fortresses mentioned above; and His Highness engages to send orders to that effect to Ibrahim Pacha.

EARTHQUAKES.

The Prussian Gazette states that the earthquake at Old Schemacha, in Shinwan, destroyed, on the 31st July and 7th of August, 247 houses and 30 shops, and damaged 179 houses and 20 shops. In eleven settlements in the province there were 303 houses thrown down. One half the village of Tschagan sunk into the earth.

Genoa was visited with several shocks from earthquakes on the night of the 9th of Oct. and the ensuing morning. A great part of the inhabitants ran into the squares. A great number of houses are split from top to bottom.—No persons had perished. News from the environs was patiently expected.

Brilliant Distribution

OF

PRIZES

ON THE

31st of December.

COHEN'S OFFICE,
Baltimore November 27, 1828.

☞The three first sub schemes of the Maryland State Lottery, No. 6, for 1828 being over, in order to allow time for distant adventurers to remit small prizes, as well as to afford an opportunity to those not yet supplied with tickets, to procure them, the drawing of the FOURTH SUB-SCHEME which completes the Lottery, will take place in the City of Baltimore on Wednesday the 31st of DECEMBER, when the whole of the following Prizes will be distributed, viz.

HIGHEST PRIZE,

Ten Thousand Dollars

BRILLIANT LIST:

1 prize of	10,000 is	10 000 dollars
1 prize of	3,000 is	3 000 dollars
1 prize of	2,000 is	2 000 dollars
1 prize of	1 000 is	1,000 dollars
2 prizes of	500 is	1,000 dollars
5 prizes of	100 is	500 dollars
10 prizes of	50 is	500 dollars
40 prizes of	20 is	800 dollars
100 prizes of	10 is	1,000 dollars
4000 prizes of	5 is	20 000 dollars

The whole payable in CASH, and which as usual at COHEN'S OFFICE can be had the moment they are drawn.

Whole Tickets, $5 00 | *Quarters* $1 25
Halves, 2 50 | *Eighths* 62½ c

To be had in the greatest variety of Nos at

COHEN'S OFFICE,
114 Market street Baltimore,

Where the Capital Prizes in all the previous Classes were sold and where BOTH the GREAT PRIZES of

One Hundred Thousand Dollars

Each were sold in former Lotteries and where more Capital Prizes have been sold than at any other Office in America.

☞ORDERS either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as on personal application. Address

J. I. COHEN, Jr & BROTHERS
Baltimore

☞The Register, containing the Official List, will be forwarded immediately after the drawing to those who may require it.

Baltimore, Nov 27, 1828 4w.

More Luck

AT

Swann's Office.

No. 12,973, a prize of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the second sub-scheme of the

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY

That drew on Wednesday, the 19th of November, was sold to a gentleman in this city

AGAIN!!!

No. 13,538, a prize of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, in the third sub-scheme that drew on Wednesday, the 26th of November, was likewise sold at SWANN'S OFFICE.

All tickets ending with either 3, 7 or 8, are now determined—The fate of all others will be decided by the drawing of the fourth subscheme which will take place on Wednesday the 31st instant, on which day the whole of the following prizes will be distributed, and will complete the Lottery, viz.

HIGHEST PRIZE

10,000 Dollars

1 prize of	$10,000 is	10,000 dollars
1 prize of	3,000 is	3,000 dollars
1 prize of	2,000 is	2,000 dollars
1 prize of	1,000 is	1,000 dollars
2 prizes of	500 is	1,000 dollars
5 prizes of	100 is	500 dollars
10 prizes of	50 is	500 dollars
40 prizes of	20 is	800 dollars
100 prizes of	10 is	1000 dollars
4000 prizes of	5 is	20 000 dollars

☞The whole of the prizes are payable in CASH, which can be had the moment they are drawn.

Whole Tickets	$5 00
Halves	2 50
Quarters	1 25
Eighths	63

To be had in the greatest variety of numbers at SWANN'S OFFICE

Annapolis

Dec. 4.

Maryland Gazette

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, December 11, 1828.

HYMENIAL.

Married, on Tuesday, the 2d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Blanchard, Dr. *William T Gantt*, to Miss *Kitty Worthington*, daughter of Brice J. Worthington, all of this county.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Blanchard, *Somerville Pinkney* Esq to Miss *Mary Franklin Deale*, all of this city.

COMMUNICATED.

Triumphal Celebration.

The Election of Gen. Andrew Jackson to the Presidency of the United States, was celebrated by his friends in this city on Wednesday evening the 3d inst, in very handsome style. A sumptuous supper, provided by Mr. Mattio Gambrill, was served up at the Assembly Rooms. Before half past seven o'clock, the rooms were crowded by the inflexible and unwavering supporters of the Old Hero—men who had clung to him "through evil and good report"—men who love and cherish the principles in which the constitution of these United States is founded—men who wish to leave unimpaired to their posterity, the happy form of government under which they themselves now live, and which was purchased with the blood and treasure of their fathers—men who are anxious to inculcate a strict observance of the maxim, that the public *functionary* is but the mere *servant* of the *people* whom he represents, and cannot act contrary to their *expressed* wishes, without denying their sovereignty, and violating his representative character. The company was composed of men of this description—republicans without guile. It was extremely gratifying to that portion of the company composed of residents of the city, to find in their midst a number of sterling friends from the *county*. In the course of the evening several brief and suitable addresses were delivered. After supper, many of those who attended it, paraded through the principal streets, with music playing, carrying with them lighted lamps of various shapes and sizes, bearing on them appropriate mottos; and a full rigged ship seven feet in length, with her name—"The Andrew Jackson"—painted in large letters on her foretopsail. The evening passed away without a single occurrence taking place to interrupt the harmony, good feeling, and innocent gaiety, which reigned through the assemblage. In the course of the entertainment many toasts were given, but not being blest with the most acute hearing, I did not understand them sufficiently well to warrant me in furnishing copies of them for publication. The following, however, which was drank by myself, I should like to see in print:

Andrew Jackson—May his administration of the government be as distinguished for wisdom, as his past life has been for patriotism.

L.E.D.

COMMUNICATED.

The Fair.

The Ladies of Annapolis contemplate holding a Fair about the last of January, or the first of the succeeding month, for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of this place, of which further notice will be given to the public in due time. The Managers of the Institution insert this notice for the purpose of informing the ladies generally, that it is time to commence their operations, and to request all who will engage in the work to leave their names with Mrs. Bowie or Mrs. Ridout, who are appointed to receive articles gratuitously offered, and to purchase materials out of the funds of the society, to furnish to those who are willing to make them up. It is conceived to be unnecessary to offer any incentive to stimulate exertion in this work of charity. The zeal and activity manifested on a former occasion, when the object contemplated could only be viewed in theory, furnish a security sufficiently strong for similar exertions, now that experience has tested its utility, and the helpless beings who have been rescued from the abodes of wretchedness, and comfortably provided for, are existing evidences of its beneficial effects.

ROBBERY

Of the Chambersburg Bank.

A postscript to the Chambersburg Gazette says: David Slider, the young man suspected of being concerned in breaking into the Bank, was arrested on Saturday last, returning to town, and lodged in jail. A part of the counterfeit money taken from the bank, was found concealed in one of his stockings! He states he received it from John V. Benjamin, who took the stage for Harrisburg, on the morning the bank was broken. A reward of fifty dollars is offered by the President of the Bank, for the apprehension of Benjamin.

Snow fell in Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 21st ult.

For the Maryland Gazette.

Some little time previous to the last election I had been reading Burns. I threw the book aside, retired to bed, and soon fell asleep. Discretion removed, fancy pleased herself in an uncontroled flight, and conveyed me into a large assembly. I soon found I was surrounded by a convocation of the *Mad Mimy*. The buz was incessant—"Oh! we shall carry it all hollow! We are certain of the Massachusetts of the West. Old Hickory must be beaten! We have fairly cried him down." "Do you know," says one, "that the Orator is to address us?" "I know nothing," said I. "Oh! you will hear such eloquence,' observed a prig, 'my stars, nothing equal to it has ever been heard since the days of *Cicero*." "May be so," said I, for I soon perceived that each one conceited himself the master wheel of the political machinery. Just at that moment a whisper went round, "there comes the Orator!" I saw a tall, rawboned figure, advance—After thanking the company for the honours conferred on him by them and making a few preliminary remarks, he broke out in the following strain—"A political Holy Willie by all that's jesuitical." Thinks I to myself, I'll put it in print. And I will give you, as well as sober, waking recollection, can retain the visions of sleepy fancy, this speech, oration, prayer, or whatever it is. Now, you will recollect, I do not positively assert the Orator delivered it, or that there was any meeting, or that the orator ever made a prayer in his life, unless to give beauty and effect to his eloquence. For you know, or do not know—which amounts to the same thing in politics—I am told it does not even amount to so much in Portugal—that although Queen Mab is no bigger than a Midge's wing, she sometimes puts devilish queer notions in people's brains. But whether the prayer was ever made or not, you shall have it.

1
All ye who love fat office well,
Pray call on me, I office sell,
And I can fit you very well,
All for my glory;
'Tis a secret, ye must not tell,
I lay before ye.

2
I'll always bless your matchless might,
If you will go, and vote aright,
Th' election must be made to dight,
A gift of grace;
Or all our plans are put to flight,
I lose my place.

3
For what am I, or my generation,
That I should get such exaltation,
In this the only sov'reign nation,
Govern'd by laws,
Made long before my creation,
The people's cause.

4
When first upon this scheme I fell,
My very thoughts were gloomy hell,
To think another's train I swell,
A man I hate,
'Twould make the Devil roar and yell;
But 'tis my fate.

5
And yet my plans are surely ample,
Effecting Adams is a sample,
He is a pillar in the temple,
Firm as a rock;
He's a buckler, and example,
To all my flock.

6
And mark ye now, what zeal I bear,
I gamble, fight, and even swear,
Intriguing here, and spouting there,
With great and small;
They every one shall have my care,
I want them all.

7
But yet good folks, confess I must,
I often have betray'd your trust,
The wish for office, place-man's lust,
Vile self gets in,
And turns each promise all to dust,
It's all a sin.

8
Last election I spoke to Buck,
To go and try—and had he luck,
To Hick I always would have stuck,
Had he been donor;
But Hick, quite full, of worth & pluck,
Call'd out dishonour.

9
I must allow I had the wit,
To say my friends must not commit,
But keep their votes, just for the bit,
When I came near,
And this I'm sure was very fit,
For I had fear.

10
If they should choose the Hickory tree,
My brightest prospects all would flee,
No office would be ever gie,
If he were lifted,
In lower stations I should be,
And there be sifted.

11
That I was crazy, I am sure,
When last I was in Baltimore,
And wish'd such mighty curses o'er
On this fair land,
Rather than Jackson should secure,
And hold command.

12
But if friend John rule in your hearts,
I'll drink, I'll swear, I'll play at *cartes*,
And many other taking arts,
With great and small,
For I'm a man of shining parts,
And cannot fall.

13
But when we chose Old Hick before,
Thro' all the West, he made a splore,
My very nerves, they still are sore,
It jarr'd them so;
I never wish to hear it more,
I let you know.

14
Good voters all, pray hear my prayer,
Keep them, just where now they are,
Let all your votes on Johnny bear,
And lift his head,
Up to the presidential chair,
Then me in his stead.

15
And guard against that glib-tongu'd Van
He is, indeed, a dangerous man,
Pray keep him down, if you can,
I quake with dread,
My time is shorter than a span,
If he raise his head.

16
On election day like spinkies grim,
Delude the man who joins w'him,
With Hick'ry withes securely tie him,
Nor heed their prayer,
Give Hick no vote, it will destroy him,
Then who will care.

17
But then remember me and mine,
Vote for good Johnny, he's divine,
Then Clay shall in bright lustre shine,
Excell'd by none,
For all the glory shall be mine,
And now I'm done.

BELLEMAGE.

THE TEN LOST JEWISH TRIBES

The following paragraph, which lately appeared in a German paper, under the head of Leipsic, is calculated to lead to some interesting inquiries—

"After having seen some years past merchants from Tiflis, Persia, and Armenia, among the visitors at our fair, we have had, for the first time, two traders from Bucharia, with shawls, which are there manufactured of the finest wool of the goats of Thibet and Cashmere, by the Jewish families, who form a third part of the population. In Bucharia, (formerly the capital of Sogdiana) the Jews have been very numerous ever since the Babylonian captivity, and are there as remarkable for their industry and manufactures, as they are in England for their money transactions. It was not till last year that the Russian government succeeded in extending its diplomatic mission far into Bucharia. The above traders exchanged their shawls for coarse and fine woollen cloths of such colours as are most esteemed in the East.

Much interest has been excited by the information which this paragraph conveys, and which is equally novel and important. In none of the geographical works which we have consulted, do we find the least hint as to the existence in Bucharia of such a body of Jews as that here mentioned, amounting to one third of the whole population; but as the fact can no longer be doubted, the next point of inquiry which presents itself is, whence have they proceeded, and how have they come to establish themselves in a region so remote from their original country? This question, we think, can only be answered by supposing that these persons are the descendants of the long lost Ten Tribes, concerning the fate of which, theologians, historians and antiquaries have been alike puzzled; and however wild this hypothesis may at first sight appear, there are not wanting circumstances to render it far from being improbable. In the 17th chapter of the Second Book of Kings, it is said, 'In the ninth year of Hoshea, the King of Assyria took Samaria, and carried Israel away into Assyria, and placed them in Helah and Habor, by the river Gozan, and in the cities of the Medes;' and in the subsequent verses, as well as in the writings of the Prophets, it is said, that the Lord then 'put away Israel out of his sight, and carried them away into the land of Assyria unto this day.'" In the Apocrypha, 2d. Esdras, xiii. it is said that the Ten Tribes were carried beyond the river, (Euphrates) and so they were brought into another land, when they took counsel together, that they would leave the multitude of the heathen, and go forth into a further country, where never mankind dwelt; that they entered in at the narrow passage of the river Euphrates when the springs of the flood were stayed, and 'went through the country a great journey, even in a year and a half;' and it is added, that 'there they will remain, until the latter time, when they will come forth again.' The country beyond Bucharia was unknown to the ancients; and it is, we believe, generally admitted, that the river Gozan, mentioned in the Book of Kings, is the same as the Ganges, which has its rise in those very countries in which the Jews reside, of whom the Leipsic account speaks. The distance which these two merchants must have travelled, cannot therefore, be less than three thousand miles, and there can be little doubt that the Jews, whom they represent as a third part of the population of the country, are descendants of the Ten Tribes of Israel settled by the river Gozan.

The great plain of Central Asia, forming four principal sides, viz. Little Bucharia, Thibet, Mongsola, and Mantcheous, contains a surface of 150,000 square miles, and a population of 20,000,000. This vast country is still very little known. The great traits of its gigantic formation, compose, for the most part, all that we are certain of. It is an immense plain of an excessive elevation, intersected with barren rocks and vast deserts, of black and almost moving sand. It is supported on all sides by mountains of granite, whose elevated summits determine the different climates of the great Continent of Asia, and from the division of its waters. From its exterior flow all the great rivers of that part of the world. In the interior are a quantity of rivers, having little declivity, or no issue, which are lost in the sands, or perhaps feed stagnant waters. In the southern chains are countries, populous, rich, and civilized; Little Bucharia, Great and Little Thibet. The people of the north are shepherds, and wanderers. Their riches consist in their herds. Their habitations are tents, and towns, and camps, which are transported according to the want of pasturage.

The Bucharians enjoy the right of trading to all parts of Asia, and the Thibetians cultivate the earth to advantage. The ancients had only a confused idea of Central Asia. 'The inhabitants of the country, as we learn from a great authority, live in a high state of civilization; possessing all the useful manufactures, and lofty houses built with stone. The Chinese reckon (but this is evidently an exaggeration) that Thibet alone contains 33 000,000 persons. The merchants of Cashmere, on their way to Yarkand in Little Bucharia, pass through Little Thibet. This country is scarcely known to European geographers.' The immense plain of Central Asia is hemmed in, and almost inaccessible by mountain ranges of the greatest elevation, which surround it on all sides, except Chinese and when the watchful jealousy of the government of the Celestial Empire is considered, it will scarcely be wondered at that the vast region in question is so little known.

Such is the country which these newly discovered Jews are said to inhabit in such numbers.

DEFEAT OF THE TURKS.

Our correspondents of the Philadelphia Gazette, have forwarded us a proof slip containing the following—

A letter from Hamburg of the 25th of October, received by a gentleman of this city, says—'This morning a courier arrived, bringing the news that the army of the Grand Vizier sent to relieve Choumla, has been beaten by the Russians, and that Varna capitulated on the 11th October.'

'The letter was received by the Ruth and Mary, which arrived at this port yesterday from Hamburg.' Balt. Gaz.

Capt. Rugan, of the brig Colombian, at Philadelphia from Laguira, whence she sailed on the evening of the 16th November, states, that official accounts had been received at Caraccas, from Bogota of the 2d October, which announced the trial and execution of Gen. Padilla, Col. Guerra, and most of the other conspirators of the 25th September.

JAIL REPORT.

To the Honourable Judges of Baltimore City Court.

The Grand Jurors of the State of Maryland for the body of the city of Baltimore, respectfully report, that they have, during the present session, visited the Jail of Baltimore county, and find the same in excellent order, clean and neat; the prisoners of good quality, and the whole arrangements such as to meet their decided approbation, and they consider the late change in the government of the Jail, by the appointment of Visitors, Governors and Warden, to have been attended with the most beneficial effects.

H. W. Evans, Foreman.

For and on behalf of the Grand Jury.
Grand Jury Room, 22d Nov.

PENITENTIARY REPORT.

The Committee of the Grand Jury appointed by this Honourable Court at the present term to visit the Penitentiary, respectfully report—That they have performed the duty imposed on them, and find that the general condition of the institution is highly satisfactory; that the manufactures of the House are of good qualities, and the committee understand are of ready sale. They congratulate the public on the annually increasing means which the finances of the establishment exhibit, and they are satisfied every attention to ensure a continuance of this state of prosperity is paid by the Board of Directors and respectable Keeper, as well as by the Standing Committee, whose appointment they consider as a most judicious measure in the general arrangement. The additional wing for separate sleeping cells for the convicts, is in a considerable state of forwardness, and appears to have been erected with a due regard to economy and the public interest. The committee anticipate good results to the morals of the prisoners when this arrangement is completed. The provisions and clothing of the convicts are good and suitable to their situation.

The following is the report of the keeper of their present number and employment:

MALES.	
Weaving, warping and quilting,	171
Cordwaining,	13
Comb making,	8
Sawing marble,	25
Dyeing,	8
Turning,	2
Carpentering,	8
Smithing,	4
At work in the new building,	25
Cooking and baking,	7
Tailoring,	2
At housework,	6
Writing,	1
Sick and invalid,	8—288
FEMALES.	
Carding and Spinning,	4
Washing,	5
Binding Shoes,	1
Sewing,	4
Knitting,	5
Reeling Yarn,	1
Spoolling,	11
At House Work,	5
Sick,	2
	— 38
Total,	326

Respectfully submitted.
JOS: OWENS, Keeper.

All which is respectfully submitted.
H. W. Evans Foreman.
Nathan Grafton,
Peter Galt,
Wm. Krebs,
Talbot Jones,
Richard Dorsey,

True Copy.
Test, Wm. M. Metcalf,
Clerk Baltimore City Court.

EMMET'S MONUMENT.

Preparations are making, as has been announced, to erect an appropriate monument to the memory of this distinguished Patriot and Civilian. There cannot be a more suitable time to address the feelings of the community on behalf of such an undertaking than the present, when the sympathies of the citizens of this country are so lively towards the land of his birth. We understand that the plan adopted is of an antique obelisk, thirty feet high, in a single piece of the finest white marble, bearing a sculptured profile of Emmet on one face, with a suitable inscription.' The site is in St. Paul's cemetery, close to Broadway, and within a few yards of the monument of Montgomery. A printed circular has been issued by a committee, soliciting the exertion of those to whom it is addressed in favour of this laudable undertaking, to which we wish abundant success. We take occasion to observe here, that a new semi-weekly paper is announced to be published in Montreal, under the title of The Irish Vindicator and Canada General Advertiser. The voice of oppressed Ireland reverberates from every civilized country. Well will it be, if it be heard and respected by the Government of Great Britain, before the oppression of a great and oppressed people breaks out in acts that will lead to a dismemberment of the empire. N. Y. Jour. of Com.

Meteorological Journal

Kept by a gentleman residing near South River Bridge.

November.	Winds.
1 Cloudy, drizzly rain, heavy rain at night,	n e—e
2 Foggy, light rain, lightning before day,	e s e
3 Rain nearly all day, warm,	e—n e—s e
4 Cloudy, light breeze,	s e—e
5 Flying clouds, moderate, little rain at night, heavy blow,	s w—s
6 Clear, cool morning, high wind,	n w
7 Cloudy, smart blow, rain at night,	s e—s
8 Cloudy, drizzly rain, cleared away fine,	w—n w
9 Clear, pleasant,	e—n e
10 Clear, light frost,	w n w
11 Clear, moderate, heavy blow at night with rain,	n
12 Clear, cold, high wind,	n w
13 Clear, hard frost,	n e
14 Rain mixed with snow nearly all day,	n e
15 Flying clouds, cold, fresh breeze,	n—n w
16 Cloudy, appearance of snow, cold,	w
17 Flying clouds, cold, heavy blow,	n w
18 Snow nearly all day, cold,	n
19 Cloudy, cold,	s w
20 Rain all day, broke away at sundown,	n w—n n w—n e
21 Cleared away warm, light breeze,	n w—s w
22 Rain all day—at times heavy—high wind,	n e
23 Clear, cool, heavy gale all day,	n w—w n w
24 Clear, warm, light breeze,	s w
25 Clear, pleasant, fresh breeze,	n w
26 Cloudy, p. m. clear,	s e
27 Cloudy, heavy blow,	s w
28 Rain, foggy, calm,	s w
29 Clear, moderate, little rain at night,	n w
30 Cloudy, appearance of snow, high wind,	n w

OBITUARY.

Departed this life, on the 6th instant, in the 8th year of his age, *Benjamin M. H.* eighth son of the Hon. *John Stephen*, of Bladensburg, Prince-George's county.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will expose to public sale, at Hunter's Tavern in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday the 31st day of December instant, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, that

Valuable Farm

Called 'Gowry Banks,' whereof Henry Childs died seized, lying near the town of Friendship, in Anne Arundel county, containing 320 acres, and which was mortgaged by said Childs to the Farmers Bank of Maryland. There is a number of FINE BUILDINGS on this farm which are in good order. The land is of a good quality, and covered with fine timber. Terms of Sale—Cash to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof. On the ratification of the sale, and payment of the purchase money the subscriber is authorised to execute a deed. Sale to commence at twelve o'clock.

Louis Gassaway, Trustee.

Dec 9. ts.

Caution to Gunners.

The subscriber having sustained considerable damage from Gunners, &c. takes this opportunity of forwarning all persons from hunting or gunning on his HORN POINT farm. The law will be enforced on all who shall hereafter trespass thereon in any way

George Barber.

Dec 11.

Whiskey

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

The subscriber offers for sale 100 Barrels of Whiskey, which has been in store upwards of seven months. It is a superior lot of Whiskey, and will be sold at current prices.

E C Wysham,
Corner of Eutaw & Market st.
Baltimore, Dec. 10. 1828 4w.

Public Sale of Land.

The subscriber, under authority invested in him by the last will of the late Thomas Mitchell, of Prince George's county, will sell, to the highest bidder on Saturday, the 27th instant, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, (Sunday excepted) at 11 o'clock, A. M. upon the premises, a tract of land called

FINLAND,

Containing about 128 acres, (three fourths of which are heavily wooded) lying in Anne Arundel county, near Donaldson's Mills, on the new road to Baltimore, from which place it is distant about 15 miles, and about 5 miles from Ellicott's Forge, (purchased from the late Dr. Snowden)—A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is supposed all persons wishing to purchase, will view the land before the day of sale, which will be shown them by Mr. Richard Donaldson, living near it.

THE TERMS

Will be liberal and accommodating, and made known on the day of sale.

JOHN MITCHELL Executor
of Thos Mitchell, deceased.

Dec 11

In Chancery,

November 29. 1828.

Ordered, that the sale made and reported by Louis Gassaway, trustee for the sale of the mortgaged property of John Gibson deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 29th day of January next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in some one newspaper before the 29th day of December next.

The report states that a part of the tract of land called 'The Seven Mountains' sold for 85 62½ per acre.

True copy,
Test, Ramsay Waters,
Reg Cur Can.

Dec 11. 3w

In Chancery,

27th Nov. 1828.

Ordered That the sale of the property in the cause of Richard T. Lowndes, and others, against William B Jackson, made and reported by the trustee, Louis Gassaway, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 27th day of January next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in some one newspaper before the 27th day of December next. The report states the amount of sales to be three thousand dollars.

True copy,
Test. Ramsay Waters,
Reg. Cur Cam

Dec 11 3w.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel county Orphans court, Dec. 9th, 1828

On application by petition of Jane Chew, Administrat'x of Richard Chew, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis.

Thomas T. Simmons,
Reg. of Wills. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel County, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Richard Chew, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day December 1828

Jane Chew, Adm'x.

Dec 11

Notice.

The Commissioners of the Tax for Anne Arundel County will meet at the Court House in the City of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 16th day of December, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, &c.

By order
R. J. Cowman, Clk.

Dec 4. R

An Overseer wanted.

The subscriber wishes to engage an Overseer for the ensuing year. He must be a single man, well recommended with farming, and of sober, industrious habits.

George Barber.

Dec. 18