

(Continued from last page.)
Mr. Thomas submitted the following Order:
Ordered, That the following be added to the rules of this House:
Every bill may have its first reading by its title.
No report of a committee, except it be a resolution, shall be entered on the journal, unless directed by the house.
There shall be a standing committee of the whole house, on the condition of the state, which may originate bills or resolutions, and may sit when required by members.
Which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Teackle submitted the following Order:
Ordered, That the following be added to the rules of this House:
All bills of a private or local character, received from the senate, shall be referred to a select committee of three members, to be appointed by the speaker; and bills of a public or general character, received from the senate, relating to subjects upon which committees have been appointed, shall be referred, severally to the committee to which the same shall belong, respectively.
Which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, submitted the following resolutions for consideration:

- Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the constitution of the United States ought to be so amended as to prevent the re-election of any person to the office of president.
- Resolved, That the election of president and vice-president, through the agency of electors chosen by the people, has been found convenient in practice, is a system well adapted to the nature of our republican institutions, and only requires proper amendments, (which are within the power of the people,) to bring about uniformity, and thus to secure to the system, all the benefits expected from it by the wise framers of our constitution.
- Resolved, That experience has shown, that in the event of no choice by the electors, the election of president ought not to devolve upon the House of Representatives, and for this purpose the constitution ought to be further amended as follows:

The electors, instead of being chosen at the season of the year as now prescribed by the constitution, to be chosen on the second Monday of April: to be convened in their respective states on the second Monday of May; immediately thereafter, their votes and proceedings to be transmitted to the Secretary of State, in the same manner as now practiced, and to be opened on the fourth of July following, in the presence of the President pro tem. of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chief Justice of the United States, and the Secretary of State, (or some other appointed commissioners,) whose duty it shall be to count the votes, and to make proclamation forthwith, that such one of the persons voted for, as should appear to have a majority of the votes, is duly elected president or vice-president, (as the case may be); but in case neither of the persons voted for as president should have the required majority, then the aforesaid commissioners to make proclamation, setting forth that fact, also specifying how many votes were given for each candidate for the presidency, and especially the names of those two candidates having the highest number of votes. Upon said proclamation being made, the governor or chief executive power of each state, on or before the first day of September following, to give public notice, that the voters qualified to vote for electors, shall on the first Monday of November following, ballot for president from among those two proclaimed as having the highest number of votes as aforesaid. The returns of said elections in each state, to be made forthwith by the judges of elections, to the governor or chief executive power of the state, in like manner as other election returns are made therein. The said governor, or chief executive power, to cause to be made out and transmitted to the Secretary of State, before the first of January following, a statement of the whole number of votes given in the state, specifying how many were given to each candidate, and certifying, (if so,) which of them had the majority—said statements and certificates, when received, to be kept by the Secretary of State, until they shall be opened, and the votes counted, on the second Monday of February thereafter, by the President of the Senate, in the presence of both houses of Congress. The candidate having a majority of the states to be declared duly elected President; but in case neither has that majority, then an aggregate computation to be made of the whole number of votes given throughout the United States for the two persons so voted for, and that one to be declared president who shall be found to have a majority of the votes of the whole people of the United States, (giving to each state its due elective weight, under the 1st article of the constitution.) The vice-president to be voted for by the electors at the same time they vote for president, and in like manner; but in the event of no vice-president being chosen at the primary election, the like proclamation of that fact to be made as in the case of the non-election of president, and the senate of the United States to proceed to elect a vice-president, at the same time and in the same manner as now prescribed in the constitution.

The said resolutions being read the first time, were ordered to lie on the table.
Mr. Lee, chairman of the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report:
The committee on internal improvement, which was instructed to inquire into the practicability and expediency of improving the navigation of Pocomoke river, and especially that section thereof which lies between the town of Snow Hill, in Worcester county and the line of the state of Delaware, and of connecting the same, by a navigable canal, with Sinpuxent Bay, and also to inquire into the practicability and expediency of improving the navigation of the said river, by a canal across the southern extremity of Somerset county, to the waters of Tangier Sound, and beg leave to present the following report:
From a view of the topography of that section of the state into which the committee have been instructed to inquire, and from information to be relied upon, they are convinced that the river Pocomoke passes through a very fertile region, covered with valuable timber, a considerable distance between the town of Snow Hill, in Worcester county, and the line of the state of Delaware, and they are induced to believe that the navigation thereof may be improved to an extent very beneficial to the internal commerce of this state, to the augmentation of the public capital, and to the immediate interests of a numerous and enterprising population.
And from the same sources the committee are of opinion that the connection of that division of the said river, by a navigable canal, with the waters of Sinpuxent Bay, would very essentially tend to draw into the trade of the Chesapeake, not only an outlet through uncertain and dangerous channels, and exposed through all the hazards of the Atlantic coasts, to find a market without the state; but also, and more especially in time of war, to supply our navy with masts and spars, and other rich productions of the forest, and the indispensable article of

salt to any extent which the wants of many millions may demand.
Pursuing the downward course of the Pocomoke, the committee perceive that it meanders through a large extent of Worcester and Somerset counties, until it debouches in an expanded bay of the same name on the northern border of Virginia, and they have been informed that the difficulties of the shallow water, which interrupts the navigation at the mouth of that river, might be overcome by a canal across the southern extremity of Somerset county.

The committee, therefore, in pursuance of that liberal policy which has distinguished the legislature of this state, with intent to ascertain the practicability and probable cost of the several improvements in contemplation, beg leave to recommend the adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That Littleton U. Dennis, of Somerset county, David K. Hopkins and Johnson Gray, of Worcester county, be and they are hereby authorized to act as commissioners, with powers to employ an engineer and surveyor, at their discretion, if they shall deem the same to be necessary, whose duty it shall be to examine, explore and survey, that section of the river Pocomoke, which lies between the town of Snow Hill, in Worcester county, and the line of the state of Delaware, and the intermediate country between the said river and the waters of Sinpuxent Bay; also the downward course of the said river, and the country across the southern extremity of Somerset county, with a view to the ascertainment of the practicability and expediency of the several improvements contemplated by the preceding reference; and report also, that it shall be the further duty of the commissioners to digest and prepare a plan or plans for effectuating the said improvements, and each of them, and to report the same, with an estimate of the costs thereof, to the legislature at the commencement of their next session; and in the event of a vacancy by resignation, death, or other cause, the governor, by and with the advice of the council, be and he is hereby authorized and requested to fill such vacancy.
Further Resolved, That the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council, be and he is hereby authorized and requested, to make such compensation to the commissioners, engineer and surveyor, to be appointed under the foregoing resolution, when they shall have discharged the duties therein prescribed, as he shall deem to be just and reasonable, by an order drawn on the treasurer of the western shore, who is hereby directed to pay the same.
All which is respectfully submitted.

Thomas W. Watkins, Com. Clk.
The said report being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.
Mr. Rogers, chairman of the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report:
The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, to which was referred the petition of Anne Merrick of Anne Arundel county, having had the same under consideration, beg leave to report—That the committee are of opinion that she is not entitled to a pension, they therefore recommend that she have leave to withdraw her petition.
By order, Geo. A. Farquhar, Com. Clk.

Which was twice read and concurred with.
The clerk of the senate delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by that body, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five; which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.
And also delivered a communication from the executive department, referred by the senate to the consideration of this house; which was read, and is as follows:
Executive Department,
Annapolis, January 24th, 1829.

Gentlemen of the Senate,
and of the House of Delegates,
In compliance with the request of His Excellency John Forsyth, governor of the state of Georgia, we have the honour to lay before you a report adopted by the legislature of that state on certain resolutions of South-Carolina and Ohio, touching the fundamental principles of the federal government, the sovereignty of the states, causes of complaint for infractions of the constitution, and encroachments of the general government upon state rights, as well as the rights of the states to redress their wrongs.
We have the honour to be,
With the highest consideration,
Your Obt. Servt.
DANL. MARTIN.

The said communication, with the accompanying documents, therein referred to, was, on motion of Mr. Eccleston, ordered to lie on the table, and to be printed.
Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act authorizing the court of appeals for the western shore, to reinstate certain cases, therein mentioned.
Mr. Gough, chairman of the committee on insolvency, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Charles V. Nickerson and James D. Nicholson, of the city of Baltimore.
Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, chairman of the committee on divorces, to which the subjects, respectively, had been referred, reported bills of the following titles:
An act to divorce James Galbraith, and Rebecca his wife, of Cecil county. And,
An act for the relief of Anne Gilder, of Queen-Anne's county.

Mr. Turpin, chairman of the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act for the relief Henrietta Bunker, of Queen Anne's county.
Mr. Gault, chairman of the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act to make public a road in Prince George's county, for the time therein mentioned.
Mr. Denny, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act authorizing the shutting up a certain road in Talbot county.
Mr. Hitch, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to confirm an act, entitled, An act to alter and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as relate to the division of Worcester county into election districts, passed at December session 1827, chapter 50. Which said bills were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the report made on the 14th instant, from the committee on internal improvement, to which had been referred the memorial of Charles Warfield, and others, praying for a law authorizing the erection of a bridge across the Patuxent river, and the counter memorials thereto, of Rebecca Smith and Samuel J. Donaldson, was made a special order of the day for Thursday next the 29th instant.

The hour having arrived for passing to the consideration of the order of the day, the house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, and resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, in regard to the bill, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state after some time spent therein, the Speaker presided at the chair, and Mr. Hawkins, the chairman, reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, made further progress therein, and directed him to ask leave to sit again; which leave was granted by the house.

Mr. Lee, chairman of the committee therein mentioned, by leave of the house, delivered the following report:
The committee on internal improvement have had under consideration the memorial of Jacob Mumma, of Washington county, and beg leave to report, that they consider the object of the prayer provided for in sections two and twelve of the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, passed at December session 1824, and deem it inexpedient to legislate further thereon.
The said report, being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.
On motion by Mr. Eccleston,
The house then adjourned until Monday morning ten o'clock.

MONDAY, January 26, 1829.
The house met. Were present, the same members as on Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read.
Mr. Buskirk, having, in his place, announced the death of William Price, esquire, one of the delegates to the general assembly, for Allegany county, submitted the following order:
By the House of Delegates, January 26, 1829.
This house being informed of the death of William Price, esquire, of Allegany county, a member of this house, it is thereupon

Ordered, That Messrs. _____, be a committee, to make the necessary arrangements for his interment.
Which was twice read, and the blank therein being filled up by the Speaker, under the direction of the house, with the names of Messrs. Buskirk, M-Mahon of Allegany, Dilly, Crabb, Hughes, King, Hope, Hood and Hynson, the said order was agreed to.
On motion by Mr. Buskirk, it was Ordered, That when the house adjourns, it stand adjourned until one o'clock post meridiem, this day.
The house then adjourned accordingly.

AT ONE O'CLOCK, POST MERIDIEM,
The house met, pursuant to adjournment.
On motion by Mr. Buskirk, the following message was twice read, agreed to, and sent to the senate, viz:
By the House of Delegates, January 26, 1829.
Gentlemen of the Senate,
The painful duty devolves upon us to day, of informing you of the death of William Price, esquire, late a delegate from Allegany county, and a member of this house. We propose, in evidence of respect for the memory of the deceased, that the members of both branches of the legislature meet in their respective chambers at 3 o'clock this afternoon, for the purpose of joining in the procession which will attend the deceased to the place of interment.
On motion by Mr. Buskirk, the following resolution was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, unanimously agreed to, and sent to the senate for concurrence, viz:
By the House of Delegates, January 26, 1829.
Resolved, That the members of the legislature, as a testimonial of respect for the memory, and regret at the death of William Price, esquire, late a member of the house of delegates, wear the usual mourning for thirty days, and that the expenses incident to his funeral, be placed on the journal of accounts.
The clerk of the senate delivered the following message; which was read.

By the Senate, January 26, 1829.
Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,
The senate have received, with much regret, the melancholy intelligence contained in your message, of the death of William Price, esquire, late a member of your honourable body from Allegany county, and accede to your proposal to attend the funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock, as a testimonial of sincere respect for the memory of the deceased.
By order, Louis Gassaway, Clk.
And returned the resolution respecting the death of William Price, esquire, late a member of the house of delegates, from Allegany county, endorsed, "unanimously assented to."
Ordered, That the said resolution be engrossed.
The house then adjourned until three o'clock this afternoon.

AT THREE O'CLOCK,
The house met pursuant to adjournment.
And having, in conjunction with the senate, accompanied by the officers of the executive and judicial departments of the government, and others, formed in procession, attended the funeral of the deceased.
The members of this house having returned,
The Speaker resumed the chair,
And the house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, January 27, 1829.
The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.
The Speaker laid before the house a return from the presiding judges of the several election districts in Cecil county, and also a copy thereof, transmitted by the clerk of said county, relative to the election held to supply the vacancy in the representation of said county, occasioned by an equal number of votes having been given to William D. Mercer and Thomas S. Thomas, on the first Monday of October last, which had been communicated to him this morning, and the said return and copy were referred to the committee on elections and privileges.

William D. Mercer, esquire, who has been declared and returned as a delegate to the general assembly, for Cecil county, duly elected to supply the vacancy in the representation of said county, in this house, produced by an equal number of votes having been given to William D. Mercer and Thoms S. Thomas, on the first Monday of October last, appeared; and, after being duly qualified in the manner and form prescribed by the constitution and laws of this state, before Isaac Holland, esquire, a justice of the peace for the house of delegates.
The Speaker communicated to the house a report from the trustees of the Rockville Academy, in Montgomery county, shewing how the donation of the state to said academy has been appropriated and applied, and exhibiting the number of pupils, and the present state and condition of that institution, made in compliance with the resolution No. 31, passed at December session 1818; which report was referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Shafer presented a memorial from Ira Hill, of Washington county, praying for a loan of money to establish a Geographical Garden, and communicating an essay on the subject of education; which were referred to the committee on education.
Mr. Lee presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Virginia and Maryland, and of the District of Columbia, praying for an act to incorporate a company, for the purpose of constructing a bridge across the Potomac river, at some place between the mouth of Goose creek and Noland's ferry; which memorial was referred to the committee on internal improvement.

Mr. Kemp presented a petition of Elizabeth Donely, of Frederick county, the widow of Patrick Donely, praying that the arrears of the pension allowed to her late husband may be paid and remitted to her, and that a pension may also be granted and extended to the petitioner.

Maryland
ANNAPOLIS
Thursday, January 26, 1829
To the Voters of Anne Arundel County.
Gentlemen,
I offer myself to your consideration, to represent you in the next general Assembly of Maryland.
JOHN B. SELLMAN
Agent,
Jeremiah Hughes

THE FAIR for the benefit of the Female Orphan Asylum of this city will commence to-day at 11 o'clock. Besides a great variety of articles which will be offered, there will be sold Grapevine Cuttings of various kinds, and of choice quality.
The annual meeting of the Colonization Society of Anne Arundel county, will be held at St. Andrew's Church on Tuesday the 31st of February, at 7 o'clock, P. M.
The Hon. C. F. Mercer will address the meeting, after which a collection will be made. The public generally are invited to attend.
By order of the Committee of Arrangements,
J. B. Sellman

COMMUNICATED
The License Law of Maryland
We are informed that some citizens of Washington county have been using the name of Water Melon, and from the following extract of a letter to a Member of the Legislature, dated Jan. 23, 1829, it appears that the name of Water Melon is a trademark for selling OYSTERS. It is a time that the name should be repeated. The following is the extract:
"The grand jury of Washington county has found a bill against one for selling oysters, without first taking out a license to that effect. Agreeable to the provisions of the law, I thought a Tavern Keeper should give his customers whatever he chooses to prefer. I do not think it a case of this kind; I pay an annual license, which is the highest, and that can give my customers Oysters or other goods as they please. I do not wish to violate the laws of the land if it is possible I will take out a license to sell Oysters."

For the Maryland Gazette.
SERNADE.
The dew is on my head unheeding,
The cold is in my brow,
Then wake, wake—the time is passing,
Away I soon must go!
The west wind's breath is sweetly bringing
Fidings of love to thee;
Like the Persian bird's, to his mistress
So let my message be!
My song fills softly on thy waking,
My words have charms for thee;
Then wake, love! wake—thy slumber
Mid love and harmony.
But if of me thou dost dream,
Then wake not love for me;
I can't would miss thy bright eyes beaming,
To know thou think'st of me!

CONSTITUTION
Of Anne Arundel Colonization Society.
1st. All persons who shall sign this Constitution, and contribute one dollar annually, shall be members of the Society.
2d. The officers of this Society shall consist of a President, one Vice-President, a Secretary and Treasurer, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of the Society, to be held on the second Tuesday in January.
3d. The President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, or any two of them, shall constitute a Board for the transaction of the business of the Society, and shall have authority to make rules and regulations for their own government, and fill up all vacancies that may occur in their own body, until the succeeding annual meeting of the Society.
4th. The Secretary shall keep a register of the names of all the officers of the Society, of all members, of their annual subscriptions, and donations, and of such other circumstances as the Board may direct, and shall also keep an account of all the receipts and expenditures.
5th. The Treasurer shall receive all monies and keep an account thereof, and shall be subject to the order of the Board of Managers.
6th. No appropriation of the funds of the Society, except for contingent expenses, shall be made, but at a meeting of the Board called by notice in some one of the papers of the city of Annapolis.
7th. The Board of Managers shall have authority to convey the Society, wherever they may consider it expedient, and to be being given by advertisement, in the city of Annapolis.
8th. This Constitution may be altered at any meeting of the Society.
Additional Article.—In addition to the officers of this Society, mentioned in the second article of the Constitution, there shall be also annually appointed an Agent, whose duty it shall be, to receive and take charge of contributions made to the Society, in articles, except money, and dispose of the same agreeably to the directions of the Board.

Anne Arundel Colonization Society.
At the first annual meeting of the Anne Arundel Colonization Society held in the city of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 13th inst. the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:
President,
Daniel Murray, Esq.
Vice-Presidents,
Hon. John Dene, Doct. G. Stockton
Hon. Theo. Black, Allen Thomas
Rev. Doct. Daffery, Thomas B. Daffery

From the N. Y. Evening
Mr. Otis's Speech on his election
office of Mayor—Last week the
Boston, the city of his birth, of
saw peremptorily declined being
a candidate, but at length reluctant
his consent on the importunity of
respectable of all parties, and was
a large majority, made an address
City Council in a very numerous
assembled lately at Faneuil Hall,
have read with much pleasure,
such a speech as a long acquaintance
Mr. Otis formerly would lead us
from one of his eminent qualities
public notice of any kind, and
those of a more substantial and
nature which his present situation
mand, as well as for those of lesser
But which are almost independent
which with his polished manners
ledge of the world, will enable him
honour of the city with great
strangers of distinction who may
Having glanced at the various dis
his new situation will require of hi
tion to the immediate government
ly, and such as indirectly may
that but for which we have no
were the subject less, the
close with the following observations
though not "directly appertaining
municipal sphere, (to speak in his
gauche) may not, when candidly
be regarded as misplaced and un
on the occasion.
"Gentlemen, I will now beseech
dulgence for a few moments upon
which though not strictly apper
the municipal sphere may not wh
ly weigh, but for which we have no
unreasonable on this occasion, to
honour to all our Fellow Citizens
honour of the chair which I now
not the fruit of any party strugg
the friends of former days, whose
pleased to unite (and to honour
their suffrages) who hold in high
bation the part I formerly took in
affairs. Their support of me on
sion is no symptom of a change of
sentiments in the participants in
infer from it even a mitigation of
with which my public conduct
judged. But it is not presumptuo
ze for granted, that those who have
with their countenance on this
sion in my opinion, and I am grati
rectly, and of the highest order,
would attend a violation of it, stand
in the presence of God and my coun
this faith, I feel myself justified
stances to avail myself of this occa
sion, and probably the last, to ap
that will be in my power to do
I solemnly to assert, that in no time
of my life have I been present at
ing of individuals public or private
many or the few, or privy to corres
with whatever description, in which
position, having for object the
of the Union, or its dismemberment
shape, or a separate confederacy,
ever made or debated. That I ha
sion to believe that any such sch
ever meditated by me, and that
of the old Federal Constitution, I
hand every reason which habits of
and communion of sentiment with
them afforded for the persuasion
looked to the remote possibility of
wants as the most to be deprecated
families, and that they would be
any serious proposal calculated
ends as a parody of political
This statement will bear internal
of truth to all who reflect that am
men are some, by the friends of
sion as the principles of the
dependence of these States were fi
ad and digested, from which was
coal that kindled the hall-wed fl
revolution, from whose ashes the
Eagle rose into life. Others who
dicted the measures, and the arm
revolutions—Solomon in council, a
sons in combat. Others who
birth of the Federal Constitution, a
ed over its infancy with paternal
And I may add, to the best of my
and believed that all of them regard
and the last hope of the free
berly throughout the world. Are
ble or disloyal plots or purposes
with these delusions? It would se
hardly conceivable. Yet it is possi
lost Arch Angels caballed and re
against the government of Heaven
have turned traitors to their king,
publicans sickening with the high
eagle and confidence of the peo
enable them to foul cowardly and
grants; such foul cowardly and
been in our times. But should I
claim without evidence proportion
probable enormity? Without doing
sayings? Without an evidence wa
these of mankind and accusation
of political excitement, and the
inferred only by the simple negat
parties accused, and the proofs ar
are unguarded slips of the tongue
which are