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For Sale,
THE VALUABLE BRICK BUILDING.
In this City, now occupied as a Tavern, by Mrs. Robinson. This building is very commodious, and is quite suitable for the purpose for which it is now used. In all it contains 24 rooms. For particulars apply to the subscriber, Hyde Bay, Annapolis, Oct. 20, 1826.

Hirelings Wanted.
Wanted at the Alum and Copper Works, on the Magothy River, for the year 1827, TWELVE good HANDS, for whom liberal wages will be given, payable half yearly. Apply at the Works, or to Mr. Joseph Sands, at Annapolis.
Nov. 7.

For Sale.
The subscriber will sell at Private Sale, the
Schooner Packet
Commodore John Rodgers. She is lying at the wharf of the Messrs. Barbers, and may be examined by those who wish to purchase.
John Barber, of Geo. u
Nov. 2

Sheriffalty.
John Knighton,
Respectfully notifies his Fellow-Citizens of Anne-Arundel county, and the City of Annapolis, that he is a Candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the election to be held in 1827; and solicits their suffrages.
April 27.

To Rent
The Farm belonging to Mrs. Mary Howard, on the South side of the Severn, lately occupied by Mr Peter Miller, and contiguous to his own. Possession to be given in March next.
Apply to A. Randall.
Nov. 9

Sheriffalty.
To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.
The subscriber having been solicited by many of his Friends, offers himself as a Candidate at the election for Sheriff in 1827, and respectfully solicits their suffrages. Should he be honoured with their support, he pledges himself no exertions shall be wanting on his part to give satisfaction in the execution of the duties of that office.
Thos. W. Turner.
Oct. 27

Farm to Rent.
The subscriber offers for Rent the FARM formerly the property of Francis T. Clements esq. Terms may be known on application to Hyde Bay, Annapolis.
Sept 28

Anne-Arundel County, to wit:
I hereby certify, that Upton Wade brought before me, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosure, a DARK BAY GELDING, about six years old, full fifteen hands high, a small white spot on his forehead, has three old shoes on, has his tail nicked, paces, trots and canters, and has been worked in gears. Given under hand of me, one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, this ninth day of October 1826.
Nathan Shipley.
The owner of the above gelding is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
Upton Wade.
Nov. 9.

Cabinet Making.
The subscriber, at his shop in Francis Street, one door above Mr. N. J. Watkins, and just below Mrs. Gambrill's Boarding House, respectfully tenders his thanks for the patronage afforded him. Having laid in a large assortment of Mahogany, and procured good workmen, he is prepared to execute work in the best and most fashionable style. He solicits a share of public favour.
He will likewise furnish and superintend.

FUNERALS.
On the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.
He will also attend to the business of
UPHOLSTERS.
Joseph Wood.
Jan. 24

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JONAS GREEN,
MURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

JOHN T. DISNEY,
Woolen Draper, Tailor, and
Habit Maker,
Informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken Mr. Nicholas J. Watkins's business and stock in goods, and now carries on the above business in Mr. Coe's Brick Shop, formerly occupied by Mr. Watkins, and directly opposite Williamson's Hotel. He has also just received a splendid assortment of
FASHIONABLE SPRING GOODS,
Among which are the following:
Superior's Best Blk. and Blue Cloths.
do do do do
Superfine Green and Olive do
Superfine Brown and Claret do
Superfine and second Grey Mixt do
Superfine Black, Mixed, Drab, Orange, Light, White and other Coloured Cassimers,
Black Satin, Twilled Bombazettes, Remark Sattin, and Lastings, of assorted colours.
Woolen, Plain and Striped, of every description.
English and French Florentines, White Buff and Figured Marseilles, and a few Patent Suspensives of a superior quality.

JNO T. DISNEY, Confidently believes that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may be pleased to patronize him, having had the advantage of acting as Foreman for Mr. N. J. Watkins for the last six years, and receives the fashions regularly four times a year from Philadelphia. The public may be assured that their work will be done in the latest and most approved fashions in the manner, as his workmen are of the most superior kind. He respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
N. B. A specimen of the Fashions, drawing, may be seen by calling at his Shop.
29

State of Maryland, &c.
Anne-Arundel county, (Orphan Court Oct. 19, 1826.
On application by petition of Isaac Owens, of Ben. administration of Richard Phipps, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette. Thos. H. Hall, Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

Notice is hereby given,
That the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphan Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Richard Phipps, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 25th day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 10th day of October, 1826.
Isaac Owens, (of Ben.) Adm'r.
Oct. 24. 6w

An Overseer Wanted.
Wanted as an Overseer, a Single Man who has been accustomed to Farming, and can come well recommended for his honesty, sobriety, and industry. Apply to the subscriber, on the North side of Severn, six miles from Annapolis.
James Mackubin.
Sept 28.

Wanted to Hire,
A NEGRO WOMAN,
That can come recommended. Apply at this Office.
Sept. 16.

Valuable Land for Sale.
The subscriber will sell at private sale,
THE FARM
on which he resides, lying in the neighbourhood of West River, Anne Arundel county, eleven miles from Annapolis, on the post road leading from thence to Calvert and Charles counties. The tract contains 250 acres, and is in a good state of cultivation. There are on it a comfortable dwelling House, three tobacco Houses, Quarter, Stable, and all other necessary out Houses, and an abundance of timber and water for the place. A more minute description is deemed unnecessary, as any one wishing to purchase will no doubt view the premises.
John G. Rogers.
Nov. 23.

Public Sale.
By virtue of an order of the Orphan Court of Anne-Arundel County, the subscriber will offer at public sale, at the late residence of Zachariah M'Coney on West River.
On Thursday the 14th December next, If fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, part of
The Personal Estate
Of Zachariah M'Coney; also the personal property of Miss Martha M'Coney, consisting of a number of valuable

Public Sale.
By virtue of an order from the Orphan Court of Anne Arundel County, the subscriber will offer at public sale,
On Monday, the 18th December next, If fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, at the late residence of Rezin Watkins, at Aberdeen, near the Lower Ferry, on South River.
All the Personal Estate
Of Rezin Watkins, deceased, consisting of Five Negroes, Household Furniture, two Cows, &c. Terms of sale.—For all sums of and above twenty dollars, a credit of six months will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond, with security, with interest from the date, under twenty dollars the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at ten o'clock. Samuel Watkins, Adm'r.
Nov. 28.

Notice is hereby given,
That the subscriber of the city of Baltimore, has obtained from the Orphan Court of Anne-Arundel County, letters of administration de bonis non, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Zachariah M'Coney, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment.
Benj. M'Coney, Adm'r. de bonis non W. A.
Nov. 23.

Notice is hereby given,
That the subscriber of the city of Baltimore, has obtained from the Orphan Court of Anne Arundel County, letters of administration on the personal estate of Miss Martha M'Coney, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment.
Benjamin M'Coney, adm'r.
Nov. 23.

MISCELLANY.
THE BRIDE'S FAREWELL.
Why do I weep—to leave the vine,
Whose clusters o'er me bend?
The myrtle—yet, oh! call it mine!
The flowers I loved to tend.
A thousand thoughts of all things dear,
Like shadows o'er me sweep,
I leave my sunny childhood here;
Oh! therefore let me weep!
I leave thee, sister!—we have play'd
Through many a joyous hour,
Where the silvery green of the olive shade
Hung dim o'er fount and bower!
Yes! thou and I, by stream by shore,
In song, in prayer, in sleep,
Have been as we may be no more;
Kind sister! let me weep!
I leave thee, father!—Eve's bright moon
Must now light other feet,
With the gather'd grapes & the lyre intune,
Thy homeward steps to greet!
Thou in whose voice, to bless thy child,
Lay tones of love so deep,
Whose eye o'er all my youth hath smiled;
I leave thee! let me weep!
Mother! I leave thee!—on thy breast
Pouring out joy and woe,
I have found that holy place of rest
Still chargeless—yet I go!
Lips that have lull'd me with your strain,
Eyes that have watch'd my sleep!
Will earth give love like yours again?
Sweet mother! let me weep!

Communicated for the Virginia Herald.
L. B. R. S.
Extracts from letters written by a young Virginian now in Algiers.
This is confined exclusively to Consul's families, which consist of the English, French, Dutch, Danish, Swedish, Sardinian, Neapolitan, and Portuguese. Among them I find great hospitality, intelligence and accomplishments. I generally pass several days when I make a visit. We all speak French or Italian. The Turks and Moors never make or receive visits from Christians, and seldom among themselves. Their ladies are never allowed to leave the house, except to go to the baths, where they collect from each other the news of the town. They are very ignorant, as they are never taught, and have no intercourse. When they accidentally appear in the streets, they are covered with a white muslin, which conceals their whole face, leaving only the eyes to direct them, which may be seen like brilliant jets. They are said to be beautiful, but I have never seen any face except with a spy glass from the terrace, and therefore cannot judge. Every house has a flat terrace, on which the women are allowed to walk in the evening, precisely such as David was walking upon when he unhappily espied Bathsheba. If I should be found conversing with a Mahomedan woman, I would be expelled the country, and she tied up in a sack and thrown into the sea. Such is their contempt for Christians. There is a little girl who sometimes comes to the wall that separates our terraces, but she will soon be old enough to put on the adja, or covering for the face, and I shall never again see her. As the ladies are never allowed to see men, marriages are contracted by third persons, and the husband sees his bride for the first time at the nuptials. A little girl of about four years of age, the grand-daughter of a former Bashaw, was brought here on the festival of Beiram, by her black Eunuch; she had perhaps \$10,000 worth of jewels on her neck, hands and ankles; around which last, there were golden ornaments, enclosing something that made a tinkling noise as she walked. This is that mentioned in the 5d chap. 18th verse of Isaiah: And "in that day" the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments about their feet." I refer you to that chapter for the dress of Oriental women. They wear, however, a peculiar head dress, called a Samarra made of gold or silver, and which projects nearly two feet from the head.—Eight pretty Greek girls were late-

ly brought here as captives to the Algerines, who are engaged with the Turks in their unholy war with the Greeks. These were presented to different officers of government.
THE CITY.—This contains about 80,000 inhabitants, 15,000 Turks, and the rest Moors, Arabs, Jews, Negroes and Kabyles. The Turks veign as conquerors. The Moors came from Spain, and the Arabs from Egypt. The Jews are to be found in every part of the globe, according to prophecy; and here their number is large. They are not treated as well as the dogs of Mahomedans, but are allowed to have their synagogues. The negroes are slaves here, as in America, and are bought and sold at the public bazaar or market place. Their condition is infinitely better among us, than here or in their own country, farther in the interior. These people are identically the same as those on our plantations, except that a *Virginia nigger* is much freer, and feels more importance. The Kabyles are to this country what the Indians are to ours, except that they have never been conquered by the Turks. The tribes of the interior preserve their original independence. All these people are Mahomedans, except the Jews, who ever wild adhere to their religion. They have told me, that they lived in expectation of being gathered together under their Messiah, when Jerusalem would be rebuilt. Of their faith in this, and of their affection for the Holy Land you may judge from this fact: It is customary for old men, when retiring from business, to make over their property to their children, reserving for themselves the least possible support during their lives, and to embark for Palestine to die. All the houses are built of a sort of brick, and plastered white; as there is little wood about them we never have fires as at Constantinople. They have open squares in their centre, and corridors running round them. The streets are not large enough to admit a cart, and it is with difficulty one can ride through them. But this is wise; for it is a great defence against the intense heat which we suffer in summer. Until you come to this country, you cannot fully comprehend what the scriptures mean by the shadow of a high rock, or a cooling stream in a thirsty land. We have no springs of water, and that which we make use of is from an immense cistern, that receives all the rain water from the terrace of the house. Every house has one of these, without which, we would be eight months of the year and not a drop of water from earth or Heaven. You can now conceive how joyous the Israelites were when Moses opened the rock from which gushed streams of water.

BATHS.—These are not of water but of steam vapour. A large reservoir of water is heated in the room, under which is the fire. I have been to one, but shall never go again. I entered a very warm close room, having previously undressed. My attendant made me sit down on the stone floor, which was very warm; I soon perspired, and then directed to lie upon my back. Two boys then began to work my flesh as bread is kneaded, which is called scamporing. They then drew my limbs until they all cracked; but the operation was pleasant. They next put on gloves of hair-cloth, perfectly soft, with which they rubbed my whole person, and rolled from it large quantities of scurf skin. Soap was then put on my head, but it got into my eyes, and then you may suppose, that blinded with soap and suffocated with heat, I made some efforts to escape. However, I submitted to the full operation, and was then dried and covered with rolls of white cotton cloth. I was then conducted to an apartment, while I and my attendant reclined for half an hour, drank coffee, and then took leave of the bath, for ever, as to myself. Every house, sufficiently large, has one of these baths—ours is a beautiful one. The ladies use them so often that their flesh becomes as soft as jelly. This, and their early marriages, cause them to look wretchedly at the age of thirty. The Bashaw's daughter of ten years was lately married to the Aga's son of sixteen.

RELIGION.—You can read a better account of this in Martindale's, Buck's, or Wond's Theological Dictionary, than I can give you. When I arrived here the great fast called the Ramazan, had commenced. This lasts for one month; during which the Mahomedans are not allowed to eat, drink or smoke, from sun-rise to sun-set; at which time the palace gun announces the hour of eating. After the Ramazan, the feast of Beiram commences, when alms are distributed, and the people devote themselves to games and rejoicings for three days. The mosques are very plain in their structure, as becomes houses of worship. They are lighted by large numbers of small lamps suspended from the roof. They have a small pulpit but no seats. The Musselmans leave their shoes at the door, and while in the mosque continue to kneel or sit on the floor. When they pray, they turn to Mecca, as Daniel did towards Jerusalem; and whenever the hours of prayer arrive, they prostrate themselves, in whatever place, or about whatever business they may be. There are five times of prayer in the day. I have seen these people praying on the road side, and in various situations. They call us Christian dogs; so that you perceive they consider themselves as professing the true religion. I have not yet visited the Bashaw, which I hope, however to do shortly. I will hereafter describe him.

"High on a throne of royal state," rich
With "barbaric pearls and gold."
During a residence here of four months, I have had an opportunity of proving the salubrity of this climate—I may call that salubrious which does not induce violent fevers or epidemics. The plague, which prevails occasionally, is generated in the Levant and Constantinople, and imported in ships. But, as this occurs in periods of ten or twenty years, it is not likely to happen during my residence; if it does it is not so dangerous as the yellow fever, or its various types, which sometimes ravage our country. (see ports.) for there is no infection of the atmosphere, and it is only communicated by contagion, which may easily be avoided. But this climate does certainly affect Europeans more than the natives; for all foreigners are subject to acute headaches, immensely large-bills, &c.

Our Consul has for several years been afflicted with head-aches, that occur every three or four days, and are so intense that he cannot leave his bed during their continuance. The consequence is, he visits France as often as he possibly can, where he is relieved from them. I have experienced no malady but mild dysenteries and cutaneous eruptions. But the luxurious mode of living among the Consular families, and their consequent inaction, is sufficient to account for much of their maladies.

It is stated in the French papers, that the revenue of France, the first nine months of this year, exceeds that of the same period of 1825, by upwards of 13,000,000 francs.

MARYLAND AND STATE REGISTER.



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