted provinces.

RETREAT OF THE RUSSIANS.

The Messenger des Chambres of 2d May has this paragraph.—"The news arrived this morning affords three remarkable facts: the occupation of Siedlec by the Polish General Uminski, announced in the official Gazette of Warsaw; the retreat of the left wing of the Russians stationed at Kosak, under Marshal and Rajjeu; and the retreat, announced in the Warsaw Courier of 19th. Nothing can explain these remarkable and serious facts, which would decide the freedom of Poland, but the insurrection of the Lithuanians, Volhynians and even among the Russians themselves, which have obliged Diebitzsch to march to the assistance of the Empire, menaced with dismemberment by a revolution, which appears to extend from Livonia to Podolia, and which perhaps at this moment distates Petersburg itself."

The account received from Memel, at Danzig, in Scotland, repeats the rumour of a great battle on the 15, in which 16,000 Lithuanians are said to have gone over to the Poles, and that the Russians had been completely routed, losing military chest, &c. As, however, there is direct information from Warsaw, four days later than the alleged battle, it is probably only a rumour.

The Paris Messenger des Chambres of 5th May, contradicts, on the authority of the Moniteur, the warlike construction put upon certain movements of the Austrian army in Italy, and the consequent march of French troops.

The elections in England go on triumphantly for Reform. Out of three hundred and eighty members returned, there had been an actual gain to the cause of reform of eighty.

Liverpool had rejected Gen. Gascoyne, who had been one of its representatives for almost half a century, we believe. Mr. Ewart and Mr. Denison are elected. The Lord Advocate, Mr. Jeffrey, failed in the Guilds or Corporations, thirty-three in all. Some riotous proceedings ensued, which Mr. Jeffrey took the greatest pains to suppress,—informing the mob, which he haranged, that he had taken it upon himself to countermand the military force that was called out, and therefore relied upon the citizens not to create disturbances. It needed, however, all the civic force to dispel the rioters.

Mr. O'Connell is said to be elected for the borough of Dungarvin.

In Ireland, great distress continues to be experienced. The Limerick Eve. Post announces fresh outrages in the county of Clare. Mr. O'Connell was about travelling through that part of Ireland, with a view to exert his influence to quiet the people.

Revolution has extended to Greece too, and Capo D'Istria has been obliged to abdicate the government. Marco Michilli had been placed at the head of a temporary Council of government.

In France, all was quiet. The French funds were rising, being quoted on 4th May for 5 per cents 88-70, 3 per cents 62, 35.

In Italy, it appears that the success of the Austrians in checking the insurrection had been complete.—Some diplomatic conference are however to take place at Rome. The death of the King of Sardinia had been announced in Paris and London, with the rumour that intelligence that Prince Carigna, who had succeeded to the crown of Sardinia, had been proclaimed King of Sardinia.

The London Courier expresses its doubts as to whether Prince Leopold will consent to become King of Belgium. He is said to have been the subject yet under deliberation.

London, Thursday Evening, May 5th. We learn by letters from Vienna of the 23th ult. that the last accounts received from all parts of Galicia, leave no doubt that the insurrection in Volhynia was spreading very

rapidly, and that Gen. Dwernicki (Dewernetsky) was about to send a division of troops to the north to support the insurgents in Lithuania.

POLAND.

Gen. Uminski is said to have been beaten at Utralewka on the 20th, but as he is known to have been at Warsaw on the 19th, which is at least twelve German miles from the latter place, the report is evidently incorrect. Our accounts, which rests entirely on the authority of private letters from Cracow and Berlin, but which is believed in quarters that we have usually found to be well informed on the subject of Polish news, states that Gen. Dwernicki has obtained a decisive victory over Gen. Rudzky, in Volhynia; that the greater part of the latter General's troops went over to Dwernicki; and that the population had risen en masse. The same accounts, however, add, that the Russian troops stationed on the Turkish frontiers, are advancing by forced marches towards Volhynia.

Wilna is held by 3000 Russian troops.—There are large bodies of insurgents near Kowno, but they have not attempted any thing against that place. The intention of a Russian Commander to burn Georgetown has not been executed. It appears certain, by letters from St. Petersburg, that a number of the Russian Government has taken up a number of provisions and reinforcements to its troops in the revolted provinces. Hamburg Papers, April 29.

WARSAW, April 19.

We have just received the news that Gen. Sierawski obtained a great victory near Lublin on the 15th. The details are not yet known.

The accounts from Lithuania are very favourable.—Even the journals of Konigsberg and Berlin, though sold to despotism, mention the revolution of that province. One victory more, and we shall have nothing to fear from Russia. Sweden begins to give some uneasiness to Nicholas. It is said that the Autocrat has called upon Sweden to aid him with 10,000 men, in virtue of a treaty entered into at the Congress of Vienna.

LONDON, May 2.—We have received several letters from Warsaw to the 20th ult. They are filled with details relative to the military operations on the 10th to the 15th, in which the advantage has been decidedly and invariably on the side of the Poles. The Russian forces were so reduced by continual defeat, that they can no longer think of acting on the offensive; indeed they seem anxious to receive reinforcements from home, a case which, if we are to judge from circumstances, is not likely to happen soon. The Russian government had sent its best army into Poland, and it is doubtful whether another thing like it can be spared at present for the purpose of repelling its losses.

Sweden begins to give some uneasiness to Nicholas, who is not quite free from apprehension on the side of Turkey and Persia. Now, unless he is left at liberty to send an army of 200,000 into Poland, it is evident that he must give up the hope of reconquering that country for the present. Such a strong force, however, he is hardly able at any time to put into the field, and if he does succeed in doing so, the summer he must divide it in order to defend his frontiers against the threatened attacks of other enemies besides the Poles. The cause of the Poles may, therefore, be looked upon as nearly gained.

Late in the afternoon, the Hamburg steamboat arrived in the river, bringing accounts from that city to Saturday morning, and from Warsaw to the 21st ult. A full confirmation is received of the success of which we have spoken above, on the authority of our letters to the 20th, received in the morning.

LONDON, Tuesday night.

An extraordinary report has been very prevalent in the city this afternoon, founded upon the contents of letters by Escaffette from Paris, that the Russian, weary of their unsuccessful attempts upon the land, have determined to evacuate, and to leave the inhabitants of that country under the mediation of Austria, Prussia and Bavaria, to settle their own Government. Some days ago, it was stated on the foundation of accounts from Vienna, that the Court of Austria, in concert with the two other Powers, Austria, Prussia and Bavaria, had determined to evacuate, and to leave the inhabitants of that country under the mediation of Austria, Prussia and Bavaria, to settle their own Government. Some days ago, it was stated on the foundation of accounts from Vienna, that the Court of Austria, in concert with the two other Powers, Austria, Prussia and Bavaria, had determined to evacuate, and to leave the inhabitants of that country under the mediation of Austria, Prussia and Bavaria, to settle their own Government.

Nevertheless, we do not believe that it is entitled to credit, nor do the writers of the letters from Paris pretend to assign any authority for the report.

Liverpool, May 7.—We cannot refrain from congratulating our readers on the daily increasing success of the people in their noble struggle for reform. Every post brings accounts of fresh victories to the great cause, and four scores is the amount of votes which it has gained in the elections already decided.

The elections in Ireland are likely to exceed in their results the expectations of the most sanguine reformer. Every where the most strenuous and apparently successful exertions, are making to secure the return of candidates favourable to the measure. Dr. Doyle has written a long letter, exhorting the electors of the King and his Ministers.

It is said that Mr. O'Connell goes for the borough of Dungarvin, and that Mr. Lamb will start for the county of Waterford.—Dublin Mail.

In Scotland the stir and struggle of a general election is observed over the whole country, and on no former occasion was there ever so much anxiety for the result. It is generally expected that the Scottish Ministers will lose a little, on account of the opposition displayed by the necessity with which these gentlemen are impressed of taking every measure for preserving what they consider the due influence of the landed interest.

AGENCY.

THE undersigned respectfully acquaints his friends and the public, that he will attend to the collection of debts, due in this city, and its vicinity, and also to the posting of books, making out accounts, &c.

He will also attend to the drawing of Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Contracts, and the Conveyancing Business generally. He will prepare the requisite papers, and give the necessary information to those persons who may be under the disagreeable necessity of resorting to the refuge provided in the mercy and wisdom of the Legislature, by the Insolvent laws of the State. He pledges his best exertions in promoting the interest of those charges will be moderate.

He may be found at Dr. Wm. Brewer's Drug and Medicine Store, opposite Messrs. Williamson & Swann's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD RIDGELY, Collector of the City Tax.

N. B. Communications from a distance will be faithfully attended to. R. R.