Leave Easton on the WEDM DAY and SATURDAY of the week at the hour of 7 o'clock in morning, and proceed to Auspel Leave Annapolis at 3 o'clock a proceed to Baltimora, where he a PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

Jonas Green, HURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

ice-Three Dollars per annum.

PROPOSAL

FOR PRINTING he Journals of the Conventins of the Province of Maryland,

eld in the City of Annapolis, in the years 1774, 1775 and 1776. IF Sufficient encouragement be of

On the SUNDAY of every we she shall leave Baltimore at 8 o'clost in the morning and proceed to all napolis; and, remaining there till; o'clock, return to Baltimore at a o'clock the same evening red, the Subscriber proposes to pub-h, in one volume octavo, the Jour-la of the Conventions of the Province Maryland in the years 1774, '5 and o'clock the same evening

On the MONDAY of every well she shall leave Baltimore at half p to Chestertown, where she will am at 12 o'clock touching at Queenste or at such place on Corsica Creek may be hersafter appointed: Returning she will leave Chestertown at o'clock and touching at the said as mediate place will arrive at Baltime at half past 7 o'clock the same enting.

At each and every of the said at favour and such place will arrive at Baltime at half past 7 o'clock the same enting.

At each and every of the said at the said and the said an laryland, as connected with the asso-lation of Provinces and Colonies, at hat time formed, for mutual protectinatume turmed, for mutual projection against the improper assumption of hower on the part of the Mother Country, yet none of these works embrace what may be termed its Homestic and

es, daring spirit, and determined re-

eriod of Joubt and dismay.

ution, of her citizens, during this

In the confident expectation that the

itizens of Maryland will consider the

oposed publication of sufficient im-

tance to entitle it to their patron

The Price per Copy, not to ex

FRESH GOODS.

Basil Shephard, Merchant Tailor,

Takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public, that he ha-jost

rrived with a new and handsome ds

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

of the most approved colours and quality, consisting in part of the fol-lowing:

Black, Blue, Grey, Olive, and

Drukes Head Green Cloths,

suitable for the season, together with a great variety of LASTINGS of various colours,

BLACK SILK CAMPILIN,

for gentlemen's wear, and a handsome

Aankeens, Bombazettes

and Drillings.

He has a superior assortment of

Vestings, consisting of Silks,

Together with a neat assurtment of

COLLARS AND STOCKS

Western Shore Treasury,

In Execution of the 6th Sec. of

the Act of 1826, Ch. 211,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That until the 1st June next, the

obscriber will receive Proposals

to lend to the State, on the 1st July

following, TWENTY THOUSAND DOL LARS, to be redeemable in three years, at the pleasure of the Legislature and

the interest whereof, at the rate to

e sgreed upon, to bepaid semi-annu

That on or after the 1st June, h

will contract for such loan at the

lowest rate of interest which shall be

proposed, not, however, exceeding 5 per cent.

George Mackubin, Treasurer W S. Md

Annapolis, 1st May. 1827.

for gentlemen's wear.
May 3.

Marseilles, White and Fi-

gured, and Valencius,

assortment of

and Cassimeres,

J. GREFN.

At each and every of the said a cea, passengers, and, where practi-ble, horses, carriages and other at cles, alive or inanimate, which can be conveniently accommodated on Board will be received. nternal Political History. The rates of passage money to This part of the history of Mary-land it should be her pride to hand down to posterity, not only on account if its deep interes, but as a public state Record of the voluntary sacrifias follows:

or every passenger from Easton, the Lundings on Third Haven, from Castle Haven to Baltimore

mence the season and pure

rrive at 6 o'clock in the avening

Leave Baltimore on the TUESDA

Leave Baltimore on the TUESDA and FRIDAY of every weeks at a clock in the morning, and proceed to face to a constraint of the constraint o

On the SUNDAY of every

For ditto from Easton, the said Landings, or from Castle Haven to Annapolis, or the

the reverse

or ditto from Annapolis to Baltimore, or the reverse For ditto from Baltimore to Clestertown or the interme-

diate place, or the reverse Por every horse or other beast equal size, from place to place respectively, the same

fare as for a passenger.
For every four wheel carriage
from any of the said places on the Eastern Shore to any of the said places on the

Western Shore, or the re verse

For every two wheel carriage from place to place as menti-cued in the last rule

or every four wheel carriage from Annapolis to Baltimore, or the reverse or every two wheel carriage

from Annapolis to Baltimore, or the reverse,

For every passenger, horse or gig, from Easton to Castle-Haven, or the reverse

And for every four wheel cary riage from or to Easton and Castle Haven,

or every passenger of colour from Easton or other place on the Eastern Shore to Baltimore, or the reverse

or Ditto from the Eastern T Shore to Annapolis, or from Annapolis to Baltimore, or the reverse

Articles of merchandize or other things which may conveni-ently be received and lades on board are subject to the same charges as for freight for the like articles on board

for every sheep or hog, or animal of the like size, carried from any one of the said places to the other,

f more than six of each kind, the charge will be reduced. in the discretion of the com-

In the passages between Balting In the passages between Baltimes and Amapoille, and between Baltimes and Chester town, if any passager going its the boat shall also retten aging day, the face shall fit caused but as for going or returning and not for both.

Under de ladustemer shall me steam be employed true in bedien for her ordinary voying to he are the west of owners.

wners.
The fare for any mee

The fare ros liquors The Maryland Republican, Anna polis, Gazette and American Batti more, will insert the above once i week till ist June next.

Notice.

G. Shaw & Dennis Claude, junior, having this day formed a partnership, their business will be conducted un der the firm of Shaw & Claude, a the Store heretofore occupied by

March 26, 1827.

SHAW & CLAUDE, Have recrived

A General Assortment Dry Goods,

Groceries, Ironmongery, Stationary, Drugs and Medicines, Liverpool & Glass Ware;

Which they offer for the upon rea sonable terms

April 25, 1827 R.C. Sw

Notice-

The sub-criber being anxious to settle his former business, requests those who are indebted to him, to close their accounts either by the pay ment of the money, or by bond or note G. Shaw April 26.

Land for sale

I will sell my turn, containing 1031 cres, about 50 acres cleared and cultivation, 23 acres of which is primi meadow. The improvements are a comfortable Log Dwelling. Stables, two Tobacco houses and other necessary out buildings, several springs of pure water, convenient to the dwel ling. Also another Tract, about onmile distant rom the bove containing 120 acres, all in thriving yourg l'imber, and rich meadow ground excepting about ten acres, which are in cultivation. There is a large tobac co house and a small dwelling on this tract, other lands djoining these tracts can be had at fair prices. Per sons desirous of purchasing will call on the subscriber living thereon. ge, the Subscriber is induced to issue These lands are situate in the upper part of A. A county, about four miles from Lisbon.

Warner Welsh. May 3.

Notice.

The creditors of Abel Joice, of An ne Arundel county, decessed, are re-quired to file their claims, duly authen-ticated, with the relister of the chan-cery court, within four months from

Notice

The Commissioners of the Tax for Anne Arundel county, will meet at the court house in the city of Anna polis, on Tue-day the 15th day of May inst. for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, &c.

By order,
R I Cowman, Clk.
May 3. 2 R

State of Maryland, sc. Anne Arundel county Orphans Court, April 20th, 1827.

kins (of Thos.) late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Guzeire.

THOS. H. HALL. Reg. Wills, A A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscribers of Anne Arun del County, have obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nicholus Watkins (of Thos.) late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to ex hibit the same, with the vouchers hereof, to the subscribers, at or be fore the 28th day of October next, they may otherwise by law be ex-cluded from all benefit of the said es-'ate Given under our hands this 20th day of April 1827.

Rachel Wetkins, Admr's.
Benjamin Watkins, April 26.

Laws of Maryland.

n Act to explain the Law in relation to clair-lestine Removals to avoid dis tress for

[Passed March 13, 1827.] WHEREAS doubts exist as to the meaning of the law now in force respecting clandestine removais: And whereas decisions have been made

contrary to the probable intention of

said law: I'nerctore, 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the first day of May next, all removals of personal property, owned by any tenants, and removed by said tenant, or by his or her order and direction, from the premises occupied by said tenant, and for the occupation of which rent shall be due, or about to become due, if the said property be removed as aforesaid, within thirty days before the time said rent will become due, the said removal, whether by day, or night, shall be considered a clandestine removal, and the property so removed, shall be hable to be followed and distrained, in the same manner as if it were found on the premises rented and occupied by such tenant, within the time limited for distraining for rest due; Provided, that such property shall not have been sold to a bona fide purchaser without notice, or taken in executi-

An Act to enable the Trustees of County, and other Schools and Academies, to recover and obtain possession of the Finnes and other Property and Effects, belonging to such Schools and Academies.

[Passed March 13, 1827.]

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several county courts of this state shall have power, and it is hereby declared to be their duty, on the application by petition, in writing, of the trustees, or a majority of the trustees, or other persons having the lawful charge and possession of any county, or other school or academy within their county, alleging that any person or persons hath or have in his or their hands or possession, or have concealed any money, property or effects, belonging to such school or academy, which such person or persons refuse to pay or deliver to the trustees, or other persons having charge thereof, to order that such person or persons shall, within ten days after service on him or them of a copy of such petition, answer on oath, or affirmation, the allegations and interrogatories therein contained; and on such answer being filed, or other proof taken ex parte, if the persons charged shall neglect, after notice, to answer, the court shall order the payment of any money, or delivery of any property, which shall appear to be improperly detained or concealed, and enforce obedience to such order in a summary way, by attachment and imprisonment, or the court may in their discretion order the money or property, or effects in dispute, to be brought into court to await the decision of any question that may occur as to the right, and may direct an issue, if deemed necessary, to try such question of right; On application by petition, of Rachel Warkins and Benjamin Wat kins, administrators of Nicholas Wat.

such payment by attachment and im-2. And be it enacted, That every person who shall wrongfully detain or conceal, or aid in detaining or concealing, from the trustees of any school or academy, or other person or persons lawfully entitled to have or receive the same, any fund, money, property or effects, belonging to such school or academy, for the space of ten days after the same shall be demanded, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, to be recovered by indictment or action of debt, one half for the use of the informer, and the other half for the use of the state.

An Act to declare certain Trespasses Felo-ny, and for other purposes.

[Passed March 13, 1827.] 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That if any person shall cut down, or cause or induce any person to cut down, any timber or tree, of a size not less than those commonly used for hoop poles, with intent to steal the person to steal the same, or any part | first sold.

thereof, every person so offending, his aiders and abetters, having knowhis aiders and abetters, having know-ledge of such intent to steal, shall be adjudged guilty of felony, and shall be sentenced to such punishment as now is, or hereafter may be, prescribed by law for feloniously stealing goods or chattels to the va lue of the tree or trees, which shall be so cut down as aforesaid, and of the injury thereby occasioned

2. And be it enacted, That every person who shall advisedly and maliciously, with intent to injure the owner of any land, house or building, cut down any tree, or cut down, break, dig or pull up, or in any other manner destroy or injure any growing grain, shrubs, herbs, vines or vegetables, or shall cut, break, pull off, destroy or injure, any part of any house, or o-ther building, or of any wall or fence, or any ornament, or other valuable article attached to any house or other building, wall or fence, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be adjudged to be fined or imprisoned, or both, in the discretion of the court before which any such person shall be tried and convicted.

3. And be it enacted, That nomery, Anne-Arundel, Somerset, Caroline, or Charles counties.

An Additional Supplement to an Act relative to Licenses, passed at December session eighteen hundred and tweiny-four, chapter one hundred and forty-eight.

[Passed March 12, 1827]. Be it enacted by the General

Assembly of Maryland, That the county clerks shall, in the recess of court, grant lice ses to retailers of spirituous liquors, for a term not less han twelve months from the date thereof, on their entering into a recognizance, with two securities, before a justice of the peace, that they will comply with the provisions of the several laws of this state relative to retailers of spirituous liquors.

An Act requiring the Commissioners of Lot terres to give Bond.

[Passed March 10, 1827.] 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the present commissioners of lotteries, and those that may hereafter be appointed, shall annually, between the first and teath days of April, each give bond to the state of Maryland, with two securities, to be approved by the judges of Baltimore city court, each bond to be in the penal sum of twenty thousand dellars, conditioned, that the said commissioners shall well and truly perform and discharge all the duties required of him, as a commissioner of lotteries, and that he, whilst such commissioner, will abstain from and avoid, all manner of concern or interest in the gain or losses of any lottery scheme, or be concerned in the purchase of any lottery ticket or tickets, or parts thereof, that he will faithfully pay over all monies which shall come into his hands, as a commissioner of lotteries, to the person or persons bodies politic or corporate, who shall be entitled to receive the same, and will in all respects comply with the requisitions of the laws of this state, and such as may hereafter be enacted in relation to his duty as a commissioner of lotteries; and the said bonds shall be recorded among the records

of Baltimore city court, by the clerk of said court, and an office copy thereof, under the hand of the clerk, and seal of the court, shall be, to all intents and purposes, as available evidence in any court of justice in this state, and elsewhere, as the original, if produced and legally proved; and the state of Maryland, and and all bodies politic or corporate, or individuals who may be interested in the performance of the duties intended to be secured by the said bond, shall be at liberty to demand a copy of said bond, and to bring a suit thereon in the name of the state, for his, her or their use, and may re cover thereon the full amount of debt or damages which he, she or they, may show him, her or themselves,

entitled to, or have sustained. 2. And be it enacted, That the commissioners of lotteries shall not permit any state lottery to commence drawing until seventeentwentieths of same, or cause or induce any other the tickets in said lottery have been

[Passed March 13, 1827.]

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That i shall be the duty of the collectors of the tax of the several counties respectively, to ascertain and report to the next general assembly the number of deaf and dumb residents of their respective counties.

2. And be it enacted, That for the services which each collector of the tax may render in this behalf, he shall receive the sum of one dollar for every individual so ascertained as aforesaid to be deaf and dumb.

A Further Supplement to an act, entitled, An act o incorporate a Company to make a Turnpike Road from the contemplated Budge over the River Susquehanna, at Conowingo creek, to the Pennsylvana line.

[Passed March 12, 1827.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall be lawful for the commissioners named in the original act, passed at December session eighteen hundred and sixteen, chapter two hundred and thirty-five, or those named in a supplement thereto, passed at December ession eighteen hundred and twentything herein contained shall be so construed as to apply to Allegany, Cecii, Harford, Worcester, Montgothat they may see proper, to open books for taking subscriptions for stock in the said turnpike road company; and any subscriptions so taken or made shall be as binding, as if taken or made at the time or times limited by the original act, or the for-mer supplement thereto, any thing therein to the contrary notwithstanding.

> A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland Hospital. [Passed March 13, 1827.]

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the governor and council be and they are hereby authorised and empowered, upon the conveyance by the mayor and city council of Baltimore of all the right, title, interest in, and claim of, the city of Baltimore, in and to the hopital, and the lot of ground upon which the same is erected, to the president and visitors of the Maryland Hospital, as incorporated by the act to which this is a supplement, and the delivery of the possession thereof to the said president and visitors, to guarantee to the said may or and city council the amount of any sum or sums of money expended by them out of the funds of said city, in the purchase of the ground, and the erection of the hospital, and other buildings thereon, not exceeding five thousand dollars, the same to be appropriated to the erection of a house or establishment for the reception and care of persons affected with any contagious or infectious disease, as provided in the act to which this

is a supplement. 2. And be it enacted, That the governor and council shall not be authorised to proceed under this act unless they are fully satisfied that the entire right, title, interest in, and claim to, said property, is a, the date of the conveyance provided by this act, vested in the mayor and city council of Baltimore.

An Act to authorise William Wailes to ap-peal from the decision of the Levy Court of Somerset County.

[Passed March 13, 1827,] Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Wailes, of Somerset county, be and he is hereby authorised and empowered, to appeal from the decision of the levy court of Somerset county, relative to a certain road laid out and opened by them, leading from Salisbury to the Delaware line; and the judges of Somerset county court are directed to receive and hear said appeal, and give such judgment thereon as may be consistent with justice and the law, any act of assembly to the contrary notwithstanding.

CANARIES.

Besides the loss sustained at Oratavo by the storm in the Canary Islands last fall, 130 houses, with a large number of the inhabitants, were destroyed at La Guancha. A Guimar, six lives were lost, and eight houses in the vicinity destroyed; and at Candelaria, 2 houses, a prison, a church and the castle were destroyed. had too often disob; yed. Look at Sav. Georgian.

THE TEACHER IN THE SAB. BATH SCHOOL.

From the Family Visiter.

I was invited on a fine morning by a lady, to go with her to a Sunday School of which she was a manager: and, not having a place of worship to attend, I consented, for I was desirous of seeing in what manner religious instruction—the avowed object—was offered to the chil-dren. On this subject I had rather peculiar opinions, and had so often been disappointed in my vists of the same nature, that, although I had great confidence in my friend's good sense and piety, I feared lest again I should find that the instruction consisted in hearing a hymn, the Catechism repeated, and a few chapters in the testament read-not explain-

I was pleased on my arrival at the

school by the general appearance of

the scholars. They were all decent and neat. The girls received their teachers with a courtesy, and the boys respectfully took off their hats. This was a good sign. I am always inclined to think well of children who are civil and humble in their manners. An ill-bred child can never be an amiable one. I was still more pleased by the respect and seriousness, with which they listened to. and participated in, the hymn, chapter, and prayer, with which the presiding manager open-ed school. Each teacher stood at the head of the class assigned her, to observe order, and I. of course, took my station by the side of my friend, whose lot was the first class of boys. It was a regulation that each child should commit to memory the text of some one of his tickets, and that he should repeat it as soon as school opened. A boy apparently of eleven years of age, whose countenance bespoke good sense, but whose manner was so carcless and indifferent as to convince me, that his heart was not in his lesson, approached the lady and, handing his blue ticket, hurried over the solemn charge, "Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth." Edward, said his teacher, what do you mean by "remembering your Creator?" He looked astonished at the question, and for a moment did not answer what seemed to him a very simple one. At length he replied, I mean that I must not forget there is a God. And what benefit will it be to you just to remember that there is a God? Having once known, 'tis impossible, Edward, you could forget that, unless your memory was destroyed. You could not see the bright sun shining in the heavens, you could not hear the rolling thunder, without recollecting from whom cometh sunshine and rain. Is there nothing more meant by this command, do you think? He was silent. The class drew nearer, and so did I, for this was "instruction." Edward, said the lady, if your father, who is, I know, a kind and tender one, were to send you to school in a distant country, where he knew you would meet with many wicked children, and that by consenting to do as they did, you would compel him, when you returned, to forbid you his house where good and obedient children only were permitted to enter; in order o save you from \$0 dreadful a fate, he were to give you a set of rules and strict commandments, and were to say to you, "My son, it is only by following these that you can escape great misery, and show your love and gratitude to me, while you are gone, then remember your father," what would he mean by that charge? That I should remember all he had said to me, and keep his commands, said the boy. And if you forget them, or what is the same thing, if you neglected them, and if you neglected them, and did the very things he had for-bidden, and kept company with those wicked children, who despised his laws and every day insulted him by word or deed, could you blame your father if, when you returned, he refused to let you enter his house, where all was innocence, and peace, and obedience?-No, madam, said the child, whose serious countenance and manner, showed that he began to comprehend her meaning, and whose down-cast eves and crimson cheek, made me suspect that he had a kind father at home, whose commands he