

Married, in Anne Arundel county, on the evening of the 17th inst. the Rev. Mr. SHANE, of Baltimore, Mr. RICHARD GAMBRILL, to Miss Mary D. L. daughter of Richard Iglehart, Esq.

We learn by an arrival at New York from Campeachy, that the report of an expedition fitting out against Cuba is correct.

FROM THE SHIP NORTH-CAROLINA. The Norfolk Herald informs that a letter has been received by a gentleman of that town from an officer on board the U. S. ship North Carolina, stationed off the Western Islands, which states that all were well on board, and that the ship has proved herself a vessel at sea as ever floated.

Although the Grand Canal in New York is not completed, there is a communication by water from the city to Lake Erie, in the exception of five miles.

THE MAYOR'S COMMUNICATION. To the Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Annapolis.

In compliance with the Charter, I had intended, at this session of the Corporation, to have laid before the Council a statement of the concerns of the City. But, as the means of doing so have not been afforded me, I must content myself with suggesting such measures as appear proper for your consideration, at some future day, so far as upon an inspection of the books and papers, the Treasury may be competent.

It becomes necessary to discharge the debts of the City as early a period as practicable. As it may not be in the power of the Corporation to provide for their immediate payment, I would suggest the propriety of a liquidation, by appropriating annually a portion of the funds for the discharge of the interest, and part of the principal, and by this means gradually lessening it, until its total extinction. This can be done without interfering with the demands necessary for the repairs and gradual improvement of the City. Proper measures should be steadily pursued to collect the debts due to the Corporation. By former statements, it appears that it would afford the means of discharging the claims against it, and leave a balance.

Some improvements demand your attention. If the state of the funds will not enable you to prosecute them all at this time, it is yet necessary to complete such as may best accord with the health and prosperity of the City. The first which requires your attention, and, I think, it demands immediate consideration, is the property of the Head of the Dock, the situation of which is such, that unless it can be speedily remedied, it is to be apprehended that disease must be the consequence. I more particularly press this subject, as it is all-important to preserve the health of our citizens. The cleaning of the Dock also requires the earliest attention, as it is a source of revenue which will be daily diminishing by being neglected.

Many complaints have been made by the gentlemen in the vicinity of the City, of the frequent depredations committed upon them, which they attribute, in some degree, to the facility with which the perpetrators dispose of their spoils here. No remedy for this evil occurs to me; it is thrown out for the attention of the Corporation, in the hope that some gentleman may be able to point out the means of prevention.

The Ordinances relating to keeping the pavements and paved gutters clean, and preventing riotous meetings of mobs and other persons, are either very defective, or have been miserably executed. Indeed, I would submit to the Board, whether it will not be proper to examine if the Ordinances generally do not require revision and amendment.

Another subject is worthy of consideration.—A few years since an act of assembly passed, authorising the opening of East-street. The commissioners appointed performed the duties assigned them, and made return of their proceedings as required. The inhabitants on that street think that this would be a convenience to them, and it certainly would improve the appearance of that part of the City.

No statement has been made by the Treasurer, and the books were not delivered in time to afford an opportunity of examining them fully; it therefore seems to me advisable that a committee should be appointed to examine into the accounts, and make out a complete statement of the affairs of the City, which may enable the Corporation to impose such tax as the exigencies may require.

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos. Mayor. May 21st, 1825.

THE INDIANS.

Savannah, May 11.—A gentleman who arrived in town last evening from the interior of the state, informs us that a body of Indians who killed their chief, Gen. McIntosh, dispersed the next day without committing any further outrages than those already mentioned; and that they were in a quiet and peaceable state. They declare it is not their intention to commit any further violence—that they are now perfectly satisfied, having wreaked their vengeance on their chief, who, they say, has seriously injured and deceived them. It is believed the Indians will abandon the country without a murmur, at the time stipulated by the treaty for their departure.—The attack on McIntosh was made on the 1st inst. between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning. On being informed of the approach of the Indians, and the intention to kill him, McIntosh immediately presented himself, and commenced harranguing them—at the moment more than fifty guns were fired at him, and twenty four balls, it is said, passed through his body.

THE PALM OF AGRICULTURE.

On Monday, a curious contest was decided in Richmond. Last year, eleven farmers from the counties of Amelia and Powhatan, Va. determined to raise a purse; each contributor to put in \$20; the whole to be taken by the one, who should produce a hoghead of tobacco to market on a certain day, which should sell for more than the tobacco of his competitors. Monday was the day for deciding this singular contest. Nine gentlemen appeared upon the turf, most of them with one hoghead only—three with two—and one with four hogheads. The tobacco was put up at public auction at Shocke's warehouse—and Mr. Benj. L. Meade of Powhatan, obtained the premium—his hoghead selling for \$1473 per hundred.—One of Mr. Charles Eggleston's sold for 1470—one of Mr. Wm. Eggleston's for 1465; one of Mr. H. Meade's for 1345, &c. &c. The whole scene was full of animation, interest and pleasure. Soon after the contest was determined, Mr. Austin Wright had 2 hds. put up, which sold for \$1465. Compiler.

FLORIDA.—From information received from Tallahassee, the seat of government for West Florida, a very flattering account is given of the character of the soil. The writer states that, as far as he has explored, he has seen no land that may not be cultivated to advantage, and a great portion of it first rate. The greatest objection that exists to the country, is the extraordinary number of ponds that abound through all the rich lands. Many of them are said to furnish plenty of good fish, and are supposed to be fed by subterraneous streams. From these ponds run as fine rivulets of pure spring water as are seen in any section of our country. From this circumstance, it is the general opinion that they will not be likely to generate those fevers, usually to be apprehended from stagnant waters. There is every reason to believe that the Sugar Cane and Sea Island Cotton will succeed in that country, should the country prove to be healthy, it is represented to be one of the most eligible regions of the United States. Nat. Journal.

SHOCKING.—On Friday the 13th instant, Mr. George Morrison, a clergyman of the Presbyterian Church, stationed at Bell Air, Harford Co. Md. and also teacher of the Latin language, was met at the door of his own dwelling by a lad, a student in his school, who deliberately drew a pistol and shot him in the body. The ball entered his side, and still remains there, the physicians not being able to find it. The boy, whose name we forbear to mention on his parents' account, being very respectable residents of the state of Delaware, has been taken into custody and is now confined, to await the issue of the catastrophe. It is feared the wound will prove fatal.

We are informed that the cause which provoked this desperate attempt upon the life of Mr. Morrison, was owing to his having corrected the boy in school—not unprovokedly, but for bad conduct. Wilmingtonian.

DUELING.

We find in the London Courier the following item respecting duelling. The proposed new criminal code of the Canton of the Grisons contains the following articles relative to duelling:—

"If, at a concerted meeting, deadly weapons have been used, but without effect, the combatants shall be condemned to stand half an hour in the pillory. If a wound, more or less serious, has been inflicted, besides the pillory, confinement in the House of Correction for a period of from two to four years is incurred.

"If the duel end in the death of one of the parties, his death is to be considered as deliberate murder, and the survivor to be capitally punished.

"The punishment of the seconds, where death does not ensue, is the same as that of the principals; but, if one of the combatants fall, the second is sentenced to six years imprisonment to hard labour."

We learn by the Andromache at New York from Matanzas, that in consequence of a royal order, a number of troops had been sent to each port in the island of Cuba, and six gun-boats were employed in cruising round the island, for the purpose of suppressing piracies.

From the London Medical Repository. CASE OF OSSIFICATION.

Of the Pelicardium and of the Heart, with Enlargement of the latter. Marsh, aged 43, was admitted (Kent Hospital) July 30, 1824, with general dropsy. He had laboured under palpitation of the heart for upwards of twenty years, and had, in the course of the few last years, been frequently under medical care. What seemed to have afforded him the most marked relief was bleeding. Upon his admission into the hospital, his countenance betrayed the utmost anxiety; his complexion was of a yellow dusky hue; his lips purple. He breathed with extreme difficulty in every position, and the recumbent posture could not be borne. There was strong and irregular throbbing at the heart; and the pulse at the wrist was weak and unequal, often almost imperceptible for a moment. His abdomen and lower extremities were considerably swollen.—His tongue was white. Under the use of digitalis and colchicum, with other diuretic medicines, occasional doses of elaterium, aided by two bleedings, he became so much better that, on the 25th of August, he requested to be made an out-patient. Scarcely, however, had he reached home, when all the symptoms became worse; and on the 23d of September he was again admitted in a most deplorable state. The extreme distress he experienced in breathing, had, during his absence, been relieved for the moment, by bleeding; but it quickly returned; and when he arrived in Canterbury, he was forced to kneel with his elbows on a chair, and even in that posture, he could scarcely respire. Medicines, similar to those formerly prescribed, were resorted to in vain. It was found absolutely necessary to bleed him again; but the relief was very trifling, and in a day or two the arm assumed a gangrenous aspect. The patient died October the 3d; and the following were the appearances, upon dissection, thirteen hours after death:—

The face and neck were of a livid hue. Upon opening the chest, we found a considerable quantity of fluid effused in it. The lungs on both sides adhered firmly to the pleura costalis; they were of much paler hue than usual, but otherwise healthy. The great disease, as was to be expected, was of the heart, and the membrane investing it. The latter was much thickened, and it every where adhered firmly to the heart. Upon dissecting it away, various portions of it were found converted into bone. The heart itself was more than double the natural size, and its surface presented many points of ossification: there was bony matter also in the left ventricle; but the substance of the organ was, in general, exceedingly tender, and the left auricle was so thin that, in all probability, had the patient survived a little longer, it would have given way. Neither the semilunar valves nor the oriculo-ventricular valves, were in the least ossified. The abdominal viscera were, in general healthy, only the liver was paler, and perhaps somewhat harder than natural. The gall-bladder contained several black polished gall stones.

In this case it is hard to extraordinary acumen to recognise the existence of organic disease of the heart. The patient himself was satisfied that he laboured under such disease, and stated that nearly twenty years ago he experienced exactly the same sensations, and seemed to have precisely the same symptoms with a young man who was in the same ward, and who appeared evidently to be labouring under enlargement of heart. The case just recorded is an interesting one, both on account of the very long period during which the patient struggled with the disease, and the rarity of examples of ossified pericardium.

SHAVING.

It is the custom, in catholic countries, to shave the monks' grills, on their making application in the name of the Father. A mendicant friar entered a barber's shop, and crossing himself, said, 'Shave me for God's sake.' 'Strap, to be even with him, for the unprofitable job he had bro't him, selected a razor like a saw, lathered him with cold water, and began to scrape, or rather rasp the priest's face, till the tears streamed down his cheeks. During this painful operation, a cur in the street set up a most piteous yell. 'What's the matter with the dog?' cried the barber; 'I wonder what they are doing to him?' 'Shaving him I suppose,' said the friar with a groan.

HORSES.

Persons using horses in snowy weather should have their hoofs previously rubbed with soft soap, which will prevent the snow from gathering into a ball, and the animals will travel with greater facility.

The number of March last, of Malte Brun's Annals of Geography, published at Paris, contains the following estimates:

Table with 3 columns: Square Miles, Inhabitants. Rows include Russia in Europe, England in Europe, France in Europe, Austria, Prussia, and the five powers together.

The five powers together, 578,044 268,124,000

If the known world have 2,513,000 square miles, and 938,000,000 of inhabitants, then the five powers occupy one quarter of the terrestrial surface, and reign over two-thirds of the human race.

If Europe contains upon 155,220 square miles, a population of 206,780,000 inhabitants, then the five powers occupy more than three fourths of the European territory and population.

The empire of China, nevertheless, is more populous than all Europe together.

The Spanish Monarchy, before its dissolution, had thirty millions of inhabitants.

OBITUARY COMMUNICATED.

Died, on Saturday the 14th instant, at the residence of her brother Captain Joseph Gough, near Leonard-Town, Miss CECILIA GOUGH. She has left a numerous circle of relatives to whom her loss. It may be truly said of this lady, that she was kind and charitable to the poor, and at all times aided the disconsolate and afflicted. She has gone to a better world, to reap the rewards of a virtuous and well spent life. M. St. Mary's convy. May 20

To the Voters

of Anne Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.

Fellow Citizens, Having been solicited by many of my friends to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the election which will take place in 1827, and having consented, I hereby announce myself as such. I pledge myself, if elected, to use every means in my power to discharge the duties of that highly important station with accuracy, fidelity and humanity. RICHARD IGLEHART. May 26, 1825

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the court of chancery, the subscriber with a view to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 12th day of June next,

The Houses and Lots of Ground of the late Mrs. Janetta R. Stevens, in the city of Annapolis. This property was for many years occupied by Mrs. Stevens as a boarding house, and from its situation and the conveniences attached to it, must be considered as valuable. There is adjoining the house a large garden, with a variety of fine fruit. It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the above property, as it is presumed those inclined to purchase will view the same previous to the sale. Terms of sale—the purchaser to give bond, with approved security, for the payment of the purchase money, within twelve months from the day of sale. On the ratification of the sale, and payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorised to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock. Louis Gassaway, Trustee. May 26

State of Maryland, sc:

Calvert County Orphans Court, May 10th, 1825.

On application of Levin Stanforth, executor of James Lee, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette of Annapolis. W. SMITH, Register. Wills for Calvert county.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Calvert county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Lee, late of Calvert county deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 10th day of May, 1825. LEVIN STANFORTH, Executor.

A BY-LAW

To provide for a new Assessment of the Real and Personal Property in the City of Annapolis, and the Precincts thereof.

Sec. 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That George M'Neir, Jonathan Hutton and John W. Beard, be and they are hereby appointed assessors, to assess and value the real and personal property in this city, and the precincts thereof.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That the said assessors shall in all cases, and in all respects, be governed by the provisions of the 1st, 2d and 8th sections of the by-law passed April 15, 1819, chap. 5, entitled, A by-law imposing a tax on the real and personal property within the city of Annapolis, and the precincts thereof, and to assess and value the same.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons shall offend against the provisions of the sixth and seventh sections of the by-law, entitled as before recited in the second section of this by-law, such person or persons shall be subject to the penalties therein directed.

Sec. 4. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the said assessors shall be directed and controlled, in their valuation and assessment of property in the western precincts of the city of Annapolis, by the provisions of the act of the legislature of Maryland, chap 187, passed at December session 1824, entitled, "An act relative to the assessment of taxes on certain lands, lying in the vicinity of Annapolis." And by such by-law as the corporation may pass, defining the western precincts of said city.

Sec. 5. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said assessors, or any other persons who may be appointed assessors by the corporation, to assess and value at any time, when required by the corporation, any real or personal property within the limits of the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, which property, it may appear, shall not have been included in the general assessment provided for in this by-law.

Sec. 6. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the said assessors, after they shall have completed the said assessment, and the same shall have been confirmed and ratified by the corporation, shall each receive the sum of twenty dollars as a compensation for their services.

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos. Mayor.

Land for Sale.

A valuable tract of land situated between the Chesapeake Bay and St. Leonard's Creek, in Calvert county, containing 420 acres. This farm is contiguous to both of the above named waters, and would suit persons who are engaged in ship building, or getting timber for market; as it abounds with Oak, Chesnut and Pine. The soil is susceptible of improvement, and adapted to the growth of Glover, Wheat, Corn and Tobacco.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE, one, two, and three years, the purchaser giving bond with approved security and on the final payment of the purchase money, a good and sufficient deed will be given. If not sold before the first day of August next, it will on that day be offered at public sale, at St. Leonard's at 3 o'clock P. M. It will be divided to accommodate purchasers if required. Apply to James A. D. Dalrymple, Bennett Soliers, or Jas. Wilson, (of Thos.) near St. Leonard's. May 26. 6w.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court, May 21, 1825.

On application by petition of Benjamin Carr administrator de bonis non of Samuel Ward late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

THOMAS H. HALL, Reg. Wills. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non, on the personal estate of Samuel Ward late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 26th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 21st day of May 1825. BENJAMIN CARR, Administrator de bonis non

The Bach Aga caused this house and four others belonging to Turkey, which together with the first, formed, as it were, an island, to be surrounded. After a strict search they were convinced that these five houses had internal communication. They proceeded to dig, and found a well which contained several dead bodies. The men and women which inhabited this horrible den were arrested, and the crime has been discovered in its whole extent. The object of their association was to draw into the snare any one who had fine stuffs to sell; and others, whom they invited to come and exchange to advantage his money for that lately issued.

Two or three women were particularly employed to call on those who passed, and who, when they were once drawn into the snare, were stripped and murdered by the men. Such a tissue of iniquities and horrors could not long escape the watchful eye of justice. It has seized on all the guilty, who have been condemned to death and executed without distinction of sex. The Sultan then commanded that the door and windows of the five Turkish houses should be walled up, and should thus remain with the stamp of reprobation, and as a lasting monument of a crime without parallel, and frightful by its infamy.

FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship Amethyst, captain Bussey, has arrived at Boston, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 23d April. The letters in our commercial department shew that an additional advance in the price of cotton had taken place, and that the operations that article were beyond all precedent.

The King of Prussia had appointed Mr. Nieder-tetter Charge d'Affaires in the United States, in the place of Mr. Gresham, the late Minister, deceased. A Berlin paper, in announcing the appointment says, "he is especially enjoined to pay attention to the interests of the mercantile world."

On the 19th, there was a debate in the House of Commons, on the second reading of the Catholic Relief Bill. Sir Francis Burdett opened the debate, and he was followed by Mr. Banks, who moved that it be read a second time that day six months. His motion was seconded and supported by Mr. Peel. At 1 o'clock, after six or eight members had spoken, the debate was adjourned to the 21st. Mr. Scarlett presented a petition in favour of the Catholic Claims, from the Sergeant at Law at the English Bar. A great number of petitions against the claims were also presented.

Letters received in London, from Gibraltar, of 1st April, state, that the ports of Andalusia had been opened for the admission of foreign grain, flour and pulse; that all the wheat at Gibraltar, 45,000 fanegas, had been bought up at high prices, and that generally, a great impulse had been given to the trade.

THE GREEKS.—Accounts from Napoli di Romania, Cephalonia and Zante, published in the London Courier of the 21st April, concur in stating, that the troops which landed at Modon, from the Egyptian squadron, were completely beaten by the Greeks. A great part of them were killed, many taken, and the remainder were closely hemmed in. This squadron consisted of 7 frigates 9 brigs, and other vessels, containing 8000 troops, among which there were a number of Europeans, particularly Frenchmen. A general of the latter nation was taken prisoner by the Patriots. The Turks were said to have another fleet of 200 sail at Candia, and that 50,000 men were encamped in the environs of Larissa. The Greeks are described as beholding these formidable preparations, without the least dismay.

The newspapers of Edinburgh have fairly frightened Keane from his engagement at that moral and intellectual capital.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on Friday the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the late residence of Doctor John S. Stockett, deceased,

All the Personal Estate

of said Stockett, consisting of several very valuable Negroes, Stock, Farming Utensils, and Household Furniture. For all purchases under twenty dollars, the cash will be required; on all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months will be given, on the purchaser giving bond, with good security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

The subscriber having obtained letters of Administration on the personal estate of Doct. John S. Stockett, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the said estate to produce the same, properly substantiated, and persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to Thomas S. Alexander, or ANN STOCKETT, Adm'or. May 26, 1825.

Fort Severn.

I wish to contract for Fifty N Bass, for the Troops at Fort Severn, for 12 months. Proposals will be received until the 1st of June, 1825.

T. W. LENDRUM, U. S. Army, and A. C. of Supplies. May 1825.