Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, January 6, 1830.

☞ The Rev. J. R. M'Call will deliver an oration on the Christian Religion, on Thursday evening, in the State House, at candle light, where he would be pleased to meet the friends of Christianity.

Daniel Martin, Esq. of Talbot county, was elected on Monday last, by the Legislature, Governor of the State for the ensuing year.

And on Tuesday the following gentlemen were elected as members of the Council to wit: George Howard, of John Eager, Esq. of Anne-Arundel county, Samuel Turner, Esq. of Talbot county, Thomas Worthington, Esq. of Frederick county, Henry Page, Esq. of Dorchester county, and William Potter, Esq. o Caroline county.

COURT OF APPEALS, Dec. Term 1830.

Monday, Jan. 3d. The argument of No. 140, Watkins et al. vs. Snowden et al. was concluded by Magruder for the appellees, and Randall for the appellants.

No. 167, Slemaker vs. Brewer, Mackubin, and others, this case was argued by Magruder and Boyle for the appellant, and Brewer for the appellees.

Jan. 4th. The argument of No. 137. Watkins and Claytor vs. Estep, was continued by Randall and Magruder for the appellants, and Johnson for the appellee.

Jan. 5th. The argument of the above case was concluded by Magruder for the appellants

BILLS REPORTED.

By Mr. Ely.

To elect the Senate by the People.

[It will be observed by the reader, that the period (1836) fixed for this bill to go into operation is a distant one. This was unavoidable, since the election of a new Senate for the term of five years, will take place before the next meeting of the Legislature, and consequently before any act confirming this bill should it be adopted at the present session, could be passed.]

A BILL

To abolish all such parts of the Constitution and form of government as relates to the time and manner of electing the senate, and the mode of filling up vacancies in that body, so that each county, and the city of Baltimore, may have a senator to be elected immediately by the people.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That from and after the first Monday in October, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, the Senate of this state shall consist and be composed of twenty members, one member to be chosen from the city of Baltimore, one other from the city of Annapolis and Anne Arundel county, and one member from each of the other counties of this state, and that the senators shall be elected by ballot, for five years, by the people of the several counties and cities, qualified to vote for members of the house of delegates, at the same time, and in the same manner, and at the same place or places, where they shall vote for members of the house of delegates.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That the senate shall be elected on the first Monday of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and on the same day in every fifth year forever thereafter.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That no person shall be a senator, who shall not have been seven years at least a citizen of the United States, and attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been a resident of the state five years next before his election, and two years thereof a resident of the county or city for which he shall be elected, unless he shall have been absent on public business of the United States or of this state.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That if the seat of any senator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or otherwise, a warrant of election shall issue by the president of the senate for the election of another in his place, in the same manner, and under the same regulations, as warrants are issued by the Speaker of the house of delegates to supply vacancies in that body, and any senator who may be elected to fill a vacancy, shall hold his seat so long as the person in whose place

...cted might have done if no vacancy ...pened?

5. *And be it enacted*, That the Legis... may regulate the aforesaid elections of ... and all things relating to the Judges, ...times and manner thereof, and the ... declaring and returning the said E... in as full and ample a manner as the ...ure by law can regulate all those ...hich relate to the election of dele... the General Assembly.

6. *And be it enacted*, That if this act ... confirmed by the General Assembly ... next election of delegates, the ...tion and form of government directs, ...uch case this act, and the alterations ...amendments of the Constitution and ...government therein contained, shall ... and considered, and shall constitute ...alid, as a part of the said Constitu... form of government, to all intents ...poses, any thing to the contrary not...ding.

7. *And be it enacted*, That all those ... the Constitution and form of govern...ontrary and repugnant to this act, ... and are hereby declared to be repeal... abolished, and of no effect, from and ... first Monday in October, eighteen ... and thirty-six.

To the Editor of the Maryland Gazette.

I was much gratified the other day on ...read, in the House of Delegates, a ...ted by Col. Ely of Baltimore coun... for its object the election of the ... by the people. At the period when ...titution was adopted, it is possible, ... have been the ignorant condition of ...e, that its framers believed themselves ...ngrafting in that instrument the pro... which withold the election of Senators ...n, and which confer that exalted privi... agents to be selected by them. This ...doubt the cause which influenced the ... good men who planned the form of go... of this state, to deny by their act, ...petency of the people of Maryland to ...d act for themselves in the particular ...ing a senate to represent them. Ad... such to have been the impressions ...overned the men who modelled the ...tion, and without undertaking to com... opinion, which, at the time it prevail... have had some shadow of reason to ...it, it must, at this enlightened day, ...eded, by every man of sound judg... that the cause for denying to the peo... desirable right no longer exists; and ...e, that this right ought no longer to ...ed them. Maryland can at this mo... ...ast of as intelligent, discreet and re... ...e a population, in proportion to its ... as any other state in the union; and ...e, a population in way quite as capa... ...njoying self-government as any other

...y proposition to depart from an old rule ...rnment, no matter how aristocratic or ...this old rule may be, is sure to meet ...re or less opposition, hence, the friends ...proposition which has elicited these re... may calculate on having obstacles ...in the way at every stage through ...e project may have to pass. But a... opponents to the election of the se... the people, is there at this time a man ...nd, to whom nature has given the au... ...nd hardihood, to say to his constitu... ...you are so ignorant and so stupid, that ...t consider you competent to choose a ...and for this reason vote against that ...ing given you." No, there is not a ...man amongst them bold enough to do ...ough they may, in the house, oppose ...sage of the bill; which, after mature ...on, can give rise to but one serious ...n, and that is:—"Are the people of ...nd so ignorant and indiscreet, that it ...e dangerous to the public weal, to en... ...em with the power of electing the se... This, I contend is the only *substan*...tion which the house will have to de... ...acting on the bill. Let every mem... ...e, of that body, who calls himself a ...an, decide on it conscientiously, and ...mind deeply impressed with the recol... that the people of Maryland are a free ...nd entitled to self-government, so far ...possible for constitutional law to ex... to them.

...rincipal objection which has hereto... ...n urged, against the alteration in the ...tion proposed by Col. *Ely's* bill, is, ... senate *not* coming immediately from ...ple, is *not* dependent on them, and ...this account, always stand as a check ...opular branch in relation to appropri... ...om the public funds. This objection, ...es not deserve to be called argument. ...the most futile and contemptible that ...urged. It is almost an insult to com... ...s and reason. It amounts to nothing ...saying that a body of men, *not* ac... ...e to the people, are more afraid of do... which would offend the people, than ...members of the House of Delegates, ...immediately and strictly answerable ... for every vote which they make. ...me acquainted with human nature ...that the fear of doing wrong, where ...no penalty attached to the offence, is ...so powerful a restraint on man, as ...ere is a certainty of punishment fol... ...he crime. At present, it is not in the ...of the people to punish a senator by ...l from service, or in any other man... matter how unwise or badly he may ...is official character. He is above the ...and may oppose their wishes, without ...because, *de facto*, he is not from the ...in which he is elected responsible to ...To call a body composed of such men ...*some* restrainers" of the people's ...representatives, savours too strongly ...ocratic principles, to meet the appro... ...f any man who maintains the old Re... ...n maxim, that "the will of the people shall be the law of the land." How different is the situation of a member of the House of Delegates from that of a Senator. Coming directly from the people he not only knows their wants, but in his official capacity acts under a strong feeling of responsibility to them, and with the knowledge that he has annually to appear before them to give an account of his stewardship, and receive the reward to which he is entitled, whether it be in praise or in censure. Is it not, then grossly absurd, to say, that a man thus circumstanced, requires the vigilance of a Senator acting under no responsibility to the people, to keep him from doing wrong? In my humble judgment it is.

Maryland is the only State in the Union whose Senate is chosen by the intervention of electors!!! Her sister states have advanced in improvement, wealth and respectability, under the administration of Senates emanating immediately from the people, then, why cannot she do the same?

A Lobby Auditor.

METEOROLOGICAL JOURNAL.

November.	winds.
1 Rain in morning, cleared away, moderate breeze,	n w—s w
2 Clear, warm, like summer weather, light breeze,	e s e
3 Rain nearly all day, cool, fresh breeze,	w—n w—n
4 Clear, pleasant, fresh breeze,	n w—n
5 Clear, warm, light breeze,	s e
6 Foggy nearly all day, mild, light breeze,	s e—e
7 Foggy morning, mild, moderate breeze,	n e—s e
8 Misty nearly all day, light breeze,	n e
9 Rain in the morning, light breeze,	n e
10 Cloudy, misty, warm, light breeze,	n e—s e
11 Cloudy, little rain in the morning, light breeze,	n e
12 Rain all day, fresh breeze, cool,	n n e
13 Cloudy part of the day, cool, fresh breeze,	n—n n e
14 Cloudy, mild, moderate breeze,	n
15 Cloudy, misty, light breeze,	n e
16 Foggy part of the day, warm, light breeze,	n e
17 Clear, pleasant, light breeze,	s
18 Clear, mild, fresh breeze,	n w
19 Clear, P. M. cloudy, appearance of rain, light breeze,	n e
20 Flying clouds, warm, light breeze,	n—s e
21 Clear, mild, fresh breeze,	n w
22 Rain nearly all day, moderate breeze,	s w
23 Rain part of the day, light breeze,	n e—n
24 Cloudy, light rain, cool, light breeze, heavy blow at night,	n e
25 Rain part of the day, fresh breeze,	w—n w
26 Clear, pleasant, fresh breeze,	n w—n n w
27 Clear, pleasant, heavy white frost,	n w—w
28 Cloudy, misty in evening, heavy rain at night,	n e
29 Rain nearly all day, fresh breeze,	e—s e—n w
30 Cloudy, rain part of the day, light breeze,	n n w

POSTSCRIPT

From the New-York Gazette, of the 3d inst.

ONE, A. M.—We have just received our English files by the John Jay, from Liverpool, among which are London papers to the evening of the 7th ult. from which we make the annexed brief selections, being all that our time and limits will admit of for this day's publication.

These papers contain no confirmation of the report that Russia had declared war upon France. On the contrary the French journalists seem generally to be of opinion that the demonstrations made by France, and the good understanding between England and France will have the effect of preventing war. It was even affirmed that a treaty of Alliance, offensive and defensive, between France and England, was signed in London on the 24th November, and that it was presented to Louis Philippe on the 1st Dec. for ratification. The London Courier of the 7th, however, says, it has authority for declaring this report untrue. Nevertheless, the tone of the French and English papers is of a more than ordinary conciliatory manner towards each other.

The London Chronicle of the second, seems to have no doubt that all the movements of Russia, Austria and Prussia, are the result of a common understanding between those powers and England. It adds, "The French Government we are assured (on what we consider good authority) possess the best evidence of the participation of the Wellington Ministry in the projects of the three great powers. Indeed, we believe this may be safely taken as a settled point. The Wellington Ministry being removed, and Ministry who have not hesitated to express their sympathy with France having taken their places, the great Powers may yet pause before plunging Europe in war.

Switzerland is in a state of revolution. The population of several cantons have risen in arms to demand reforms. Berne has been entered by 12,000 peasants, who have deposed the government.

The London Courier of the 7th observes, a conference of the Ambassadors from the great Powers on the affairs of Belgium was held yesterday at the Foreign Office; it was attended by the French, Austrian, Russian, and Netherlands Ambassador, the Prussian Minister, and Viscount Palmerston. The conference lasted about two hours.

The most complete order and tranquility continued to prevail at Constantinople on the 25th Oct.

A letter from Rome of the 26th of November, states that the Pope was supposed to be at the point of death.

The new Ministry was very popular in England. It was confidently asserted that they intended to reduce their own salaries one fifth.

The government of France does not expect war but is determined to prepare for it. A project of a law has been introduced for a levy of 80,000 men.

The incendiary system which has devastated the Southern Counties of England has at length extended to Cumberland.

The King of Holland has not lost all hope of recovering Belgium for some branch of the House of Nassau. It does not appear, however, that his hope is well founded.

It is stated that Austria and Spain have recalled their Ambassadors from the Netherlands.

Supplies of stores continued to be received at Antwerp, and the works of the citadel were daily strengthened.

The question of Reform is making rapid head way through every part of England, Scotland and Ireland.

We can state on authority, says the Sun of the 7th, that the following appointments which appeared in the 'Times' this morning, are correct; the patents have been made out, and this morning forwarded from the Treasury: 'Sir James Kemp, Master-General, of the Ordnance. Irish, Lord Chancellor, Lord Plunkett; Chief Justice of Common Pleas, Mr. Doherty; Chief Baron, Mr. Joy; Attorney-General, Mr. Pennefather; Solicitor General, Mr. Crampton; King's sergeant, the well known Catholic barrister, Mr. O'Laughlan.'

We have seen a gentleman just returned from Paris, who states that the commercial distress in that capital is to a very alarming extent. Failures of all descriptions daily take place; credit is entirely annihilated, and even owners of ships give a premium on the coin of the country. The King is exceedingly popular, and generally takes an airing, about two o'clock, in his carriage, in the attire of a citizen, without any escort, and is well received. The Press has a most extensive privilege. Placards are posted up in all parts of Paris, pro. and con. against the Government. The people stop and read them; after which they depart laughing. The National Guards are organized daily. These description of warriors claim the defence of their country, should it be invaded by any foreign foe, and leave to troops of the line to combat out of the country. The lower class of the people are desirous for a war; but according to the well-informed in most of the high circles, it will be prevented by the exertions and interference of the united powers of France and England.

J. THOMPSON

HAS just received Sergeant's Constitutional Law; Chitty's Blackstone, 2 vols. American Digest; Lawyer's Note Book; Crabb's Dictionary; Lexicon of Things in General Use; Lady Morgan's France, 2 vols. History of the Revolution in France, 1830; Willard's History of the United States or Republic of America, with Atlas; Howe's Greek Revolution; Water Witch, or Skimmer of the Seas, 2 vols. Southennan, 2 vols. Musselman, 2 vols. Journal of the Heart; Watson's Theological Institutes; Works of Bishop Raven-croft; Lawrence on the Horse; Johnson's Scraps; American Almanac for 1831. For Sale at this Office

Annapolis, Jan. 6, 1831

A CARD.

MR. M'CALL, DENTIST,

OFFERS his services to the citizens of this city for a few weeks, in all the various operations of Dental Surgery, according to the most approved scientific principles; from one to any number of teeth set in to appear quite natural.

Plugging with gold or platinum, and thereby making the teeth as sound as before, taught of the teeth removed and cleansed of salivary calculus (tartar, thereby removing that peculiar disgusting fetor a bad breath; and restoring a sweet breath with its comforts. Diseased teeth extracted with care, old stumps, fangs or roots of teeth remaining causing ulcers, gum-biles and alveolar abscesses cured with ease.

The most violent tooth ache cured by a preparation of his own, and no injury done to the other teeth. Silver tooth picks, powders, &c. may be obtained by application.

Mr. M'Call can give satisfactory testimonials of his skill. He will wait on ladies at their dwellings if requested. He may be found at Williamson's Hotel, No. 14. Hours of attendance, from eight in the morning until five in the evening.

Jan 6.

A CARD.

JOSEPH R. MASON, a portrait painter, offers his professional services to the citizens of Annapolis and its visitors, and to the members and officers of the Legislature. His room is at the house of Gideon Pearce Esq.

Jan. 6.

A CARD.

RICHARD IGLEHART, Ex-Sherriff of Anne Arundel county, notifies all those whom it may concern, that the better to enable him to close his business, he will, *without fail*, attend at Annapolis, every *Friday & Saturday*, in each week, and may be seen at the office of Dr. Wells.

RICHARD IGLEHART.

P. S.—All persons interested in this notice, are urgently solicited to come forward, and occasion him as little *further* trouble as can possible be avoided. To those who have been *punctual*, he tends the expression of his respectful acknowledgments. R. I.

Jan 6 1831. 1m

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

CASH will be given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, at this Office.

Jan. 6, 1831.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of the State of Maryland, the subscriber, as trustee, will expose to public sale, on Thursday the 27th day of January, 1831, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the premises, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, (Sunday excepted,) all that tract, part of a tract or parcel of land called Brown's Forrest, or the reservey of part of Brown's Forrest, containing

100 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, lying and being on Rich Ridge in Anne Arundel county, and adjoining the land of Nicholas Worthington and Mrs. Sarah Hammond, and lies on the road leading from Ellicott's Mills to Porter's Tavern, and within thirteen or fourteen miles from the City of Baltimore. A further description of the land is deemed unnecessary, as those who are desirous of purchasing will view the premises previous to the day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE

Are—a credit of twelve months will be given from the day of sale, the purchaser to give bond with good security, to bear interest from the day of sale; and upon the ratification of the sale by the Chancellor, and payment of the purchase money the subscriber is authorised to execute a good and sufficient deed to the purchaser or purchasers thereof.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT, Trustee.

January 6.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR

Has just received a large and very handsome assortment of

CLOTHS,
Cassimeres and Vestings,
Of Various Qualities and Colours.

Which he offers to his friends and the public to whom he would say, he will make them up in the short's notice and most approved style, and most fashionable Cassimeres.

REMOVAL.

Mr. Bryan will also inform his friends and the public, that he has removed from his former stand to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Gassaway, as a store, nearly opposite Gideon White, Esq. where he may be found at any time.

Dec 30.

FRESH WINTER GOODS.

GEORGE M'NEIR,
MERCHANT TAILOR

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS

In his line, consisting in part of the hands, most

Patent Finished Cloth

Of various qualities and colours, with an assortment of

CASSIMERES & VESTINGS

Which he respectfully invites his friends to call and examine.

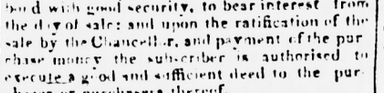
All of which he will make up at the shortest notice, and in the most FASHIONABLE STYLE, now for cash, or to punctual men only.

Dec 28

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public auction, on Monday the 10th day of January, 1831, at the Farm of the late Capt. John Barber, near Annapolis, the following property, consisting of

HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP



HOGS, some valuable OXEN, CARTS, CORN and FODDER, with FARMING UTENSILS generally. The Sale to commence at eleven o'clock, and continue until all is sold, at which time the terms will be made known.

SUSANNA BARBER.

Dec 23 R ts

☞ The above sale is postponed until Saturday, 22d January.

A SUPPLY OF CRAWSHAW'S
SILVER STEEL CUTLERY,

DIRECT from his manufactory in Sheffield, is offered by the subscriber very low; Persons knowing the value of his KNIVES, RAZORS, &c. will do well to supply themselves. Also an additional supply of the best

JEWELRY

the market of Philadelphia and New York will afford, with some good

TIME KEEPERS,

English and Geneva; and a general assortment of every article in the

SILVER PLATED & JAPANNED

line. All of which will be put at prices lower than the same has ever been offered here for.

A few thousand of Hemming's celebrated Silver eyed NEEDLES, of all Nos, with a good assortment of

WHIPS, CANES & SPECTACLES.

Grateful for the encouragement afforded him by a generous public, they are assured no exertion shall be wanting in giving satisfaction to those who will please to favour him with their commands.

WATCHES

Of every description carefully repaired, and every means used to insure their keeping time.

WILLIAM M'PARLIN.

Dec. 23.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

J. THOMPSON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened a Book Store in the room adjoining the Post Office, in Church street, where he offers Books on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased in Baltimore, among which are the following:

Say's Political Economy	Ainsworth's Latin Diction ary
Chalmer's Works	Cicero Delphini
Burns's Works	Virgil Delphini
Carey's Miscellaneous Essays	Ovid Delphini
Mrs Carey's Letters	Horace Delphini
Arts of Life	Sallust Delphini
Day's Consolations	Greca Minora
Beauties of Kirk White	Greca Majora, in 2 vols.
Campbell's Poems	Smart's Cicero
Sterne's Works, in 5 vols	Mair's Syntax
Bonnetta Letters	Clarke's Homer
American Chesterfield	Day's Algebra
Don Quixotte, in 4 vols	Playfair's Geometry
Boswell's Life of Johnson in 3 vols.	Simpson's Algebra
Captain Hall's Travels in America,	Lebrun's Telamaque
Galt's Life of Byron	Greek Testament
Nursery Morals	Valpy's Greek Grammer
Cobwebbs	Blair's Lectures
Western Songster	Gray's Book-keeping
Form Book	Flint's Surveying
Blair's Sermons, in 2 vols.	Whelpley's Compendium
Christian Offices	M'Intyre on the globes
Companion for the Altar	Locke's Pantheon
Christian's Companion	Goldsmith's Rome
Pilgrim's Progress	Goldsmith's Greece
Episcopal Manual	Grimshaw's England
Rise and Progress	Grimshaw's Rome
Lady of the Manor 7 vols.	Tytler's History
History of the Reformation	Murray's Sequel
M'Ewen on Types	Murray's Reader
American Constitution	Scott's Lessons
Scientific Dialogues 3 vols	Lady's Preceptor
Life of Washington	Morse's Geography & Atlas
Esop's Fables	Adam's Geography & Atlas
Lady's Lexicon	Smiley's Geography and Atlas
Gentlemen's Lexicon	Smiley's Arithmetic
Buck's Theological Dictionary	Pike's Arithmetic
Walker's Dictionary	Stoughton's Church Music

THE LIFE OF
BISHOP HEBER,
BY HIS WIDOW.
In Two Volumes.

Dec 16.

Anne-Arundel county, to wit.

UPON application to me, one of the justices of the Orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing, of Somerville Pinkney, of said county, for the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain them, on oath, being annexed to his said petition, and I being satisfied that the said petitioner hath resided in the State of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of the said petition, and being also satisfied by the certificate of the sheriff of Anne-Arundel county that the said Somerville Pinkney is now in his custody for debt, and for no other cause; and the said petition erhaving taken the oath prescribed by law and entered into bond with security for his appearance in Anne-Arundel county court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as may be proposed to him by his creditors, and having also executed to William H. Tock, the trustee appointed by me, a good and sufficient deed for all his property real, personal and mixed the necessary bed and bedding and wearing apparel of himself and family excepted, and the said trustee having executed a bond for the faithful performance of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule, It is therefore, this ninth day of November 1830, by me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the Orphan's court aforesaid, adjudged and ordered, that the said Somerville Pinkney be discharged from the custody of the sheriff aforesaid, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to be and appear at the said county court on the day aforesaid, to shew cause if any they have, why the said Somerville Pinkney should not have the benefit of the act of assembly, and supplements aforesaid as prayed

TH. J. BRICE.

Test, WM. S. GREEN Clk.

Dec. 23. 3w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Subscriber of Calvert county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Baden of James, late of Calvert county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the 20th day of June next, they will otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this twentieth day of Dec. 1830.

JAMES HARRISON, Adm'r.

Dec. 30. 6w

State of Maryland,

Anne-Arundel county, Set.

ON application to the subscriber, as Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, by petition, in writing, of Isaac Nichols, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and praying for the benefit of the act of the general assembly of Maryland, entitled, "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said Isaac Nichols having satisfied me by competent testimony, that he has resided for two years within the State of Maryland, immediately previous to, or preceding the time of his said application, and the said Isaac Nichols having taken the oath prescribed in the said act, for the delivery up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may then and there be put to and made against him, and having appointed William Nichols, of William, his trustee, who has given bond as such, with approved security, and received a conveyance from the said Isaac Nichols, of all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary bedding and wearing apparel of himself and family alone excepted, and being in possession thereof, for the use of the creditors of the said Isaac Nicholls, I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Isaac Nichols be discharged from his confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this notice to be inserted in some newspaper printed in the city of Annapolis, once a week for three successive months, before the third Monday of April next, to be and appear in person, or by attorney, before the said county court on said third Monday in April next, then and there to recommend a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Isaac Nichols should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements thereto, as prayed for by him. Given under my hand this 30th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty.

HORATIO RIDOUT, Chief Justice of Orphans Court, A. A. C.

Dec 30 3w