

be pleased with a communication expressive of your ideas thereon. And while we assure you that this subject shall receive our serious attention, and that it will give us much pleasure if through our efforts such alterations can be effected in the existing laws, as will tend to remove all further inconveniences, so far as the same may be consistent with the constitution of this state, and with the rights and liberties of its citizens. We also request that you will be pleased to accept the assurance of our highest respect.

DANIEL GROVES,  
ROBERT SMITH,  
JA. LYSTER,  
JAMES B. HUBLEY,  
ALEX. MAHON,  
R. Johnson, Wm. C. Miller,  
Archd. Lee, Littleton J. Dennis,  
and John Chauncey, Esquires,  
Annapolis, Md.

After the foregoing report and correspondence had been submitted to our legislature, the following resolution appointing a member of the senate to continue the correspondence, was proposed and adopted: Resolved, That Reverdy Johnson, Esquire, be requested to continue the correspondence now pending with the legislature of Pennsylvania, on the subject of runaway slaves, and to report the result thereof to the next general assembly.

From the Bengal Harkara.  
From the Sydney Gazette, 24th May.

**EXTRAORDINARY DEATH.**  
The following is the melancholy end of Captain West, of the Indian whaler, who visited Port Jackson in March 1821, to refit, and resumed her voyage in the ensuing month. Capt. Moore of the Woodlark informs us that the unfortunate commander spoken of, was heading his boat as usual one day, about three months since off New Zealand when the frail bark was stove in by a blow from the whale to which they were fast, and the animal, almost at the same instant, seized Captain West by the middle of the body, & nearly tore him asunder. He was immediately picked up and taken on board, when the vessel made for the land; and the hapless mariner, scarcely alive, in a wretchedly mangled condition, was conveyed on shore, where all the assistance that could be rendered was promptly afforded, but in four days after the accident, Capt. West entered the eternal world. He was interred in Mr. Hall's garden at New Zealand, alongside of Mr. Wilson, his chief officer, who had been interred about 15 months. The vessel goes home therefore, under the command of the second officer.

**HOAX.**  
On the 13th a person in this city who is supposed to be in the habit of conducting articles from the other side of the line, and placing them in a secure place in Montreal, without going through the formalities of the custom house etiquette; was applied to and asked if he could furnish the applicant with 12 chests of tea, and 18 kegs of tobacco; the samples were produced, and the prices fixed upon; the greatest secrecy was promised upon the part of the purchaser, and the articles were to be delivered at a certain hour mutually appointed. After the departure of the applicant, certain forebodings and misgivings were felt by the "fair trader," who thought that all was not right, weighed the matter seriously, and at length came to the determination of outwitting him: He accordingly produced the specified number of tobacco kegs and tea chests, filled the former with stones and brick bats, and the latter with the produce of a livery stable—hired five Canadian trunks, and set out to the appointed place of rendezvous. On his arrival the first object which met his view was a pistol presented towards him by a custom house officer, who commanded him to deliver up the property instantly, as it was seized in the name of the king. The fair trader appeared astonished, said he had been scandalously deceived, and that the seizure would gain him; the officer was inexorable, and ordered the soldiers who were in waiting to take possession of the supposed contraband property. It was accordingly deposited for that night in the guard room, near the cross, and was yesterday morning escorted to the custom house in Montreal, where we are informed the hoax was discovered. Montreal paper.

**HAYTI.**  
Extract from an Address of the Committee of Public Education of Port-au-Prince, to the Fathers and Mothers of Families.  
The primary Schools, and those established upon the easy and ingenious system of Lancaster, increase daily in the Republic since the union of the whole Isle; it is important that education should be dispensed to all the people. The President of Hayti has given a new impetus to the University of St. Domingo—The choice of professors suited to fill the chairs of the Latin language, of philosophy, of civil and canon law, inspires the pleasing hope that the citizens of this part will enjoy the invaluable advantages of education.

It will be desirable that men who have a perfect knowledge of the French and Spanish languages present themselves to the committee if they wish to be useful to the country. In this case they will advise his excellency the President of Hayti of it, who will authorize them to establish Lancasterian schools in the several towns of the eastern part. If there is found also a man skilled in these languages, and desirous of being professor in the University, his excellency will place him in the chair. Since all the inhabitants of the island will need to have intercourse one with another, it will be necessary for them to speak the same language, that they may become more assimilated in their manners. If by frequent and easy communication, the most part of them should come to speak both idioms, it will be essential that they understand them perfectly and speak them correctly. It is therefore, highly important to have a professor of the French language at the University of St. Domingo, as well as masters of the Lancasterian schools, able to teach in the several towns of the east, the language that is to be vernacular with us.

The committee is constantly occupied in measures to spread instruction to all parts of the Republic. It will visit as soon as possible, the schools in the capital, to be assured if the teachers are zealous for the improvement of their pupils. Charged with the superintendence of public instruction, the committee would never cease to recommend to parents to use all the means in their power, for making their children illustrious men and good patriots. He who has acquired profitable knowledge, is always useful to his country. The committee wish therefore, to induce parents as well as instructors, to use all their efforts to bring up the youth of Hayti, in the true principles that constitute a good education, and above all, to give them precepts of morality and religion, instructing them also to prefer, in all circumstances, their country to every thing else.

Port-au-Prince, 11th Aug. 1822.  
19th year of Independence.  
[Signed, by the gentlemen of the Committee.]

**PIRATE.**  
The following furnishes a confirmation and additional particulars of the recent defeat of a pirate off Matanzas. The brig Bowdoin, Captain Carr, which arrived at Newport 22d inst, sailed from Matanzas on the 3d, in company with brigs Abeona, for Providence, and Neptune, of Bristol, for Trieste. After being out about 4 hours from Matanzas, saw a piratical schooner coming out from the land, full of men, and rowing with 14 sweeps. On her coming up with the Bowdoin, she hoisted the red flag and commenced firing with round and grape shot, and ordered Capt. Carr to "stand or die." As soon as the pirate was within sufficient range, the Bowdoin, returned the fire from her carriage guns, and musketry, which completely raked the deck of the Pirate, killing several of them and obliging them instantly to haul off, having only seven men to be seen on her deck, and rowing with three sweeps—she then stood in a gain for the land. Had it not been calm, Captain C. supposes that he should have been enabled to have sunk the pirate. The Abeona, and Neptune, being in company with the Bowdoin, at the time, and being both armed, assisted in repulsing the pirate. The Bowdoin mounted four carriage guns, with musketry.

A little girl happening to hear her mother speak of going into half mourning, said, "Why are we going into half mourning? Mamma, are any of our relations half-dead?"

**DOCTOR EBERLE'S**  
Materia Medica and Therapeutics.  
The mania for writing has of late become so common, and the people ever pleased with novelty, have been so often duped by the crude and undigested publications of visionary authors, veiling their folly under the sacred cloak of science, that they find it necessary to bestow, with considerable caution, their patronage upon new works, however imposing the manner in which they be ushered to their notice. But when the labours of an individual, justly famed, not only at home but in Europe, shall be submitted to the tribunal of an American public; I say, with confidence, they will receive that attention and support which it is always the disposition of the American character to afford to native merit.

The foregoing reflections have been elicited upon reading the first volume of Doctor Eberle's excellent work on Materia Medica and Therapeutics, and if the second but equal the first, I have no hesitation in declaring (and the medical world will bear me out in the assertion) that it will surpass any in the English language on the same subject. The style is chaste, pleasing and perspicuous, and the industry and research evinced by the numerous and well selected authorities, entitle Dr. Eberle to the warmest acknowledgments of the profession. To the student of medicine it will be a most invaluable acquisition.

**VOLCANO.**  
A letter from Batavia dated November 19; received at Salem says, "On the 16th inst. a tremendous volcano poured forth stones and lava from a mountain situated in the Beangjan Regencies, 200 miles from the city. Five thousand natives were buried by the stones and ashes. Three hundred have been found most dreadfully burnt, and but faint hopes are entertained of the recovery of most of them. This place was one of the most beautiful and highly cultivated sections of the interior of this rich Island. Coffee and rice grew luxuriantly and plentifully there."

**SPORTING IN INDIA.**  
Extract of a letter from India, received by a gentleman of Reading, dated New Cantonments, June 22, 1822—"I mentioned to you in my last that I intended to have a month's shooting. We had not been out three days when an order reached us to return: we had most famous sport the short time we were out, killing 7 tigers, 95 spotted deer, a large lot of hogs, and small game of all kinds. I enclose a small extract from the Calcutta Journal of March 21, relating to the success of another party of sportsmen:—A party of gentlemen a few days back, took the field, in pursuit of tigers, buffaloes, Samat and hog deer, chokoor, and black partridge &c. besides hog hunting, on the confines of the districts of Rajesbahye and Dinagore, near the banks of the Mohamedy. With the exception of the tiger only, several of the above game were daily killed in a sportsman like style.

The party had not been long out before they received the joyful tidings of a rhinoceros, from the terrified inhabitants of several villages whose apprehensions had been excited in an unusual degree by the fierceness of the animal, evinced by his killing four or five ponies and committing other acts of depredation. It being determined to pursue him, every exertion which keen sportsmen could practice was soon employed to discover him; after many fruitless attempts the exertions of the party were rewarded, & their labours recompensed, by the sight of this immense animal on the 13th. His bold and determined aspect, and stately figure, as he retreated slowly before the elephants, appearing to disdain that rapid flight which could indicate fear, & charging with fierceness when closely pressed, combined to afford excellent sport.

Intimation of his discovery being immediately given, every member of the party joined, in the pursuit, and quickly closing round, his fate was soon sealed. The dimensions of this male rhinoceros were as follows: length from the nose to the extremity of the tail, 15 feet 10 inches; (tail measuring only 15 inches); circumference of the body 15 feet 8 inches; height 7 feet 5 inches; weight of the heart 23 lb; 30 teeth; two tusks; length of the horn on

his nose twenty inches; presumed weight of the head, four maunds or 3 cwt and 33 lb. This animal is supposed to have strayed from the Morung Hills. It is proposed to send his head to England."

Montreal, Jan. 29.  
**IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT IN SURGERY.**

The formidable operation of Lithotomy (or the extraction of Urinary Calculi) is now reduced to a degree of simplicity, almost incredible, by an invention of W. W. Sleight, Esq. M. R. C. S. L. and Lecturer in this city, on Anatomy, Physiology and Surgery. We omit mentioning particulars, except the following prominent features in it, viz. that the skin is not touched with a knife; that the actual operation does not occupy the eighth of a minute; and that it is attended with little, if any, more danger or pain, than bleeding in the arm. Thus an operation, considered by the most celebrated men of the day, as fraught with the most eminent peril, and excruciating suffering, will be rendered as simple as venesection. We further learn, that the operation as originally conceived by him, was liable to many difficulties, all which have been effectually obviated by certain measures devised by him during the last twelve months consideration of the subject, and without which it cannot be undertaken with safety. The Doctor, has as yet communicated these means to no one; but a treatise will shortly be published in London, to which city we understand, he purposes, in the course of next summer, proceeding.

We have seen a stone the Doctor extracted on the 18th inst; it weighs (independently of numerous fragments) seven hundred and ninety eight grains; and its circumference measured in two opposite directions, five inches. The patient was well on the third day.

New-York, Feb. 28.  
**DISPATCH.**  
The packet ship Amity, Captain S. Maxwell, came to the wharf on Friday afternoon the 21st inst, at 1 o'clock. Yesterday afternoon, the 27th, she was entirely ready for sea. Thus in five working days (one of which was a very stormy one) she discharged a full cargo of British goods, and took in a full cargo of cotton and flaxseed.

From the Richmond Enquirer.  
**CUBA—GREAT BRITAIN.**  
Much interest prevails in consequence of the rumour, that England is about to occupy Cuba. Our correspondent at Washington, (who derives his information from the first authority) has authorized us to say, that the rumour of England being about to take possession of Cuba, is entirely groundless—and that so far from it, Mr. Canning, it is said, has made an official communication to the government of the United States, that the British government would consider itself disgraced, were it to avail itself of the present condition of Spain to aggrandize herself by the dismemberment of the Spanish territories.

From another Correspondent.  
The British minister here (Mr. Canning) waited some time ago upon Mr. Adams, Secretary of State, and read to him a letter from his cousin George Canning; in which he speaks of the rumours as to Cuba; denies, in the most positive manner, any wish or intention on the part of the British government to obtain it, and expressed an opinion that it would be dishonourable in them to avail themselves of the weakness of Spain for any such purpose. It seems too, that the minister here was directed by his government to read this letter to the Secretary of State. No copy was furnished, and Mr. Monroe directed Mr. Adams to apply and know whether one would be furnished. It is said he has not had an answer, but that it will not. This is all the information our government has on the subject."

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the court of appeals, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday the 28th day of March inst, at Mr. Thos. B. D. Merrewether's, for cash, one negro Man named Sam. Seized and taken as the property of the said Thos. B. D. Merrewether, at the suit of Samuel Banks for the use of Niche, Snowden. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, A. M.  
WM. O'HARA, Sbf.  
March 6.

**RULES OF HUSBANDRY.**  
Extracts from an address by Andrew Nichols, Esq.  
1. Cultivate no more land than can be thoroughly ploughed, well manured at once, and kept free from weeds.  
2. Never keep land many years under the same crops.  
3. Never lay land into grass, except it be well prepared, and in a very rich condition.  
Suppose, for example, you possess a field of arable land, containing eight acres; how can it be most advantageously managed? According to the author—who lays down the foregoing rules, plough annually, in autumn, two acres. Let it be cross ploughed, harrowed, highly manured, planted with corn or potatoes, and well tilled the following spring and summer. In the spring next following, plough it twice, and sow it with grain and clover. In this way, by keeping the land in rotation, one year under Indian corn or potatoes, one year under English grain, and two years under clover, it would produce the most abundant crops and be continually growing better, as the large tap roots of the clover, especially, would greatly ameliorate and enrich the soil. After going through this routine several times, the land would be in an excellent condition to lay into grass, thus to remain till another portion of land could be treated in the same manner. Keeping in view these principles every farmer can readily apply them to other crops, which it is therefore unnecessary to mention.

**BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.**  
Correspondent's—From the American Farmer.  
Flour, best white wheat, 25-11 1/2 ct. S. F. 50 62 1/2—Wheat No. 2 12 1/2—Wheat, white 31 35 to 140—Red do 31 32 to 135—Rye, 71 to 75 cts.—Corn 60 to 62 cts.—Oats, 35 to 37 1/2 cts.—Beef, live cut, 45 to 50 per cwt.—Hog's 3 cents per lb.— Bacon, round, 10 to 11 cts.—Pork 14 50 to 150 per cwt.—6 to 8 cents per lb.—Mutton, 5 to 6 cts per lb.—Beans 13 1/2 to 150—Peas, black eyed, 55 to 60 cts.—Red Clover seed, 50—Timothy seed 45—Flax Seed 75 to 80 cts.—Whiskey, from the wagons, 32 to 34 cents per gal.—Apple brandy, 30 to 32 cts.—Peach do. 65 to 70 cts.—Shad, none in market.—Herrings, No. 1 33 62 1/2 per bbl.—No. 2, 33 37 1/2—Fine salt 80 to 90 cts. per bush. Course, 40 to 75.  
**MARYLAND TOBACCO**—Not in great demand, prices same as before.

**OBITUARY.**  
Died, yesterday morning, on the north side of Severn, after a short and severe illness, in the 25th year of his age, Mr. EDWARD MILLER, eldest son of Mr. Peter Miller, near this city.  
COMMUNICATED.  
Died, after a short illness, at the residence of John Clayton, Esquire, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 25th instant, Mr. JOSEPH CAMPDEN, at an advanced age. Many years of his life were spent in riding through a large district of country, exhorting the people to religion and piety; but what were his religious tenets, was known to few; he was a member of no established church.

**To the Voters**  
OF THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS, Fellow-Citizens.  
Being solicited by many of my Republican friends, I am induced thus publicly to declare myself a candidate to represent the city of Annapolis, as a delegate to the next General Assembly. Your respectfully,  
EDWARD WILLIAMS  
Annapolis, March 6, 1823

**FRESH Garden Seeds**  
For Sale by  
GEO. G. BREWER.  
Corn-Hill-street, Annapolis, March 6.

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the court of appeals, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday the 28th day of March inst at Mr. James Hunter's tavern in Annapolis, one undivided fifth part of a parcel of land, being part of a tract called "John and Mary's Chance," containing 100 acres more or less, late the property of John A. O'Reilly. Seized and taken at the suit of Patrick H. O'Reilly. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock. Terms cash. William O'Hara, Sbf.  
March 6.

**Treasury Office**  
Annapolis, March 3, 1823.  
Pursuant to the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed on the ninth day of February, 1822, entitled, An act relating to the Maryland Penitentiary, and authorizing the treasurer of the western shore, to cause to be constituted certificates of stock for the sum of 28,000 dollars, to be issued in certificates of not less than 500 dollars in amount.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.**  
That for the purpose of receiving subscriptions for said stock, books will be opened in the city of Annapolis, at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and in the city of Baltimore, at the Bank of Baltimore, on Monday the 31st day of March, and on Tuesday the 1st day of April next, for the sale thereof.  
This stock will bear an interest of five per centum per annum, payable quarterly yearly, and redeemable at the expiration of thirty years; if not then redeemed, it is to be an interest of six per centum per annum, from that time until paid. The purchaser or purchasers, shall upon subscribing for the said stock, and before they receive the certificates therefor, deposit the amount subscribed for in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or in the Bank of Baltimore, subject to the order of the treasurer of the western shore; and before any subscription is taken, a premium for the stock is required by both the original act and the supplement hereinafter mentioned; yet the amount of premium is not limited, as the supplement authorises a sale of the stock, at such premium as may be offered; but in all cases where more than one purchaser shall offer, a preference will be given to the person offering the highest premium.  
In pursuance of the supplement referred to, passed on the 24th day of February, 1823, The creditors of the Maryland Penitentiary, will be permitted to subscribe for the said stock, to the amount of their respective claims on the said institution.

**B HAWOOD, T. P.**  
W S Md.  
The editors of the Maryland Republican, and the Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; American Patriot, Federal Gazette, and the Federal Republican, Baltimore, will insert the above daily, until the first of April next, and forward their accounts.  
March 6. TIA.

**Public Sale.**  
The subscriber will sell to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the first of April next, on the north side of Severn river, at the plantation now rented by Samuel Tydings, called Beeman's, Corn, Horses and Cattle; if it rains the sale will take place the next fair day thereafter. Terms of sale made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.  
Ferdinando Tydings.  
March 6 3w.

**Orphans Court Sale.**  
By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber, one of the executors of the last will and testament of John F. Mercer, late of the same county, deceased, will expose at public sale, on Friday the 20th of June next, at the late residence of the deceased, all the personal estate of the said John F. Mercer, consisting of  
**Negroes, Stock, &c. &c.**  
Terms of Sale—For all sums over twenty dollars a credit of six months will be given, on the purchasers giving bond, with good and sufficient security, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest; for all sums under 20 dollars, the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.  
John Mercer.  
March 6 6w.

**State of Maryland, Sc.**  
Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, January 31st, 1823.  
On application, by petition of John Mercer, one of the executors of the last will & testament of John F. Mercer, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette.  
Thomas H. Hall, Reg. of Wills  
A. A. County.

**Notice is hereby Given,**  
That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county in Maryland, letters testamentary to the persons' estate of John F. Mercer, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 20th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1823.  
John Mercer.  
Executor of the last will.  
March 6 6w.