tality and public spirit, has begun about
years, completed above two thirds of a
pendious and magnificent canal, excelled
by very few in the world, whereby the
ll soon be enabled to convey to her city,
by water, the produce of the widely
tended territory washed by those great
lend seas, Ontario, Erie, Huron, Michi-
n and Superior, and to transport in re-
rn the merchandize necessary for the
pply of those remote quarters of this con-
ntinent, thereby incalculably enriching
r citizens by aggrandizing the state. Some
ea of the value of the produce conveyed on
is canal, and of the profit it will ultimate-
yield, may be formed, when it is known,
at in its present imperfect and unfinished
ate, it will this year yield a revenue of
xty thousand dollars, which is fifty per
ent. more than was estimated by the com-
issioners. It is believed to be a moderate
alculation, when it is estimated, that the
aving on the carriage alone of the goods
ns taken to market, is equal to 100,000
ollars, which may be regarded as a clear
ain to the state, independent of the in-
reased value of the goods thus brought to
market, many of which without the instru-
mentality of the canal, would not have borne
he expense of transportation.

The river Susquehanna, including its
three great branches, passes through as
ess than twenty counties of Pennsylvania
nd receives the waters of twenty-four large
reeks, presenting a vast number of the
noblest sites for mills and manufactories of
very kind. These counties are inhabited
y about one third of all the people of the
Commonwealth, and have been truly and
emphatically called the heart of Pennsylva-
nia.

This portion of the state, rich in miner-
als, rich in timber, and rich in agricultural
productions, is in an eminent degree cut off
from a market; much however, has been
done, and much is doing, to clear out those
natural channels of commerce; and we
trust that by cutting the proposed canal to
unite the waters of the Chesapeake with
the Delaware, we shall open a new, safe &
profitable market to our fellow citizens.—
We anticipate that the completion of this
great work will do much for Philadelphia,
and Philadelphia is willing to do much to
effect it; but we should not approach the
legislature of Pennsylvania with the confi-
dence we do, if we did not feel a deep con-
viction that every town on the waters of the
Susquehanna and its tributary streams
would, in proportion to its population, be as
much, or more benefitted, than Philade-
phia.

The completion of the communication to
which we thus respectfully solicit your at-
tention, at all times an object of primary
importance, becomes daily more and more
essential to the prosperity of the state—
the great extension of steam boat navig-
tion on the Mississippi and the Ohio,
steadily and rapidly cutting off the trade
through Pennsylvania to the western coun-
try, even recently a fertile source of its
wealth. Pennsylvania, once the first state
in the Union, for exports foreign and do-
mestic, has sunk down to the eighth in re-
spect to domestic exports. It therefore be-
comes imperiously necessary to call into
activity such resources as are at the com-
mand of the state, not merely to prevent any
further decline, but, as far as possible, to
regain the ground we have unfortunately
lost.

The benefits of the proposed canal would
not be confined to the citizens of the state
of Pennsylvania—they would extend to the
heart of the states of Virginia, Maryland
and Delaware. To a large portion of the
citizens inhabiting the eastern and western
shores of the Chesapeake, who are now o-
bliged to seek a market in New York or
Philadelphia, by doubling the capes of Vir-
ginia, and encountering a tedious and fre-
quently very dangerous navigation, of three
or four hundred miles, the canal would af-
ford a short and easy communication with
Philadelphia, in which would then be cen-
tered a large portion of the lucrative trade
of those rich countries.

The distance from Havre-de Grace to
Philadelphia, by sea, is about five hundred
miles; whereas, by the proposed canal,
would be but seventy-five.

Our citizens, and those of the adjacent
states, located within the sphere of the use-
fulness of the proposed canal, many of whom
are now confined to one market for their
productions, would have the choice of two
were that undertaking completed—and they
secure to themselves, by competition, a bet-
ter reward for their industry.

It is computed, that the first five years af-
ter the completion of the canal, not less than
twenty millions of dollars worth of produce
would descend the Susquehanna; which
if sent through the canal, would find
way to market at a reduction in the carriage
of at least sixty seven per cent saving to
the farmers on the river not less than a mil-
lion of dollars, and enabling the merchant
to send our produce cheaper to all foreign
markets, and by his enterprise opening new
markets to the farmer and manufacturer.

Your memorialists, in addition to the
reasonings above detailed, beg leave to state
the following important facts in order more
fully to display the transcendant advantages
of canal navigation. As soon as the Erie
and Hudson Canal is completed, the freight
of a ton of produce from Buffalo to Albany
which now costs one hundred dollars,
be reduced to five—and a barrel of flour
will be transported from Buffalo to New
York for one dollar and ten cents.

From these considerations, and various
others which might be urged, your me-
rialists respectfully request such liberal
as may secure the completion of the Dela-
ware and Chesapeake Canal.

THE U. S. SCHR. ALLIGATOR.

On the 19th Nov at night, this vessel
ran ashore about 30 miles to the south
of Cape Florida. Finding it impossible
get her off, she was set on fire, and the
ficers and crew brought to Norfolk
merchant vessel.

NAVAL.

We understand that it is intended to
point Commodore Porter to the command
of the West India Station, for the sup-
sion of Piracy; for which service it is
that he has tendered the resignation of
seat in the Board of Navy Commissioners.
American.

A Southern Editor proposes that
pinion in favour of any particular candi-
for President ought to be given until
voice of the nation designate him. It
this like Paddy's telling his son the
should not go near the water until he
learned to swim! *Boston Centi*

Maryland Gazette.

Annapolis, Thursday, Dec. 12, 1822.

MAMMOTH VEGETABLES.

A MANGEL WURTZEL.

About a fortnight since we noticed some very large roots of this kind brought here from the eastern shore. We have now to notice a Mangel Wurtzel raised in this city by Mr. John Randall, jun. which surpasses them all in weight and dimensions.

Mr. Randall's weighs 19 1-2 pounds, and measures [illegible] inches in length, and the same in circumference.

RADISHES.

The same gentleman likewise pulled from his garden

A Scarlet Radish which weighs 6 1-2lbs.
and a Turnip Radish which weighs 4 1-2lbs.

A LARGE TURNIP.

A Turnip which measured *three feet* and *three inches* in circumference, and which weighed *sixteen pounds*, was grown during the past season, on the farm of Rezin Estep, esq near Pig Point, Anne Arundel county. The patch from which it was taken is in a poor, sandy soil, and suffered much from the drought, and was not worked. A number of other turnips, probably above 10 pounds in weight, were pulled from the same lot.

We have seen various accounts lately of large roots of this kind, but none of them mention a turnip equal in weight and size, to the one described above.

The Hon. SAMUEL SMITH,
Was yesterday elected by our Legislature to represent this state in the Senate of the United States.

SAMUEL STEVENS, Esquire, of Talbot county, was on Monday elected Governor of this State, by a joint ballot of the legislature.

On Tuesday the following named gentlemen were appointed a Council to His Excellency; each one receiving the number of votes opposite his name:

Thomas Emory, of Queen-Anne's,	86 votes
Joshua Prideaux, of Worcester,	76 do.
Israel D. Maulsby, of Harford,	75 do.
Philemon Chew, of P. George's,	75 do.
Nicholas Brewer, sr. of Annapolis,	68 do.

THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

Took place, agreeably to previous notice, in the Hall of St. John's College in this city, on Friday last. So great was the interest excited by this convention, that both houses of the legislature adjourned at an early hour for the purpose of attending it. The meeting was also honoured by the presence of a delegation from the Board of Visitors and Governors of Washington College, on the Eastern Shore. The meeting, which consisted of about 200 persons, was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Rafferty—after which Robt H. Goldsborough, Esq. of Talbot, explained the object of the meeting, in a lucid and eloquent speech, and depicted in glowing colours the wrongs and outrages which have been inflicted on this free celebrated University. Several other gentlemen also addressed the meeting in an eloquent and appropriate manner.—The late governor Sprigg presided at the meeting, and Chancellor Johnson acted as Secretary. The meeting resolved that a memorial should be presented to the legislature, praying that a resolution should be passed, authorising the Court of Appeals at their next term, to try the constitutionality of the act by which the funds were withdrawn from the University of Maryland. The convention also appointed a committee in each county of the state, and in the District of Columbia, to solicit contributions to form a permanent fund for the support of the University. From the zeal and unanimity manifested at the meeting, we are induced to hope that much good may result from it.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the House of Delegates.

Monday, Dec. 9.

Mr. Stansbury, from Baltimore, Mr. Kilgour, from Montgomery, Mr. Spence, from Worcester, and Mr. Stonestreet, from Charles, appeared, &c. and took their seats.

On motion of Mr. T. Kennedy, the following resolutions were read:

Whereas a system of internal improvement, confined to great national purposes, with proper limitations, would be productive of eminent advantage to the people of the United States; would promote the general welfare, and tend to secure a more perfect union: And whereas doubts may, and do exist, whether the congress of the United States have the power to adopt such a system; therefore Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Senators and Representatives of this state in the Congress of the United States, be requested to use their best exertions to procure such an amendment to the constitution of the United States, as will give Congress power to adopt and execute a system of internal improvement, to be confined to great national purposes, with proper limitations.

Resolved, That the Governor be and he is hereby authorised to cause a copy of this resolution to be transmitted to each of the Senators and Representatives of this state in Congress

Whereas the great national road leading from Cumberland to Wheeling, which is of such incalculable advantage in facilitating the intercourse between the Atlantic & the western states, and which was constructed at a great expense, has already suffered from the want of that regular superintendance, and of those repairs which are necessary to the preservation of such a work; therefore Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Senators and Representatives of this state in Congress be required to use their best exertions to procure the immediate passage of a law by Congress, making a sufficient appropriation to repair the great national road leading from Cumberland to Wheeling.

Resolved, That the Governor be and he is hereby requested to cause a copy of this resolution to be transmitted to each of the Senators and Representatives of this state in Congress.

PETITIONS

From James Leonard, of Cecil, and Richard Kelley, of Montgomery, revolutionary soldiers. From Henry V. Somerville, of Baltimore county, to remove slaves into this state. From Mahlon Chandlee, and others, to convey certain lands. From James B. M'Kaun, of the city of Baltimore, for a special act of insolvency. From the commissioners of the tax of Baltimore to provide for the better collection of taxes. From the citizens of Hillsborough, and vicinity, to be incorporated. From William Parker and James Parker, Jr. to record a deed. From Milly Smith, of Annapolis, for support. Read and referred.

Mr. Purviance obtained leave to report a bill relative to partnership.

Mr. J. P. Kennedy, obtained leave to report a bill to repeal a supplement to the act laying duties on licenses to retailers of dry goods, and for other purposes.

Mr. Thomas obtained leave to report a further supplement to the act regulating elections in this state.

Mr. J. P. Kennedy obtained leave to report a bill to alter and amend such parts of the constitution of Maryland, as relate to the election of two delegates from the city of Baltimore to the general assembly of this state.

Mr. Loockerman obtained leave to report a bill to repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the election of four delegates from each county.

Mr Kennedy obtained leave to report a bill for the valuation of the real and personal estate within the State of Maryland.

Mr. Allen reports a bill to abolish survivorship in joint tenancy.

Mr. J. P. Kennedy reports a bill to alter and amend such parts of the constitution of Maryland as relate to the election of two delegates from the city of Baltimore to the general assembly of this state.

The clerk of the senate delivers a communication from the executive, enclosing several communications from the governors of sister states, relative to public lands, and other subjects.

Mr. Spence obtained leave to report a bill to authorise special courts of oyer and terminer, and for other purposes.

Tuesday, December 10.

PETITIONS

From the Alumni of the University of Maryland, praying that means may be adopted to bring to an early judicial inquiry the question which has arisen as to the validity of the several acts of assembly, by virtue of which the funds have been withdrawn from the said University. From sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, for a public high way from the new Liberty road—and petitions counter thereto From George Creager, of Frederick, for a special act of insolvency. From Phœbe Sutton, of Kent, for support. Read and referred.

Mr. Purviance submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore be authorised to pay to the directors of the Maryland Penitentiary, or their order, such sums of money as have hitherto been appropriated by the legislature for the use of the said penitentiary, and which have not been drawn from the Treasury by the said directors.

On motion by Mr. J. P Kennedy, Ordered, That the clerk of the house furnish the select committee appointed to enquire into the administration of justice, such information as they may require from the several officers of this state, and that he be authorised to procure printed copies of such circular letters as the said committee may deem it advisable to be issued.

On motion by Mr. J. P. Kennedy, the following resolutions were read:

Resolved, That the governor and council be directed to select, as soon after the passage of these resolutions as it can conveniently be done, nine of the most discreet and intelligent citizens of this state, as a committee for the purpose of reporting to the executive, either collectively or individually, as their convenience may allow, upon the most efficient, useful and practical plans of internal improvement, in relation either to the whole of the state, or such parts thereof as they may think proper respectively to select; and that the executive be authorised to supply any vacancy in said committee which may occur during the term of their appointment.

Further resolved, That to each person selected as aforesaid, the governor and council be directed to transmit a copy of the reports on internal improvement by the committees of the senate and house of delegates respectively, and also a copy of the following instructions: "You are requested to communicate to the executive of this state; as soon as it may suit your convenience, not delaying longer than the period of commencement of the next general assembly, such information as you may have it in your power to afford in relation to the subjects of internal improvement within this state, more especially confining your attention to the general face and character of the country; the elevation of the most remarkable hills and mountains; the nature of their minerals, soil and vegetable productions, the courses of the rivers and creeks, the nature of the country through which they pass, and the produce in which it abounds; the means of connection between important rivers; the facilities afforded to the construction of canals, roads or railways; the prices of labour; the respective average charges per mile in making roads or canals; the probable advantages to the internal trade and commerce of each district by making such improvements; and all such other information upon these questions as you may consider useful."

Further resolved, That the governor and council be authorised to procure such general surveys of the rivers, water courses or districts of country, as they shall in their judgment deem necessary to the illustration of the subjects of internal improvement, and that for the expenses of the same they be authorised to draw on the treasurer of the western shore.

Mr. Loockerman reports a bill to repeal all such parts of the Constitution and form of government, as relate to the election of four delegates from each county.

LATE FROM SPAIN.—Norfolk, Dec. 9.

Captain Hatton, of the brig Undaunted, arrived here yesterday, in 35 days from Cadiz, states, that the day he sailed, 28th October, being at the office of the American Consul, a gentleman called in, and after some conversation in Spanish, which he did not understand, departed, when capt Hatton was informed by our Consul, that the purport of the conversation was, that a severe battle had just been fought in Catalonia, between the Constitutionalists and Royalists, in which the latter retreated with great loss. Capt H. did not learn any particulars. He represents the state of Spain as lamentable in the extreme, convulsed with internal dissentions, and misery and want every where manifest.

A Message was received on Tuesday in the Senate and in the House of Representatives from the President of the United States. It was not read, previous to adjournment, in either house. It is believed that it has relation to the recent daring outrages of the Pirates on our commerce, and on that of other nations, in the West Indies, and recommends further measures for their suppression. [Nat. Int.

THE DUEL.

To-day we have perused a letter, dated at Augusta, (Geo.) on the 30th ultimo, wherein it is stated, that Messrs. Cumming and McDuffie met on that day, at Camblelon, and exchanged two shots. On the first fire, no injury was done, to either: on the second, the ball of Mr Cumming entered the left arm of his antagonist, about two inches above the elbow, and shattered it so much that it is feared amputation may be necessary.

We have no reason to doubt the above particulars, which we give as we received them. Wash. Gaz.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

The members of the Senate and House of Delegates of Kentucky, at a meeting held for the purpose in the Hall of the House of Delegates at Frankfort, have recommended HENRY CLAY to the people of the United States, as a suitable person to be the next President thereof. American.

"SEARCH THE SCRIPTURES."

Bible classes composed of young men, have lately been established in Philadelphia, the object of which is to explain the scriptures. Questions in writing are given one evening, to which answers also in writing are brought at the next meeting, which are then lectured upon. The plan strikes us favourably, and we recommend its adoption by such of the youth of this city, as feel disposed to understand the revealed will of their Creator." [Boston Statesman.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.

A few days since in the town of Ridgeway, as the workmen on the canal were excavating, the bank caved in upon two of them, and literally buried them alive! They were dug out with all possible dispatch, but not until the vital spark had fled. What was very singular is, that the persons who were killed anticipated before the bank fell that they were in danger, and for the purpose of being warned in case the bank should crack, very injudiciously placed a man to watch it who stuttered. As the bank began to break off the man attempted to alarm them, but it was not till after the bank fell that his impediment would allow him to sound his voice. Niagara Sentinel.

THE BENEFIT OF CLERGY.

During the late court of Oyer and Terminer, held at New-Castle, this English privilege was unexpectedly claimed and extended in the case of the notorious Elizabeth Bachelor, the ringleader and mistress of a gang which has for some time annoyed this Borough by a systematic course of plunder and house burning Elizabeth Bachelor had been convicted of burning a stable with hay in it, belonging to Mr John Rumford, and on Saturday the sixteenth instant, the court had directed or were about to direct the Sheriff to bring her to the bar, for the purpose of passing sentence of death, when her counsel Mr. Brinckle suggested an opinion that the burning of a stable was a clergiable offence.

After some conversation between the Attorney General and Mr Brinckle, the court adjourned until Monday for the purpose of hearing the point formally argued. The whole of Monday was occupied in a full and deliberate discussion of the point, and on Tuesday morning the court delivered their opinion in favour of the claim. The sentence upon Elizabeth Bachelor therefore, instead of death, was, to be branded on the hand, and to suffer one year's imprisonment.

The branding was to have been inflicted forthwith, but was postponed to the suggestion of the Attorney General, who intimated his intention to carry the case up to the court of appeals. For the benefit of incendiaries and others disposed to engage in that line, we have thought it right to state this case. If any such should hereafter take it into their heads to burn a dwelling house or a barn with grain in it, he will surely be hung; if a stable or out house, the benefit of clergy comes to his aid, and for the first offence only, saves his neck from the gallows.—Wilmington, (Del.) paper Nov. 29.

INSURRECTION.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in Boston dated Fort Royal, Martinique, Oct. 27.

"Before this reaches you, you will probably have heard of our negro insurrection which keeps us all under arms and in great anxiety. Those are the facts, and the scheme, fortunately for us, begun twenty four hours before the time agreed upon.

On the night of the 12th inst. the negroes on the Heights of Carbet, a village this side of St. Pierre, joined and began with the murder of their masters They succeeded with three families on different plantations, but before they reached the fourth, the alarm was spread and the murderers were put to flight. They were soon surrounded by the militia and regular troops from St. Pierre, and a stop was put to their diabolical work. From sixty-five to seventy of the confederation have been caught, and are under trial By their confession, many other negroes will be implicated in the plot.

Their plan was to murder all the whites and free mulattoes, and from Carbet, carrying destruction before them, to march to St. Pierre, take possession of Battery St. Martha, fire a gun as a signal to the confederates in town to begin the slaughter, pillage, &c when they would be joined by the whole island, who were to follow their example. The 13th was the day fixed upon. They have no where opposed any resistance; a very few arms and little ammunition has been found. Two days ago a sloop from St Barts was seized with 200 muskets, powder, &c which shews that we have enemies outside as well as in, and that the insurrection has been sometime brewing Every thing now seems tranquil. We are all under arms and very vigilant.

St. John's College.

DR. RAFFERTY acquaints the public, that from causes which were not within the sphere of his control, he is necessitated to postpone for a short time, his course of Lectures upon Experimental Philosophy and Chemistry. When the necessary arrangements shall be completed, seasonable notice will be given.

December 11, 1822.

New & Cheap Goods.

Bryan & Anderson,
Have received a handsome supply of
SEASONABLE
GOODS,
Among which are Cloths, Cassimeres, Bazes, Flannels, Linseys Plain Blankets, Bombazetts, Worsted Hosiery, Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Wines, Gin, Cognac Brandy, Old Rye Whiskey, &c. They have also received, and intend keeping, a supply of
Soap & Candles,
all of which they will sell low for cash.
Dec. 12. 6w.

West River Academy.

The public are informed, that a respectable Teacher has been engaged, and is now in the performance of his duties in this institution. The usual course of instruction in the classics, as well as the common branches of an English education, can be obtained. Board at One Hundred Dollars per annum can be had in families of unquestionable respectability, residing sufficiently near the school.

Any required information can be immediately obtained by addressing to either of the trustees, and directed to West River.

TRUSTEES.
Henry A. Hall, Nicholas Owens,
Benjamin Welch, John Thomas,
John F. Wilson. Philip I. Thomas.
West River, Dec. 5, 1822.

Sheriff's Sale of Slaves.

By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. issued out of the Court of Appeals, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, for cash, on Thursday the 2d day of January next, at 12 o'clock A. M. at the farm of Mrs. Clements, on the River Severn, forty-three

Valuable Slaves,

consisting of men, women, and children. Seized and taken as the property of Sarah Clements and Joseph Green, executors of Francis T. Clements, deceased, at the suit of Jesse Kay. WM. O'HARA, Sh'ff.
Dec. 12 3w.

Sale at Auction.

On Monday the 30th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Will be offered for sale at Mr. Carroll's farm near this city, the following articles, viz: 128bbls. Corn, one Fodder House and Husks, Five Stacks Blades, one do. Rye, two Ox Carts, One Yoke of Oxen, two Cows, and one Mare, one Wheat Fan, one Cider Mill, iron-bound trough, press, &c. together with Ploughs, Harrows, and other Farming Utensils, and sundry pieces of Household Furniture.

The terms are cash for all sums below twenty dollars, and six months credit for purchases to the amount of twenty dollars and upwards, the purchaser giving note with approved security, and carrying interest from the day of sale.

Rezin Sputtier, Auctioneer.
Dec 12 ts.

Committee of Claims.

Messrs. Estep, H. Kemp, Meconiken, Steele, Carroll, Millard, and Garnet.

The Committee of Claims will sit every day during the present session, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 in the afternoon.

By order,
Samuel S. Hodgkin, Clk.
Dec. 12.

CAUTION.

All persons whatever are forewarned hunting with dog or gun, or otherwise trespassing on THE PRESIDENT, formerly Horn Point Farm, particularly taking away wood or making fires on the shores, as the law will be rigidly enforced against offenders, without respect to persons.

GEORGE BARBER.
Dec. 12. tf.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer for sale, on Monday the 23d December, instant, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, at Portland Manor Farm,

Part of the Personal Estate

of William Pritchard, deceased, consisting of Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and Four Negro Children, one Boy and three Girls, to serve until they are 25 years of age. Terms of sale—For all sums over twenty dollars, a credit of 6 months will be given, the purchaser giving bond, with security, with interest from the day of sale; under twenty dollars the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Eliza Pritchard, Adm'x.
Dec. 5 ts.

ATTENTION!

Christopher Hanne,
Having procured a license to act as
AUCTIONEER,
offers his services to his fellow-citizens as such. Persons who may have property to dispose of at public sale, and who may think proper to employ him, may feel assured that no pains will be spared by him to dispose of it to their advantage.
Nov. 21 3w

Cheap Goods.

The subscriber has received a supply of Seasonable
GOODS,
and being desirous to SELL OUT respectfully invites the attention of the public. GIDEON WHITE

N. B. He has on hand an assortment of
Ready made Clothing,
among which are Tartan
Plaid Cloaks,
made up in the strongest manner and handsomest style.
Annapolis, November 7 6w

CAUTION.

All persons are forwarned hunting with Dog or Gun, or in any way trespassing on the Farm of Mr. William Steuart, called ABERDEEN, on South River Offenders will be dealt with according to law.

Henry Hunter Overseer.
Nov 21. 2m.

BAKING.

WM. MURDOCH,
Respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has fitted up his Bake house for the purpose of carrying on the

Bread & Biscuit Baking.

He has employed a nice, first rate workman, and will be able constantly after the 25th inst. to supply such persons as may favour him with their custom, with

Hot Bread, Biscuit, &c.

every morning, by their calling on him at his old stand, one door above Mr. G. Schwrar's. He will exert himself to give general satisfaction. He likewise intends keeping a supply of Pound Cake Jumbles, Macaroons and Confectionary, and will freeze Ice Creams. With all these articles it will afford him pleasure to serve Private Families, Balls and Parties This he will do on reasonable terms and short notices.
Nov 21. 6w.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber has obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Warfield, late of said county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against it, are notified to exhibit them legally authenticated

JOHN W. DUVALL, Adm'r.
Nov. 14. 7w.

N B Persons who may have borrowed Books of the late Mr William Warfield, are requested to return them Among others, are missing the second volume of the History of the Wars of the French Revolution, and an Atlas

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, on Thursday the 12th day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, Sunday excepted,

The Following Tracts or Parcels of
LAND, viz:

Part of BROOKSBY'S POINT, part of LANCASTER PLAINS, and part of HAMMOND'S PLAINS, containing 218 1-8 acres, adjoining the Indian Landing, being the plantation or farm whereon Ephraim Marriott now resides. This land is well adapted to the growth of corn, small grain and tobacco. There is on the premises a fine large apple orchard, and other fruit trees. The farm is well timbered, and almost entirely enclosed with a new chestnut fence, with tolerable buildings thereon. The Terms of Sale are, that the purchaser is to give bond, with approved security, for the payment of one half of the purchase money within one year from the day of sale, with interest, and the remaining half within two years from the day of sale, with interest. At the same time and place will be sold, for cash, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, one negro man, one negro woman, and one negro girl, now in the possession of the said Ephraim Marriott. On the payment of the purchase money, and ratification of the sale, the subscriber is authorised to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Louis Gassaway Trustee.
Nov. 21. ts.

An Overseer Wanted.

A single man, who can come well recommended for honesty, sobriety and industry, with a knowledge of Farming, will meet with employment and liberal wages for the ensuing year, on application to the subscriber, on the north side of Severn.

James Mackubin.
Nov. 21. tf