hat I have best in vain. Illustrious though injured man! This nation reinices that she possesses in thee so estimate bleason. In supporting this frank, independent and .houest statesman, we maintain the best and most substantial interests of our country, CURTIUS

Maryland Wazette.

ANNAPOLIS: THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1824.

We have been informed that VIRGIL Maxer, esquire, and Dr. Tongut are Candidates to represent Anne. Arundel county in the next legislature

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We understand that Robert W. Bowie, and Thomas W. Hall, esquires, and Dr. Gerard H. Snowden, have withdrawn from the field as candidates to represent this district la the Congress of the U.S; and, that Dr. Kent, of Prince-George's county, has again declared his willingness to serve if re-elected. The Doctor, and John C. Weems, are at this time the only two candidates for seats in Congress in this district.

For the Md. Gazette.

THE NEW ORDER OF THINGS. It was with no little mortification and regret that many of the people of Anne-Arundel and Prince George's counties, received the intelligence of Mr. Robert W. Bowie, and Mr. Thomas W. Hall, having declined to serve as candidates to represent this district in the Congress of the United States This regret does not originate so much in the certainty of our losing the ser vices of some one of these gentlemen, as it does in the impression, that this new order of things has been effected by the secret influence of the Annapolis Junto, which directs and controls certain leading men in this districk as completely and absolutely is the Richmond Junto does the people of Virginia. of Virginia. I would not wish understood to say, or even to insinuate, that Messrs. Hall and Bowie, are the willing subjects of the influence which has caused them to decline. I their oured believe them to be highminded, honour-Such able men, who feel, in heart, a prold not found contempt for the intrigues and machinations of the Junto to whose artful interposition many ascribe the sud-den determination of the present rethose presentative of the district to become a candidate. It will probably be ations said by some, that Messrs. Hall and Bowie, to shew their disapprobation of y ever ation. the interference of the Junto, ought in her to have remained before the people, and iption? stood a poll at all hazards. I would ask those who may happen to fall believe to. for into this train of thinking, what possible good could result from such a course, Ameriafter the Junto had succeeded by its wiles in withdrawing from them men on whose support and interest they, as republicans, had a right to calculate? gifted, I am satisfied, it will be seen on re-flection, that the only consequences of such a course would have been defeat, le, who proofs and the utter destruction of every hope of either of them hereafter being electwhom retain to represent the district. om des-Annapolis intriguers have been truly The ardent and indefatigable in their exertifolded ons for some time past, to bring thing to the state in which they now are ler and Of this, some few persons were fully aware months since; but believing that the gentleman, whose assent we necessary to give success to these exertions, had more prudence and self-refor the e most

spect than to permit himself to be used as an instrument, it was confidently trusted, that he would resist every tempts tion which might be held out to him to announce himself a candidate, and that he would quietly retire from a contest, in which he cannot expect his old friends to aid him. The vacillating part he has played, and the final willingness which he has shewn to promote the views of a faction inimical to the people fearly action to them. nd cast n of the to the people freely acting for themselves, imperatively forbid it; is: hey are deed, consistency, and the honour devery man who has for the two lest years been combatting against the bareful influence of the Annapolis Junta. rinciples make it impossible that such men, how. rememever friendly to his election heretofore, e «balm should longer continue him their cornblic. In Threshing -Machine. late. the tenance. Anne-Arundel county, s he poscitizens!

July 20.

GENERAL LA FAYETTE. Captain Humphreys, of the ship Harmony, arrived at Norfolk from Havre, informed the Editor of the Herild that "just before he sailed, he had the pleasure of seeing. Gen. La Rayett, and was told that he had engaged his passage for the United States in the Line ship Bayard, Capt. Robinson, at Havre, bound to New York, to sail the first of June. Capt. H. states that a General was in fine health and excellent spirits, and spake of his approach. lent spirits, and spoke of his approaching visit to the United States is the no is trimost joyful terms. ordeal of

MAMMOTH RADISHES. Radishes have been reised in Provious and dence, measuring it inches in circum dependence; and 15 inches in length COURT OF APPEALS, W. S.

Wednesday July 14.
Bughanan, J. delivered the opinion of the court in Hurn's Lessee vs. Soper. MARTIN, J. delivered the opinion of

the court in Benson vs. Davis's Execulors. JUDGMENT REVERSED AND PROCEDÈNDO AWARDED.

The argument in Martin vs. The Mechanic's Bank of Ballimore, was continued by R. B. Magruder for the appellees, and concluded by J. Glenn for the appellant, in reply.

The case of Kiersted vs. Garland and

Rogers, was argued by Speed and J. Glenn for the appellant, & by R. Johnson for the appellees; and the cases of The Mayor and City Council of Ralti-more vs. Moore and Johnson, and vs. Howard, were opened by Scott for the appellants.

Thursday, July 15.

The srgument in The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore vs. Moore and Johnson, and vs Howard, was continued by Scott for the appellants, and by R. Johnson, B. C. Howard, and Continued to the special section of the state of the of t Harper, for the appellees, and concluded by Taney for the appellants, in re-

Friday, July 16.

The case of Howard vs. Brown et al. was opened by A. C. Magruder for the appellant.

Saturday, July 17. The argument in Howard vs. Brown et al. was continued by R. Johnson and T. B. Dorsey (attorney general) for

the appellees. Monday, July 19. The argument in Howard.vs. Brown et al. was further continued by T. B. Dorsey (attorney general) for the appellees, and concluded by Taney for the appellant, in reply. The case of W. H. Lyles vs. S. Lyles's Exr's was opened by Ashton for the appellant.

Tuesday, July 20.

The argument in W. H. Lyles vs. S. I.yles's executors, was continued by A. C. Magruder for the appellees, and concluded by Ashton for the appellant,

R. Johnson, on motion, obtained yesterday a rule to show cause why executions should not issue on the judgments affirmed in this court at June term, 1819, in the cases of Dorsey and Chap-man vs. Smith—the injunction to stay executions thereon having been dissolved by a final decree of the chancellor, which decree is now depending on appeal in this court, and bond with security, approved by the chancellor, give R. Johnson and Ashton, argued to-day in support of the rule, and A C. Magruder and Taney, against it.

The case of Craufurd vs. The State use of Muir, was argued by Taney for the appellant, and by A. C. Magruder, for the appellee.

HEALTHY TO WN.

There have been but five deaths in Northampton, during the last six months. The population is 3278.

NEW-YORK & MR. CRAWFORD. Extract of a Letter from Pennsylvania. "We look to your state (New York) with deep and intense feeling and in terest. Our intelligence is vague and unsatisfactory. If your Senators are firm, the state and country is safe. If no alteration of the electoral law takes place, I think we can say with confidence that the great state of New York gives the next President. I need not say that your example will have great influence upon this and other states. Give me your opinion frankly upon the aubject."

Answer, by the New York National Advocate.

We are prepared to give our opinion frankly; and we are as positive as we can be of any thing not yet come to pass, that the Legislature, which meets in August, will adjourn without making any alteration to the law, and agreeably to their original determination, will meet again in November; and there is little doubt that Mr. Crawford will obtain the 36 yotes of this state. It is so considered by the friends of all the other candidates, and very nearly admitted by them. In eighteen days more all doubts will be settled.

The editor of the Camden (N. J.) Star has declared his preference for Mr.

The Hartford (Connecticut) Times has changed editors. It has come out in support of Mr. Crawford.

HAVANA. From a friend at Havana the editors of the American have received a letter of the 6th instant—from which they make the following extract:

The English Cutter Grecian, capt. Crawley, arrived the eyesterday from Omoa. She reports the capture of a pratical schooler on the Musquito Shore by an English beg of War.—
The pirate ran on shore to escape, but must of the crew were captured and ass on their way to Jamaica."

EMIGRATION.—One Thousand settlers grived at Michigan between int 8th and 18th of May last.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENT.

From the New York Evening Post.
The following official document of the court of St. Petersburg, respecting the affairs of Greece, appears in the Paris Constitutional of the 31st May. It is there given in the shape of a letter from a correspondent; but from its diplomatic character, and the previous corresponding rumours as to the intentions of the Holy Alliance, we conceive it may be regarded as a genuine document. We wish it may turn out

Bremen, May 15th, 1824. Extract from the memorial of St. Petersburg, on the pacification of

Greece, sent abroad the present year. The Emperor, after the efforts made in the South of Europe, to crush the germs of discord that had made such a dangerous progress, thinks the period arrived, for him to attend to the means of pacifying the Levant. It becomes necessary to draw to a close the trou-bles of Greece, they are of a highly injurious influence on the commerce of Russia in the Levant, by paralyzing the industry of many provinces of the Russian Empire. The Emperor has undergone immense sacrifices, through his love of peace; and his desire of consolidating the industry, the ties by which he is bound to his allies. Through the able management of Lord Strang-ford, however, the Porte has beer brought to consent to satisfy the just claims of Russia. Upon which, Emperor has despatched the State Consellor Mintziakav. to Constantinople. In not sending an ambassador to Czernowitz, as announced, he is actuated by considerations of the deepest importance. The Turks could not fail to consider the presence of an ambassador as a decisive triumph over the Greeks; and yet, should the struggle continue, what would be the result? In every case of success on the part of the Greeks, the Russian Ambassador would certainly become an object of suspicion to the Divan; he would be supposed to hold communication with its revolted subjects, and his situation would be precisely that of Baron de Irogonoff, at the time of the criminal enterprize of the princess Ypsilanti.-The protestations of the ambassador were disregarded, and he was obliged to quit Constantinople. Should Turks be victorious, how could the Russian ambassador remain to witness the horrid excesses and cruelties, in which that barbarous nation would of course hadulge? His presence would sanction acalumnious interpretation of the sentiments of the Emperor, and occasion an pinion that it was his in-

voke of barbarian despotism, and rank Mahometans with Christians. On the other hand, it is essential that those powers who have succeeded in rethe two Peninsulas, should not find the cause of the Greeks strengthened by the accession of the revolutionists of the countries where order has been reestablished. It is only through the prompt co operation of the allies that it will be possible to prevent, a still stronger succession of evils, and stop the effusion of blood, alread sufficiently shed in three campaigns. In all probability, a fourth count bring more efficient or decisive results. The Porte, stimulated by the recollection of ancient achievements, obstinately refuses to be satisfied with less than absolute sovereignty; the Greeks, inured by three years of resistance and success, are intent on absolute independence. The solution of the problem must be between these two extremes. The Russian Cabinet propose the following terms of pacification, as a just mean between exaggerated and opposing pretensions, and which will insure to the Greeks guarantees now necessary; to the Turks useful and positive advantages in place of a soverei nty liable to disaffection &

tention to replace the Greeks under the

Western Greece. The third, of the Morea, to which might be added Candia, or Southern Greece. The Isles to be subjected to municipal regulations and governed nearly as they have been

heretofore.
In 1465, the Turks, having conquered Wallachia, established therein prin-ces, acknowledging the Divan as their head, with the privilege, however, of not receiving Ottoman troops. In 1536, Soliman I. after conquering Moldavia, granted it the same privileges. Latterly, these privileges were modified, extended and placed under the ed, extended and placed under the safe-guard of Russia. In 1774, Mustapha III. wished to erect the Morea into a principality; unfortunately he died the same year and the design was abandoned. It will be objected, perhaps, that the Porte has always been decidedly averse to foreign antervention in the course of the list negociations. The annals of anterior times however, furnish examples of foreign however, furnish examples of foreign intervention admitted by the Divan. In 1774, at the peace of Kamardgi; in 1779 and 1802 also the intervention of

Russia and Prussis was allowed.

It is the belief of Russia, that the Greeks cannot reasonably carry their hopes any farther. They would enjoy a perfect unrestrained freedom of trade, and have their own flag. The Greek Patriarck, who should continue to reside at Constantinople, would be, in a manner, a representative of the Grecian nation.—The Turks should still garrison some fortresses, with a line drawn, however, beyond which they might not pass. There would be besides neither Pacha non-governor, but each of the principalities would pay tribute proportioned to its, wealth and extent.—The regulations relative to the internal organization would form the object of a second negociation between object of a second negociation between the contracting powers. The Porte would find a certain advantage in a

negociation. A further campaign will, in all pro-bability, be as little favourable to Turkey as the preceding; while the proposed a rangement will insure her peace and tranquility, and regular revenues from the tribute of the several principalities-Her repose has been ever disturbed by revolts among the Pachas, who besides appropriated to their own use the treasure they wrested from the people. Of those revolts and insurrections of ambitious or rapscious Pachas the adoption of this measure would relieve her. Mahomet 1 callowed the isles to be simply tributary. This same mode of accommodation induced between the Porte and Greece, would give the allied powers the advantage of securing the enfranchisement of Greece, without deviating from the principles, that from the basis of their policy, and without apparently wishing to favour prospects of absolute independence.

Russia, therefore proposes 1st, To approve of the suggestions expressed in this memorial; 2d, To agree that analagous instructions be addressed to the ambassadors and allied ministers at Constantinople; 3d To leave to those ministers all necessary latitude; 4th. To agree that all the parts of this plan for pacification, proposed by the alliance, be communicated by them successively; 5th, To inform the ministers, that in persuading the Porte to adopt the principle of an intervention or me diation, they will conform to the vives of the Allies. That it is necessary impress upon the Porte, that the creation of three principalities, would diminish the collective strength of Greece, and that as the Porte would have the nomination of the hospodars, princes or other rulers, it would by that, secure the interest of the most important families among the Greeks.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO CANAL.

We understand that the Board of Engineers, appointed by the General Government, are industriously employed in the examination of the country between the Potomac and Youghagany Three different parties have been dispatched under their instructions to survey sections of the route for the contemplated canal. The Board, from the last accounts, were descending the Youghagany; intending to proceed to its mouth and thence ascend the Monongahela and Cheat Rivers. The cursory observation of the Savage and Yougha gany has shewn them to be excessively rocky and rough, but still offering no insuperable difficulties. In many places the banks are so precipitous, that the canal must be made in what is now the channel of the river, and be supported on the lower side by great walls. If the Youghagany cannot be commanded on the summit, it will then remain to as-certain, if Leep Creek alone will afford a sufficient supply of water. To effect this, pice measurement of the stream must be made, which the rain has hitherto prevented, having swelled the Creek to such a degree as to render it imråssable for several days, except by swimming the horses. The quantiresistance.

It is calculated, that in accordance with examples drawn from usages of Turkey herself, their principalities may be established in the continent of Greece. The first, to be composed of Thessaly, Boetia and Attica, or Eastern Greece. The second, of the ancient Venitian border on the Adriatic, that portion excepted which belongs to Austria; of Epirus and Acarnaniat or Austria; of Epirus and Acarnaniat or Austria; of Epirus and Acarnaniat or Austria; of Epirus and Acarnaniat of the Great Back Boye stretches at a great stream that breaks through it; so that its sources are in fact west of the great

> In New Hampshire, the lightning lately struck a school house where there were 70 scholars, and knocked down the half of them, some of whom were severely stunned, and two killed. A house about a mile distant was also struck at the same time, and a youth killed.

its sources are in fact west of the great

ridge of the Alleghany. [American.

MERMAID.

Another mermaio has been lately imported into England, by Capt. Barclay, of the E. Indian ship Marquis of Hastings.

ÖBITUARY.

Departed this life on Monday evening last, on the south side of South River, Mrs. Ann Stockett, the amiable consort of Joseph N. Stockett, esq.

, In this city, yesterday morning, after a few days severe illness, Mrs. MARTHA COULTER, consort of Mr. Henry Coulter.

Head Quarters BRIGADE ORDERS.

in compliance with the provisions the militia law of this state, the Commanding Officers of Regiments, composing the eighth brigade, are herely ordered to cause their respective Regiments to parade at their usual places of meeting, with arms and accourrements in soldier like order, for inspection and drill viz: the thirty first Regiment on Saturday the 4th of Sept. next; the 2d Regiment on Saturday the 11th, the 22u Regiment on Saturday the 18th, and the 32d Regiment on Saturday the 25th; the commanding officers of said Regiments are hereby notified, that the several peri ods aforesaid will be hereafter considered the days, of meeting of their several Regiments, annually, unless otherwise changed by the General's order. By order of Wm H Marriott.

Brigadier General. Signed Thos Karney Aid de Camp.

CAUTION.

The public are cautioned against a certain pedlar who calls himself LOCKRON, or LOCKRIDGE, who came to my house on Tuesday the 13th inst. I requested him to change \$50, he said he could not change a note so large, but he would give me change for a five dollar note. Through mistake I gave him for change the fifty dollars, instead of five. I called upon the secondard to return the halance which he scoundrel to return the balance, which he

Those who are inclined to detect villians of this description, will please to notice, that this note is on the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore, and the number believed to be

Any information upon this subject com municated to John Randall, jr. esq in An-rapolis, or Richard G. Watkins, at West

River, will be very obliging to PHILIP PINDELL,

An Overseer-Wanted;

For the ensuing year, to manage a farm in the neighbourhood of Baltimore. A man of sobriety and industry, well acquainted with farming, (and some knowledge of growing tobacco.) who is well calculated to keep good order amongst 15 or 20 hands, will meet with liberal wages, an agrecable situation, and prompt payment. A single man is preferred, but a family would not be obis preferred, out a ramily would not be ob-jected to To prevent giving trouble in the first instance, the applicants may address a letter to either Mr Edward Williams, An-napolis, or Mr. Benjamin stawlings, Balti-mo e, (who are well acquainted on the Eas-tern Shore,) referring them to such persons as may have a knowledge of their character and qualifications the environ from Baltiand qualifications, the temoving from Balti-more to the farm will be free from any ex-pence. Also a strong, active young man would be employed immediately, to work on a farm at \$10 pr month; inquire as above. July 42. Charles Waters, 10w. Jul 22.

The Editor of the Easton Greette will publish the above 8 times and forward his account to this office for collection.

State of Maryland, sc. Anne-Arundel County Orphans Court. July 17th, 1824.

On application by petition of Henry Thompson executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Thompson late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said de ceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

THOS H. HALL, Reg. Wills A. A. County.

Notice is hereby Given, That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Elizabeth Thompson late of Anne-Arundel ken out of the county, if taken in the county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased the dollars. ed, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 25th day of January next, they may oth erwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate Given un-der my hand this 21st day of July, 1824. Henry Thompson Executor. July 2.

Fred. Shaffer Littig,

las added to his former extensive stock o Dry Goods, Glass and Queens Ware, Water proof Hats, Shoes and Boots.

A choice assortment of

GROCERIES.

Consisting of Brandy, Gin, Wine and Whiskey, fine flavors, and warranted pure, selected with care by a good judge. Also Cider Vinegar, Spices, Parent Starch, Brown Sugar, Rice, Jamieson Crackers, Segars, Chewing Tobacco, Coffee, Rye Coffee, Chocolate, Soap, Candles, &c. &c.

Also a choice assortment of PAMILY FLOUR

Of the 1st, 2nd and 3d quality, by the Barrel or pound.

N. B. Taverns and Stores supplied with Liquors by the gallon, at Baltimore priess July 15.

By Authority Annapolis, 19th July, 1824. OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND THE LOTTERY COMMISSION SIS AY-NOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC THE

EOLLOWING. SOHEMB OF STATE LOTTERY, NO. III

1 prize of \$40,000 is \$40,000 , 20,000 20,000 1 do 10,000 10 000 2 do 5,000 10,000 30 do 1,000 30.000 20. do 10,000 50 do 100 5.000 100 da 5000 do 50.000 **\$180,000**

14795 Blanks.

20,000 tickets at #9 is #180,000 All the prizes to be floating from the commencement of the drawing except the following, which will be deposited in the wheel at definite periods, viz:

On the 5th drawing a prize of \$10 000 On the 10th drawing a prize of 5,000
On the 16th drawing a prize of 20,000
On the 19th drawing a prize of 40,000
The whole Lottery to be completed in 20 drawings-The prizes only to

be drawn. The whole of the prizes payable in Cash 60 days after the completion of the drawing, subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

JAS. L HAWKINS, NATH'L F WILLIAMS, JAS. B. RINGGULD, Bottery Commissioners July 22

State of Maryland, Sc. Anne Arandel county, Orphans Court July 17th 1824.

On application by petition of Rachel Lucsaand Osborn Lucas, administra-tors with the will annexed of John Lucas, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same bepublished once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, THOMAS H. HALL,

Reg. of Wills A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given, That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the orphan court of Anne-Arundel county, in Md. letters of administration on the personal estate of John Lucas, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 21st day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 17th day day of Cult 1824

Frachel Lucas Adm'rs, with Osborn Lucas, the will anx'd.

\$20 REWARD. Ranaway from the

subscriber living in Anne Arundel county, State of Maryland, near Pig Point, on Tuesaday 13th inst.

NEGRO PETER.

who calls himself Peter James, about 31 years of age, five feet ten inches high, and well proportioned, turns his toes very much out in walking, his head considerably grey, thick lips and a very sullen look. He carried away with him a variety of cloathing, and had on a blue jacket, white linen panirt and an old fur hat taloons and sh The above reward will be given if ta-

ouly A. HILIP DARNELL.
Swe.
N. B. The captains of packets plying between South River and Balti. more, and Afinapolis and the latter place, are forwarned receiving said fel. low on board their vessels

Anne-Arundal County, sc dd hereby certify, that Allen Dorsey, of said county, brought before me as a stray trespasing on his enclo-sures. a fire bitten gray mare, with a snip on her nose, about fourteen hands high,

shod all round, with three small black spots on the near knee, and a dark spot on the off shoulder, a nitural trotter, supposed to be ten or cleven years old, has been worked in geers, and her shoulders are sore from the collar. Given under hand of me; a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, this toth day of July, 1826.
Edward Warfield.

The owner of the above described mare is requested to tome forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

Allen Dersey. July 29,