was determined in the negative. The clerk of the senate delivered the following message

which was read. By the Senate, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, The senate find that it will be impossible to adjourn soon er than this evening, and therefore propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, that the committee of both houses appointed to wait on his excellency the governor to request his attendance in the senate chamber this forenoon, for the purpose of signing and sealing the laws, be directed to request his attendance this evening at eight o'clock,

for that purpose. By order, Wm. Kilty, Clk. Mr. Semmes, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, entitled, An act to provide for the payment of the interest on loans for the use this state, and for other purposes; which was read the first time, and or-

dered to lie on the table. The house then adjourned until this evening five o'clock.

SATURDAY EVENING, FIVE O'CLOCK. March 15, 1828.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

The clerk of the senate delivered the following message, which was read:

By the Senate, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,
This day having been appointed for the adjournment of

the general assembly, we regret that no bill or resolution, providing a sufficient revenue for the present year, has been proposed by your honourable body.
Your house must feel, with the senate, the necessity of

such provision, and we respectfully suggest the propriety of your considering thereof; without which, a meeting of the legislature during the coming summer may be rendered indispensable.

By order,

Wm. Kilty, Clk. On motion by Mr. Steuart, of Baltimore, the house proceeded to consider the bill, reported to day by Mr. Semmes, chair nan of the committee on ways and means, entitled, An act to provide for the payment of the interest on loans for the use of this state, and for other purposes. It was read the second time, by a special order, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Semmes, chairman of the committee on ways and means, offered the following resolution for consideration which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the ta-

ble; viz. Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore shall be, and he is hereby authorised and directed, to sell so much of any of the bank stock belonging to the state of Maryland, on the best terms he can obtain, as will raise the sum of not less than ten not more than twenty thousand dollars, and appropriate the pro-ceeds thereof to defray the current expenses of the governpresent year.

Mr. M. Mahon offered the following message for consideration:

By the House of Delegates, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We have received your message, expressing your regret that no bill or resolution, providing a sufficient revenue for

that no office research, has been proposed by this house.

In expressing this regret, your honourable body has surely overlooked the bill, entitted, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property within this state, whichis based upon the very principle of taxation, so em phatically prescribed to us by the declaration of rights. We transmit herewith to your honourable body, a preamble and resolve, adopted this day by this house, from which it will appear to you, that this house has determined to abstain from all loans to defray the current expenses of the government, which are not predicated upon, and have not reference to a permanent system of taxation now to be adopted, which will make every individual contribute for the support of government, according to his actual worth in real or personal property. We regard a system of loan for such a purpose, as only tending to postpone the day of taxation, without al timately relieving the people of this state in any degree. Nay, we believe that the very postponement of the day of taxation will only enhance the wants, for which it will be necessary to provide, when that day arrives. Nor can we consent to adopt any system of taxation, not founded upon the principle above mentioned. Our object, in the message from this house, lately transmitted to you, and requesting a reconsideration of the above mentioned bill, was to ascertain, whether by any modification of that bill, we could hope to obtain your concurrence in the passage of it. You have hitherto declined making any propositions for the amendment of this bill. You have declined informing us whether any modification of its details will render it acceptable to you. You have even declined informing us, whether your opposition is to the principle of taxation which animates the bill, or to its details

In this state of things, no other system of revenue remain to be proposed by us, to which we can give our sanction. If in the opinion of your honourable body, any amendment or modification of that bill can be made, which will ensure it your assent, we will gladly receive, and respectfully consider, any suggestions for that purpose, which you may be pleased to make. We will willingly surrender every thing but a principle, the observance of which is solemnly enjoined upon us by our sense of duty, to produce the harmonious co-ope ration of the two branches of the legislature, in the adoption

of a proper system of revenue. Which was twice read, agreed to, and, accompanied by the preamble and resolve, therein referred to, sent to the senate. On motion by Mr. Semmes, the house proceeded to consi

der the bill reported by Mr. Tilghman, from the committee on ways and means, entitled, An act to authorise an investment on certain unsubscribed shares in the Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore, and for other purposes. It was read the second time, passed without amendment, and sent

to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Steuart of Baltimore, the following preamble and resolutions, offered by him for consideration, were twice read, unanimously assented to, so noted, and sent to the senate for concurrence, viz.

Whereas, the past year has numbered among the illustri-ous dead, Colonel John Eager Howard, a native of Maryland. one of the most distinguished officers of the war of the revolution, formerly chief magistrate of this state, afterwards our senator in congress, and at all times one of the most ho nourable and virtuous of our citizens: And whereas public opinion which delighted to honour this good man, whilst liv-

per cents, shall be applied to meet the exigencies of the state.

On the question, Will the house assent to the measage and resolution proposed as above by Mr. Thomas of Frederick?

It was determined in the negative.

The close of the senate delivered the following. Maryland line to that high character which our troops acquired and maintained during the struggle for our national

Resolved, That his excellency the governor be and he is hereby authorised, to procure a portrait of Colonel Howard, hereby authorised, to procure a portrait of the treasurer of the (for the cost whereof he may draw upon the treasurer of the western shore, who shall pay the same,) which portrait shall be placed in the chamber of the house of delegates.

Resolved, That the governor be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased.

On motion by Mr. Thomas of Cecil, the house proceeded to consider the bill, entitled, An act to pay the civil list, and other expenses of civil government. On motion by Mr. M. Mahon, the house was called, and

the absent members still remaining in the city, sent for. In the progress of the second reading thereof, on motic by Mr. Semmer, "the sum of two thousand dollars," was

inserted as the salary of the treasurer for the western shore. On motion by Mr. Stevens, "the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars," was inserted as the salary of the treasurer for the eastern shore. On motion by Mr. Semmes, the appellation of general,

was stricken out as connected with the anditor.

On motion by Mr. Wells, 6the sum of eight hundred

dollars," was inserted as the salary of the Auditor. On motion by Mr. Watkins, "the sum of eight hundred dollars, including his legal fees," was inserted as the salary

of the Examiner General.

Mr. Gautt movel that "the sum of one thousand and five hundred dollars," he inserted as the salary of the clerk of

Mr. Douglas of Dorchester, moved that the blank be filled with "one thousand dollars."

Mr. Williams of Dorchester, moved that the blank be

filled with unine hundred do'lars."

The question recurred and was taken on the motion of

Mr. Gantt to fill the blank with "the sum of one thousand and five handred dollars."

It was resolved in the affirmative. Yeas 27-Nays 92.

Mr. Stevens moved to strike out from said bill the words, "the Adjutant General." And the question thereon being taken, it was decided in

the negative.

On motion by Mr. Watkins, 6the sum of five hundred dollars," was then inserted as the salary of the Adjutant

General. On motion by Mr. Watkins, the sum of "one hundred and fifty dollars," was inserted as the salary of the clerk of

e senute.

Mr. Watkins moved, what the sum of four hundred dollars be inserted as the salary of the clerk of the house of

Mr. Douglas of Dorchester, moved that the blank be filled with "three hundred dollars."

And the question being taken on the motion of Mr. Watkins to fill up the blank with "the sum of four hundred dollars," it was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Watkins, "the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars," was inserted as the salary of the messenger to the executive council. Mr. M'Neill then proposed to amend the bill by inserting

at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following, "And be it enacted, That the operation of the act, entitled, An act to abolish certain offices, therein mentioned, and for other purposes, passed at the present session, be and

the same is hereby suspended for one year." And the question thereon was taken, and resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then propounded, Shall the said bill pass as amended? It was resolved in the affirmative; and the said bill was then sent to the senate for concurrence. The clerk of the senate delivered the following message

which was read: By the Senate, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We take leave to assure you that we deeply regret a difference of opinion between our houses upon any subject, more especially do we lament such difference upon so high and interesting a matter as the means of providing for the support of government, and redeeming the faith of the state, pledged by divers laws and resolutions. Under these circumstances, at the hour of ten o'clock on Saturday night, we propose to your bonourable body to prolong the session until Monday next. We do this in the hope that we may agree upon some measure which will be acceptable to the general Wm Kills Clk.

Dy order, Wm. Kilty, Clk.
On motion by Mr. McMahon, the house resolved itself
On motion by Mr. McMahon, the house on the said message; into a committee of the whole house on the said message; and, after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the mas of Saint-Mary's, the ch airman, rechair, when Mr. The ported, that the said committee had, according to order, had the said message of the senate, under consideration, and that he was directed to report to the house the following message, in reply thereto, viz.

By the House of Delegates, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the Senate,
We have received your message proposing to prolong the session, in the hope that we may agree upon some measure, which will be acceptable to the general assembly, and we are compelled, by a sense of duty to dissent from your, proposition. It is unnecessary for us to remind your honoura ble body, that we have some time since, put you in possession of the system of finance upon which we can act; that after a conference upon the details of this system between the two houses, it has been thought advisable by your honouga-ble body to reject the system and that although requested by us to state your reasons and objections to this system, you have not given them to us, and that we are still ignorant whether your opposition is to the principle of our system, or to its details. Believing then that you will not adopt the system proposed by us, and feeling that an abandonment of the principle of taxation pointed out by the bill of rights, would be a dereliction of duty on our part, we are constrained, at this late hour, 12 o'clock Saturday night, to dissent from

your proposition to prolong the session.

We again repeat the declaration, that we are willing to remain in session until some system of taxation can be adoptd, which will conform to the principle above indicated; and that if we can now have any definite assurance from your ody, that the bill already rejected by you, can be made so acceptable to you as to ensure its passage, without conflicting with the principle which is embodied in the system, we are yet willing, upon this definite assurance, to prolong the session, for the purpose of ascertaining whether we can agree upon its details. Without such assurance, we are compelled

to decline the proposition to prolong the session, and re-spectfully ask your honourable body, if it cannot be given, to give us immediate information that the governor is attending, to perform the ceremony of signing and sealing the laws.

By order,

Gideon Pearce, Clk.

Which being twice read, Mr. Semmes proposed to amen the same, by striking out all that follows the date and address, and in lieu thereof, substituting the following, viz.

"We have received your message, proposing to prolong the session until Monday the 17th inst. We regret that you have found it necessary to adopt this course, but believing that there is, at this time, no other alternative left to us, we concur therein."

And on the question, Will the house agree to the propos

ed amendment? It was determined in the negative.

The question was then taken, Will the house concur the said report of the committee of the whole house? was resolved in the affirmative; and the said message, so adopted, was sent to the senate. The clerk of the senate delivered the following message;

which was read. By the Senate, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, We have received your message, and again reiterate our

sincere regret, that the two houses have not been able to concur in some measure, calculated to support the public credit, and to defray the current expenses of the government. The constitution has given to the house of delegates the

exclusive power to originate all matters of revenue; when originated, however, the senate are entitled to consider them, and to reject, or accept them, as they may think the public interest and happiness may require. This privilege is seinterest and happiness may require. This privilege is se-cured by the constitution, and without it, a separation of the different branches of the government would be useless and nugatory. In relation to the assessment bill, the senate would bearly remark, that they have exercised the constitutional power vested in their body; and although anxiously solicited to adopt some system of revenue, calculated to sustain the character of the state, yet the senate cannot pledge themselves to give support to any measure until its compatibility with the interests of the people of this state shall seen by them.

Whilst, therefore, they again express their desire to adopt any measure, calculated, in their judgment, to promote the public interest, they reserve to themselves the exercise their discretion upon such measures as you in your

wisdom may propose. Wm. Kilty, Clk. By order, Win. Kilty, Clk.
On motion by Mr. McMahon, the following message, offered by him for consideration, was twice read, agreed to,

and sent to the senate, viz. By the House of Delegates, March 15, 1828.

Gentlemen of the Senate,
We have received your message, in which you decline of
We have received your message, in which you decline of fering any assurances upon which we might rely, for the hope that the bill, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, could be rendered acceptable to you in any form. We therefore deem it fruit-less to prolong the session with a view to a result which we have no reason to anticipate from the tenor of your messages relative to this bill. We are therefore ready to close the session, and await your invitation to meet the governor in the senate chamber for the purpose of witnessing the signing and sealing of the laws.

Gideon Pearce, Clk By order. The clerk of the senate delivered the following message, which was read.

By the Senate, March 16, 1828. 7 o'clock, A. M. (Sunday, in continuation of the Saturday's Session.)

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,
In answer to your last message we state, that your house has chosen to make the adoption of one measure, by the senate, to wit, the bill entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, a sine qua non to the passage of any bill for the support of government, or the payment of just debts due from the state. This measure has been rejected by the senate in the constitutional and rightful exercise of its power. From time to time, during the present session, we have requested your which alone possesses the power,) to propose means to meet the aforesaid objects, and have offered earnest co-operation in any just measure you should devise for that purpose; to i, you have declined any intercourse with us. was not for us to invade your constitutional privileges by suggesting plans of revenue, we have therefore recommended none of the means adverted to by you, yet we are not opposed to some of those mentioned. We did not, and do not, feel that your rights or our duty required that we should in a message assign reasons for the adoption or rejection of any measure proposed to us; various reasons influence different members in their votes, and it might be impossible for members of a senate coming unanimously to the same seraed, and which was bert conclusion, to agree upon a distinct set of considerations lowed to the said Louiss by which may have influenced them. which may have influenced them. So far as your message seeks a pledge of support to any measure, or a particular course of conduct on the part of the senate, we say with one voice, that we will never give such pledge to this, or ver give such pledge to this, or the purchase money to be any future house of delegates. If, in the present unprovided condition of the treasury, your house determines to adjourn, we have only to lament that we have been unsuccessful in our efforts to obtain from you the means of revenue for the present year. At nine o'clock we will receive the governor and house of delegates for the purpose mentioned

in your message. Wm. Kilty, Clk. The adjourned until half past eight o'clock.

SUNDAY, March 16, 1828.

The house inet, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. McMahon offered the following message for consideration; which was twice read, agreed to, and sent to the senate, viz.

By the House of Delegates, March 16, 1828. Gentlemen of the Senate.

We have received your message inviting us to meet you in the senate chamber at 9 o'clock this morning, to wijness the ceremony of signing and scaling the laws, and accede thereto.

We deeply regret the issue of all our late efforts to produce harmony between the two houses, and whilst we are unwilling to charge you with a dereliction of principle, or an undue assertion of your constitutional privileges, we at the same time claim for

charge you with a deretiction of principle, or an undue assertion of your constitutional privileges, we, at the same time, claim for ourselves, the same degree of adherence to principle, and the same ateady and unyielding determination to assert and sustain it. We regret that the different views which we entertain of the it. We regret that the different views which we entertain of the question upon which we are at issue, should have led to so unpleasant a result, yet that result does not, in our conception, justify either branch of the legislature in impugning the motives or censuring the conduct of the other. Actuated by that spirit which it becomes us to observe with reference to the co-ordinate and independent branch of the legislature, we will decline expressing any opinion upon the tenor of your last message; and will refer it to the judgment of the people to determine this question upon the issue made up between us,

Public Sale

By virtue of an order from the phans court of Anne-Arandel coun he subscriber will offer at pu sale, at the late residence of Mi Wm. Brogden, deceased, on Pri the 11th day of April next,

Part of the Personal Estat Of said deceased, consisting of a ne ber of Negroes, Men. Women Unildren. Terms of sale—For ber of Negrous, men, women Children. Terms of sale—For sums of twenty dollars and upwar a credit of six months will be an ed, the purchaser giving bond, eccurity, with interest from the

under twenty dollars, cash to be a William Brogden, Ada

SOD BETYARD RANAWAY



omplexion, four complexion, four stammers, (a times) very mach a wart on one of her haids, the on when she absconded a home frock, a blue and striped per and a pair of blue warn stocks have no doubt but she will clam cloathing. As I have every to believe that she was isden abscond by her father, Charles lips, who is in the habit of atte the Baltimore markets in the mer with Crabs, I think it sery if the the strimore by her father, probably batteaux. Any one taking up bove described Girl, so that I gagsin, shall receive the above results here in A mandale Butter of the control of the c again, shall receive the above re county, if aken out of the counties \$3) reward

Leavis Tra Leavis Tydin Appellis March 20 1826.

Farmers Bank of Maryl Annapolis, March 19th. 1

The President and Directors Farmers Bink of Maryland in clared a dividend of three p on the stock of the said back months ending on the 31st and payable on or after the fr day of April next, to the steers on the Western Shore at at Annapolis, and to the san on the La tern Anore, at the Bank at Easton upon press cation, on the exhibiting deattorney, or by 3 corder

By order,
Stance 20.

the Lidtors of the Maryla publican, Annapolis, the Be mazette and American, Bi will insert the above once a

Chancery Sak

By virtue of a decree of the on Chancery, the subscriber pose to public sale, at Homern, in the city of Annap FRIDAY the 11th day of Ap if fair, if not the next fair at f Chancery, the sub-c iber after, All that part of s

Tract of Lan

on the north side of Severn mond's Security," containing less, where cres more or less, where of the Gourt of Chancery the real estate of Rezin H deceased Forms of sale, thereof, and the balance to within three years from the sale, with interest from sale; the interest on the h paid annually, to be second with good seconds bale mence at 12 o'clock Louis Gassiway, T

Sale of Valuable perty.

By virtue of the last will By virtue of the last will tament of Henrietta Hill. will be offered at public Thursday the 17th of Apri her late residence, near the South River, a part of the estate of said deceased, con 200 or 300 barrels of corn, of hogs, 40 or 50 head of Horses, a Coach with a pair about 500 head of full bloom on Sheep, plantation utens no Sheep, plantation utensi Terms of sale—for all sums ty dollars or upwards, acr months will be allowed, the er giving bond, and securit terest from the date—under the cash to be paid Sal mence at 10 o'clock.

Thomas W. Hall, ? Joseph Cowman,

Maryland Wazette

ANNAPOLIS: Bursday, March 27, 1828

Mr. A

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whe House of Delegates on Thursday serted whe House of Delegates on Thursday is the House of Delegates on Thursday to the destion the following resolution, which destions the following resolution, which destinated to the saminously assented to, earn to the saminously assented to, earn to the same of the following the same of the gallowing that the general assembly of hole entertain a high sense of the gallowing of their of Hearty E. Ballard, a native of this roll hearty and the terminate of the E. Ballard, and the same and the capture of that ship.

The relevant of the same to H. E. Ballard, and present the same to H. E. Ballard, and their high consideration and valued of their high consideration and valued their high consi

and on what or this state, and va-mot their high consideration and va-d his services; and the governor is expanisonical to draw upon the trea-red the watern shore of Maryland for pismas will be necessary for the same.

HONOUR TO THE BRAVE HNOME TO THE DESCRIPTION DE L'ANDRE L' he Logislature between number of Lieu-PONTS HENRY E. BALDED, ISAAC Min and Joseph Choss, natives of sie, as a testimony of its approhan's their gallant conduct durin g to ale War.

CORPORATION ELECTION. We are authorised to say that Ri and J. Crabb, will serve, as Mayor ants the city, if elected. Weareauthorised to announce John

I Werkers as a candidate for Re-Jin Rindall will be supported as catio hope

Thomas Anderson and James Murr, will serve, if elected, as Aldermen the corporation.

bres F. Brice is recommended as amidate for ...lderman, at the elecma April.

hes Shaw, Esq. will be supported Fac Common-Council, by
Many Voters.

forge Barber, Sen. and James Imm will serve, if elected, as Combeech Sanda, Sen. Horatio Gam-

Joseph Sands, Sen. Horatio Gam-ji, George Schwrar, George Shaw al Adam Miller, will be supported as fram Councilment the nexte-tion, by Man Voters. From the Frankfort Argus.

LETTER III.

TO HENRY CLAY, ESQ. ha-It was not until after my ar em from the Eastward, that I ob-Address to the Public, relative to Not coalition with Mr. Adams. On with the 21 of last October, I received a connote from that gentleman, inquiring retice he was one of the persons re-leted to in my first letter to you, in enti-inverto which I promptly informed Mr. hathathe was. It was immediately founds stated to me, that he in-led to make a publication; but as hathat 12m of October, when I

bone, it had not made its appear. Idid not name Mr. Crittenden, nor beschim, nor yet call on him to pub liany part of your private letters pos wissum. So far, therefore, as he remaplins on this score, I must underfand his complaints as intended for
for, and not for nivself. I did not
spose that Mr. Crittenden, or any
for honograble man who had receivd year confidence and acted upon it, red feel himself at liberty, unless accused the some outrage first consisted by you, to publish your prite letters; but I knew you had inght to break the seal of confidence requesting them to place those let-let before the public. You had pub-let asserted that there was no untestanding between you and Mr A-Purpart—that you should receive an affect at his hands in consequence of he upport you gave him in his elec-ia. I remember that I was assured; hurl weeks before the election, that would be Secretary of State if . Adams were made President, and

the state of the s attin upon what authority this as-mate was given. I could only as-terian, that it had not been on the au-menty I had first supposed, and cirmattances amounting almost to posiin prof, led me to suspect that you with source of this information ad the only agent who had conveyed in Frankfort. I knew it could have in done by you only in private let-in. I called on you to demand of your friends in Frankfort, the authori-

I spen which they had made the