

Saturday, February 4, 1826.

Mr. Merrick delivers the following report: The committee to whom were referred the resolutions relative to the mission to the congress of Panama, have considered them with the attention, which the importance of the subject demands, and beg leave to report— That they are ready to avow the most entire confidence in the fidelity, ability and patriotism, of the administration; a confidence which they believe to be generally and deeply felt by the people of this state; and that in relation to the momentous measure, which is the subject of the resolutions, so far as the views of the government have been developed, they know of nothing tending to shake that confidence. That this subject now engages the profound attention of the national legislature, to which lie open, avenues of information in regard to the foreign relations of the country, to which this body has not access. Under such circumstances, your committee are of opinion, that it would be premature, impolitic and unwise, to interfere with this subject. It is before the authorities, who alone have the lights to enable them to discern all its probable effects, upon the welfare of our country and of mankind at large, and to whom has been delegated the power to decide. The committee therefore report the resolutions without amendment, and pray to be discharged from the further consideration of them.

Monday, February 6, 1826.

The house met. Present the same members as on Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read. The resolutions relative to chancery papers, were sent to the senate. Mr. Williams moved the following message: By the House of Delegates, Feb. 6, 1826. Gentlemen of the Senate, We propose, with your concurrence, to terminate the session on Wednesday the 15th instant. Mr. Merrick moved to postpone it until the 25th inst? Determined in the negative. Mr. Eccleston moved to strike out the "15th" and insert "25th"? Resolved in the affirmative. Mr. Farquhar moved to postpone the further consideration thereof to the 10th of March? Determined in the negative. Mr. Teackle moved the following as a substitute: By the House of Delegates, Feb. 6, 1826.

Gentlemen of the Senate, We propose to appoint a joint committee to examine into and report upon the business pending in both branches, with a view to an adjournment of the legislature, and have nominated on the part of this house, Messrs. ———, to meet such gentlemen as may be appointed by your honourable body. Mr. Farquhar moved that the original and substitute be indefinitely postponed? Resolved in the affirmative. Mr. Thomas presents a petition from John Hanna, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be refunded money expended by him in endeavoring to apprehend the murderer of Evelina Cunningham; referred to Messrs. Thomas, Harlan and Howard. Mr. Sewell presents a petition from James Parnell, and Abraham J. Thomas, on behalf of the stockholders of the Harre-De-Grace Bank; referred to Messrs. Sewell, Hall and Williams. Mr. Farquhar obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the recovery of small debts out of court, and for other purposes. Ordered, That Messrs. Farquhar, Cockey and Sappington, report the same. Mr. Teackle delivers the following report: The committee on so much of the executive communication as relates to the evils arising from numerous tipping shops, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that they are aware of the prevalence of this evil, to an extent to be deplored by every wise and virtuous statesman; that it is a crying sin, and a fruitful source of idleness, profanation, crime and degradation, and calls aloud on the public authorities to apply the force of existing laws, and on every patriotic and philanthropic citizen to extend his aid towards repressing, by every legal and proper means, this most monstrous and increasing evil. The committee conceive, that the chief cause of this evil may be ascribed to the reduced price of spirituous liquors, and they have witnessed an augmentation of the present duty on imported rum, and gin, and brandys, and an excise on the distillation of domestic spirits, and therefore submit the following resolutions: 1. Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the senators of this state in the congress of the United States be, and they hereby are, instructed to use their influence in procuring an augmentation of the duties imposed upon the importation of spirituous liquors, and the imposition of an excise upon the distillation of domestic spirits; and that the avails of the said excise, shall be appropriated amongst the states, according to the ratio of direct taxation, for internal improvement in roads and canals, and towards the promotion of literature, in primary schools, one moiety to each of those important interests. 2. Resolved, That the representatives of this state in the congress of the United States, be requested to use their influence in procuring the enactment of the proper laws for effectuating the great objects of the foregoing resolution. 3. Resolved, That the governor and council be requested to transmit copies of the report, and of the foregoing resolutions, to the senators and representatives of this state in the congress of the United States. All which is respectfully submitted. Littleton Dennis Teackle, Chairman.

Which was read.

Mr. Howard delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the petition of Christian Mayer and Charles F. Mayer, beg leave to report: That the petitioners are defending the title to lands in Tennessee, under the will of a certain Solomon Kitts, which is recorded in the orphan court of Baltimore county, and a certified copy of which was offered in evidence in the circuit court of the United States. At the February term 1825, of the supreme court of the United States, it was decided, that according to the laws of Maryland, a copy of a will relating to lands was not evidence in a cause, wherein the title to land was included, and consequently could not be evidence in Tennessee. The prayer of the petitioners is, that for the purposes of justice, the register of the orphan court may be empowered to give them the original will to produce it in evidence. No other person, than the petitioners, being interested in the matter, the prayer appears to be reasonable and a bill is accordingly reported for that purpose. And a bill, entitled, An act for the delivery of the will of Solomon Kitts; which were read. Mr. Potter, chairman of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, delivers the following reports: The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, to whom was referred the petition of John Bond, of Hampshire county, in the state of Virginia, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to recommend the adoption of the following resolution: Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore pay to John Bond, of Hampshire county, in the state of Virginia, or to his order, during life, in quarterly annual payments, the half pay of a sergeant, as a further remuneration for his services during the revolutionary war. By order, Wm. H. Emory, Clk. The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, to whom was referred the petition of Daniel Smith, of Frederick county, have had the same under their consideration, and beg leave to recommend the adoption of the following resolution: Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore, pay to Daniel Smith, of Frederick county, or to his order, during life, in quarterly annual payments, the half pay of a private, as a further remuneration for his services during the revolutionary war. By order, Wm. H. Emory, Clk. The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, to whom was referred the petition of Thomas Barrett Sewell, of the city of Baltimore, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that they think he is not entitled to a pension; they therefore recommend that he have leave to withdraw his petition. By order, Wm. H. Emory, Clk. Which were read.

Tuesday, Feb. 7, 1826.

The house met. Present the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read. Mr. Grubb appears in the house. The bill to enable purchasers to obtain possession of lands and premises sold by sheriffs, coroners and elisors, at public auctions; and the bill to authorize the orphan courts of this state, to order the sale of the real estates in certain cases, were sent to the senate. Mr. Banning presents a petition from Daniel Luld, a revolutionary soldier, referred to the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims. Mr. Stevens delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the memorial of the practicing physicians of Kent and Queen Anne's counties, beg leave to report—that they have had the same under consideration, and are of opinion, that the prayer of the memorialists ought not to be granted. They therefore recommend that the memorialists have leave to withdraw their memorial. By order, Wm. H. Emory, Clk.

Which was twice read and concurred with. Mr. Howard presents a petition from James L. Hawkins, Nathaniel F. Williams and James B. Ringgold, praying relief; referred to the committee of ways and means. Mr. Barnes presents a petition from sundry inhabitants of Middle-town, praying that a sum may be levied on dogs within said town; referred to Messrs. Barnes, Cockey and Farquhar. Mr. Sappington presents a petition from David Justus, and others of Frederick county, praying they may be permitted to sell real property therein mentioned; referred to Messrs. Sappington, Howard and Tyson. On motion by Mr. Tyson, Ordered, That the resolution on the memorial of the chancellor, have a second reading on Friday next. Mr. Gilpin presents a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying a company may be incorporated to build a bridge over the Susquehanna river, at or near Havre De Grace; referred to Messrs. Gilpin, Thomas, Harlan, Sewell and Hall. Mr. Sappington delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the memorial of the trustees of the Liberty-town Academy, praying for relief, beg leave to present, that they have had the same under consideration, and would respectfully recommend to the house, the adoption of the following resolution: Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby directed, to pay over unto the trustees of the Liberty-town Academy, the sum of three hundred dollars annually, for the term of ten years. Which was read and ordered to have a second reading on Saturday next.

Mr. Harlan presents a petition from Andrew R. Porter, late of Cecil county, praying to be released from the payment of taxes due said county as the security of James P. Ewing; referred to Messrs. Harlan, Grubb and Gilpin. On motion by Mr. Potter, Ordered, That the committee of grievances and courts of justice be instructed to inquire if the law creating an examiner general and judge of the land office on the eastern shore cannot be repealed without loss and injury to the state. Mr. Duvall obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal and amend so much of the law providing for the relief of the poor of this state, as directs the infliction of corporal punishment for disorderly conduct. Ordered, That Messrs. Duvall, Williams and Barrette, report the same. Mr. McCulloh obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of giving public notice in cases required by law. Ordered, That Messrs. McCulloh, Cockey and Barnes, report the same. Mr. Maxcy delivers the following report: The committee to whom was referred the petition of the representatives of the late Ninian Pinkney, for further compensation, have considered the same, and examined documents presented to them in support thereof, and beg leave to report—that the said Ninian Pinkney, while clerk of the executive council, rendered important services, during four years, which he was not bound as clerk of the council to perform; that those extra services principally related to the collection and arrangement of vouchers, in support of the claims of the state upon the United States, for a reimbursement of more than three hundred thousand dollars; that the aid thus rendered by said Ninian Pinkney, in all probability, enabled the agent, appointed by the state, successfully to assert those claims, and to recover a much larger sum than he would have been able to substantiate without such aid. The committee are therefore of opinion, that the said Ninian Pinkney had an equitable claim for remuneration, and therefore recommend the following resolution: Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he hereby is authorized, to pay to the executor or administrator, (as the case may be,) of the said Ninian Pinkney the sum of ——— dollars. By order, W. H. Mitchell, Clk.

Which was read. The report in favour of Philemon B. Hopper, was read the second time, the resolution assented to, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Farquhar obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorize the levy court of Frederick county to place indexes or directors at the forks of roads and cross roads in said county. Ordered, That Messrs. Farquhar, Cockey and Sappington, report the same.

Mr. Duvall obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to empower the judges of the orphan court of Prince-George's county, to appoint trustees for the distribution of the school fund for said county. Ordered, That Messrs. Duvall, Hall and Bennett, report the same. The clerk of the senate delivers the following message: Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, We have this morning received a preamble and resolution from your honourable body, proposing so to modify a resolution, passed a few days since, directing the removal of the old meeting house from the public circle, as well, in our estimation, destroy the chief object of said resolution. The only reason assigned for such modification is, that great individual injury would result from the immediate removal of said building.

The senate regret that they do not find the reason advanced in the preamble, sufficient to induce them to pass the resolution now submitted to them. Though ever ready to protect our citizens from individual loss or injury, we cannot permit the public interest to suffer through unauthorised acts of any of its citizens. We are informed, and believe, that when the present occupant purchased the building, he had a full knowledge of the fact, that it would not be permitted him to devote it, where it then stood, to any private use. With a knowledge of this fact, he has converted it into a workshop, and has collected within and about it, a quantity of lumber, thereby, as was witnessed on a late occasion, when the roof took fire, endangering the safety of the neighbouring public buildings. We feel ourselves, therefore, compelled to require its early removal, and believing the executive will be sufficiently time to render its execution as little onerous to the party concerned, as is compatible with the public safety, we cannot assent to the resolution of the 4th instant. By order, Wm. Klitt, Clk.

Which was read. Also the bill directing the priority of payment of the debts of persons dying within this state, so far as the same relates to the state of Delaware, endorsed "will not pass."

Also the supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the better regulation of the militia of the city of Baltimore, endorsed "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill to revive and extend the provisions of an act, entitled, An act to provide for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Snow Hill, in Worcester county, and for other purposes, endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendment," which amendment was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Harlan reports a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the contemplated bridge over the river Susquehanna, at Conowingo creek, to the Pennsylvania line.

Wednesday, February 8, 1826.

The reports on the petitions of Mrs. Jane Smith, Thomas Wier, and Thomas B. Sewell, were read and concurred with. The reports in favour of John Trick, Daniel Smith, and John Bond, were severally read the second time, the resolutions assented to, and sent to the senate. Mr. Wilson presents a petition from Wm. Robertson, of Montgomery county, praying to be relieved from the payment of a sum of money therein referred to; referred. Mr. Sewell reports a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the benefit of the Stockholders of the Harre-De-Grace Bank. The report on the petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying the passage of a law to confirm the acts and proceedings of certain commissioners appointed by Somerset county court, in virtue of the act of 1818, chapter 89, was read the second time, the resolution assented to, and sent to the senate. Mr. McCulloh presents a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore city, praying the establishment of a state inspection of salted provisions; referred. Mr. Linticum presents a petition from Elizabeth Robinson, for support; referred. Mr. Stevens presents a petition from Thomas Wright, of Queen Anne's county, praying relief; referred.

LATE FROM PERNAMBUCO.

We learn, says the Newport Mercury of Monday, by Capt Swain arrived at the Vineyard in 40 days from Pernambuco, that it was reported when he sailed, that the Emperor of Brazil had lost 1000 men in an engagement at the River Plate.

FROM EUROPE.

By an arrival at New York from Havre, Paris papers have been received to the 20th December. The following are extracts: Paris, Dec. 19—Letters from Greece announce that as soon as the Greek commander of the block ade of the Gulf of Lepanto learned that the Turkish fleet was approaching the coasts of the Morea and Western Greece, he rallied all the vessels in those seas, and sailed for the Isle of Cerigo taking care not to approach the coast of the Morea. He thus succeeded in joining the squadron under Miaulis.

Extract of a private letter of the 4th inst. from Leghorn:—Intelligence has just reached us of the intrepid Miaoulis having received the victory of the Turkish-Egyptian fleet. He left a part of his forces in sight of the Egyptians, and sailed with the greater part towards the Gulf of Patras, so that he completely separated the Captain Paeha from the Egyptians. He was preparing to attack the Turkish forces. Extract of a private letter, of the 9th inst. from Vienna:—We have just learned from Trieste that some mercantile houses in that place have received intelligence of a brilliant action fought by the Greeks on the 13th ult. near Missolonghi, in which the troops of Redschid Paeha, being taken between two fires, suffered a signal defeat. The Greek admiral Miaulis, who had received considerable reinforcements, after leaving a squadron of observation off Navarina, appeared suddenly at the height of Cape Passara, where he was, in the presence of the Captain Paeha, at the moment when the latter was preparing to effect a disembarkation in order to reinforce the Turkish army. "DEATH OF THE EMPEROR ALEXANDER." The following Telegraphic despatch was transmitted from Strasbourg to Paris on Saturday afternoon: "The Emperor of Russia died at Taganrog after a few days indisposition. The express which brought this intelligence left Warsaw on the 8th inst. "The Grand Dukes Constantine and Michael had not yet departed from that capital for St Petersburg."

His late Imperial Majesty was born December 23, 1777, ascended the throne of Russia March 1801, and became King of Poland June 9, 1806 on the 9th of October, 1793, he married Elizabeth Alexievna, Princess of Baden, but had no issue. The Empress mother a Princess of Wirtemberg, widow of the Emperor Paul I, is still living. His Majesty has left three brothers, namely, 1. Grand Duke Constantine, born May 8, 1779, married February 26, 1796, to a Princess of Cobourg from whom he was divorced in March 1801. In May of the following year he married the Princess of Lowicz, but has no issue. 2. Grand Duke Nicholas, born July 2, 1796, married July 15, 1817, to a Princess of Prussia whom he had one son and two daughters. The Grand Duke Michael, born February 8, 1804. The late Emperor has also left two sisters, one married to the Hereditary Prince of Saxony, and the other to the Prince of Orange.

LATE FROM THE NEW-YORK MERCANTILE ADVERTISER.

"The Leeds has just come up from Liverpool sailed Dec. 27th. Consols 83. The spot in London Money Market had subsided. The price of Cotton was a little lower at Liverpool. The Archduke Constantine was proclaimed Autocrat of all the Russias."

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of court of appeals, at suit of the state of Maryland against Benjamin Gaither, I have executed and upon all that tract or part of a tract, or parcel called "Part of Gaithers Collection," or by what name or less, being the plantation whereon Benjamin Gaither now resides, also the life estate of said tract, in and to a three story Brick House, situated on School Street, in the city of Annapolis, present in the occupation of Mr. David Ridgely, I hereby give notice, that on Friday, 23th Feb. I shall proceed to sell the said property at the House, at eleven o'clock, to the highest bidder, to satisfy the debts due as aforesaid. R. Welch, of Esq. Sheriff A. C. Feb. 3.

Maryland Gazette. ANNAPOLIS. THURSDAY, FEB. 9, 1826.

Attest: Andrew Arnold, County Clerk, February 9th, 1826. In accordance with the particular wishes of your subscribers, we are pleased to propose Virgil Maxcy, esq. as a candidate to represent this Congressional District at the election which will take place on October next. Many Voters.

Mr. Maxcy will be supported at the next election, as a candidate for congress, by Many Voters of Prince George's county.

DEATHS AND DESSERTIONS. An official statement of the deaths and desertions which have taken place in the army of the U. S. in the course of the last three years, ending on the 30th Sept. 1825, shows the aggregate of deaths in that period to have been 612, and the whole number of desertions to have amounted to 2441.

George Mackubin, esq. was on Thursday last elected Treasurer of the Western Shore of this state, by the House of Delegates, on a 25th ballot. The gentlemen put in nomination were George Mackubin, Lewis Merrill, Gideon Pearce, Thomas Calbreth, Daniel Spragg, and Philip Rehl. The following table exhibits the result of each ballot.

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Mackubin	25	21	26	35	40
Pearce	20	18	23	31	32
Calbreth	5	1	3	4	
Spragg	4	3	3	4	
Rehl	1				

John C. Weems, esq. has been elected to fill the vacancy of Dr. Kent in congress, by a majority of 399 votes over William Wootton, esq.

The supposed abolitioner of Riley, in Baltimore, was arrested in Washington the day following the murder, and carried back to Baltimore to await his trial. He is said to be a handsome young Irishman. He had the pocket book and part of the money of the assassin about him.

DISCONTENT IN DELAWARE. It appears that the law passed by the Legislature of Delaware, at the instance of the delegation from the legislature of this state, has excited great dissatisfaction among the people in and near Wilmington. The Amherst Watchman received contains an account of the proceedings of a large and respectable meeting of the inhabitants of Christiana and Brandywine, held at the Tavern Hall in Wilmington on the 30th inst. A very warm address to the citizens of Delaware was reported to the meeting and unanimously adopted; the address contained among others the following Resolutions.

Resolved, therefore, that a law containing so many objectionable features, and which is unequal for from the people of this state, manifests a degree of subserviency, on the part of the Legislature, to the wish and interest of another republic, altogether incompatible with the dignity and independence of our own state, with the rights of our citizens, and with the duty which the Legislature owe to their constituents.

Resolved, further, that the inhabitants of the parts of the State be, and they are hereby invited to co-operate with us, in the removal of all constitutional means to secure our common rights and property, from the jeopardy into which they are thus thrown by an impetuous act of legislation, and to redress the character of the State from that degradation which such proceedings cannot fail to fix upon it, in the eyes of the world."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Columbia, Warren County, N. Jersey, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated January 24, 1826.

"My last I informed you that a suspicious looking person, calling himself Edward Anderson, was brought before the Magistrate of our town, Frederick Salade, Esq. supposed to be the murderer of Benjamin Cunningham: the only account he gave of himself was, that he was born in the county of Bucks, Pennsylvania, the town or township he refused to name, as all other questions that were put to him, and particularly where he was at the time of the perpetration of the horrid deed, or where he went from Philadelphia, as he said he was there at the arrival of General La Fayette; he said he obtained a living by cutting wood. When taken he had two axes (which have since been traced by a person named Samuel Wells, living near Stanhope.) He is a man about 4 feet 10 inches high, dark complexion; with hair, a scar on the left cheek; had an effered for sale to a person in an obscure part of the neighbourhood, he was well dressed in a pair of dark velvet pantaloons, brown coat, striped waist, fine linen shirt and a grey surtout coat. On examining his hands or knapsack, which was a very large one, it was found to contain 5 or 6 fine linen and muslin shirts, several vest patterns, some homespun linen sheets, fine cotton stockings, cravats, and other changeable articles. On a further examination of his person, he had a good single case (gold watch) he answered very near the description of the supposed murderer of Miss Cunningham; given in the papers of the day. One of the witnesses sworn on the trial, said Anderson told them he was well acquainted with the deceased, that he knew her well, and she was a beautiful woman. On Sunday afternoon, he was committed to the County Jail, and measures have been taken to acquaint the friends of the deceased, of his apprehension."

Extract of a letter from Harrisburg, Feb. 2. A communication was this morning received from the governor, announcing the object of the Maryland commissioners and the object of their mission. A joint committee was appointed by both houses to consider the subject, and to hear the communications. Resolutions were passed in both houses in relation to the gentlemen from Maryland to be sent within the bar.

In the House of Representatives, the whole of the session of the House of Representatives, the resolution was passed, that the resolution of the House of Representatives, be and they are hereby instructed to use their influence in procuring an augmentation of the duties imposed upon the importation of spirituous liquors, and the imposition of an excise upon the distillation of domestic spirits; and that the avails of the said excise, shall be appropriated amongst the states, according to the ratio of direct taxation, for internal improvement in roads and canals, and towards the promotion of literature, in primary schools, one moiety to each of those important interests.

Resolved, that the representatives of this state in the congress of the United States, be requested to use their influence in procuring the enactment of the proper laws for effectuating the great objects of the foregoing resolution. Resolved, that the governor and council be requested to transmit copies of the report, and of the foregoing resolutions, to the senators and representatives of this state in the congress of the United States. All which is respectfully submitted. Littleton Dennis Teackle, Chairman.