...KEY'S RESOLUTIONS.

...ttend to the attention of our ...esolutions, introduced by Mr. ...me-Arundel, and published in ..., on the subject of an amend... ...onstitution of the U. S. in rela... ...ction of the President and Vice ...here seems to be a general ...oughout the union, of the ne... ...ne change in this part of our ...aw, A.c., the amendments pro... ...e resolutions of Mr. Maxcy, ...s well calculated to guard a... ...s complained of, as any we ...

...resolution proposes that the ...osing the President and Vice ...uld be uniform throughout all ...by districts, as it now is in ...

...ment would restore to their ...portionate influence the small ...voice is now overwhelmed by ...ticket which prevails in the ..., and prevent those sudden ...e manner of appointing elec... ...tely preceding the election, ...e brought about by manage... ...igue.

...rt of this resolution proposes, ...LE should vote DIRECTLY for ...they prefer as President and ...ent. This is certainly the ...epublican mode of choosing ..., and we have never been a... ...n the utility of the interven... ...s, as it is well known that they ...on account of the candidates, ...known, they will vote, and ...nt of any personal qualifications ..., where a majority or plurality ...ict shall count as one for the ...ho shall receive it, there is no ...for the employment of corrupt ...hich might be used over the ...

...solution, seems to us to be e... ...tant. This proposes, that the ...should be so amended as to ... election from devolving on ...any case. It is probable, from ...cation of candidates for the ...nd Vice-Presiency, which arises ...creased number of states, that ...tution be not altered, the elec... ...olve ... times out of ten, on ...Vhen this becomes understood ...ary course of things, the ambi... ...ho aspire to the high stations in ...Naturally look to the members ...for favour, instead of the peo... ...ires no great spirit of prophe... ...that the election, under such ...s, would be decided by in... ...and corruption, and the voice ...le be entirely defeated. The ...proposed by this revolution ...perfect safe guard against such ...d give effect, in all cases, to ...d expression of the national

...or the Md Gazette.

TO THE VOTERS

...eorge's and Anne-Arundel Coun... ...nd the City of Annapolis.

...equence of the resignation ...oseph Kent, of his seat in ...ess of the United States, ...f choosing a Representative ...dy will in a few days de... ...ou. In the exercise of this im... ...ivilege, one of the dearest ...to a free people, it is hoped ...avour of party will be ...from every mind, and that ...will sacrifice his prejudices ...ine of reason and the public ...

...time there is but one can... ...your suffrages; tho' it may ...ned that this will not long ...e. Others will no doubt an... ...emselves, and a warm com... ...for the high reward which ...e successful candidate, en... ...gentleman alluded to as being ...before the public, is JOHN ...MS, esq. of Anne Arundel ...man so well known amongst ...t to say he is meritorious, ...ving the honour to which he ...s sufficient. Many of you are ...acquainted with him as I ...are more capable of discern... ...appreciating the many excel... ...s which appear in his cha... ...he great poll which he made ...ection in October 1824, fur... ...onclusive evidence of the ...old which he has on the con... ...nd respect of the voters of ...ict; and should operate as a ...inducement to his friends a... ...exert themselves in his be... ...

...e support which you on that ...afforded him, he in a subse... ...dress, tendered you his grate... ...owledgements, and declared ...a candidate at the election to ...e in 1826. Since that period, ...has transpired to diminish ...onfidence in him; he is now ...e honest, fearless friend of the ...at he was then, and is, in eve... ...ct, as much entitled to your ...as he was at that time.

...dering these things, it is trust... ...is numerous friends will spare ...urable effort to promote his ..., and place him in a station ...his abilities will be exercised ...ely for the welfare of our be... ...d common country.

A VOTER
of the District.

...n Wootton, esquire, of Prince... ...county, is announced in the last ...ublican as a candidate to supply ...'s vacancy in Congress. This ap... ...t to have been known to the writer ...bove. Editor.

...U. S. ship Cyane, captain Elliott, ...r the Brazils, sailed from New York ...28th ult. The frigate ship South ...captain Gillender, sailed on the ...for Carthagena.

FOR THE MD. GAZETTE.

Mr. Green,

I find it has been industriously cir... culated among the members of the legislature, that a caucus was held at my house, on last Monday night week, when the honourable gentleman who now fills the speaker's chair was fixed on as the individual, to be supported for that office. That the meeting consisted of *thirty-three members*, and were called together by written invitations addressed to them by me. This report was no doubt circulated with a view of injuring me, as my name had been mentioned for the Council. I have thought it my duty publicly to pronounce the report a *base falsehood*. There had been but two members of the legislature at my house, previous to the election of governor & council, Messrs. Estep and Gantt. I had no conversation with members about the choice of Speaker, Governor, or Members of the Council; was not seen among the members soliciting their votes. My respect for them, and for my own character, prevented such a step; and I did not find myself at liberty to visit even my old acquaintances of the legislature, until after the period prescribed by the constitution for the choice of the council. *I did*, on the *first* day of the meeting of the general assembly, and *since*, communicate by letter to several of the members of the legislature, (with whom I had often served,) that if elected a member of the council, I would accept the office.

WM. H. MARRIOTT.

Jan. 4, 1826

FOR THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

The Legislature of our State having just convened, I have deemed it advisable, in the now early period of the session, in this way, to bring, or endeavour to bring, to the notice of that honourable body, a matter of, as I conceive, deep importance to the well-being and respectability of the state, and which, needs, as early as possible, to be brought under legislative supervision. For, although the subject appears to be one of grievance, and of loud complaint, in many of the other states, at this time, it is I believe, pre-eminently so in ours. I allude to the existing system under which the appointments are made, and the powers and duties are exercised and fulfilled of that class of civil officers called Justices of the Peace. There are few offices under our, or under any government, of more general utility, and which, in justice, require to be filled with men of greater capacity for business, and of respectability and weight of character. Yet how is it with us at present? The office is now looked upon as one of the humblest kind; one which it is utterly unbecoming a man who could give respectability to it to accept; and is consequently, filled with men as little competent to discharge its duties, as to support its dignity. Instead of an office purely of trust & honour, as it was originally instituted, it was wont to be, it is now regarded merely as one of lucre, or for other not more elevated purposes. In some most important respects, the office is now quite another one (and certainly in all for the worse,) to what it was with us even some twenty years, or less time ago; when none but men of standing, and of tried worth and capacity, were ever thought of in making the appointments to it. What then is the cause, and what the *remedy* of this disease in the body politic? These I am content to leave to the intelligent and patriotic sons of the state, who are now called to the study of her welfare, and the regulation of her affairs. I will, however, suggest, for their consideration, the expediency of establishing district magistrate courts, somewhat upon the plan of the inferior courts of Virginia, and furnishing each of these courts with a full set of the constitution and laws of the state, and, if quite practicable, those of the U. S. also; as without which it is impossible that justices can practice, or even know but very imperfectly their duty. I conclude with the hope, that the subject may receive the early, attentive, and serious consideration it so eminently merits.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND

Abstract of the Proceedings

OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, Dec. 28.

On motion by Mr. Maxcy, the following resolutions were read:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That for the purpose of electing a President and Vice President of the United States, the constitution ought to be so amended that an uniform system of voting by districts shall be established in all the States; and that the people in those districts shall have the right of voting directly for those officers.

Resolved, That the constitution ought to be further amended in such a manner as to prevent the election of the aforesaid officers from devolving upon the respective houses of Congress.

Resolved, That the Senators and Representatives of this state in Congress, be requested to use their exertions for obtaining the amendments of the constitution, proposed in the foregoing resolutions.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to communicate a copy of these resolutions to each of the Senators, and Representatives of this State in Congress.

Ordered, That they have a second reading on Wednesday next.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the following resolution was read:

Resolved, That the Treasurer of the Western shore, be required forthwith to appropriate so much of the unexpended funds remaining in the treasury, to the reimbursement and final discharge of the balance of twenty thousand dollars, and interest thereon, if any due to the Farmers Bank of Maryland, by virtue of the act of December session 1821, entitled, "An act to authorize a loan of one hundred thousand dollars," will reimburse, and finally extinguish the said debt.

Mr. Kennedy obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise a subscription of stock in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company.

Thursday, Dec. 29.

The speaker announced the following standing Committees.

Committee of Ways and Means.

Messrs. Maxcy, Kennedy, Worthington, Howard, Goldsborough, Teackle, and Williams.

Committee of Claims.

Messrs. Estep, Edelen, Stevens, Dalrymple, Saulsbury, Barnes, and Douglass.

Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice.

Messrs. Merrick, Tyson, Speed, Kidout, McCulloh, Perry, and Ridgaway.

Committee of Elections and Privileges.

Messrs. Gantt, Carmer, Lee, Kershner, Lansdale, and Benj. I. Jones.

Committee on Special Acts of Insolvency.

Messrs. Chapman, Eccleston, Brooke, Montgomery, Hooper, Gough, and Mitchell.

Committee on the Militia.

Messrs. Duvall, Beall, Cockey, Bckett, Hall, Sudler, and Gilpin.

Committee on Pensions and Revolutionary Claims.

Messrs. Potter, Rogerson, Farquhar, Hughes, Wickes, Hawkins & Armstrong.

Committee on Divorces.

Messrs. Millard, Banning, Spencer, Harlan, Sappington, Hopper, and Thomas.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the following resolutions were read.

Whereas internal communications by means of roads and canals are objects of primary importance to the prosperity of the state, by affording the best channels of transportation for the productions of its soil and its manufactures, stimulating its inhabitants to enterprize, concentrating its resources, and adding to the ties of good fellowship, the advantages of wealth and condensed population. And whereas, the state of Maryland, viewing the city of Baltimore as the emporium of its commerce, must be immediately benefited by encouraging her growth and prosperity. Therefore

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Delegates, That the governor and council are hereby authorised and empowered to appoint forthwith, three discreet and intelligent commissioners, whose duty it shall be to employ some competent civil engineer, and such other assistants, as may in their judgment be deemed necessary, and to survey and locate a route for a lateral canal from the city of Baltimore to intersect the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, at the nearest and most eligible point within the state of Maryland, if such route be practicable; and in the event that in their opinion such route be deemed impracticable, then it shall be the duty of said commissioners to survey and locate a route for a lateral canal from the city of Baltimore to intersect the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, at the nearest and most eligible point within the District of Columbia, agreeably to the provisions of the act incorporating a company to cut the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal as confirmed by the act of congress at the last session.

Friday, December 30.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Teackle, Brooke, M'Culloh, Goldsborough, Duvall, Ennalls, and S. R. Smith, to be the Committee to take into consideration the order proposed by Mr. Teackle, relative to a plan of public instruction of all the youth of this state, which was previously read the second time and assented to.

On motion by Mr. Thomas, leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to abolish all such parts of constitution and form of government as relate to the time and manner of electing the senate, and the mode of filling up vacancies in that body, so that each county may have a senate to be elected immediately by the people. Ordered. That Messrs. Thomas, Merrick, Ridout, Harlan and Ennalls, report the same.

Mr. Howard, obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to confirm an act to alter and amend the constitution, so as to allow to the city of Baltimore a representation equal to that of the several counties of the state, passed at December session 1824. Ordered, that Messrs. Howard, Tyson and Merrick, report the same.

Mr. Maxcy obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to establish state warehouses for the inspection of tobacco at the city of Baltimore. Ordered, that Messrs. Maxcy, Jacques, Wilson, Barrette, Worthington, Hughlett, and Dalrymple, report the same.

Mr. Thomas obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act relating to the inspection of salted fish brought to the city of Baltimore, passed at December session 1823, chapt. 203. Ordered, that Messrs. Thomas, Harlan and Grubb, report the same.

The house according to the order of the day, proceeded to the consideration of the resolution relative to the eligibility of a delegate, senator, or member of the council, to act as governor.

Mr. Kennedy moved the following as a substitute:

Whereas the seventh article of the constitution of Maryland provides, that on refusal, death, disqualification, resignation, or removal out of this state, of any delegate, or on his becoming governor or member of the council, a warrant of election shall issue by the speaker for the election of another in his place, of which ten days notice, at the least, excluding the day of notice, and the day of election, shall be given.

And whereas the nineteenth article of the constitution of Maryland also provides, that in case of refusal, death, resignation or removal out of this state, of any senator, or on his becoming governor or a member of the council, the senate shall immediately thereupon, or at the next meeting thereafter, elect, by ballot, in the same manner as the electors are above directed to choose senators, another person in his place for the residue of the said term of five years.

And whereas the thirty-seventh article of the constitution of Maryland further provides, that no senator, delegate of the assembly, or member of the council, if he shall qualify as such, shall hold or execute any office of profit, or receive the profits of any office exercised by any other person, during the time for which he shall be elected, nor shall any governor be capable of holding any other office of profit during the time for which he shall be elected.

And whereas, in the way of construing the constitution and form of government, is to give full force and effect to every clause and provision thereof; and as no one article of the constitution can be considered paramount, or more binding, than another; yet inasmuch as there is some difference of opinion among the members of the legislature as to the true construction of these several recited articles of the constitution, and as there is no urgent necessity at this time for us to interfere and express an opinion which cannot be considered binding on any future legislature, or on the minority of this legislature, and as it is the safest and best course for us to waive the subject until an absolute necessity exists to meet and determine the question, therefore, Ordered, That this house does not consider it necessary at this time to express any opinion as to the eligibility of senators and delegates, for the office of governor or member of the council, and that the subject be indefinitely postponed.

And the question was put, That the house assent to the same? Determined in the negative.

Saturday, December 31.

Mr. Williams reports a bill, entitled, An act to provide for taking the sense of the people of this State on the expediency of calling a Convention to reform the Constitution of Maryland, and for other purposes.

Mr. Lee reports a bill, entitled, An act to alter and amend the several acts of assembly authorising the issuing of certificates freedom to persons of colour.

Mr. Thomas reports a bill, entitled A further supplement to an act entitled, An act relating to salted fish brought to the city of Baltimore, passed at December Session 1823, ch. 203.

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday. After some time spent in debating the same Mr. M'Culloh called for the previous question, that is, shall the main question be now put? Resolved in the affirmative

The question was then put, That the house assent to the resolution proposed by Mr. Ridout.

Affirmative—Kilgour, Millard, Hawkins, Gough, Harris, Gantt, Linthicum, Estep, Barrett, Dalrymple, Rogerson, Edelen, Turner, M'Culloh, Goldsborough, Banning, A. E. Jones, B. J. Jones, Eccleston, Thomas, Grubb, Gilpin, Harlan, Ridout, Speed, Ridgaway, Hooper, Parker, S. R. Smith, Mitchell, Cockey, Barnes, Sappington, Farquhar, Montgomery, Williams, Hall, Potter, Hughlett, Merrick, Kershner, Jacques, Lansdale, Lee, Wilson, Perry, Blair—47.

Negative.—Mr. Speaker, Welch, Boon, Wickes, Maxcy, Brooke, Worthington, Shower, Milliss, Teackle, Ennalls, Brohawn, Douglass, Beall, Duvall, Barrette, Hopper, Stevens, Sudler, Keene, Saulsbury, Howard, Tyson, Kennedy, Reid, Armstrong—26.

Resolved in the Affirmative.

The Clerk of the Senate delivers a bill, entitled, An act to confirm an act, entitled, an act for the relief of the Jews in Maryland, passed at December session 1824, endorsed "will pass;" which was read. And on motion by Mr. Tyson, ordered to have a second reading on Friday next.

Monday, January 2.

Mr. Samuel R. Smith presents a petition from Isaac Taylor, praying for support for his afflicted daughter; referred.

Mr. Cockey presents a petition from Elizabeth Winters, for a divorce; referred.

Mr. Hughes presents a petition from the trustees of Concord Methodist Meeting House of Montgomery county, praying a deed may be recorded and made valid; referred.

On motion by Mr. Goldsborough, Ordered, That a committee of five members be appointed by this house to enquire if any and what means can be adopted to diminish the amount of assessment on each county of this state, and also further to enquire into the expediency of giving to the justices of the peace in the respective counties jurisdiction over cases of petty assaults and batteries, and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion by Mr. Speed, Ordered, That the auditor general be requested to make out and report to this house without delay, a statement of the necessary duties of his office, and also a statement of the condition of the records and papers belonging to his department.

Mr. Teackle obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into system the several acts concerning lotteries.

Mr. Barrette obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to establish schools in each election district in Prince-George's county for the instruction of the indigent youth therein.

On motion by Mr. Kennedy, the following resolution was read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

Resolved, That no prosecution shall be commenced against any keeper of a billiard table in this state, who may have neglected to take out a licence for the last year, provided that the keeper of such billiard table shall on or before the first day of March next take out a licence for the year commencing on the first day of April last, as required by the act of December session 1824, chapter 64.

On motion by Mr. Millard, the following leave was read:

Leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the county courts to grant divorces. Ordered, that the same lie on the table.

Mr. Douglass obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the election of four delegates from each county.

Mr. Willson reports a bill, entitled, An act to withdraw the donations from the several colleges and academies in this state, for the purpose of making them part of the school fund for the several counties in which they are respectively located.

Richard Spencer, esquire, a delegate returned for Talbot county, appeared, qualified, & took his seat.

Mr. Thomas reports a bill, entitled, An act to abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of Government as relate to the time and manner of electing the senate and the mode of filling up vacancies in that body, so that each county and the city of Baltimore may have a senator to be elected immediately by the people.

Tuesday, Jan. 3.

John G. Chapman, esquire, a delegate returned for Charles county, appeared, qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Montgomery obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances and securing the estates of purchasers. Ordered, That Messrs. Montgomery, Williams & Howard, report the same.

Mr. Howard reports a bill, entitled, An act to alter and abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the division of the several counties of this state into election districts.

The committee on the petition for a change in the penitentiary system was, on motion by Mr. Teackle, enlarged by adding Messrs. Stevens, M'Culloh, Chapman and Howard.

On motion by Mr. Lee, Ordered, That the committee on the militia be instructed to inquire into the propriety of authorizing the executive to appoint company officers upon the recommendation of the individuals composing the several companies in the state.

On motion by Mr. Barnes, Ordered, That the mayor of the city of Baltimore be requested to furnish this house as soon as practicable, with a statement of the amount for which goods of every description, paying a tax to the city of Baltimore, have been sold at public auction in said city, for the last year ending on the first day of January inst. or to the time of the last returns from the auctioneers of the said city.

Mr. Turner, obtained leave to bring in a bill entitled a supplement to an act concerning crimes and punishments. Ordered, That Messrs. Turner, Ennalls, Howard, Montgomery, and M'Culloh, report the same.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the following order was read: Ordered, That the governor be respectfully requested to obtain from the president of the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company information regarding the present situation of that work, its progress, and the amount subscribed, and expended thereon.

A Port-au-Prince paper of the 27th of November says: "A private letter from Hamburg, informs us that the government of that Hanseatic city had just recognised the independence of our republic; and that it had named for consul general near our government, Mr. Weber, commission merchant of this place. It is worthy of remark that this government is the first, after that of France, which has recognised our independence."

POSTSCRIPT

Foreign.

FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship Don Quixotte, at New-York from Havre, brings papers to the 14th Nov. inclusive.

From Liverpool we have advices to the 13th, and from London to the 11th November, brought by the ship Charles and Henry at Charleston.

Copies of the ratified treaty between England and Colombia, were formally exchanged at London on the 7th Nov.

The Egytian expedition for the Morea, had not left Alexandria on the 29th Sept.

It was said a body of 24,000 Egyptian troops had been collected in the vicinity of Cairo, and were training by Gen. Boyer and a number of other French officers.

GREECE & TURKEY.

The extracts which will be found below from Greece and Turkey are important. The Redschid Pacha has been defeated and obliged to raise the siege of Missolonghi, notwithstanding the orders of the Grand Seignor, of "Missolonghi, or thy head." Great alarm exists at Constantinople, and the Porte has rejected all intervention of foreign powers, and has determined to try a sixth campaign.

Extract of a private letter of Sept. 30, from Zante. Redschid Pacha, not being discouraged by the fruitless attempts which he made upon Missolonghi, and stimulated by the orders of the Grand Seignor, who said "Missolonghi, or they head," commenced a terrible attack upon that place about eight days ago. A breach was opened in the fortress, troops rushed in and made themselves masters of two bastions, when the Greeks threw aside their muskets, and falling sword in hand upon the assailants, routed and put them to flight. The Pacha, after this defeat, caused a fortification to be raised in earth, and upon it he established five pieces of cannon of heavy calibre, with which he battered the interior of the fort. The christians being unable to silence their fire, conceived the project of burying the Turks in their batteries.—They contrived a mine, and the works were so skilfully conducted that not one of the barbarians escaped the explosion. This disaster determined Redschid Pacha to retreat to Hypochori, upon the Evenus. Ibrahim Pacha, after having left a garrison at Tripoliza, marched upon Mistra, where he burnt two houses and some churches. Proceeding afterwards upon Bardonica, he was stopped by the Greeks, who were entrenched in some towers with a draw bridge. He was making preparations for a siege, when the Hellenist army, under Calocatroni and other captains, came up and attacked him. The action was brisk, and the Pacha being unable to make either his cavalry or his troops of the line manœuvre in the crags of the woody mountains, was compelled to retreat, after having lost 12000 men. He retired into a country adjacent to Monambasia; Pente Alonia, where he is closely pressed by the Greeks. M. Regnault de St. dean d'Angely (son of of the Minister of State under the Emperor) continues at Napoli the organization of a corps of cavalry; Colonel Fabvier is training the troops a l'Europene; artillery officers teach the Greek cannon to manœuvre; and every thing is in preparation for a sixth campaign."

Extract of a private letter of the 1st inst. from Vienna. "We have letters from Constantinople to October 10. "The following is a substance of their contents:

Towards the end of September the Divan held several assemblies, which were remarkably stormy.

Some of the members who did not coincide in opinion with the majority, were upbraided by their colleagues as partisans of the Greeks. In fine, it was decided that the Porte, formerly rejecting all intervention of foreign powers, would use the utmost efforts to enter upon a sixth campaign in order to bring the Greek rebels into subjection. Tartars, were, in consequence, dispatched to all the Turkish commanders in the Peloponessus, as well as to Ibrahim Pacha, to make known to them the resolutions of the Divan, and enjoin them to push their operations with the greatest energy, notwithstanding the season was so far advanced. It was even in contemplation to try a winter campaign; a thing unexampled in the annals of the Ottoman empire; but the execution of such a project seems impossible, as none of the firmans of the Grand Seignor would be able to keep the soldiers under their colours, when once the winter had commenced. As to the Captain Pacha, after having spent some time at Alexandria, he has returned with his squadron to Boudrum, where he is waiting for the sailing of the new Egyptian expedition. This officer is not without apprehension, as the Greeks are hovering about him; and it is believed that he will take the first opportunity of making the best of his way to the Dardanelles to pass the winter quietly."

Extract of a private letter of the 10th ultimo, from Zante:—"The fifth campaign of the Turks against the Greeks may be considered as terminated, and Ibrahim Pacha has not been fortunate enough to regain the point for which he set out in April last. When the snow begins to fall in the mountains of Arcadia, his situation will be most deplorable, as he is short of provisions, and all communications have been cut off.—The Austrian engineers attached to the army of Redschid Pacha are roughly treated by his forces, who attribute to them the delay in the surrender of Missolonghi. The Hellenist government having learned that the Viceroy of Egypt proposed to dispatch a corvette with specie to pay his son's troops, sent out a division to meet it. The Greeks finding they could not capture this vessel, determined to sink it, which they effected in the beginning of October, off the Isle of Crete."

OBITUARY.

Died, on Monday morning last, at the residence of Colonel Duvall, Mr. HENRY S. HARWOOD, son of the late Nicholas Harwood, esq. of this city.

Jonathan Hutton,

COACH & HARNESS MAKER,

Respectfully notifies the public, that he continues the above business at his establishment in West-Street, one door above the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and solicits a share of public patronage. His carriages will be made of the best materials, and attention paid in their construction, to unite in them durability and neatness. Orders from the Country punctually attended to and promptly executed

He has for sale, on moderate terms,

A New Gig & Harness,
and
A Second Hand Jersey Wagon

Jan 5, 1826 3 w.

THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS

Will sit in the Committee Room in the State House, every day during the present session, from 10 o'clock A M, until 4 o'clock P M to receive and allow all just claims that may be exhibited against the State.

Jeremiah M. Baden, clerk.

Decr. 31st 1825.

Anne-Arundel County, sc.

On application by petition, in writing, of Horatio White, of Anne-Arundel county, to me, as Chief Judge of the third judicial district of the state of Maryland, in the recess of Anne Arundel county court, praying for the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (so far as he could ascertain them) on oath, being annexed to his said petition, and being satisfied that the said Horatio White has resided in the state of Maryland for the two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and being also satisfied that the said Horatio White is in actual confinement for debt, I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Horatio White give notice to his creditors, (by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the term of three months,) to appear before the said county court, to be held at the city of Annapolis on the third Monday of April next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause if any they have, why the said Horatio White should not have the benefit of the said act of assembly, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 13th day of September, 1825.

Thos. B. Dorsey.

January 5. 3m.