CATHOLIC EMANCIPATION.

The House of Commons were occupi
on the 21st. with the Catholic Emancip
tion Bill, and the Courier is almost exc
sively devoted to the report of the speech
made on the occasion, principally by
Mr Gouldburne, Mr. Peel, and Mr. Ca
ning. The question was taken on a
cond reading, and carried by a majority
27, in a house consisting of 309 members
which the Courier considers as a decide
evidence that the bill will be carried by
House, although it is impossible to
what will be its fate in the House of Lord
as Mr. Grattan's bill in 1813, and Mr
Plunkett's in 1824, which were introduc
for similar objects, were both carried
three readings with better prospects of
cess, but ultimately thrown out. On
count of the length of Mr. Canning
speech we shall be obliged to confine our
sel to a very brief statement of the
of his remarks. Many of the petit
which had been sent to Parliament on the
subject, he remarked, ought to be pass
by as irrelevant to the true grounds of th
question; and the debates had turned mo
than usual on theological questions. On
petition prayed that the Catholics might
not be granted privileges withheld fro
dissenters: he thought the object of th
bill was to place them on the same groun
with other dissenters. With regard to th
doctrines of religion, he would not discu
them in the House; but there was as much
reason for excluding a man from a seat in
parliament, for a belief in transubstantiation
than for a belief in consubstantiation, or a
denial of the divinity of the Saviour alto
then," said he, "as to the political que
tions; a Papist, it is said, cannot hear
allegiance to a Sovereign of this country
But who was it brought a King to the
block, and who was it stripped Episcopacy
of its mitre? I will not say who they
were, but they were not Papists. I am
not enamoured of the doctrine of the Ca
tholic Church, nor do I advocate the indefe
feasible succession of the Popes to the
chair of St. Peter: but the whole question
for Parliament is, whether the doctrine
was ever held or acted on, or rather, whe
ther it is now held and acted on, or is a
way to threaten danger to the constitution?"

Mr C said he had every reason to be
lieve that Mr Doyle in his examination
before the House, spoke what he believed
to be true; and he denied that the allegi
ance to the Pope could operate against
the government of Great Britain. It
is said that the Irish Catholics pay a kind
of political homage to their priests; let us,
he said, call them off from their worship,
and tell them to bow before the constitu
tion—"Opin on," he remarked, chairman
arrived at that crisis with regard to this
great national question, that if you do not
anticipate change, change will overtake
you. He said that the system adopted to
wards the Catholics was originally con
sidered as a measure necessary to the pre
servation of the state; yet it was a very
harsh one, and he compared the Penal
Laws to the Rack, the application of which
produced sufferings so severe, that in ap
plying the extremity of the torture in use,
the British nation shrunk from it, and re
solved to adopt a more lenient course of
measures. That was the true commence
ment of the change of their treatment of
the Catholics; and the task which is now
proposed is only to persevere in that policy.
He rejoiced to recollect how slowly they we
in distressing the Catholics, and how rap
idly they had progressed in the new sys
tem of melioration.—"Descent and Fab
are adverse." (Cheers.)

He praised the feelings of Lord Ma
tort, Col Ford and Mr. Brownlow, who
had frankly avowed that they had been
converted from decided opposition, the
proposed Catholic system, and said that
in this, they were representatives of the
world. It was the business of the house
to legislate with a view to the improving
spirit of the age. The Catholics were not
to be granted political power, but the ca
pacity of possessing it. Five or six Catho
lics in the House could do nothing to o
throw the constitution. They never would
use more violent language than he had
heard from a Protestant representative of
a Catholic country. In the present state
of things there is existing mischief, and
the seeds of future mischief; and if the ex
clusion is not to continue for ever, now is
the time for removing it. In proportion to
the prosperity and security of the country
is the facility increased of granting the
boon to the Catholics, without the appear
ance of its having been extorted by intimi
dation, of which he should feel ashamed;
but when the country was in danger, there
was reason for opposing the measure.
"Who," he asked, "can look on the high
and balmy state of our prosperity, and not
wish to make this fleeting state our own,
and mark it by some signal act of benefi
cence, transmitting it to our posterity as a
testimony of our own gratitude for the high
favour shown us?"

After having spoken of the situation of
the country at home, he would turn to see
how it was regarded abroad. Other coun
tries, he said, would naturally look to
England for some defect to console them
selves for what is erroneous in the princi
ples of their government, or intolerable in
its operation. They do in fact look for
such consolation, and they fasten, as if by
instinct, the state in which we keep the
Catholic population of Ireland. He advi
sed the house to disappoint those who wish
ed ill to the country, to heal the wound
which had long remained bleeding; "my
prayer is," said he, "that Parliament may
adopt such measures as will accelerate so
blessed a consummation. Believing the
measure to be as pressing as it is just, I
shall therefore, without trespassing further
on the attention of the House, give it my
support."—(The Rt. Hon gentleman sat
down amidst loud and long continued
cheerings.) [N. Y. Daily Advertiser.

[A later arrival than the one bringing
the above, gives the following information:

A letter in the Dublin Morning Post
dated London April 23, says that the Ca
tholic bill would be lost," a new reaction
having commenced among the dissenters
to oppose it.]

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESI
DENT OF THE U. S.

Samuel H. Smith, Anthony C. Cas
nove, and Clement Smith, all of the Dis
trict of Columbia, to be Commissioners
on the part of the U. States to receive sub
scriptions of Stock in the Chesapeake &
Ohio Canal Company.

The subscription books it is expected
will be opened in August.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1825.

Married, in Baltimore, on the 19th
imo, by the Rev. Dr. *Wyatt*, Dr
Wm Denny, of Ellicott's Ville, A.
county, to Miss *Henrietta Yates*,
the former place.

On the 25th ult. the subscription books
the Dry Dock Company at New York
re closed in ten minutes after they were
ened; and nearly three times the amount
the capital, which is 700,000 dollars,
s offered in that time.

The Lady of the Ex-Emperor Iturbide,
family, of Mexico, are daily expected
New York, where they purpose estab
ing their permanent residence.

INTERNAL COMMERCE.—Twenty
e boats, with three hundred and nine
ns of merchandise, 327bbls salt, 149bbls
rk, and 192 passengers, arrived at Ro
ester, New York, from the west, on the
rind Canal, in one day last week. The
mount of tolls received at that village the
resent season, already amounts to between
n and eleven thousand dollars. A few
ars ago the scite of Rochester was a fo
est. U. S. Gazette.

USEFUL INVENTION.

From a Cheraw paper of May 13.

Mr Joseph Bell has invented a new
rt of furnace for making pig metal, and
owing machinery, &c. Within a fortnight
ast, he has put one of his furnaces into o
eration in this place, and the period of
me required to melt pig metal in this fur
ace is only about half of that occupied by
ne of an ordinary kind. The great eco
omy in building these furnaces is still
ore astonishing; the whole expense not
xceeding $80. The quantity of fuel ne
essary to be used is also infinitely less.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

It appears by the Montreal papers of the
21st ult. that 700 settlers had arrived at
Quebec from Ireland, during the week
nding the 17th ult. A vessel had also ar
rived at Quebec from Greenock, which
lace she left the 22d April, with settlers
for the township of McNab. The Editor
of the Montreal Courant says—"We have
been informed by a gentleman who came
passenger in the Amethyst from London,
that he heard from good authority in the
British capital, that arrangements were
making to send 15,000 Irish emigrants to
Canada this summer."

PIRATES CAPTURED.

Captain Waters of the schr [illegible], arriv
ed here on Sunday from Porto Rico, spoke
in the Gulf-stream a brig, the Captain of
which informed that a piratical sloop man
ned with 35 men, had been captured by an
English cutter and a steam-boat fitted out
for the purpose at Matanzas, and carried
into the latter port. The pirates who sur
vived the action were sent to Havana for
trial. It was ascertained that they had
murdered the crews of more than twenty
American vessels.—Balt. American.

From the Salem Messenger, May 25.

GUILTY CONSCIENCE WHO CAN
BEAR?

It has just fallen to our lot to record the
confession of a murder, committed, as will
appear, by a husband upon a weak and un
offending wife, in a time of illness—a time
when it is natural to suppose that the ten
derer feelings would have been softened in
her favour. The name of the unfortunate
man is William Sayre, a shoemaker, who
says, that while living at Callowhill, be
tween Second and Third streets, in Phi
ladelphia, on the night of the 13th October
1810, his wife having been about 5 weeks
in a state of ill health that required atten
dance and broke his rest, after assisting
her into bed, choked her with his hand up
on her neck to death! A child of their's,
five years old, was the only other person
in the house. No one suspected but that
she died a natural death.

Sayre continued to reside in Philadel
phia for more than a year, when he enlist
ed into the army, in which he continued
upwards of four years. After leaving the
army he pursued his trade, occasionally
traveling from one village to another in
the state of New-York and Canada, till
within a few months, ever worried with
his foul crime, he came to his brother's at
Mullica Hill, in Gloucester county, N. J.
About 10 days previously to his making the
confession, he came to another brother's
house in this county. Remaining there a
few days, but finding no where any peace
to his troubled breast, he left there with
the determination of destroying his own
life, but, as if whosoever shedeth man's
blood, by man shall his blood be shed,"
he wandered along for twenty miles thro'
this town and over Quintin's bridge, when
he accosted a man, a stranger to him, to
whom he confessed the horrid deed.

This man took him before Stacy Lloyd,
esq. who after receiving the confession,
committed him to prison. Such is the
confession and relation we have gathered
from the prisoner, who appears of sane
mind, and, for an illiterate person, of good
understanding; neatly and well dressed for
one of his age and occupation, being 45
years old, possesses a countenance inclin
ing to agreeableness, yet disconsolate, and
of small stature.

He says, that he has not thought of
such a thing five minutes before he com
mitted the awful crime; that it has ever
been a source of great trouble to him; ne
ver out of his mind, except when drowned
by liquor, that life has been a burthen
to him; that he has never been guilty of a
ny other crimes against the laws of the
land; converses with candour, that estab
lishes credit for what he says. His bro
thers, one a farmer and the other a shoe
maker, are men of fair characters; and on
mentioning to him the pain that his con
fession would bring on them, he burst into
tears, and said he hoped it might not be
thrown up to them. If we doubt any thing
he says, it is that of the confession; and
we hope, for the honour of his relations—
for that of our sex and race—that there
may yet be proof that the deceased, whose
maiden name, we learn by the prisoner,
was Rebecca Brown, died a natural death.

GEN. LAFAYETTE.

Gen. Lafayette arrived at Wheeling, we
hear, on the 24th ult. though we have no
newspaper account of his movement be
tween that place and Louisville.

Nat. Intelligencer.

The following extract of a letter is pub
lished in the Philadelphia papers;

Extract of a letter from Gen. Lafayette to
a gentleman of this city, dated Louis
ville, May 12.

"In the night of the 8th and 9th instant,
we ran foul of a snag, which lay conceal
ed two feet under water, and so well infi
lladed our steam boat, that it pierced thro'
our upper deck, and sunk the boat in a
few minutes. We had time, however, to
come out of the ladies cabin, before the
water had penetrated through the partition,
and all landed safely without any life be
ing lost. The Paragon, which was de
scending the river in the morning, was
good enough to take us on board and bring
us to this place.

"You will find in another part of that
newspaper, an error which I wish much
to be corrected. It is that I have only lost
my carriage and my hat; the latter was
most obligingly replaced by a manufactur
er of Louisville. But among the lost trunks
is that which contained all the papers
which I had preserved during my journey
—all my letters to be answered—and a
great number of answers which I had pre
pared during 12 days navigation. This
loss throws all my correspondence into
confusion—I have not saved a single me
morandum—and as to every thing anterior
to the shipwreck, I must rely on the indul
gence of my friends.

"I expect to be on the 28th or 29th of
this month at Pittsburg, and arrive at Bos
ton on the 10th June, by the way of Al
bany. I hope to be at New-York on the
4th of July, thence go to Washington,
taking Philadelphia in my way, to take
leave of several respected friends, and em
bark for France on the 15th of August."

Salem, May 23.

REMARKABLE FISH STORY.

We learn that while a Cape Ann fishing
schooner was on the Middle Ground a few
days since, lying with her anchor down,
and her men employed in fishing, they sud
denly perceived their vessel was moving at
a rapid rate—after she had gone a conside
rable distance, they saw a large whale rise to
the surface of the water and blow—when he
disappeared, the vessel was again carried
swiftly through the water—and again the
whale rose and spouted, and they perceived
the water coloured with blood. The fish
then sunk, and the schr. remained sta
tionary. The crew now endeavoured to
raise the anchor, but found they could not!
Soon after a brig came up with them, and
on being informed of the circumstances
sent several men on board the schr. to as
sist in weighing the anchor, which they ef
fected with considerable difficulty, and
when they took it on board found a part
of the entrails of the whale upon it!

It is supposed the fish either swallowed the
anchor, or in diving to the bottom, struck
upon it with such force as to cause it to en
ter his body. This although a fish story,
we have reason to believe is essentially
true.

[Several gentlemen from Gloucester
corroborate the account of a whale getting
entangled with the cable and anchor of a
fishing schooner. About 12 fathoms of
the cable was nearly chafed off. The
schooner was commanded by Captain
Benjamin Parsons.—Pallad.

PROBABLE FATE OF THE WASP.

It is suggested by a correspondent of the
Baltimore Federal Gazette, that the ac
count given by an Arab Chief of the loss
of an English ship, and the total destruc
tion of her crew on the African coast, is
probably a detail of the fate of the United
States sloop of war Wasp and her unfor
tunate crew. It will be recollected, that
the Wasp was last seen off Madeira, nearly
in the latitude and longitude in which the
Springgrove experienced those heavy and
adverse storms which drove her to destruc
tion.

[The account given by the Arab appear
ed in last week's number of this Gazette.]

Providence, (R. I.) May 24.

We stop the press to announce the ravа
ges of the most destructive fire which has
occurred in this town since the year 1801.
It broke out a little past 11 o'clock, A. M.
in a workshop occupied by Mr. Rhodes
G Allen, Cabinet-maker, situate on the
rear of Westminster-street, and near to
the Universalist Chapel. The wind was
quite fresh, and notwithstanding the most
energetic and unremitting efforts of our
citizens, the progress of the fire could not
be arrested before it had consumed the
building in which it originated—the three
story dwelling house owned by the heirs
of the late James Rhodes, the dwelling
house (including a grocery store) owned
and occupied by Captain Samuel Young,
the house at the corner of Union-street,
occupied by Oliver Carpenter, the house
immediately adjoining, owned by the heirs
of Peter Taylor, and occupied by Mr Ri
chard Updike, the house on the north
side of Westminster-street, owned by Gen.
Carrington, and occupied by Thomas B.
Fenner, together with that ornamental e
difice, the Universalist Chapel, erected a
few years since at great expense; the walls
only of which, we regret to say, are left
standing. Several dwelling-houses were
injured by the fire some of them seriously.

[Among the articles of merchandize stor
ed in the cellar of the Universalist Chapel,
were 100 bales of cotton, belonging to a
respectable house in this town.

Boston Repertory.]

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

By the brig Monroe, at New York, in
28 days from Galway, the editor of the Post
has received papers of that place of the
27th, and Dublin papers of the 26th, con
taining London dates to the evening of the
23d April.

Despatches had been received from Sir
A. Campbell, dated Rangoon, Dec. 10 and
15, announcing a series of brilliant victo
ries obtained over the Burmese by the Bri
tish and native troops. The entire hopes
of the king of Ava had been destroyed, his
army utterly ruined, and 240 pieces of ord
nance, together with 3000 stand of arms,
the whole of the camp equipage, and 30
war boats, taken by the British. Nothing
was said of the king of Ava's death.

Accounts from Zante to the 15th March,
repeat the statement, that the Egyptian
troops, 3,000, which landed on the coast of
Modon, had been attacked by the Greeks,
and cut to pieces, and that the invading
fleet was blockaded by the patriots.

AN EPICURE TASTE.

At the court held for Berkshire, Mass.
last week, a man was sentenced to two
years confinement at hard labour in the
state prison for biting off the nose of a per
son with whom he had been fighting.
Good. If he wishes for more such animal
food, let him bite off his own nose!

The punishment is not adequate to the
offence—the wretch ought to have been
doomed to confinement and hard labour
for life.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Friday morning last, in
the 78d year of his age, Mr. LEWIS
NETH, merchant of this city.

It is seldom that any community is
called upon to mourn the loss of a
more truly pious and good man.

——, On Tuesday morning, after
a short illness, Mrs. CATHARINE GAI
THER, consort of Mr. Benjamin Gai
ther, and daughter of the late Mr. Ab
salom Ridgely, of this city.

ATTENTION

Annapolis United Guards.

You will assemble for drill on your usual parade ground, on Saturday next, the 4th instant, at three o'clock P. M with arms & accoutrements in com plete order.

By order,
WM. KILTY, O. S.

June 2.

In Chancery,

May 30th, 1825.

Mary Hesselius,
vs.
Jacob Lantz, George Lantz, Sophia Lantz, Jacob Taylor and Mary his wife, George Catlett and Clarissa his wife, Margaret Lantz, Eliza Lantz, Susan Lantz, and Juliana Lantz, heirs of Daniel Lantz.

The object of the bill in this case is to obtain a decree for the sale of part of a tract of land called The Seven Springs, in Alle gany county, for the payment of the bal ance of the purchase money of said land.

The bill states, that the general assembly of Maryland, at December session eighteen hundred and fifteen, passed an act, by which the complainant was authorised to sell and dispose of the land or parcel of lands of which John Hesselius died possess ed in Allegany county; that the complain ant, having first complied with all the re quisites of said act, proceeded on the 19th day of April eighteen hundred and seven teen, to sell at auction a tract of land called and known by the name of the Seven Springs, in Allegany county, of which the said John Hesselius died possessed; that be fore the sale, said tract was divided into a number of lots; that at said sale Daniel Lantz became the highest bidder for, and purchaser of three lots or parcels of said tract viz lot No 2, containing forty five acres lot No 3 containing forty four and an half acres, and lot No 4 containing sixty acres, at and for the sum of twenty four hundred and sixty three dollars and twelve cents, payable as follows, viz One third in one year, one third in two years, and one third in three years, with interest on the whole sum from the day of sale; that said Daniel Lantz was put into immediate possession of said property, and at various times paid part of the purchase money, but leaving an un paid balance of about sixteen hundred dol lars. The bill further states that Daniel Lantz has since departed this life intestate and that Margaret Lantz and Jacob Lantz, administered upon his estate; that Daniel Lantz, at the time of his death, left ten children who were his heirs at law, viz Jacob, John, George, Sophia, Clarissa, Margaret, Eliza, Susan Juliana; and Ma ry, who had before that time intermarried with Jacob Taylor; that John Lantz short ly after the death of his father, departed this life intestate, leaving his aforesaid brothers and sisters his heirs; that Claris sa Lantz hath since intermarried with a certain George Catlett; that George Lantz hath removed from the state of Maryland to parts unknown; that Jacob Taylor, and Mary his wife, and George Catlett, and Ju lianna his wife, reside in the state of Vir ginia, and that Margaret, Susan and Juli anna Lantz, are [illegible] it is therefore or dered and adjudged, that the complainant give to the said absent defendants notice by publication in some newspaper published in this state, once a week for four weeks before the 30th day of June next, to ap pear in this court in person or by a solici tor, and file an answer to said bill on or before the 30th day of September next, otherwise said bill will be taken pro confes so.

True Copy,
Test. RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur Can

In Chancery,

May 28, 1825.

Ordered, That the sale made and report ed by Louis Gassaway, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Tobias Reynolds, decease ed, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 7th day of July next, provided a copy of this or der be inserted, once in each of three succes sive weeks, in one of the Annapolis newspa pers, before the 23th day of June next. The report states the amount of sales to be $1237 50.

True copy,
Test. RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur Can.

NOTICE.

This is to certify, that the subscri ber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, let ters testamentary on the estate of Ga briel Venom, late of said county, de ceased. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate pay ment, and those having claims will present them for payment on or be fore the 20th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be exempt ed from all benefit of said estate. Giv en under my hand this 26th day of May, 1825.

JOHN C. SNYDER, Adm'r.
Baltimore, May 26, 1825. 3w

For Rent

THE HOUSE in Green street, lately in the occupation of the Rev. Mr. Griffith. For terms, apply to WILLIAM RAWLINGS.

June 2 3we

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias, issued from Anne Arundel county court, and court of appeals, at the suit of Eman uel Dadds, adm'r of Benjamin Pearce, Nicholas Watkins of Thomas, John Clay ton, survivor of Bennett Harrison, and James L. Weems, and John Manuel, against the goods and chattels, lands, and tenements, of George C. Steuart, I have seized and taken in execution the follow ing property, to wit: Two Men by the name of William, one ditto Sam, one ditto Charles, one Boy Bill, two Girls, Patience and Susan, seven head Horses, two Mules, ten head Cattle, sixty head Sheep, and one Carriage and Harness, Plantation Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, togeth er with every species of property in right of the said George C. Steuart, or that he may in any manner be entitled to. The creditors, and all persons concerned, are notified to attend, and take care of their in terest.

And I hereby give notice, that on Thurs day the 23d day of June inst at 11 o'clock at Dodon estate, the residence of the said George C Steuart, I shall proceed to sell the property above mentioned, or so much thereof as he may be legally entitled to, so seized and taken in execution, to the high est bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debts due as aforesaid. R. Welch, of Ben Shff. A A county.

June 2.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Frederick county court, and to me directed, at the suit of Thomas Hood, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Beal C. Stinchcomb, I have levied upon and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim, either at law or in equity, of the said Stinchcomb, in and to all that tract or parcel of a tract or parcel of land, lying & being on Elk-Ridge, in A A county, called 'Hammond's Discov ery,' containing three hundred acres land, more or less.—And I hereby give notice that on Thursday the 30th day of June in stant at 12 o'clock, noon, I shall proceed to sell on the premises, the above mention ed tract of land, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. R. Welch, of Ben Shff. A. A. county.

June [illegible]

By virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias, issued from Anne Arundel county court and court of appeals, at the suit of John Clayton survivor of Bennett Harrison, and James L. Weems, Emanuel Dadds, admr of Benjamin Pearce, & Nicholas Watkins of Thomas, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Edward H Steuart, I have seized and taken in execution the following property, to wit: Nineteen Head of Negroes, Men, Women and Child ren, viz James, Sam, Isaac, Moses, Aaron, Richard, Simon, Charlotte, Rachel, Ann Sarah, William, Sam, Sophy, Maryann, William, Isaac, Thomas, and Mary three head Horses, two Mules, eight head Cattle, Plantation Utensils, Household and Kitch en Furniture, together with every species of property the said Edward H Steuart may have or in any manner be entitled to. The creditors of the said Edward H Stuart, and all others in any manner interested and concerned, will attend if they think proper, and protect their interest. And I hereby give notice, that on Thursday the 23d day of June instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. at Bridge Hill, the residence of the said Ed ward H Steuart, I shall proceed to sell the property above mentioned, or so much thereof as he may be legally entitled to, so seized and taken in execution, to the high est bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debts due as aforesaid. R Welch, of Ben. Sh'ff A A County.

State of Maryland, Sc.

Anne Arundel county, Orphans Court
May 30th 1825.

On application by petition of Ab ner Linthicum Jr. administrator of Risdon Rainer late of Anne Arundel county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

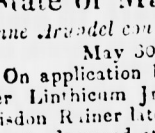
THOMAS H. HALL,
Reg. of Wills A. A County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arun del county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel coun ty, in Md letters of administration on the personal estate of Risdon Rai ner late of Anne Arundel county, de ceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 30th day of May 1825.

Abn. Linthicum, jr. Adm'r.

100 Dollars Reward.



Ranaway from the sub scriber's Farm, on the Head of South River, in Anne-Arundel coun ty, on the 30th May, Negro Man CHARLES, who calls himself Charles Butler; he is about 26 years of age, six feet one inch high; the clothing he had on when he abscond ed, was a domestic cloth coat and os naburg shirt and trousers, and old wool hat. I will give the above re ward, and all reasonable charges if brought home, or secured in any gaol so that I get him again.

THOMAS SNOWDEN.
June 2, 1825. tf.

New Goods.

BASIL SHEPHARD
Merchant-Taylor,

Has just supplied himself with, and offers for sale, a choice selection of

SPRING
AND
SUMMER GOODS,

Larger than he has ever before had, consisting of some of the first rate

Cloths and Cassimers,

Suited to the present season; together with a rich assortment of

Linen and Cotton Silk Striped Drillings,
Plain and Striped Lastings,
Plain & Twisted Bombazettes,

With a neat selection of VESTINGS, which he will be pleased to make up in the first rate style, and on accom modating terms.

June 2 3w.

ADVENTURERS

Are invited to make immediate investments, and renew their small prizes in the

First Lottery to be Drawn

ON THE TWENTY FIFTH OF THE PRESENT MONTH. ALL IN ONE DAY!!!

Will be drawn and finished in a few mi nutes upon a new and popular system, which operates at once with equal justice to all.

By Authority of the State of Maryland.

University Lottery,

SIXTH CLASS—NEW SERIES,

P. Canfield,

MANAGER.

Fifty number combination—6 ballots to be drawn.

The drawing of this lottery will positive ly take place in a few weeks, when will be made the grand distribution of nearly

One Hundred Thousand Dollars,

All in a few minutes, by the much admired and highly approved mode of drawing, whereby the whole lottery will not only be determined in a few minutes, but adven turers however distant can immediately learn the fate of their tickets without the trouble and expense or delay of time in referring to a lottery office to ascertain it; and in addition to the numerous and splendid ca pitals of 20,000 dollars, 10,000, 5,000, &c. contained in the scheme, the advantages afforded in this kind of lottery are far su perior to any other now before the public, and its extensive patronage throughout the U. States, shows the popularity of this sys tem of lottery over any other.

SPLENDID SCHEME:

1 prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1	do	10,000 is	10,000
1	do	5,000 is	5,000
1	do	2,500 is	2,500
1	do	1,308 is	1,308
5	do	1,000 is	5,000
10	do	500 is	5,000
44	do	100 is	4,400
88	do	50 is	4,400
528	do	12 is	6,636
5676	do	6 is	34,056
6356 Prizes			$98,000
13,244 Blanks			
19,600 Tickets.			$98,000

Price of Tickets 6 dollars—Shares in pro portion.

A certificate of 17 whole tickets war ranted to draw 36 dollars less the 15 per cent. can be had for $71 40
17 halves 35 70
17 quarters 17 85
17 eighths 8 93

Capital prizes for sale as usual at Fortune's Home

P. Canfield's

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 180, Market, near Charles street Baltimore.

Where the cash will be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn; also at either of the offices of the subscriber, No 139 Broadway, New York, and No. 129 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, where have recently been sold and promptly paid, prizes amounting to Several Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Orders, post paid, enclosing the cash for one ticket or more, will be thankfully received and promptly at tended to, if addressed to

P. CANFIELD, Baltimore.

June 2.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscri ber will offer at public sale, on Friday the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the late residence of Doctor John S. Stockett, deceased,

All the Personal Estate

of said Stockett, consisting of several very valuable Negroes, Stock, Farming Uten sils, and Household Furniture. For all purchases under twenty dollars, the cash will be required; on all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months will be gi ven, on the purchaser given bond; with good security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

The subscriber having obtained letters of Administration on the personal estate of Doct. John S. Stockett, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the said estate to produce the same, properly au thenticated, and persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to

Thomas S. Alexander, or
ANN STOCKETT, *Adm'x.*

May 26, 1825. 3w.