or forty individuals of the highest standing in society, and in both of our local parties who were induced to write by similar information, and I am sure that most of them, if not all, were actuated by a firm conviction, that in thus endeavouring to secure to you a proffered elevation, they were promoting the true interests of Kentucky, of the Western Country and of the Union. But you will not admit that this thing could be innocent in yourself or your friends. You declare, that no understanding existed by which you were to receive the office of Secretary of State, and you say, that if such were the fact, "there is no punishment which could exceed the measure of my offence."—Well, you may acknowledge yourself as guilty as you please: but I protest against your attempting to fix turpitude upon the acts of your friends, who thought that, in elevating you, they promoted the interests of their country. I admit that they were mistaken, and that a worse cabinet for the peace and interests of the country, could scarcely have been formed; but the honest efforts of your friends to secure you the office of Secretary of State before the election, ought not now to be visited with your reproaches."

Perhaps you are conscious that the arrangement of which we in Kentucky were so early informed, was based on private interest and personal ambition, without the least regard to the will or the interests of the people. Then, indeed, was it corrupt. Then are you right boldly to deny the whole transaction, and cast down the gauntlet to the whole world. A bold face may awe some into silence and convince others of your innocence. It is only by a desperate leap, that a man who stands upon a crumbling precipice, can save himself from destruction. Your conduct in this affair partakes of such desperation. As if conscious of guilt and impending punishment, you utterly deny that which might have been innocently done, and with desperate resolution, reply the plea of not guilty, when you might with more safety have plead justification. Perhaps you think the evidence does not exist or cannot be procured which would lead to your conviction. Do not rely upon that.—Every week brings forth additional facts, and your own conduct induces multiplied disclosures. The exultation of yourself and friends, because Buchanan did not directly prove your guilt, was precisely that which the criminal feels, when, from the unexpected weakness of the testimony he is acquitted. His exultation is as high as guilt is deep, and he rejoices not in conscious innocence, but in his escape from merited punishment.

In what manner the understanding with Mr. Adams was brought about, or who received the direct assurance from him, I was never informed. Nor did I ask your confidential friend, who conveyed to him this intelligence from Washington City. I was simply informed that such an understanding existed, and I wrote because I preferred you to General Jackson, having been told that in any event, we should probably have Mr. Adams in the cabinet, either as President or Secretary of State. But it is notorious from the facts already related, that Mr. Adams must have told somebody, that in case of his election, he would appoint you his Secretary of State; for nobody else could tell what he would do. That somebody conveyed this important piece of information to Frankfort, is alike obvious; for otherwise it would not have got here. That it was true, is equally obvious; because the result proved it to be so. The proofs therefore conclusive, that Mr. Adams did promise, before the election, to make you Secretary of State, if he should be elected President

Were you and all your friends totally ignorant of this promise? Who conveyed it to Frankfort? Was it Buchanan or some other friend of Jackson? No, no; neither Buchanan nor Markley, nor any other friend or pretending friend of Jackson had any thing to do with it. Was it Mr. Adams or his friends? This is not probable—for they had no friends or correspondents in Kentucky. Was it Mr Clay or his friends? Unquestionably it was one or the other. The object was to secure you office and power, and who should be active in this effort but yourself and your friends?

Shall I be candid? I do believe you gave this information yourself? I believe so, because the two men set in motion by it, one prominent in the old court party and the new, are well known to have been your own confidential friends and correspondents.

Had you been disposed to commit your secret thoughts and hidden plans to any person in Kentucky, it would have been to one or both of these two. I believe it, because I know of but one other man who was at all likely to have given this information, and I know he did not. I believe it, because I know you did write to them about that time. I believe it, because it is precisely like those acts of adroit management for which the last two and a half years of your life, have been distinguished.

I may be mistaken in supposing that it was your own hand which penned and committed to the mail, the despatch which gave notice of your prospects dependent on the election of Mr. Adams. If so, you cannot correct the error; but I cannot go to them and demand whether they received this intelligence from you. But, you have right to absolve them from the obligation of secrecy, and call out your communications. You know these men, and without further specification to you, They are men of honour, and will tell the truth. If you are so very anxious to call on them to publish any half dozen parts of letters which relate to the presidential election, received by them from you during the month of January 1825. Or, if they had such letters, but have them no longer, call on them to state their contents. If, thus authorized, they declare on their honor that they never received or saw such letter or letters from you, then will I acknowledge my mistake, and state to the world that you were not the man who gave this information.

But, sir, this is not all which is necessary for your vindication. The denial of the existence of such an understanding comprehends your friend Washington as well as yourself. If it was not you, it is therefore necessary for you to require those friends to disclose the name of him who gave them the information which they here denominated. Who was it, that gave this intelligence which was so wrong, if yet so right? Who was it, that dared to say, it was understood that Clay would be Secretary, if Mr. Adams was President, when there was in truth no such understanding? Who was it, that communicated to your friends here a warrant lie for your benefit, and yet not the truth? "Masks off," call out your friends; exhibit your usual bold front and let us have this affair probed to the bottom. Your friends here will not hear of an investigation by Congress They fear the veil of confusion which cannot be withdrawn, may thus be rent. "Let every man state the public what he knows," say they, "knowing that no man of honour would voluntarily betray the confidence reposed in him." With this subterfuge, and Buchanan's letter, in relation to which, it must be confessed, you have played an artful game with a full view of your adversary's hand, they hope to delude the country and escape from an investigation. If you are innocent, call on your friends here to show out; if guilty, brag or be silent. In either alternative the country will know how to understand you.

I cannot close without calling your attention to this incident in connection with Buchanan's interview with Jackson. Some of the letters to the Representatives elicited by the information from Washington relating to your advancement by Adams were written before the 20th of January 1825. It is therefore probable that this information was received about the 15th of that month. It then took letters from twelve to fifteen days travel from Washington to Frankfort. Those which conveyed this intelligence must, therefore, have left the city as early as the second or third of January. Buchanan's interview with Jackson, which cut off all hope of your advancement by him, or at least proved that it was impossible to obtain any pledge from him, took place on the 30th of December. Between that interview and the date of these letters, there could have been but three or four days. What is the inference? Why, when you found no pledge could be obtained from Jackson you closed with "the ideas held out by some of the friends of Mr. Adams," assented to the making of his President on his consenting to make you Secretary of State, and immediately despatched letters to Frankfort, with the object of securing the vote of a representative, and consummating the arrangement.

I am not done with this subject; but I here close for the present, with repeating that you alone, I religiously believe, can remove all doubt from the incident I have related, by a prompt and public call upon your friends. And let me tell you, sir, there are many who cannot give full credence to your assertions in reply to General Jackson, until they see the history of this transaction in its origin at Washington as well as its ramifications at Frankfort.

Probably, in my next, I shall turn upon another subject, in relation to which, your friends are seeking pretences to reproach me.

AMOS KENDALL.

Discoveries in Herculaneum.

Several discoveries of considerable interest have been made within the few past months in the ruins of Herculaneum. Among them is the house of a barber, including his shop, &c. The utensils employed by him in his occupation were in excellent preservation as well as the bench on which his customers used to seat themselves while waiting to take their turns, with the stove, and several pins used by ladies to confine their hair.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.
24th October, 1827.

A Board for the examination of Midshipmen whose Warrants bear date prior to the 1st January 1819, has been ordered to assemble at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y. on Wednesday the 7th November next. Commodore Chauncey will be President. After that examination is closed, another will be ordered for certain Midshipmen whose dates of Warrant are subsequent to 1st January 1819.

THE LIVERWORT.

Respecting this plant (*Hepatica Triloba*) supposed to be useful in complaints of the lungs, we have received several recent communications, of the substance of one or two of which we inform our readers.

From Joshua Pierce, at Linnæan Hill, on Rock Creek, in this District, we learn that this herb grows as weed, abundantly on high banks of Rock Creek, but in the Fall of the year it is difficult to be found, owing to its being easily hidden, like the violet, and of that class of plants, by the falling leaves.

From W. P. of Frederick county, we have received for examination, two samples. They are genuine specimens of the plant.

We have received some samples of plants, which do not even resemble the liverwort. We therefore mention the characteristic of its appearance, which struck us. Take a vigorous sprig of common clover, and place the leaves so that their edges come in close contact; you will thus obtain a near resemblance to the shape, at least, of the liverwort, or three-lobed liver-plant. It is smoother on the surface than the former, of firmer texture, and besides perennial. But, at first glance, instead of a single leaf of the plant, you think you see a sprig of clover with its three leaves close together.

From Dr Hereford, of Haymarket, Virginia, we hear that, in consequence of his communication on the subject of the Medical virtues of this plant, he has had many applications to him for information on the subject. It is suggested to us, that the circumstances of the Doctor are such, that with applications for his advice, &c. a reasonable compensation would not be unacceptable. Nat. Int.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE.

On the 21st ult. a negro lad, the property of Mr. Dunstan Banks, near this place, as he was returning from mill, about dark, was bitten by a Rattlesnake, so severely that in a few minutes he became entirely blind, and speechless—he was carried to the house, and a messenger was despatched to town for Doctor James Guild, who, in about an hour afterwards reached Mr. Banks'. At the time of his arrival, the boy was suffering the most excruciating agony, when he had a common quart or jack bottle about half filled with the Spirits of Turpentine, made quite warm, and after scarifying the wound made by the Snake, applied the mouth of the bottle to it, and commenced pouring cold water on the bottle; until the contents were perfectly cooled—In about half an hour, and before the bottle was removed from the wound, the boy became perfectly easy and fell into a sound sleep. Next day he was able to walk about, and the following was at work as usual. We could recommend this simple and easy application, as it is in the power of almost every one to procure it soon—than almost any other, and its immediate efficacy is a great consideration. Any spirituous liquors would have the same effect; and even if that could not be immediately procured, warm water would answer a very good purpose.—Tuscaloosa Chronicle.

The Russian corvette, commanded by Baron Wrangel, had arrived in England, from a voyage round the world. One of the chronometers, made by Parkinson and Frodsham, during the voyage of two years, lost a second per day of mean time, and now loses 1. 3-10 second; another of the chronometers gained 1½ seconds per day, and has never to this moment varied more than 3. 8-10 seconds. Baron Wrangel adds, that his vessel is ill calculated for trying chronometers, as she is small, and consequently exposed to great motion at sea. The ship lost but three men and one officer, killed by the savages, at the Marquesas Isles. The Baron is the same officer who, accompanied by Dr Kyber, explored the N. E. coast of Asia from the river Krima, to Behring's Strait. D. Kyber, who accompanied the Baron in this last expedition, as a naturalist, has brought with him many objects of natural history of great rarity. He has even brought many living animals hitherto unknown.

From the Cambridge Chronicle.

Dr. Muse has made this season, on 8 acres of land, notwithstanding a severe drought, ninety barrels of shelled corn, wanting a peck and a half—that is, ninety bushels per acre, wanting a small fraction of a bushel.

On 10 acres he made two, this season, one hundred and fifty-two barrels of shell corn, or 760 bushels, that is 76 bushels per acre.

From the circumstance of a bet on part of the ground, and the possibility (he says) of a sceptical reader, for the whole, he has authenticated the statement, by affidavit, before Justice Pearson, that he surveyed, bounded and measured the lands correctly.—He had his overseer, John Wheeler, make oath before the same Justice, that the lands which were thus surveyed, bounded and measured, yielded the products above stated; he (Wheeler) having carefully attended in person, having previously notified by Dr. Muse of the necessity of being particular, as he intended to have him sworn on the subject.

Maryland Gazette

ANNAPOLIS:
THURSDAY, NOV. 1, 1827.

HYMENEAL.

Married in this city, on Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Davis, Dr George Barber of A. A. county, to Miss Elizabeth White of this city.

——, By the same on the same day, Mr. John Barber of Geo. of this city, to Miss Ann R. Hopkins of A. A. county,

COMMUNICATED.

OBITUARY.

Seldom has the name of any individual been committed to the Obituary record, whose departure has been more sensibly felt, or more generally regretted, than that of him, whom it is now our melancholy duty to number among the dead. The Right Reverend James Kemp, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocess of Maryland, departed this life, on Sunday the 28th ult. at his residence in Baltimore. This afflicting dispensation has deprived the church of one of its most valuable and efficient ministers; it has removed from amongst us, one of the most active, zealous, and devoted, of Christians; and in his death society will sustain the loss of one of the most amiable, and estimable of men. But amidst the tears, the sorrows, and the regrets, which this unexpected bereavement has excited, it becomes us to bow with humble resignation to the will of Him, "whose ways are not as our ways." He, whom "Almighty God, in his wise Providence, has seen fit to take out of this world," was doubtless "meet for the inheritance of the Saints in Light;" and although his body, has been committed to the ground, "earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust," yet may we humbly, but confidently hope, that his Spirit lives in joy and felicity, and that having finished his course in faith, he now rests from his labours in the bosom of his God.

From the Balt. Amer. of Oct. 29.

DISTRESSING AND FATAL ACCIDENT.

It is with feelings of deep concern that we heard, on Saturday morning, the particulars of a distressing accident by which the Right Rev. Bishop Kemp received very severe bodily hurt. The Bishop having been present, in Philadelphia, at the Consecration of the Rev. Mr. Onderdonk as Assistant Bishop of the diocese of Pennsylvania, left that city on Friday last in the steam boat on his return homeward. In the passage over land from New Castle to Frenchtown, when about three miles from the latter place, the stage, containing two ladies, the Bishop, and four other passengers, was suddenly overturned, in an attempt made by the drunken driver to pass the stage in front. All the passengers, we regret to add, were much bruised, and one of the gentlemen had his collar bone broken. The best assistance which circumstances and the darkness of the night would permit, was promptly rendered by the passengers in the other stages, among whom was a medical gentleman, whose advice and treatment contributed much to the relief of the sufferers. Those who were not able to walk, among whom was the Bishop, were taken to the nearest tavern, and thence transported on beds to the steamboat at Frenchtown.

DEATH OF THE RIGHT REV. BISHOP KEMP.

With unfeigned sorrow we find ourselves called upon to announce the death of the venerable Bishop Kemp, in consequence of the internal injuries received by this distressing accident. From the period of its occurrence, he has lain in a helpless condition, enduring the greatest degree of bodily pain and suffering. The application of the ablest medical skill, and the kindest and most unwearied attentions of his family and friends, afforded a partial, but alas! unavailing relief;—and at one o'clock P. M. yesterday, he terminated his earthly existence, after a long life devoted to the service of his God, and eminently beneficial to the Church of which he was so distinguished a minister.

DISTRESSING.

On Monday morning Mr. Clement Whittington, a respectable young man, formerly a Midshipman in the U. States Navy, while engaged in superintending the operations of a Windmill in South River Neck, became entangled in the cog wheel, which caught the skirt of his coat, and was instantly killed.

Died on the 17th of October at Richlands, the seat of Mr James Cunningham, near Frederick, Mrs. Jane Shaw, Relict of the late Doct. John Shaw, of this city.

—— On Sunday morning last, in this city, after a distressing illness of several years, Mr. Bennett Hurst. Mr. Hurst was a useful and respectable citizen.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Thursday, Oct. 25. *John Green*, esquire, of the city of *Washington*, was admitted an attorney of the court.

Friday, Oct. 26. The Court affirmed the Judgment in *The Patapsco Insurance Company vs. Graf.* Also in *The same vs. Hodges.* Also in *Cordery's adm'rs. vs. Weatherly's adm'x.* Also in *Dooley vs. De Wolf.*

Saturday, Oct. 27. Archer, J. delivered the opinion of the Court in *Wall's ex'x vs Wall.* Judgment *Reversed.*

He also delivered the opinion of the court in *Lowry, et ux. vs. Tiernan & Williamson*—Decree *Affirmed.*

He also delivered the opinion of the court in *Hammond's ex'rs. vs. O'Hara*—Judgment *Reversed.*

Buchanan, Ch. J. delivered the opinion of the court in *Drury vs. Conter*—Decree *Reversed* in part.

The court then adjourned until the day of the court in course.

Prospects of Mr. Adams in Pennsylvania.

The following table exhibits the sentiments of the members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth on the Presidential question—

	Jackson.	Adams
City of Philadelphia	6	0
County of Philadelphia	7	0
Montgomery	3	1
Bucks	4	0
Delaware	0	1
Chester	0	4
Berks & Schuylkill*	4	
Lancaster	3	1
Lehigh	2	0
Adams	2	0
Perry	1	0
York	4	0
Cumberland	2	0
Dauphin	2	0
Northampton, Pike and Wayne	3	0
Lebanon*	0	1
Franklin	0	3
Northumberland	1	0
Huntingdon	2	0
Mifflin	2	0
Union	2	0
Centre & Clearfield	2	
Fayette	3	0
Allegheny & Butler	4	0
Bedford	2	0
Westmoreland	3	0
Washington	4	0
Lycoming, Tioga, & M'Kean	2	0
Columbia	1	1
Armstrong, Indiana and Jefferson	2	0
Luzerne and Susquehanna	1	2
Bradford	1	0
Beaver	1	0
Somerset and Cambria	2	0
Greene	1	0
Crawford and Venango	1	0
Erie and Warren	0	1
Mercer	0	1
	82	16

*Two vacancies. [Am Sent.

ANOTHER BANK ROBBER.

Five hundred dollars Reward.

Nathaniel Snelson, late teller of the office of Discount and Deposit of the Bank of Virginia, in Petersburg, was stolen from the said office about *Forty Thousand Dollars*, chiefly in notes of one hundred dollars each, the property of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Virginia—and he absconded early on Sunday morning, having, as is believed, a very large portion of that sum with him. It is understood that he got into one of the steamboats below City Point on the same morning

I am authorised by the Board of Directors of the said office, to offer the above reward and all reasonable expenses, for his apprehension and safe delivery to the Jailor of this town.

Snelson is about fifty years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; his hair very grey; his face red and full, with clear blue eyes.—He hesitates, and generally appears embarrassed when speaking.

G. W. Stainback, Cashier.

LIEUT. WASHINGTON.

The death of this person at Napoli, our readers will recollect, was some days since noticed in our columns. A letter from an American officer who had just returned from Napoli to Smyrna, to the editor of the Middletown Sentinel, gives the following account of the death of this strangely eccentric young man.

"Mr. Washington, who arrived at Napoli from France, since we left there, was mortally wounded by a shot from Pallimedos, (the castle) while defending the battery, the command of which had been assigned him by Trippenally. He was then taken on board the Asia, and died soon after. The shot which struck him took off his right hand and carried away part of his hip bone. He was asked by the officers of the Asia, a short time before his death, if he had any message or legacy he wished to leave; he replied in a few moments, he had one—his curses upon his country! The name he bore is the common property of every American, it is by them beloved and honoured, who could have never believed it would ever have been disgraced by a death-bed curse upon that country which gave it birth, and under such circumstances, "among strangers," and on board an English man of war!"

CHEAP BOOT, SHOE AND HAT STORE.

B. B. GOODWIN,

Has just received a large supply of *Baltimore, Philadelphia and New-England Work.*

CONSISTING OF

Gentlemens short Boots, Bootees and Shoes
Ladies Silk Last-ing, Prunello, Satinet, Morocco, & Seal Skin Shoes.

All of the latest fashions, and a general assortment of Boots and Shoes, coarse and fine of his manufactory, all of which he will sell very cheap.

HE HAS ALSO

A fresh supply of fashionable HATS, which as to quality can be recommended.

Nov 1 tf

A Law Library
FOR SALE, FOR CASH.

The subscriber will sell his LAW LIBRARY, and will attend at his Office every Day, from Day to Day, until the whole is sold

Jeremiah Townley Chase.
Nov 1.

HOUSE, LAND & NEGROES.
For Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery, the subscribers will expose to public sale, on *Thursday the 29th day of November*, at the court house in the city of Annapolis, a HOUSE and LOT in said city, lying in the East side of North East street, now occupied by Miss Franklin; also a LOT containing about one acre, lying on the North West side of North East Street, and opposite the above mentioned house, being a part of the real estate of the late Benjamin Harwood, deceased.

The subscribers will also expose to public sale, on *Friday the 30th day of November*, inst. if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, on the premises, the real estate of the late Benjamin Harwood, deceased, now occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Harwood, widow of the late William Harwood, lying and being in Anne Arundel county, being a part of Hickory Hills and Veltonead, containing in the whole 300 acres of land more or less. Also another tract, or part of a tract, called Waterland, containing 200 acres of land, more or less. This estate is so well known that it is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the same, as it is presumed those inclined to purchase will view the same previous to the day of sale. Terms of sale—one half of the purchase money to be paid within twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale; and the other half to be paid within two years from the day of sale; with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond, with approved security. And on the ratification of the sale, and payment of the whole purchase money, the subscribers are authorized to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Also, at the same place and on the same day, (the 30th inst.) will be exposed to public sale, a number of NEGRES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, being a part of the personal estate of the late Benjamin Harwood, deceased. Terms of sale—a credit of six months for all sums above twenty dollars, to be secured by bond, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, and all sums under twenty dollars, cash.

Rd. Harwood of Thos } Adm'rs.
H. H. Harwood, }
Nov. 1.

Late Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias, issued out of Anne Arundel county court, and court of appeals, and sundry executions issued by John Clayton, a justice of the peace for A. A. county, and to me directed against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of John Beard, at suit of Richard Estep, for the use of M'Donald and Ridgely, Ann Munroe, Isaac Jones, Ann Stockett, and Ann Stockett adm'x. Jno. S Stockett, Ann Maria Miller, adm'r. John Miller, and for sundry officers fees, I have seized and taken in execution, all that tract of land whereon the said John Beard now resides, called "Two Brothers," lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, on the Queen Anne road, about two miles from South River bridge; three head Horses, two yoke Oxen, twenty three head Sheep, six head Cattle, one Negro Man by the name of Isaac, and one ditto by the name of George, one Woman named Grace, one ditto Charity, and one ditto Sarah, and on Thursday the 22d day of Nov. inst at the residence of the said Jno Beard, I shall proceed to sell the said property to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. Attendance by Jno. C. Queesenbury for

R Welch of Ben. late Shff. A A C.
Nov. 1.

Selling off.
F. S. LITTIG,

Intending to leave this City on or about the 5th November inst. will sell all or any part of his

Stock of Goods and Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Glass, Queen & Stone Ware, Shoes, &c. Sideboard, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, Bedsteads, Carpets, &c.

Whatever is not sold by the above date, will be offered at

AUCTION.

He takes this opportunity of tendering his thanks to his friends and customers, and the public generally.

N. B. Three STOVES, and four of Reid's celebrated AXES, very cheap Also, Champagne, Brandy, Old Rye Whiskey, Peach Brandy, and L. P. Wine, which he can recommend for age and flavour, and will sell them much cheaper than any in this state of the qualities.

Nov. 1.

The Grand Literature Lottery of MARYLAND,

To be drawn in Baltimore on 19th December

J. I. COHEN, Jr & BROTHERS
Managers

The number of Tickets being considerably less than any lottery for some time past, renders the scheme very brilliant and gives to the adventurer an excellent chance of success for the capital prizes.

Capital Prizes.
$10,000—$5,000, &c.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$10 000	is	10 000
1 prize of	5,000	is	5,000
1 prize of	3 000	is	3,000
1 prize of	2,000	is	2,000
1 prize of	1,000	is	1,000
3 prizes of	500	is	15 00
10 prizes of	100	is	1,000
20 prizes of	50	is	1,000
50 prizes of	20	is	1 000
100 prizes of	5	is	500
3000 prizes of	4	is	12 000
3188 prizes, amounting to			$38,000
6812 Blanks			
10 000			

Present Price of Tickets.

Tickets	$5 00	Quarters	$1 25
Halves	2 50	Eighths	62

Numbers in the greatest variety to be had at

Swann's Office,
Annapolis,

Where was sold in the last two Maryland lotteries, more capital prizes than any office in the state, save those of the managers

☞ Orders from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prize tickets in any of the lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application

☞ Address to
THOMAS SWANN,
Annapolis.
Nov. 1. td

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the court of appeals and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Edward E. Anderson, as one of the securities for Benjamin Gaither, at suit of Nicholas Brewer jun. I have seized and taken in execution, all that tract of land with the improvements thereon, called "Providence," lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, in the Fork of Patuxent, containing two hundred and three acres of land more or less, also all the crops of Corn and Tobacco now on the premises, and on Friday the 23d day of November next at the premises I shall proceed to sell the said property to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

R Welch of Ben.
Shff A. A. C.
Nov. 1.

In Chancery.

25th October 1827.

Ordered, That the sale made and reported by Thomas Snowden, junr. trustee for the sale of the mortgaged property of Nicholas Dorsey, of Lloyd, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary before the 25th day of December next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the Annapolis newspapers, before the 25th day of November next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1000.

True copy,
Test Ramsay Waters,
Reg. Cur Can.
Nov. 1.

Sale Postponed.

The Sale of the Negroes, advertised by William Brogden, Adm'r. of Maj. Brogden, to take place at the late residence of the deceased, is postponed until Thursday the 15th November, inst.
Nov. 1

Co-partnership Dissolved.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of EVANS & IGLEHART, was dissolved on the 1st instant by mutual consent. All persons having claims against said concern, are requested to present them to either of the subscribers, for settlement, and all those indebted to the same in any manner, are requested to come forward immediately, and settle the same.

JOSEPH EVANS,
JAMES IGLEHART.
Oct 22d, 1827.

NEW STORE.

The subscriber having purchased out the entire Stock of Goods belonging to *Evans & Iglehart*, on favourable terms, and having added to them a very superior assortment of

New and Seasonable GOODS,

Purchased principally with CASH, from the latest arrivals, now offers them for sale at the lowest cash prices. He solicits a share of public patronage, as he is determined, by constant and unremitted attention, to give satisfaction to those who may favour him with their custom, being duly grateful for past favours.) He has commenced his business in the same store formerly occupied by Evans & Iglehart, immediately opposite and convenient to the Market House and Dock.

JAMES IGLEHART.
Nov 1, 1827.

In Chancery.

25th Oct 1827

Ordered, That the sale made and reported by Thomas Snowden, junr. trustee for the sale of the mortgaged property of Nicholas Dorsey, of Lloyd, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary before the 25th day of December next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the 25th day of November next, in one of the Annapolis newspapers

The report states that certain personal property sold for $437 00.

True copy,
Test Ramsay Waters,
Reg. Cur. Can.
Nov. 1.

In Chancery,

September Term, 1827.

Henry C. Drury
vs
Frederick Mills, & Others.

The bill in this case states, that a certain Achsah Mills sold and agreed in writing to convey, to the complainant, her portion of a tract of land in Anne Arundel county called "Holloway's Neck," said agreement is dated the 26th of June 1810, a copy is exhibited with the bill The bill states, that the purchase money was paid, but no deed ever executed; that Achsah Mills is dead, and that Frederick Mills, Charlotte Lanham, and —— Lanham her husband, and Elizabeth, the wife of the complainant, are the heirs of the said Achsah; and that the said Charlotte Lanham, and her husband, and the said Frederick Mills, live out of the state. The object of the bill is to procure a conveyance from the said heirs to the complainant of the said Achsah's portion of said lands and interest therein and all their interest therein derived through her. The bill states, that the purchase money was fully paid for said Achsah's interest in said land It is thereupon, this nineteenth day of October 1827, Ordered and adjudged, that the complainants, by inserting a copy of this order in one of the Annapolis newspapers, once in each of three successive weeks before the nineteenth day of November next, give notice to the absent defendants of the substance and object of this bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before the first day of March next, to answer the premises, and shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True Copy—Test
Ramsay Waters,
Reg. Cur. Can.
Oct 25 3w

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of two decrees of the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber as Trustee, will offer at public sale on Saturday, 10th day of November next, on the premises, all that parcel of Land, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on which William Weems, esq now resides, being part of Portland Manor, and containing three hundred acres more or less

The terms of sale are cash, to be paid on the day of sale or the ratification thereof by the Chancellor, and on the payment of the whole purchase money, the subscriber as trustee, is authorised to convey the land to the purchaser, his heirs and assigns for ever, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the complainants and the defendants, and their and each of their heirs, &c.

This property being to be sold to satisfy a debt due the late Thomas Tongue, the creditors of the said Tongue are requested to attend the sale.

Somerville Pinkney, Trustee.
Oct. 18.