duties of his office by great belly firmity; and to succeed him in arriving. It is right to state, for it is ter of record, that considerable sition was made by a portion of the nority of the Convention, and the to his consecration; but this, in a case of most of those concerned. to his consecration; but this, in a case of most of those concerned, as mere effort of party, though ma fer was doubtless caused by a vinteright principles, as well as as the of Christian feeling. He lived to full justice done to him in this party of the see aeroog his most respect or cristian teeting. He lives to be full justice done to him in this and to see accord his most reper friends, some of those who had, or occasion, manifested different feets towards him. He was conserved New Brunswick, N. J. Septembrital, by Bishops White, Hobert, R. C. Moore. Bishop Clargett has diately gave him jurisdiction orac churches on the eastern shore him number about one third to churches of the whole diocese, we his own strongest attachments by, a where he had been long and known. No act of his superior on have been more grateful to him this, and he sub-sequently often depressed his gratitude for the hipping which it gave him. On the dentity, and him this, and faithful for charged the duties of that him this world.

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vine. He had found time, while gaged in his parochial cure in Dord ter, comprising several churches, a although obliged, in the early per his ministry, to cultivate a farm, subsequently engaged in teaching the support of his family, to real at New York, in 1808, show the doption of the episcopal charatetters are brief, but able; and the they will not be considered as a tute for the more enlarged and o plete refunction of Dr. Bowden; a well answer the purpose of a popular peculiar principle must undergo ordeal before every description of ers. His mind was well stores the best thoughts of the most juin writers, and though far from a thing like pedantry, he could a produce from them authority far pinions as he might advance.

He was an able and impreacher. His discourses may pared with care and patient man He did not view the duty of the as one which might be carelest; hastily performed. It was not to duce excitement, but to conveying tion which he sought. When, as cumstances in which he was occas dress a congregation without tise preparation, he generally communication of some ter of the scriptures, when, will thorough knowledge of them, h speech, and impressive mane. would fix the attention of all his tors. His sermons were, general and discountenanced in others in troduction of controversial spart the pulpit. He loved to diam sacrifice of the blessed Jesn-an increies of redemption offerda increis by the gospel, and the raiss ties required of those to whom as fered. His own mild and satisfied him to set forth a constituent God and merciful Savious ther than the terrors of the Lordwell on the blessings of the rather than to display the self nunciations of the law. Of a part guileless disposition, he was the troduction of controversial was guileless disposition, he was the form but limited conceptions of the pravity of human nature, and ra had hearts as readily accessive a as much under the restraint & grace, as his own. Still & but not to declare the whole case

timable value to those consideration the which is charge.

He was a devoted Christian niety was deep, controlling, or and unfeigned. No one could be true. Nor was it such as the true. Nor was it such as the from the sight of others fely was never obtrusive, but it readily be seen to be a habit of the most attractive way. His in the most attractive way. His was attracti his charge.

ly, as one who knew and felt is timable value to those commited Gud, and he did it e

Baryland Bazette

ANNAPOLIS: THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1827.

HYMHNHAT.

the Rpiscous office. No presum-sacts pointed him out as one placed size his fellows. While all proper ference was requited, and generally sled, the rein of authority was not sled, the rein of authority was not stad no act, which could be con-sed into unkindness, ever distin-sized in his intercourse, the 'some sed disobedient,' from the unvarying sed Without the affectation of siming himself 'the servant of 'the was such in reality—Without the act of a Christian Bishop, placed before himself the models in scriptures, and endeavoured 'the for

incuter which gave ample influence is operation to every quality of his pd. and every virtue of his heart, a

idea & awful providence has spread omand sorrow over the fair prospect

is its reality. Death has done his t, and borne away one whom they we have been called on to yield up the sosoon. But the dispensations God are lessons of wisdom. Let us

tounelves, meekly, down at his feet karn. Unwise, indeed, is he who shot now write upon his heart the

noters, Be ye also ready; for in an hour as ye know not the Son Mia cometh.—Church Register.

PENNSYLYANIA-In the Penn

pirania Legislature, on joint ballot.

53 members, 110 are in favour of leneral Jackson for the Presidency

ENTUCKY .- Eleventh District.

On comparing the polls on Monday

239

122

2704

Tet the assembled sheriffs have cer-fied that Mr. Calhoun is elected!-

at is, according to the coalition system, by a minority of votes. The rader will naturally inquire how this

Using to the reprehensible negli-

ounty, there was no deputy sheriff to

polis had been opened on Monday morning by one of his deputies; which was not the fact. On Tuesday morn-

ing a new deputy sheriff was appointed and qualified in open court, who

proceeded to the Buckles Precinct.

and the poils were regularly and le gally opened, where upwards of 100

high sheriff, and by him received.

When the sheriffs met at Litchfield

the of the Buckles Precinct was objected to, and Mr. Calhoun was detired to be the representative of the

Steriffs, by a majority of 15 votes!

The election will be contested by

Mr. Chilton, and we have no doubt

of his success. Many of the intelligent administration men, express sur prize that Calhoun should have con-

ented to accept office on such terms. It was not even pretended, that the

votes received at the Buckles Precinct, here not given by competent, quali-led voters,—Louisville Advertiser.

25 Majority for Chilton-

206

rate stood as follows:

Counties

anleaburg

Breckenridge Daviess Mesde

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leding the constitutional number of

Married, in Washington, on the even-ing of the 4th inst. by the Rev. Ed-mund J. Reis, of Baltimore, Thomas CULBRETH, esq. of this' city, to Miss MARTHA M. SLADE, second daughter character of imself the models in scriptures, and endeavoured to walk, as those who have them for eximple." The mildness and unit of his manners are familiar to who have been admitted to his soor, and won for him general esteem. Bothe, who, with such meek and affected grace, allowed his station, been removed from us. In the sigor of life, and all his faculties when his character had developed fallness of its virtues—when the gree of slander had ceased its busy familians, and none withheld the ed which was his due;—when he had ained, an eminence of office and of sincter which gave ample influence. of Josiah Slade, esquire, of Harford county.

On Thursday the 6th instant by the Rev. Mr. Davis, Mr. Joshua Disney to Miss Edith Mallones, both of this county.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A most dreadful accident occurred in this city on Tuesday afternoon. The particulars, so far as they have reached us are as follow:- Two chil dren, one named Edward about ten years of age, the other Charles aged seven or eight years, both sons of Mr. Richard B. Watts, while playing about the dock, stopped at a wharf where a youth who had been gunning had landed. While the youth, who had brought his gun on shore with him and laid it upon an old mast near the wharf, returned to the boat, Charles, the youngest of the children, was observed to fix his attention upon it, and was cautioned not to touch it. The warning, however, was un heeded by him; and, when unobserved

few board Deture, we made parties so certiful, was already gone to the brid of spirits. We cannot yet realise amounful truth. And yet, an cod family, a mourning parish, a reared diocese, show to us, and prove by any person present, he took up the piece for the purpose of snapping On the trigger being drawn, gun, which was heavily charged, went off, and, melancholy to relate, so lit the way that conducted the trained snockingly wounded his brother Edclegions of Britain to the position of the muzzle, that he died in the course of three hours after the accident. One arm of the decased was torn off bearing the safety in the first whose ray had safety in the first whose ray had which there to the bottle, they had tween the elbow and the wrist, and the bone of one leg, a few inches below the knee, completely shattered.

> A meeting of the friends of General A meeting of the triends of General Jackson of Queen-Anne's county, has been called to take place at Church-Hill, on Saturday next. The object of the meeting is to appoint delegates to unite with the General's friends in Kent county, in nominating a Jack-son Electoral Candidate for the district composed of these two counties.

CONGRESS .- Nothing of impor-CONGRES — Nothing of impor-tance, excepting what appeared in our last, was transacted by Congress dur-ing the past week. The two houses adjourned on Thursday to meet again on Monday by which time it was ex-pected that the different standing com-mittees, would be appeared, and the mittees would be announced, and the

he business of the session.

Mr. Noble, of Indiana, laid before the senate a bill authorising the legis-lature of that state, to sell the lands appropriated by congress for the support of schools within her limits. The nil directs that the money arising from sales shall be invested in some productive fund, and the interest applied to the support of schools in the same manner that it was originally desame manner that it was originally de-signed by congress, that the profits yielded by the lands should be ap-had the war continued, have afforded plied. This bill was submitted to to our harrassed and exhausted militia, congress in obedience to a joint reso lution of the state legislature, which ment, there was no nepuly at the ment of the polls at the Entle Precinct in that county, on Moday morning. The High Sheriff wasplied to on Monday evening, to have how this omission occurred, and

lution of the state legislature, which is solicitous of being clothed with the right to dispose of the lands.

A bill to abolish impris ment for debr, was reported in the senate by Mr. Johnson of Ky. This bill is similar to the one introduced by this gentleman last winter. We are glad gentleman last winter. to perceive that he has resumed his la-bour in the cause of humanity at so early a period in the session, and ear-nestly wish he may be accessful. Ou Monday the senate elected its

officers, and respective standing com-mittees. After which Mr. Benton gave notice that he should ask leave to votes were taken on the two last days of the election, giving Mr. Chilton a supprity of more than 40 votes at that precinct. The return was regularly made out, certified, forwarded to the

the standing committees for that house.

the day.

Historical Painting.

At a numerous meeting of the citizens of New York held at Tammany Hall on the evening of the 4th instanding other resolutions adopted, was one requesting the Cammon Council to take measures to procure for the use of the city, a Painting commemorative of the derisive Barrie or Newrative of the decisive BATTLE OF NEW-URLEAMS.

THEATRICAL PATRONAGE.

the 8th of November.

Lordon, Nov. 2.—The rumour is, that Rassia is determined on war—and that a serious misunderstanding exists smong the ministers.

The Boston Traveller states that there were between twenty one, and then the were states that there were between twenty one, and then the were between twenty one, and then the were were between twenty one, and the were were between twenty one, and the were betwee

has politely handed us for insertion in the Gazette, the following statemen from the Medical Review

STATEMENT Of the result of 148 cases of Small-Pox, under the care of Dr. Mrram-ELL of New-York.

47 Cases occurred in persons who had been previously affected by the vaccine disease none of them

died.
8 Cases occurred in persons previously affected with Small-Pox, of whom 4 died, and 4 recovered.
93 Cases occurred in persons, who had not either disease before, of 148. whom 52 died, and 41 recovered

Communicated for the Maryland Gazette.

THE BATTLE OF NEW-ORLEANS. There are few places in the Union at which the approaching anniversary
of the 8th of January 1815, will not
be celebrated with a spirit becoming
American citizens. The glory
which the 8th of January of that year shed upon the arms of the western militia, and the lustre which it added militia, and the lustre which it added to the American name, make it ever memorable. Years may roll away, yet the honour which it brought with it, will be remembered with ecstacy and pride by every lover of his country. It was on that day that the myrmidons of George the IVth promised themselves the brutal felicity of volating the tiberty?" of Origana; and lating the "BEAUTY" of Origans; and it was on that day that they thought

How uncertain and subject to disap-pointment are human calculations. The morning star, with its feint ray. guided them to the battle, they had faded away, but not like that star to appear again on the morrow. appear again on the morrow. The standard of England lay torn and dis coloured in the dust; the spirits of those who but an hour before had threatened our undisciplined citizen-soldierst with annihilation, had beer hurried from time into eternity, and their cold, stiff corpses, steeped in their own gore, were the only remains of them. The field which had rung

or them. In field which had rung with the din of battle was now peaceful and still, and the confused hum occasionally heard in the victorious American camp, alone interrupted its awful silence. awful silence.

That day was a mournful one to England; but to America, one of the brightest and fairest that had opened upon her since hostilities had commenced. England's defeat on that day was more signal than any her arms had yet sustained; and the consequences of it were of more advanrage and importance to this country. By this brilliant victory the great Emporium of the west was preserved from plunder and conflagration, and her

fair daughters from the embraces of a ferocious, unrestrained and licentious soldiery. It likewise left the enemy a temporary respite from the fatigues and hardships they had to encounter. This achievement terminated the war honourably to our arms; and the good effect which it had abroad is truly gratifying. The nations of Europe who had believed us to be nothing more than a plodding, commercial and money-loving people, looked with wonmoney-toving people, tooked with won-der on this last victory.—They soon lost the recollection of our love of traffick in the admiration of our mili-tary prowess, and at this time view us as a brave and powerful nation, able and willing successfully to defend

bring in a bilk for the reduction of the the 8th of January 1815, ought not to bring in a bill for the graduate the any town in the union. The benefits other obstacle to but observation and the standard of the standard of

been was at first no objection made in the standing committees for that house. The committee on manufactures consists of Messrs. Mallary. Stevenson of Pa. Condict, Moore of Ky. Wright of Pa. Condict, Moore of K of Annapolis less ardent in manifesting their satisfaction at the remembrance of deeds which have promoted the honour and interest of the nation. than the people of other places? It S. T. R.

December 11, 1827.

The British army advanced upor the American line sometime before day-light.

† General Adair in a letter to Mr. Pope, states, that the army at New-Orleans "was composed of raw and untrained materials."

CHARGE D'AFFAIRES.

Judge Rochester is shortly to embark in a national vessel for Central America, as Charge d'Affaires of the United States to that Regublic.

A Medical Gentleman of this city | THE ARCTIC AND NORTH A

MBRICAN EXPEDITIONS.

The following particulars are stated on the authority of the Literary Ga-

Coptain Parry's Expedition.

The highest latitude which the Hecla reached was 81° 6′ which is believed to be the farthest north that ever a ship made her way so that all that was made in the boats was 1° 39′.—
Lord Milgrave got to 80° and some minutes, (we do not remember exactly, but we think about 20.) At the farthest point north, no barrier of ice was seen, as in the case of that noble Lord and elder voyagers, so that the idea of such a barrier always existing may now be dismissed. The ice ng may now be dismissed. found by the present expedition was of a very chaotic form. For about a mile perhaps it might be tolerably smooth but at every interval huge ridges were crushed up by the action of tides and currents, and presented the most for-midable obstacles to the progress of the enterprise. No sooner was one of the enterprise. No sooner was one of these rugged and precipitous masses overcome than another appeared; and difficulty after difficulty seemed length ening is the party advanced. There was plenty of fresh water on the surface, but towards the end of the attempt, when the rains fell, the ridges was hard described apparated, and have we have described separated, and be-tween them the salt sea flowed in divisions like so many canais.

visions like so many canais.

Owing to the condition of the ice over which they had to travel, it was found impossible to make any use of the reindeer in dragging the boats; and as there was no means of feeding dogs. as there was no means of recomp dogs, (as once proposed.) the whole work was performed by personal labour.—
Officers and men, twenty eight in num ber, were alike harnessed to the tackle, and wrought in common at the exhaust ing toil. Their time for starting in and wholl. Their time for starting in the morning, (their morning being the beginning of the night,) was chosen when the light was least injurious to the eyes; for though the sun shone upon them during the whole period, ve there was no darkness, yet when that luminary was lowest in the horizon, the reflection from the bright white surface of snow was more endurable. On setting out, a pint of cocoa, with some biscuit powder to mix with it, was served to every individual for breakfast, which being finished, the whole number voked to the bosts. Abour seven hours of constant exertion brought them to the hour of their spare bour seven hours of constant exercion brought them to the hour of their spare dinner meal, which consisted of a piece of pemccan, about the size of an orange, and a few ounces of biscuit powder. These ingredients scraped into water, made a cold stop, and a miserable sustenance for their whose strengths were so severely based. In miserable sustenance for term within four years ending 1st July last, flore strengths were so severely tasked. In than a million of dollars and the last year, fact, tney could not bear up under the in comparison with the year preceding 1st fatigue. During their whole march July 1823, near half a million.

strengths were so severely tasked. In fact, they could not bear up under the fatigue. During their whole march they were soaking wet to the knees, and benumbed by a temperature always at or near the freezing point. At the close of twelve or fourteen, hours thus occupied, when they came the seek rest by Iving down, the chante of their wet for dry stockings and fur boots caused such a re-action, that the tingling and smart were insufferable, and the comparative comfort was more difficult to be endured than the preceding cold.

When Captain Parry found that the men could not support their soils on the allowance (of about nineteen ounces per twenty four hours, of pumecan and biscuit powiers) he add, d, way of luxury, a pint of hot water at hight. This was found to be very restorative, warming the system; and if a little of the dinner food had been saved, it made a broth of great relish and value. Spirits were not drank; and the reason why even hot water was scarce, was, that it took so large a stock of their soils of wine to boil it and the cocoathat the quantity consumed could not safely be increased.

The consequences of the hard life we have just faintly pictured were weakened, their limbs swelled, and disease began to thin the number of one of the surplus of last year, an augmented transportation of the mail has been authorised, four hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on horseback or in sulkies five do four hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on horseback or in sulkies five do four hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on horseback or in sulkies five do four hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on histories and on histories and on histories four hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on histories and four hundred and fifteen thousand two hundred and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on hierasched in stages, and on hierasched in subject to the miles. Under the distinct and fourteen miles annually in stages, and on hierasched in stages, an

disease began to thin the number of the south that when both, thus, during the last three days of their struggle, instead of gaining a higher latitude, they were actually two miles farther south thank when they set out. This put an end it on expedition where every sund personal translation of the United States.

The President of the United States.

put an end to an expedition whereevery thing which human energy and perseverance could do, was done so fruitlessly; but the nature of the ice, so different from what was anticipated, rendered the accomplishment of the object utterly impracticable.

While the boats were away, the Hec Ia was not exempt from danger. She had been wrought into a snug birth near the snore, in one of the few places which afforded this shelter. Ahead there was about three miles of ice; and a heavy gale, coming on, detached this

in disappointment; but every fresh en-terprise seems to lead to this conclu-sion. In our opinion, the southern hemisphere presents a far more tempt hemisphere presents a far more tempt ing field for speculation; and most heartily do we wish that an expedition were fitted out for that quarter. The sea is much more open (as Capt. Wed-dell observed, in his interesting voy-age.) and every object of commerce as well as of science, might be sought to-wards the South Pole, with prospects far superior to any that are offered in

the impenetrable north.
Hudson, whose name is perpetuate
in the bay, reached lat. 82 (axis hid
down) in the year 1606; and a Sotch
journal states, that the Neptune what er, in 1816, got as high as 83° 20' but of the accuracy of this fact we have

QUANTITY OF RAIN.

The depth of rain which fell during the last month (November.) as indicated by the rain gauge kept in the Philadelphia Labyrinth Garden, was Thos. Smith. Gardener.

Philadelphia, Dec. 5, 1827. Report of the Postmaster General, laid be-

fore Congress.
Post Office Department,
Nor. 13th, 1827.
Sir: The Receipts of this Department for

the year ending 1st July last, amounted to \$1,473,551 00 During the same period the

1,373,239 0

\$1:0,312 00 Leaving one hundred thousand three hundred and twelve dollars surplus of receipts.

The receipts of the last year exceeded those of the four preceding years, the sums street with the control of the country of the cou

Statech vis:

8370,633 87 bring in a bilk for the reduction of the the 8th of January 1813, dugit the strong in a bilk for the reduction of the the 8th of January 1813, dugit the Lines & Control of the Stablishment. Also to bring in a bill to graduate the any town in the union. The benefits resulting from that success were not limited to individuals—they were na House of Representatives announced the stablishment. The repairs lately authorized to be made on the mail roads from Columbus to Dosks in the state of Mississippi & from Fort Michael that all their streamous efforts were that all their streamous efforts were vain. The repairs lately authorized to be made on the mail roads from Columbus to Dosks in the state of Mississippi & from Fort Michael that all their streamous efforts were vain. The ice itself drifting faster to the south that they could make their work to be done in the best manner, and the south that they could make their work to be done in the best manner, and of a price that cannot fail to meet the public pers. Sheeting Gloves & Hosiery, Lavor of a price that cannot fail to meet the public pers.

A GOOD SHOT.

It is now, said Von Wyk, more than two years since, in the very place where we now stand, I ventured to take one of the most daring shots that ever was hazarded. My wife was sitting, within the house, near the While the boats were away, the Hec.

In was not exempt from danger. She had been wrought into a snug birth near the snore, in one of the few places which afforded this shelter. Ahead there was about three miles of ice; and a heavy gale coming on, detached this prodigious mass, and drove it with terrible violence against the ship. The cables were cut asunder, the anchors lost, and the poor Hecla forced high and dryupon the coast, by the resistible pressure. To get her again to the water occupied considerable time, which was of course, lost to the surviving party.—Having effected that, however, they proceeded to Weygatt Straits; and, censidering the short period was most kappy chance, I had set it in this straits; and, censidering the short period was not every was hazarded. My wile was atting, within the house, near the door, the children were playing about her, and I was without, busied in doing some-thing to a wagon, when suddenly, though it was mid-day, an enormous lion appeared, came up, and laid himself quietly down in the shade, upon the very threshold of the door. My wife, either frozen with fear, or a ware of the danger of any attempt to fly, irremined motionless in her place, while the footh wards the door; but my astontial ment may well be conceived when I found the entrance to it barred in such a way. Although the animal had not seen the water occupied considerable time, which was of course, lost to the surviving party.—Having effected that, however, they proceeded to Weygatt Straits; and, censidering the short period of the water occupied considerable was a lost of the water of the danger of any attempt to fly, irremined motionless in her place, while the footh was of the danger of any attempt to fly, irremined motionless in her place, while the footh was of the danger of any attempt to fly, irremined motionless in her place, while the footh was of the danger of any attempt of the water, upon the came of the danger of any attempt of the water, upon the came of the danger of any attempt of the water,

informed, many valuable observations.

A publication containing the account of the structure, will, we believe, very specifity appear; and as the facts are few, we presume it will be of a moderate size.

We do not hear of any intercourse with the natives. Seventy deer were shot by the hunters.

It is vexatious to be forced to the conviction that any attempt to reach the North Pole is but too likely to end in disappointment; but every fresh enterprise seems to lead to this conclusion. In our opinion, the southern

Changes in twenty-eight years. Twenty-eight years ago, says the Ohio State Journal, General W. H. Harrison, now a Senator in Congress from Onio, presented his credentials to the House of Representatives as a Delegate from the North Western territory. What a change has taken place under

That territory now comprises Michigan, - 1 Delegate. Ohio, - 14 Indiana, - 3 Illinois.

This population was at that time 55,000; it is now over 1,000,000.

DIVIDEND.

The President and Directors of the South River Bridge Company, have declared a dividend of THIRTY cents per share, for the last six months, on the capital stock of said company.

company.

The same will be paid on or after
Tue-day the lat day of January next,
to stockholders in person, or their or-

By order of the President and Directors, Thomas Franklin, Treasurer. Dec. 13.

In Chancery

3d Dec 1827.
Ordered, that the sale made and reported by Louis Gassaway, trustee for the real estate of Doctor Mathias Hammond, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary before the 3d day of Pebruary next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the Annapolis newspapers, before the 3d day of January next. The Report states, that the land called "Hammond's Plains" sold for \$2 98 acre, and that Lot No. 1, sold for 85

Total Copy.
Ramsay Waters, Reg. Cur. Can.

A Lot of Chesnut Rails Was found adrift on my shore on the Patapeco river, on the 26th of August last The owner, if any, is desired to come forward, pro ve pro perty, pay charges and take them a

Seth Sweetser, Sweetser, Bridge,

New & Cheap Store.

The subscriber respectfully informs, the citizens of Annapolis, and the pub-lic in general, that he has taken the STORE LATELY OCCUPIED BY MR LITric, where he has opened, and now

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of Clotha & Cassimers. Blankets & Flannels, Kerseys, assinets & Vestings, Superior Long & Square Scarlet, White & Black Merino Shawls, ditto Cashmere, Grape, Silk & Barege ditto, Canton & Italian Crapes, & ditto Dresses Black, White, Col'd Plaid & Figured Silks, White & Col'd Sattins, Cambric, Book Jaconet, & Swiss Muslins, & ditto Hk'fs. Superior Moreens; Marseilles Quilts, Furniture Chintz's & Dimities; New dies Shell & Horn Combs &: &c

Together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate. Any of which articles he will sell at the Balwhich articles he will sell and timore prices, for cash Any orders left with him for goods that he has not in his Store, can be procured from Baltimore by the earliest conveyance, furnished at the Baltimore prices.

Richard Gambrill,

Land for Sale.

The subscriber will sell at private sale 320 acres of land, lying in Prince George's county, twenty miles from Annapolis, twenty miles from Wash-Annapolis, twenty miles from Washington, and twenty one miles from Baltimore, adjoining the land of William Beckett, esq. and Mrs. Mary Waters. The improvements are a comfortable dwelling house & kitchem and tobacco house. The soil is good, wall wooded and watered. Terms will well wooded and watered. I sim who he moderate, and made known by spiplication to the subscriber, or 166 A. Waters, near the premises.

Mary Pranklin.

Doc. 6. 9

d he in-