

The clerk of the senate delivers a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Susquehanna and Elkton turnpike company, endorsed 'will pass,' read and referred to Messrs. Gilpin, Williams and Harlan.

Also a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate a company for the purpose of building a bridge over the river Susquehanna, at Havre-de-Grace, endorsed 'will pass,' read and referred to Messrs. Hall, Thomas and Sewell.

Also a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Alexander Hemphill, of the city of Philadelphia, endorsed 'will pass,' read and referred to Messrs. Howard, Shower and Tyson.

And the resolution relative to the road from Washington to New Orleans, endorsed 'assented to.'

Also a bill, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of obtaining and altering public roads in Baltimore county, endorsed 'will pass,' read and referred to Messrs. M'Culloch, Shower and Turner.

And the following message: By the Senate, February 27, 1826.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, The senate have received your message proposing the appointment of a joint committee to examine the bills in each house, and report those that are necessary to be acted on before its adjournment, and concur therewith; they have appointed Messrs. Tilghman and Keut, to join the gentlemen named by you for the above purpose.

By order, Wm. Kilty, Clk.

Also returns a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to establish state warehouses for the inspection of tobacco in the city of Baltimore, endorsed 'will pass with the proposed amendments,' which amendments were read.

And delivers a bill, entitled, An act relating to insolvent debtors, endorsed 'will pass,' which was read and referred to the standing committee on insolvencies.

Also returns the bill relative to two roads in Cecil county, with the following message: By the Senate, February 26, 1826.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, The senate regret that your house have rejected the bill, entitled, A supplement to an act to lay out and make public two roads therein mentioned in Cecil county.

The object of this bill is to confirm the proceedings of the commissioners who acted under the original act, and which are thought to be invalid, in consequence of the plots and certificates of the surveyor not having been returned within the time prescribed by the third section of that act. The senate are advised, that all the other requisitions of the first act have been complied with, and that the road referred to, by the bill under consideration, was opened at considerable expense to the county concerned, and was immediately after partially obstructed by a few individuals only, who supposed the road not to be legally opened, because of the defect of the return of the plot, &c.

If the senate were satisfied that this obstruction would be removed by the levy court of Cecil county, they would not ask of your house a reconsideration of this bill, but they doubt very much whether the court has the power to remove it, either under the act of 1821, chap. 152, or the supplement to that act passed at the ensuing session, chap. 18; neither of these laws seem to apply to the case before them. By the first of these laws, the power vested in the levy court is confined to the opening of an entire new road, or the shutting or altering an old one. By the supplement, this power is extended to opening or continuing open any road formerly, or then used, (that is to say, before or at the time of the passage of the supplement,) for the purpose of going to mill, market, or to church.

It may be contended, that the clearing away the obstruction will not be the opening an entire new road, within the meaning of the first of these laws; and it is obvious that it will not be to open or continue open such roads as are embraced by the latter law, as in fact, the road we are considering, was not open at the time of the passage of that law, or at any previous time, and it is to roads of that kind only that this last law relates. Under these considerations the senate hope that your house will, upon reconsideration, pass the bill referred to, which is now returned to your house.

By order, Wm. Kilty, Clk.

Also the resolution in favour of the representatives of Ninian Pinkney, endorsed 'assented to.'

The bill for the relief of the sheriff of Queen-Anne's county, was read the second time.

Mr. Williams moved to insert the words "which said commission shall be paid by the officers for whose account the said fees shall be collected." Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Beckett moved to strike out "12 1/2 per cent." Resolved in the affirmative. Mr. Williams moved to fill it up with "11 per cent." Determined in the negative. On motion by Mr. Beckett, "10 per cent." was inserted. Mr. Douglass moved to insert "Dorchester county." Mr. Beckett moved to insert "Calvert." Mr. Hughlett moved to insert "Caroline county." Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Thomas the title was amended by making it read "An act for the relief of the sheriffs of the several counties therein mentioned."

The question was then put, Shall the said bill pass? The yeas and nays being required appeared as follows:

Messrs. Welch, Wickes, Beckett, Millis, A. E. Jones, Teackle, B. I. Jones, Brohawn.

Messrs. Kilgour, Millard, Hawkins, Boon, Harris, Estep, Chapman, Edelen, Worthington, Shower, Turner.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Hawkins, the bill for the benefit of Thomas Harth, Elizabeth Nott for her infant children, and Belinda Ford of Saint-Mary's county, was referred to the 1st of June next.

The amendments reported to the supplement to the act entitled, An act for the improvement of M'Clure's dock in the city of Baltimore, were assented to.

The bill to divorce Charles Warfield and Sarah his wife, was read the second time and passed.

The bill to divorce Mary Roberts, and her husband, was read the second time.

Mr. Thomas moved to refer the same to the next general assembly. Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Chapman reports a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of John M. Stewart.

Mr. Beall presents a petition from Peggy Brown for support; referred to the standing committee.

The house adjourns until to-morrow morning 9 o'clock.

Tuesday, February 28, 1826.

The house met. Present the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The bill to repeal an act to authorise the levy court of Washington county to levy a sum of money for the purpose of purchasing and providing a farm for the better and more economical support of the poor of Washington county, and for other purposes; the bill for the relief of the representatives of Walter Smith; the bill to authorise and empower the justices of the levy court of Saint Mary's county to fix and regulate the rates of public inns; the supplement to an act, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into one the several acts of assembly relating to public roads in Worcester county, passed December session 1824; the bill for the relief of the heirs at law of Lawrence O'Neale, late of Montgomery county; the bill to authorise Richard Lockwood, of Cecil county, to remove

two slaves from the state of Delaware into the state of Maryland; the bill to divorce Charles Warfield, and Sarah his wife, of the city of Baltimore; the supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the improvement of M'Clure's dock in the city of Baltimore, and the resolution in favour of George Page, were sent to the senate.

Mr. Millard delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the deposition of Hannah Bondet, and Anna Bailey, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a divorce for the said Hannah Bondet, have carefully examined the documents, and do not think sufficient reasons are offered to justify legislative aid; they therefore recommend that the petitioner have leave to withdraw her papers.

By order, W. H. Emory, Clk.

Which was read.

On motion by Mr. Speed the following resolution was read: Whereas, the general government have it in contemplation to establish a naval school, and to locate it, as is hoped and believed, at the city of Annapolis; Therefore,

Resolved, That when the governor and council shall receive satisfactory assurances that the general government have determined to establish said school, and to locate it in the city of Annapolis, they be and hereby are authorised to draw on the treasurer of the western shore, for the sum of five thousand dollars, which draft the said treasurer is hereby directed to pay, to be appropriated, under the direction of the governor and council, and the agents of the general government, for the benefit of said school, in such way as they may deem best.

Mr. Lansdale presents a petition from Elizabeth Beans, of Montgomery county; referred to the standing committee.

Mr. Stevens presents a petition from John Tilghman, and Richard I. Jones, praying relief; referred to Messrs. Stevens, Sudler and Hopper.

Mr. Gilpin obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the owners of such slaves as are or may be employed on the Chesapeake and Delaware canal, over the Maryland line, to bring back the same at any time within six months after the completion of that work. Ordered, That Messrs. Gilpin, Harlan and Thomas, report the same.

Mr. Teackle, from the committee of ways and means, delivers the following report: The committee of ways and means beg leave to present the following resolution:

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorised and required, to sell or dispose of all bank notes in the treasury that are not current, on the best practicable terms, at his discretion, and to receive the avails of such sale or disposition, subject to the appropriation of the legislature, if in his opinion the same shall be conducive to the public interest. All which is respectfully submitted.

By order, Isaac Hines, Clk.

Which was twice read, the resolution assented to, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Goldsborough delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the memorial of the American Colonization Society, report in part, as follows—

The general assembly of Maryland, believing that the objects of the American Colonization Society are most beneficial and salutary, and that to promote them by the national councils, would produce a national benefit; therefore,

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the senators in congress from this state be instructed, and the representatives requested, to support the application of the American Colonization Society to congress for aid and protection.

Which was read, the resolution assented to, and sent to the senate.

The engrossed bills from No. 66 to No. 113, inclusive, were read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returns the same, severally endorsed 'read and assented to.'

On motion by Mr. Maxcy, the following resolution was read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the president of the United States be requested to cause a survey to be made, for the purpose of ascertaining the practicability of a canal, connecting the Potomac river, or the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, with the Basin of Baltimore, both by a route north of the District of Columbia, and through it; and the expense necessary to complete the same, on a scale corresponding with that of the said Chesapeake and Ohio canal.

Resolved, That the governor be requested to transmit the above resolution to the president of the United States.

Mr. Gantt delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the petition of sundry persons of Anne-Arundel county, praying a law be passed to establish pointers and indexes throughout said county, beg leave respectfully to report—That they have had the same under consideration, and recommend that it be referred to the levy court of Anne-Arundel county.

Which was read.

Mr. Goldsborough delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the leave granted to bring in a bill to prevent persons residing out of this state from injuring the fisheries in the river Susquehanna below the Pennsylvania line, present the following report:

The late period at which this subject is presented, and the fixed determination of the general assembly to rise on a given and near day, forbid the hope of passing any bill through the different branches of this legislature at the present session. But as the subject confided to our care is one, whose tendency is to gratify the wishes and welfare of a large portion of the citizens of our sister state of Pennsylvania, and as we have every disposition to gratify her wishes, as far as we can go, we think it most eligible to leave this subject open for the present, that it may be early taken up by the next legislature, to whose attention we respectfully recommend it, and we conclude this report with the following resolution:

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the governor of this state be and is hereby requested, to forward a copy of this report, accompanied by letter, to his excellency the governor of Pennsylvania, to be by him laid before the legislative body of that state.

Read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Millard reports a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Ann R. Freeberger, of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Spencer reports a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Pamela Stallings, of the city of Annapolis.

Mr. Gilpin reports a bill to lay out and make public a road therein mentioned in Cecil county; which were read.

Mr. Kennedy reports a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the sale of tickets in a lottery to be drawn in Virginia for the disposal of the property of Thomas Jefferson; which was twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The resolution relative to the penitentiary was read the second time, assented to, and returned to the senate.

The clerk of the senate delivers the engrossed bills from No. 114 to No. 123, inclusive, severally endorsed 'read and assented to,' which were severally read, assented to, and returned to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returns the supplement to an act, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into one the several acts of assembly relating to public roads in Worcester county, passed December session 1824, endorsed 'will pass.' Ordered to be engrossed. Also the resolutions in favour of Robert Stewart and George Page, severally endorsed 'assented to.'

The resolution relative to repairing arms, was read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the amendments to the bill relative to the inspection of salted fish. Mr. Edelen in the chair. The committee rose, and the chairman reported the bill.

Wednesday, March 1.

The bill to change the location of part of the 10th and 11th election districts in Baltimore county; the additional supplement to the act for the benefit of the stockholders of the Havre-de-Grace Bank; and the bill to authorise the levy court of Anne-Arundel county, to levy a sum of money on said county, for the use of Jeremiah L. Boyd, of the city of Annapolis, were sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate delivers a bill declaring the power of the governor in certain criminals; read, endorsed 'will pass.'

TO THE PEOPLE OF ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, FELLOW CITIZENS,

Having been informed since the last election for delegates to represent this County in the state Legislature, of a report which was industriously put into circulation, to my injury, on the Saturday previous to the election, at the Regimental Cavalry meeting, at Annapolis; it becomes my duty in my own behalf, to take notice of it in this public manner, accompanying it with such testimony as will satisfy any unprejudiced mind, of its falsehood.

It appears, that on the day alluded to, somebody, having procured an old printed report, made at the call of Congress in 1820, for the names of public defaulters to government, in which my name, amongst others, was there erroneously introduced, took upon himself to give it all the currency he was capable of; with the view, evidently to destroy that support which he had reason to believe I would meet with in the lower part of the county, and particularly in the first district, in which he proved too successful. Had this assiduous dealer fairly and openly in the charge, by bringing it against me before the people, when I was present to meet it; it would but have accorded with that honourable and manly feeling which are the characteristics of a gentleman; and which is done from one to another. But as he has chosen to screen himself behind the curtain, and designed to seize upon the latest moment in the canvass, to circulate this report against me, it affords the most ample proof that he did not mean to deal honestly by me; and was it only necessary to converse with such as the author, of this untruth, I should have noticed it with the silent contempt he has so fairly earned for his labours. But as it has "gone forth to the world," the respect I owe to myself and as an act of justice to the public, to detect falsehood whenever it is endeavoured to be palmed upon them, makes it incumbent upon me to adopt this course to repel it. The facts are substantially these:—In 1816, being largely engaged in the manufacturing and shipment of gunpowder, I obtained a loan of 600lbs. from the ordnance department, in order to complete and expedite the shipment of a given quantity, for the return of which, I gave satisfactory security. Our business on closing their concerns in 1817, sold their powder works, obliging the purchaser, by their terms of sale, to release our names with the ordnance department, for the balance of powder then due, of 400lbs.

This arrangement being acceptable to that department, the purchaser, Mr. D. Bussard, on giving the security required, had the claim transferred to him. When I became apprized of the names of the house being returned on the list of defaulters, immediately addressed a letter to the speaker of the House of Representatives, (Mr. Clay) protesting against the injustice of the charge, & requesting investigation of our account. This letter caused a re-examination of the statement made against me, it was found, like many others, to be erroneous and a satisfactory explanation given. This is plain statement of facts as relates to this charge brought against me, of being a defaulter to government for upwards of \$20,000; and the best corroboration, I can adduce of its correctness, is the following letter from the head of that department and the gentleman with whom I negotiated the loan, in answer to one from me, which will clearly show that I am not, as the author of this charge would wish to make it appear, a public defaulter.

Ordinance Department, Washington, January 28, 1826.

Mr. J. S. Williams, Sir—In reply to your communication of the 30th ult. I beg to inform you, that by direction of the Secretary of War, you have been relieved from all liability on account of the gunpowder due to the U. States by your late firm, as a surety furnished by D. Bussard, and held by the government was deemed the most ample to secure the remaining balance due upon this loan, which he had assumed.

It is to be regretted, that any imputations prejudicial to your character, particularly as the claim of the government was transferred to Mr. Bussard in 1818, since which time your liability has been considered merely collateral. This being the case and the fact of your having been totally relieved from this liability, as above stated, it is to be hoped, will be considered sufficient to remove any of the reflections of which you complain. Very respectfully, I am, Sir, Your most obedt. Servant.

G. BOMFORD, Bt. Col. on Ordinance Service.

Thus, it will be perceived by this most undeniable testimony, that the claim was transferred in 1818, to the purchaser of the mills. The security furnished by him, being deemed, by the Department, the most ample. This gunpowder purchase, therefore, turns out to be all smoke.

I now take leave of the subject, expressing my most sincere regret, that I have been thus forced to defend myself in this public manner, against a charge as wicked as it is unwarrantable. I am not sensible of having merited the hostility of any man, and particularly of one who has felt it necessary to attack me in this manner. I admire even the foe who openly shows the ground he takes; but I cannot say I have much respect for the man who is acquired by this noble achievement, as expressed by me.

Yours, &c. J. S. WILLIAMS.

Highlands, Elkridge, February 28, 1826.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Monday the 9th day of March next, if fair, if not the next fair thereafter,

A TRACT OF LAND, Called, "Gosnell's Chance," and part of a tract called "Cumming's Farm," containing about 150 acres, whereof 100 acres are situated on or near Elkridge, and the balance adjoining the lands of Judge Doney. Terms of sale, one-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of the ratification thereof, and the residue to be paid in one year, with approved security. On the execution of the bond, and payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorized to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Louis Galeway, Trustee.

March 2, 1826.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Anne-Arundel county court, and to me directed against the goods and chattels of William Brown, suit of Jesse Iglehart, I have seized and taken in execution one Negro Woman named Susan, and hereby give notice, that on Thursday the 23rd day of March inst. at Merrill's Tavern at 12 o'clock, I will proceed to sell the said woman to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid.

R. Welch, Sheriff.

March 1st, 1826.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS: THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1826.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County.

Let myself as an ELECTOR OF THE SENATE, in the Election to be held on the 1st Monday in September next, and respectfully solicit your suffrages.

Your obedt. servant, WM. H. MARRIOTT.

The period of electing Electors of the Senate of Maryland is approaching.

THOMAS B. DORSEY, and REZIN ESTEP, Esquires, will be supported as Electors for Anne-Arundel county, by

M. VOTERS.

Major B. Taney, and Reverend Johnson, Esquires, have been selected by the Executive Council in the case of the State vs. Alexander Browne and others, now pending in the Supreme Court of the U. S.

The Internal Improvement Bill. The bill to establish a Board of Public Works in this state, passed the House of Delegates on Tuesday—says 32.

The resolution requesting the President of the U. S. to cause a survey to be made to ascertain the practicability of a canal from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the Baltimore basin, has been adopted by the legislature of this state.

COMMUNICATED.

MELANCHOLY DISASTER.

It is with painful regret that we undertake to record a melancholy accident which happened on Saturday last, and which issued in the death of a worthy citizen of this town—Mr. PHILIP SCHWARZ.

The deceased, and four others, two of them small boys, while proceeding up S. vein river, between one and two o'clock of that day, in a bateau, with a heavy sail upon her, were struck by a flaw of wind, and swamped. Mr. Schwarz, who was a man of considerable bodily vigour, and an expert swimmer, in his attempt to reach the shore, was unfortunately drowned; the others clung to the boat, until they were rescued from their perilous situation by the ferrymen, who witnessed the accident from the opposite shore, and very promptly hastened to their rescue.

Though measures were immediately taken to recover the body of Mr. Schwarz, they did not succeed until about 8 o'clock on Sunday morning, when it was found, and brought to this city.

By this afflictive event, a disconsolate wife has lost an affectionate husband, two infant children a kind protector and father, and many relatives and connections, a sincere friend. The frankness of Mr. Schwarz's disposition, and the natural goodness of his heart, had won him the esteem of many acquaintances, who will long remember his virtues, and lament his death.

On Sunday night last, it being very dark, a free coloured man in coming out of a house near the wharf, fell into the dock and was drowned. Notwithstanding he remained in the water but a short time, every effort to resuscitate him failed.

NEW ORLEANS.

The papers received from N. Orleans are to the 2d instant.

The Duke of Saxe Weimar was in that city. Late information from Vera Cruz states, that since the fall of the castle of St. Juan d'Ulloa, preparations spring up as if by magic. A detachment of troops had sailed for Campeachy—the ultimate destination supposed to be Vera Cruz. Thomas B. Reed, esq. is appointed a Senator in Congress, from the State of Mississippi. The steam boat Ramapo, on the Mississippi, had burst her boiler, and killed several hands severely.

The mail between Baton Rouge and New Orleans, had been robbed by a young man named Cox, of letters containing more than \$3000 of money, and a package of lottery tickets.

FROM JAMAICA.

The St. Christopher's Advertiser of the 31st January, contains a long account of a most destructive fire which broke out at Bridgetown (Barbadoes) on the 25th, in which about 150 houses were destroyed.

Mrs. General Mainwaring, gov. of St. Lucia, arrived at Barbadoes on the 11th.

N. Y. Advocate.

NEW MO...

As the Legislature on the 1st of January was indicated by the broken Englishman, was six feet tall, and was not come into the world for land nor self a wife. 12 years of should ever be upon court. He had been the United States he saw Miss that in every ed so well was resolved was at work. Mr. Keyser showing a D. yeast, when tested the ho when Miss with her back he stepped on his fist, and then him to bring carry l into execution up with her had already months. Miss Maria the prospect with such a tions of tion. The a suitable re to be impris the post, &c. When the se upon him, h the court ar Judges, I ha

From Key From here brig George Key West, who was very her (7th inst.) that previous Cruz, a fleet war were ly sisting of brig Victori troops from d'Ulloa to schrs. Tamp Federal C. ers. He wa cer, that a that forc inly exp States, and

Raleigh IN We are c this disea in a number fatal, in the State. We deaths in N tin and Ber a sickness of Winsor, a fi once in a fi are various taken with ears or th with pains disease being character, lieve, have to treat it, ed fatal. A that Calom junct, is us rific; and d ted, gargil lected. W ing that th affections, no serious has occurre ty.

A CORPS An occu singular na town on T person, who from this p committed 3d of Janu ence of the go at large ing last. taken ill, supposing rated; if jail, brot keeper rel taken back