MILITIA MUSTERING From the Easton Gazette.

r. Graham. I saw in your paper of some weeks ter from Gen. Calvin Jones of North Carolina, ito the legislature of that state, upon the subject of Militia Mustering, which ought to afford a useful lesson to the people and legislatures of other states. What Gen. Junes say of the North Carolina Militia is trackly all Militia, and we may apply the re-marks to ourselves with great justness. That our Militia are no better drilled now than they were twenty years ico, is a fact known to every man that they derive no good whatever as to mak. ing them soldiers by mustering a half dozen or a dozen times a year, experience has taught to be undeniable. the time therefore and expense of these musters are all thrown away. Calcalating every militia man's personal la. bour or personal attendance at home to his own duties at twenty five cents a day, (and he must be a worthless mas whose attention to his own business is not worth that) the individual loss to the people of this state, suppose the militia musters to be eight days in the year, will amount to about one hundred thousand dollars per year. Suppose each man spends at the rate of one ex. tra cent in consequence of being at the muster, (and I dare say the true expenditure per man would be much near. er twelve and a half cents) this one cent would be another loss of three thou. sand two hundred dollars-then calculate subsequent doctor's bills for sickness in consequence of exposure to heat, cold, wet, intoxication, accidents, &c. on muster days, this loss would be fairly stated at three thousand dollars -then add the loss of the work of the Horses that are taken from work for the militia men to ride to the field. supposing there are ten thousand working horses rode on that day, the labour of each worth thirty three and a third cents per day this, in eight day, would be another loss of more than twenty five thousand dollars per yearthen calculate the loss from the number of idle people attending muster who do not belong to the militia, inclui-

Suppose an addition was made to the militia law to this effect, viz: that every militia man must muster, without fail, one day in every month of Mayat a given place or be subject to the pre ent penalty of from fifty cents to two dollars,-but that for the other seven times in the year (I believe they mee eight times, I speak from recollection alone) each man may be excused upon the payment of twelve and a half cent, which is to be collected by the county collector when he collects the county asessment, and paid into the treasury the state-This would constitute an annual sum voluntarily paid by the citzens nearly, if not quite, equal to the county assessment, and if substituted for it would be a great gain to every man in the state—but if in addition by it, would still be a gain to each mas and nearly double the receipts into the -the state debt would the be paid off immediately, without taxe, and a large surplus of money would an nually arise to be applied by the stan to internal improvement.

ing women, and averaging their day wages at twelve and a half cents ead

day, suppose the number to be tea

thousand each day, that would be ales

of \$10,000 more. All these to

gether make a certain loss to the peo-ple of this state of one hundred and

forty one thousand two hundred dol-

lars, which they now annually suffer

from militia musters-This sum it paid

into the state treasury would pay off all

the state's debts, make it rich, and em-

ble it to strike off one fifth of the pre-

sent assessment in each county.

The calculations here given are intentionally made upon the most limited and contracted scale, to make the loss as small as possible, but it is in true believed that the loss to the citizens this state arising from militia muster is much nearer a half of million of dollars a year than one hundred and fortythousand dollars. So perfectly convinced of this is the author of these re marks, that he would be willing, if i was not for the introduction of an odious and dangerous system to take to farm the revenue of the state upon these calculations, pay all its debts and meet all its current annual engagements. FABRICIUS.

Has the Tariff Bill done this? The Providence Patriot of the 29th ult. says "there has been a general turn out of the workmen in the man: factories in Pawtucket, for three days past, on account of the proprietors lowering the wages since the passing of the tariff bill, and reducing the time hither to allowed at the several meals. All the factories except one have been shall up during the time.

SHIP NEWS—Among other lists of cargoes, in the Nantucket Inquirer of the 25th ult. we find the following "Arr. sloop Henry, from Falmonton passengers, 4 ladies, 3 musicians, one lion, one lama, one Shetland pony, monkey, a bahoon, and two lawyers.

It is stated that the President of the United States has granted a full parten to Joseph Perez, the Spaniard lately convicted at New York o piracy

Maryland Cazette.

ANNAPOLIS: THURSDAY, JUNE 10.

Communicated for this Gazette. RECEIPT OF THE FAVOURITE

Dish in the East-Indies called Curry. Cut your meat, (shote is best), or chickens, into pieces, fry it in nice, fresh butter, put it into a stew pan, pour boiling water over it, and make a rich gravy, thicken it, then, add a teaspoouful and an half of turmeric powdered, a tea-spoonful of powdered pepper, and two table spoonful of powdered ginger, then stew till done. Have rice nicely boiled, and put in a dish, place the stewed meat on the ton of the rice. and pour the gravy over the whole. Some prefer Cavenne to black pepper, and many squeeze the juice of a lemon or lime over it, when on the plate.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Meetings have lately been held in Jefferson, Jennings, and Madison counties, Indiana, and at Charlestown, in the same state, at each of which the Hon. Henry Clay, of Kentucky, was unanimously recommended as a fit and proper person to be supported for the next Presidency. Committees were likewise appointed by these meetings for the purpose of ascertaining and selecting suitable persons (favourable to Mr. Clay's election), to serve as elec-

OIIIO.

The Hon. Henry Clay, has been nominated for the office of President of the United States, by a meeting which took place at Cincinnati on the 10th ultimo. At a meeting held at Washington, (Fayette county,) on the 8th, Mr. Clay was likewise nominated.

THE WEATHER An Augsburgh paper of April 15, says, more snow fell there the preceding week, than during the whole winter. The course of the posts had been interrupted near the mountains, and in many places the snow lay from twelve to fifteen feet deep. The cold weather continued, and the winter was protracted so that there was no appearance of vegetation, whereas, two years ago, at the same place, almost all the fruit trees had already blossomed. In Italy also, the weather has been very severe.

A letter from Naples, April 6, says: "We have had the most rigorous weather for the last month, that has been known here for several years-there has been an unusual number of broken bridges and blocked up roads, of deluges and of whirlwinds, and even at this moment the cones of Vesuvius and the tops of the neighbouring mountains are covered with snow. The Neapolitans are of opinion that all this must mean something!

BRITISH WAR IN AFRICA.

The details of the defeat of the British forces in Africa, make their loss much greater than was first reported. The number which fell, is stated to be 4,000, nearly the whole of which were blacks or natives. The following letter, from a London paper, gives the particulars of the unfortunate affair.

British Accra, Jan. S1, 1824. Dear Sir-This will be handed you by Capt. Bunney of the brig Elizabeth, who is now lying off and on, as she touches at Barbadoes. I cannot let slip this opportunity of writing a few lines.

It is with the greatest concern I have to inform you that the Ashantees have made an attack upon Sir Charles M'Carthy's division of the army, upon the Gold Coast, and completely routed it: most of the officers killed, and Sir Charles himself wounded in two places and They came down 15,000 strong; Sir Charles' division was not more than one third that number. The battle was fought on the 21st inst. near Sicondee, and lasted from 2 P. M. until 6 P. M. when Sir Charles having expended all his ammunition, was surrounded, and his army completely routed. The Ashantees however sustained a great loss, and it is not known where they are gone

There were fourteen officers with Sir Charles when the action commenced, and only one, a Lieut. Erskine, escaped to tell the tale of whe. Among the slain, are some of the principal and oldest merchants at Cape Coast; those that I have heard named are, George Robertson, James Headle, Edwin Jones, and Mr. Tedley, the Staff Surgeon, killed; Capt. Legrange died of fatigue; Major Rickets severely wounded; many others that I do not know the names of, killed; and many wounded and missing. They were expecting an attack at Cape Coast. by the latest intelligence, and they had actually sent down a ressel to get 7000 stand of arms, which is was reported at Cape Coast that I had here. At this vessel will most likely call at Tape Coast, the Captain will be able to give you late accounts, and more accounts. counts, and more accurate intelligence of this dreadful transaction, which may yet he the cause of the Gold Coast be-

Ing these from us.

The following is an extract of a private lesses from an officer of rank on board the Owen Glendowen, which not

only confirms the dissertions tidings above given but adds to them the high lanchey intelligence of the death of that enterprizing traveller Belzoni-Cape Coast, Feb. 6.

All is confusion here. The Ashantees have beaten the governor; he is a prisoner or killed, so are all the white men of the party, about seven or eight, and more than two thirds of his force. Our marines garrison Cape Coast Cas-We have been at duty night and

day of the severest nature.

I almost thought the other day that my jaw bone would have ornamented an Ashantee drum; fate would have it otherwise. We had two marines and one Krooman killed, and two marines

and five seamen wounded.

We are all ready for hard work, and as the Ashantees show no quarter, but torture those they take, if our lads are obliged to land, (which is more than probable,) I land too; no prisoner will any of us be, that is determined. The country, overrun by the Ashantees, is in a horrible condition: every male old person and child is put to death; the girls just arrived at a proper age are saved. A Captain L'Estrange was so affected by the dreadful sight which he saw on the march, that on seeing two children hung up by the neck, and two with their bellies cut open, he dropped down and died.

Belzoni is no more. He died at Benin, of dysentery, after every thing that could be wished was done and settled for his proceeding into the inte-

Barrows supposition is just; that the Congo is the Niger. I have pretty good information.

From the Boston Statesman.

MR. CRAWFORD.-No man has been more grossly misrepresented than this illustrious citizen; and it is only necessary for the people of New-England to become acquainted with his character, to entertain the most unalloyed respect for him. A plain and an honest man, by the force of his abilities, by the influence of his virtues, he has Sushed his way from the humblest condition, to a glorious distinction, without the aid of a great name or a great and powerful family connection. And the people of the United States will soon see this man, who, but a few years since, was a schoolmaster in Georgia, in possession of the highest honours of the republic. This will be to the worldest righter commentary upon our republican government than any thing like an hereditary succession to distinction. Mr. Crawford has strength tinction. Mr. Crawford has strength of hind, but he has what is of more value, strengh of principles and strength of character.

National Intelligencer of Saturday says-"The Philadelphia papers announce in courteous terms, the probability that Mr. Secretary Crawford would probably arrive in that city, for medical advice within a day or two. Although we understand it is not improbable that Mr. Crawford may visit that city, he is yet at his residence here. We avail ourselves of this opportunity to say, that Mr. Crawford's health is in a state of improvement within the last week, and that his health has never been as low as has been represented in the New-York and some other prints.

A spot on the sun is observed, simi-A spot on the sun is observed, similar to the largest one of 1816, and cold weather predicted from the circumstance, but with little consistency, it is suggested, as the temperature of our spring has varied several times a day, instead of being uniformly less warm than usual.—[N. Y. Statesman.

STRAN PLAT.

Messrs. J. and A. Muir and Co. of Greenock, at present employ no fewer than eleven hundred of the inhabitants of the Orkneys in the manufacture of straw plat for ladies bonnets, and have recently turned their attention to an ar-ticle in imitation of Leghorn plat, in which they so well succeeded as to obtain, for some specimens, a silver medal from the Lordon Society of arts.

After trying various grasses, they have finally adopted the straw of rye, and have this season, laid down several acres of that grain, for the purpose of vigorously prosecuting this enterprise. They have already prepared a sufficient quantity of plat to commence a regular quantity of plat to commence a regular manufacture of bonnets, and the article they produce is equal to the finer descriptions of Leghorn bonnets.—Greenock, will, therefore, be the first place to rival the Continent in this extensive article of dress.

SPINNING MACHINE.

Mr. Wilkes Hyde, of Cairo. (N. Y.) has invented a Vertical Spinner, by which it is said a girl may spin as much in a day as any other person can with other wheels spin in four days.

Three indispensable requisites to the creation of a fashionable party in London during the present Spring, with the price of each article annexed. A dish of green pease dressed plain, 10 ginueas! Rossini dresses!' ordinaire, guineas!!, Napoleon's . Mameluke full drest, 100 guineas! !!

MECHANICAL INGENUITY.

Prox. a Genevan mechanic, once constructed a clock which was capable of the following surprising movements:—Therefore each on it a neare, a dog, and a shepherd. When the clock struck, the shepherd played six tanes on his fluts, and the dog approached to fawned upon him. The clock was exhibited to the King of Spain, who was delighted with it. The gentleness of my dog, said Droze is the least merit. Let your majesty thach one of the apples you see in the shepherd's basket, you will admire the fulcility of the animal. The King took an apple, and the dog The King took an apple, and the dog flew at his hand and barked so loud, that the King's dog, which was in the room, began also to balk, At this, the courtiers, not doubting that it was an affair of witchcraft, hastily left the one that yentured to stay, the wint out. The minister of marine was the only one that yentured to stay. The king having the sized him to ask the negro what o'dock it was, the minister obeyed, but he obtained no reply.— Droz then observed that the negro had not yet learned Spanish, upon which he minister repeated the question in French, and the black immediately answered him. At this new prodicy, the firmness of the minister also forsook him, and he retreated precipitately, de-claring that immust be the work of the devil.—Griscom's Year in Rurope.

THE DOO BILLY & THE BERKSHIRE RAT-KILLER.

The match between these two cele brated vermin destroyers took place on Tuesday night, at the pit in Duck-lane, Westminster. The capabilities of Bil-ly are pretty well known, and the Berk-shire bitch had been much talked of. The match was for twenty sovereigns, and the undertaking was, that the bitch killed fifty rats in less time than Billy and as a proof that no ordinary interest was excited by the event, it is on-ly necessary to mention that the pit was cramadd, and amongst the visitors there were members of the Senate and the Bar. Dew backed his Billy, and a Mr. Wise, who, by the bye, acted rather foolishly in the business, backed the bitch. A toss decided that Billy should commence the sport; fifty fullgrown rats were turned into the pit, by Cheatham, the well-known rat catcher, and in the space of 5 minutes and 6 seconds they all lay dead at the feet of Billy.—The pit being clear of the dead, the bitch was let in, and fifty rats were turned out of a cage to her. By the time she had killed thirty of the rats, she became exhausted, and lay barking and yelping on the ground with-her mouth open, without attempt ing to kee the vermin that were hang-ing about per nose—a decided proof in the estimation of those present, of her not being bred high enough-and a quarter of an hour clapsed before she completed her task. Billy was therefore declared the conqueror by the um-It is now confessed that no dog in the kingdom can match with Billy at rat killing, though he has only two teeth in his head and one eye! A bet of 200 sovereigns was subsequently offered, that Billy killed 100 rats in less time than the bitch killed half the number. London pap.

From the Cheraw S. C. Intelligencer. MURDER, & ITS PUNISHMENT.

Mr. Burwell Hancock, oversecr, on the plantation of Mr. May, in the upper part of this district, was inhuman y murdered on Wednesday the 19th ilt. by a negro fellow named Isaac.

The most authentic information we

have been able to obtain relative to the transaction, gives the following result. Isaac complained of not being well in the morning and made this an excuse for not going to his accustomed work; the overseer supposed this to be a mere subterfuge to avoid labour, and insisted that he should go to work at once, observing that he knew him to be a sullen rascal, and nothing but the rod would answer with him, The negro continued to refuse working, when the over-seer struct him with his gun, and with a stick; he than turned from the negro, and as he turned, the negro struck him with the hoe on his head & knocked him down, exclaiming "Damn you I'll kill you!" the negro continued to beat him with the hoe until life was extinct. He then made pursuit after a negro woman who had observed the scene (it is said for the purpose of killing her also) and was making her way to give information, but her cries brought to her assistance another negro, when Isaac fled to the woods. He was taken on the Friday following, and on Saturday was tried by a board of freeholders, who sentenced him to be hung, have his head cut off, and his body burned. This was accordingly done, and his head stuck upon a pole and carried about as a mov-ing monument to villany and crime.

This may appear to some of our Northern riends as monstrous and in-human; but let, it be impressed upon their minds, that our situation demands a rigorous treatment of slaves, and the most exemplary punishment for their offences, and that therefore we are oftentimes compelled to sacrifice feeling to necessity.

HYMENEAL

Married, on Tuesday evening by the Rev. Mr. Griffith, Mr. John Stallings, DREN. to Mrs. Pamela L. Key, all of this city. June 10.



THE COMMITTEE.

Washington, June 8: The Committee of Investigation met vesterday, pursuant to adjournmentpresent all the Members except Mr. Randolph, of Virginia, and Mr. Owen, of Alabama the former of whom is gone to Europe, and the latter home. No business was transacted except to adopt a general plan of proceeding in the investigation. At the request of Mr. Edwards, Langdon Cheves, of Philadelphia, and Jonathan Jennings, a Member of the House of Representatives, from Indiana, have been summoned to give testimony before the [Nat. Intel: committee.

CANAL TOLLS. We have occasionally noted the great trade which is prosecuted upon the ca-nals of New-York. The navigation of the canals commenced on the 5th May;

and from that period to the first day of June, the sum received at Albany alone for tolls, and paid into the state trea sury, has amounted to \$17,738 71.

GOV. YATES'S PROCLAMATION. The New-York papers of Saturday

contain the proclamation of Governor YATES of that state, convening the Legislature on the 2d of August next, for the purpose of considering whether the privilege of choosing electors of President and Vice-President, which is now vested in the Legislature, shall be restored directly to the people.

EQUIPMENT OF THE NORTH-CAROLINA 74.

The Norfolk correspondent of the Federal Gazette under date of the 7th inst. says Orders have been issued for the immediate equipment of the U S ship North Carolina, 74, now lying at the Norfolk Navy Yard—she is to be completely ready for sea in 90 days. The object of fitting out this vessel is not known; but rumour says, she is to be sent to France to bring o ver to the U. S. the Marquis La Fay-

FROM FRANCE.

By the ship Marmion at New York from Havre, our correspondents, have received Paris papers to the 30th April.
It was expected that Gen. La Fay-

ette would shortly embark for New York in one of the elegant packets. We understand (says the Mercantile Advortiser) he declined the invitation

to come in a National ship.

The N. Y. Gazette says:—"it is remarkable, that as the ship was taking her departure, the latest loose Havre papers were taken out of the ship by order of Government. What their contents were, or what the object, we are left to conjecture. The papers before us contain nothing worthy of notice.

FROM MEXICO. By the schr. Eagle, Capt. Bier, arrived at Baltimore.

Mexico remains in a perfectly tranquil state under the direction of the Sovereign Congress, who had come to the resolution of naming a dictator for the purpose of preventing further internal commotion in the country. The eyes of the nation are directed to General Bravo, as being a proper person to fill this important station.—His known patriotism and republican sentiments are a sufficient guarantee that his fellow citizens will never repent having in-trusted him with this high and important command.

The return of Iturbide is thought possible, but highly improbable, and in any event, the consequences are not aprehended by the nation at large.

Land for Sale. The subscriber offers for sale the planta tion whereon he now resides, containing 230 acres of fertile land, well adapted to the production of Indian Corn, 19e, oats and tobacco, of fine quality, and susceptible of speedy improvement by clover and plaister. There is on the premises, besides the necessary out buildings, a convenient dwelling house, erected within the last twenty years, & situated on a conspicuous eminence commanding an extensive and beautifully variegated prospect of the surrounding neighbourhood, and the Chesapeake Hay. This place is well watered, and healthy. 19-ng within a convenient distance of the Pataxent river and bay, affording all the advanta ion whereon he now resides, containing 230 within a convenient distance of the Patux-ent river and bay, affording all the advanta-ges, without any of the disadvantages, of contiguity to either. Within two miles, over a good road, is a public Isinding on the bay, presenting a facility of regular and constant intercourse with Baltimore, by means of two packets which ply weekly on that route It has also the advantage of Herring Creek Curch & several other places of public wor-Curch & several other places of public wor-shiph in its immediate vicinity A more mishiph in its immediate vicinity. A more mi-nute description is deemed unnecessary, as personsinclined opurchase will undoubtedly view it. Possession may be had immediately, or on the expiration of the year at the op-tion of the purchaser. P. H. O'Reilly.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans out of Anne-Artmed county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on Thursday the first day of July next, on a credit of six months, on bond beafing interest, with approved security, a parcel of VALUABLE NEGROES, MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

P. H. O'Reifly. P. H. O'Reifly.

ATTENTION!

First Annapolis Sharp Hhoolers ... You will turn out for deill and inspection of arms this Evening at 3 o'clock. Each member will come provided with three rounds of powder and ball. By order

JAMES DUNN, O. S. Jdne 10

ATTENTION !

Annapolic United Volunteers,
You are ordered to parade on Tuesday the 15th first, as half past 3 o'clock P. M with arms and accourrements in complete order. It is confidently expected by the officers that every memper of the company will be present that possibly can.

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

By virtue of an authority derived from the Board of Visitors and Governors of St. John's College," the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 28th Inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. the House and Lottin Pranies attrett, in the city of Annapolis. in

o'clock A. M. the House and Lot in Fran-cis street, in the city of Annapolis, in which Samuel Sands, deceased, formerly resided, being part of what was called the Kentish House Lot The property will be divided into two lots, about 35 and 56 feet front, and about fifty depth, and will be sold in fee simple. The largest lot, on which the house stands, binds on Francis street and the State-house Circle The Terms of Sales that the pur-chaser or purchasers shall give bond, with sheeties, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, one half at the expiration of twelve months, the other half at the expiration of two years from the day of sale, Possession will be de-livered on the 15th of July next.

Addison Ridout,

Nicholas Brewer, jr.

PORTER ALB & CIDER.

The subscriber has for sale bottled PORTER, ALE AND CIDER. To persons who buy to sell again, a liberal discount will be made.

PISAAC HOLLAND. Corn Hill street.

To the Volers of Anne Arundel Coun-ty and City of Canapolis.

Friends and Fellow Citizens,

Solicited and encodraged by a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office

SHERIFF.

Should it meet your approbation you will be pleased to accept the assurances of my mest sincere thanks for

BU HRAD W. MARRIOTT.

The Annual Convention Of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocess of Maryland will take place, on Wednesdy the 16th June in St. Paul's Church, Baltimore.

Editors of the different papers in the state, are respectfully requested to insert this advertisement.

W. E. WYATT, Sec. of Con.

June 10.

Saint-Mary's County Orphans Court, April 13, 1824, On application by Stephen Gough, dministrator of James Hayden, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, or-dered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased, and that the ame be published once a week for for weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Maryland Gazette. James Forrest, Reg. Wills for St. Mary's con

This is to give notice, That the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the orphans court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of James Hayden, late of the county aforestid, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of December next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of June, 1824. S. Gough, Adm'r.

June 10

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the Orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of John Nicholson, deceased on Thursday the 17th day of June inst the remainder of

The Personal Estate Of said Nicholson, consisting of a Negro Man, and a Roy, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Plantation Utensils, Terms of sale—For all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond, with security, bearing interest from the day of sale; under that a-mount the Cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock

JOHN BEARD, Adm's.

Jone 3.