Alri Joseph Di Holmens of Lines and Joseph Di Holmens of Lines and Joseph Di Holmens of Lines and Joseph District and Joseph District and Joseph District and Joseph District and there was 10 bushels and 2d quarter seed.

In some of the villages in Kern whe man is known to have betten his one usual to strew chaff before his dosvised the joke runs through the town that the arm was seen in front of his house. Such a toricty is said to be a more wholesom in trains on bad husbands than any legtle in the lines and husbands than any legtle in trains on bad husbands than any legtle in the seed of the lines and husbands than any legtle in the seed of the lines and husbands than any legtle in the seed of the lines and husbands than any legtle in the lines and lines and

trains on bad husbands than any legal actment.-London paper,

BUONAPARTE'S WING
Extract of a letter to the editor of the don Times, dated Paris, Jan. 17, 1822 don Times, dated Paris, Jan. 17, 1822. I send you an extract from the law wa and testament of Buonaparte, disposing a sums of money which he claims as his perty, to those friends and servants who had followed him in his exile, or whom had followed him in his different thought faithful to him in his different changes of fortune. It is printed here as handed about privately, in the shape of small pamphlet, but can neither jubich be sold, nor is it allowed to be copied in the Journals. I have made inquiries the the Journals. I have made inquiries aber its authenticity, and have heard that a doubt need be entertained on the subject. Besides this testament, of which an exam s here subjoined, the ex emperor letals of political will, which speaks of high things, and disposes of larger sums. The latter document, which is in the possesse

o: M. Dupin, has as yet been known ton ry few persons, and will for some times least be kept a secret from the public, h it the prisoner of St. Helena disposes of almost imperial fortune of 40 mile. almost imperial fortune of 40 millions of frances to the public institutions, to partic lar classes, and for political purposes, a would be curious to know how such a trasoure was acquired, and Buonaparte de not conceal the fact. As emperor, hea joyed a civil last of 24 millions a year; sa out of this, by living within his incr ne, a saved 40 millions every year for the 4 ym before his marriage. After his return for Russia, or during the Russian expedition he ordered all those savings to be lent for the content of th the public service This loan he reciain in his will, and disposes of it in a manne of which I shall probably be able in a fee days to inform you. After this, nober need wonder that the Pope, on the discovery of America, thought himself entitled a the disposal of the western world.

TESTAMENT OF NAPOLEON This day, April 14, 1821, at Longwood, it the Island of St Heiena. This is my testament, or act of my h

I leave to the Comte de Montholon, & 000,000 francs, as a proof of my satisfaction for the attentions he has paid me for these six years, and to indem the losses which my residence in St. Hek. na has oceasioned him.

I leave to the Comte Bertrand, 500,00 I leave to Marchand, my first valet de

chambre 400,000 francs, the services he has performed for me are those of a friend. I desire that he may marry a widow, sister, or daughter of an officer or soldier of my old guards: to Saint Dennis, 100,000 france; to Navarre 100,000 francs; to Pijeron, 100, 000 francs; to Archambaud 50,000 france; to Cuvier, 50,000 francs; to Chandelle, idem. To the Abbe Visnale, 100,000 france I desire that he may build his house near

Ponte Nevo de Rosina.
To Count Las Cases, 100,000 francs. To Count Lavalette, 100,000 francs.
To the surgeon in chief, Larrey, 100,000 francs. He is the most virtuous manifest.

To general Lefevre Desnouettes, 100,000

To general Drouet, 100,000 francs.

To general Chambronne, 100,000 francs. To the children of general Muton Do vernnis, 100,000 france To the children of the brave Labedoyen,

100,000 francs.
To the children of general Girard, kills

at Ligny, 100,000 francs.
To the children of general Chartran, 100; 000 francs. To the children of the virtuous general

Travost, 100,000 francs.
To general Lallemand, the elder, 100,69

To Costa Bastilica, also 100,000 francs To general Clausel, 100,000 francs. To the Baron de Menevalle, 100,00

francs.
To Arnault, author of Marious, 100,666

francs The colonel Marbot, 100,000 frange: request him to continue to write for thede fence and the glory of the French armitiand to confound the calumniators and the

apostates. To the baron Bignon, 100,000 francs; I request him to write the history of France

request him to write the history of Frenct
Diplomacy from 1792 to 1815.

To Poggi de Talaro, 100,000 frants.
To the surgeon Emmery, 100,000 frants.
These sums shall be taken from their millions which I deposited on leaving Pris in 1813, and from the interest at thenis of 5 per cent. since July 1815; theaccount of which shall be adjusted with the basisers by the Counts Montholon, Bertraod, and Marchand.

These legacies, in the ease of death, shall be paid to the widows and children, and is

be paid to the widows and children, and their default, shall revert to the capital I institute the counts Montholon, Be trand and Montholon are strong and montholon are st trand and Marchand my testamentary est

This present testament, written entirer by my own hand, is signed and scaled mid my arms. NAPOLEON.

This is my coefficient to the act of my

This is my coulcit to the act of my will:

On the liquidation of my civil list of large to me land, ommon of 1700 to large the large to most faithful servants. I hope that, wand out their showing any ceuse, my son the small-lift of large to make the large the large to most faithful servants. I hope that, was most faithful

The resolution was then read wice and committed to a committee of the whole house on the state of the union.

April 24, 1821, Longwood, This is assignated as which we have give to the District of the West of the Country o

bills shall be cancelled. "The consequence of the legacy" made by testament to the Conta his nationtholon, pension of 20,000 hands granted to his reis annulled. Comite Montholon is di-ted to pay it to her.
The administration of such succession

The administration of such such such such its entire liquidation, requiring expen-jn offices, for journeys, commission, suitation, pleadings, we intend that our amentary executors shall retain 3 port. on all the legacies, both on the 0 000 francs, and on the sums bequesth

y the codicile. shall be deposited in the hands of a surer, and expended on the order of our tamentary executors.

We appoint Comto Las Cases, or in his ouet, treasurer. This present endicil is entirely written th our own hand, and sealed with our

This 24th, April, 1821, Longwood This is my codicil and act of my last

From the funds remitted in gold to the press Maria Louisa, my very dear and beloved sponse, at Orleans in 1814 ir remain due to me two millions, which ispose of by the present codicil, in order recompense my most faithful servants m I besides recommend to the protec

leave 200,000 francs to Comte Monthoo, 100,000 francs of which he shall pay to the chest of the treasurer for the same rpose as above, to be employed, accord to my dispositions, in legacies of con-

This codicil is written with my hand, gned and sealed with my arms.

NAPOLEON.

Monsicur Lautte.—I remitted to you in 815, at the manner of my departure from 815, at the maintent of my departure from aris, a sum of hearly eix millions, for hich you gave ancelled one of these receipts and I ave cancelled one of these receipts and I avecharged Count Montholon to present to ou the other receipt, in order that you may fter my death deliver to him the said sum with interest at the rate of five per cent om the first of July, 1815, deducting the ayments with which you have been chargin virtue of my order. . . .

I desire that the liquidation of your acou, Comte Montholon, Comte Bertrand, on, come Montholon, come partially, and the Sieur Marchand; and that this li-uidation being adjusted, I give you by less presents, full and absolute discharge the sum.
I also remitted to you a box containing

y medallion. I beg you will deliver it to omte Montholon. This letter having no other object, I pray lod, Monsieur Lafitte, that he may have

ou in his holy and worthy keeping.

NAPOLEON.

Longwood, in the Island of St. Helena,

Longwood, in the Island of St. Helena, April 25, 1821.

This testament was presented on the 10th of December, 1821, to the Prerogative Court of the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, deposited and registered, according to the affidavit, in the hands of Marchan, notary and attorney of the Court

#### Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, meanly, March 12 Stephen Van Remiselaer, member of the house of representatives from the state of New York, elected in the room of Solomon Van Rensselaer, resigned, appeared this morning, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Sergeant from the committee on the iudiciary, reported a hill from the senate, entitled, An act to establish a territorial government in Florida, without amendment, which, on motion of Mr S. was referred o a committee of the whole house on the

BANKRUPT BILL. BANKRUPT BILL.
The house then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy, thoughout the United States—Mr. Taylor

in the chair.

After adopting or rejecting amendments the committee rose and reported the bill as

The question was then taken on the scveral amendments as reported, and, with a modification of the last, they were respec-

modification of the last, they were respectively concurred in.

The question was then the ordering the bill to be engrossed that third reading, and determined in the gative—yeas 72,

the bill was rejected.

Wednesday, March 13. Wednesday, March 13.

Mr. Gergeant from the committee on the judiciars, made a report upon a resolution referred to said committee relative to naturalization of aliens without compliance with existing forms, which on motion of Mr. Tucker of C. was committed to a committee of the whole house on the state of the Union.

Mr. Gilma laid on the table the follow-

Mr. Gilmes laid on the table the following resolution:

Resolved, That the secretary of state be instructed to report to the house of representatives what evidence of claims recorded in the office of the department of state, in pursuance of the act of Congress passed 31st March, 1814, providing for the indemnification of certain laimants of public lands in the Mississippi scritory, remainin that office after having begin rejected by the commissioners appointed under that act; whether the secretary of site have refused to deliver up such evidence the claims to the claimants, together with the resons of such refusal, specifying the names of such claimants as have applied to withdraw their evidence of claims.

Thursday, March 14.

Mr. Walworth called for the constitution of a joint resolution submitted by him some days since, proposing an amendment of the constitution of the United States, so as to restore to the transction States the of the constitution of the United States, so as to restore to the respective States the power of enacting bankrupt laws, until such time as the congress shall establish an uniform system of bankruptcy.

The culton of consideration was carried by the congress and the congress of the culton of consideration was carried by the culton of the culton of the consideration was carried by the culton of the culton

Mareh 21.

### POSTSORIPT.

house of the state of the union.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Md. the house than resolved into a committee of whole, Mr. Lethrop in the chair, on the will to authorise the Secretary of the Treasury to inchesting secretain stocks. The general object of the hill was to pay off the United States stock, bearing 6 and per cent, interest, by creating a new stock, bearing an interest at 5 per cent, redeems able at a future period.

able at a future period, hir. Baldwin moved to amend the bill by

alf. Baldwin moved to amend the bill by inserting after the word "thirteen" in the 7th last, the words, "and also two millions of the six per cent. stock of 1820."

Mr. Lowndes suggested that it was probable, from the tenor of the report of the secretary, that the two illions contemplated by the amendment rould be redeemed within a long time, and it would there. within no long time, and it would there-fore be inexpedient to continue for many years to pay interest for the sum when was in our power to redeem the principal; and that the effect of the amendment would naturally be to injure the public credit by carrying with it the impression that the go-vernment was not able to redeem that por-

tion of the debt as soon as expected. Mr. Tucker of Va. proposed to modify he amendment in such a manner as to

leave it discretionary with the executive to include the six per cent, of 1820, or not as he may deem experient. This course was a vocated by Mr. Cambreling, but the midification was not then acceded to by the mover, and an extensive range of debate annual manner of debate annual manner. range of debate ensued upon the original nendment.

Mr. Baldwin finally expressed his wil-

lingness to leave it to the executive to in clude the stock of 1820 or not, conforma-bly to Mr. Tucker's proposition; but, before the question was determined— On motion of Mr. Woodson, the com-

nittee rose, and reported progress, and then the house adjourned

Friday, March 15. CONTESTED ELECTION.

The house teen resolved itselfinto a committee of the whole, (Mr. Butler in the chair,) on the report of the committee of elections, one commortial of Philip Reed, contesting the acction of Jeremiah Cosden returned as one of the representatives of the present congress from the state of Ma-

the present congress from the state of Maryland.

This eport, after an examination of the statement of the two partias, and the evidence by which they were sustained, comes to the following conclusion:

From a fully attentive, and deliberate examination of the case, in all its points and bearings, the committee are impelled to the conclusion, that the sisting member cannot, consistent with the constitution of the United States, be allowed to retain a seat in this house, under the proceedings of the governor and council of Maryland. That the testimony in relation to the two votes rejected in district No. 1 of Kent county, proves that these tickels were not fraudulent, and that they ought to have been counted at the poll of the memoral jist for whom they were given; and that the vote allowed to him in district No 2, in Cecil county, ought to be deducted from his poll as the present and the control of the county. cil county, ought to be deducted from his poll, as being clearly an illegal vote. There fore, by adding to the poll of Philip Reed, the memorialist, two votes improperly rejected in Kent county, and deducting one herefrom, for that improperly allowed in

Cecil county, he will have a majority of one vote over the sitting member The paper marked A, is the answer of the

sitting member to the prayer and argument of the memorialist.

The following resolutions are submitted: Resolven, That Jeremiah Cosden is not entitled to a seat in this house. Resolved, That Philip Reed is entitled to

scat in this house." But the most important part of the rea-

soning on which this report is founded, is the following:
"The committee being of opinion, that the power thus virtually exercised by the governor and council of Maryland, in appointing a representative to the congress of the United States, (by casting lots where each of the candidates had an equal num-

ber of votes,) is contrary to the express provisions of the constitution, & one which this house cannot sanction, have no hesita tion in rejecting the official statement of the proceedings in the case as evidence of the right of the sitting member to a seat in The report having been read,

a quarter of an hour before 4 o'clock, when Mr. Sloane moved that the committee rise and report progress, which was agreed

In the house the committee obtained leave to sit again. And then the house Adjoursed to Monday.

Valuable Property

IN ANNAPOLIS, FOR SALE. In virtue of an order of the Orphans court, the goods and chattels of the late Chancellor Kilty, will be sold by Public Auction, viz:—at his late dwelling, on Tues day the 26th instalt h o'clock, A. M. the deceased's Valua la Library, or such of his books as shall not be the interval be sold at Private Sale; Also, his

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

AND OTHER GOODS. THE TERMS ARE—Cash for all pur-chases not exceeding twenty dollars, and six months credit for all above that sum, the purchasers giving bonds with approved security, bearing interest from the day of

sale.
And on Saturday the 6th of April next, at noon, will be offered to the highest bid der, on the premises, the deceased's undi-

vided mojety of a Leasehold
HOUSE AND LOT
On Francis street, and also his large and
commodinus Leasehold House and Lot on

commodious Leasehold House and Lot en West street now in the occupation of John Stephen, Esq. The said houses and lots will be sold on a credit of six, nine, and twelve months, the purchasers giving bonds with security as aforesaid.

N. B. The property is the trivered to purchasers respectively on the compliance with the terms and not before. The deceased's creditors are requested to present their claims legally vouched, and those indebted to make early payment, to the subindebted to make early payment, to the sub-scriber his Administrator.

N. Brewer, Jr.

THE CONTESTED ELECTION

THE CONTESTED ELECTION
The final rate on the spection to vertice by. Jersemiah Corden's test in the House of Representatives of the U. States, and to gran; the same to Col. Hallie Reid, was, on motion of, Mr. Taylor, via Mondey last, postponed. Mady members being all sent. Is the reson issigned for this delay sent. Is the reson issigned for this delay sent. In the reson issigned for the delay sent. In the reson issigned for the delay sent. In the reson issigned for the delay sent. In the reson is the Lundon, arrived at Philadelphia bringing papers to the 25th January.

The Count de Montholon has declared in the Paris Moniteur of the 18th January,

in the Paris Moniteur of the 18th January, that the pamphlet entitled "The Testament of Napoleon" is "an incorrect fabrication and full of errors."

Meetings continue to take place in England at which addresses to Parliament are adopted complaining of the pressure of the taxes, the public debt, &c and praying a thorough reform in the government.

London, Jan. 25.

Last night we had a Planders mail, bringing Brussels papers to the 23d inst. and at a late hour this morning, we received German papers to the 14th instant. The accounts they bring are very contradictory.

On the one hand we are told, that the Russian forces are marching in such great numsian forces are marching in such great numbers towards the Pruth, as to indicate approaching hottlifties, and on the other, that Russia will occity Moldavia and Wallachia in consequence of a convention with the Porte; this perhaps, is a hint, that either by peace or war, the Emperor of Russia is determined to have these provinces.

A private letter from Paris, dated Jan. 21, states, that a very serious disturbance had broken out at Brest, and that shots had

had broken out at Brest, and that shots had been exchanged between the garrison and the people, who endeavoured to gain pos-sersion of the Chateau, but failed.

A Vienna article, of the 7th inst. says, that the whole Russian army of the south had been in motion towards the Pruth, since the 23d ult. and that three divisions passed the Dniester on the 26th.

The Gazette de France states, that letters had been received from Madrid, dated the evening of the 7th inst. announcing that the king had at length determined to accept the resignation of his ministers.

By a letter from Paris, we find that it was confidently stated in that city, on the

authority of Letters just received from Spain that Riego had died. The same account stated, that his death was occasioned by poison administer by priests. There is no confirmation of this in the Paris papers of

Triday or Saturday
The F. ench papers of Monday arrived this morning, and bring no intelligence respecting the Russian ultimatum by Turkey, which was announced yesterday on the authority of private letters from Odessa. The tenor of the articles from Germany, on the tenor of the articles from Germany, on the contrary, continues to be warlike, and hostilities are regarded as inevitable. The change in the Spanish ministry mentioned in our paper of Tuesday, has a qually taken place, and our extracts will fromish further particulars of this event.

The head quarters of the Seraskier Czanno Oglowares Silictia. It seems these

pan-Oglon, are at Silistria. It seems, there-fore, the Turks do not intend seriously to defend Moldavia and Wallachia, which defend Moidavia and Wallachia, which would indeed cost them very dear, if there should be any war; as the Russians have assembled their main force near Temaran, at the mouth of the Pruth The Turkish troops in Moldavia are only an advanced corps which will leave the country as soon as the first gun is fired, but will by that time completely exhaust, and at last lay it waste, It is even believed that the Turks, if they should retreat, will set fire to Jassy, the houses of which are chiefly of wood. The Russian troops between the Pruth and Dniester were obliged, some days ago, to send all the wives of the officers and soldiers back over the Dniester On the other hand, troops from the interior of Russia daily arrive in Bessenavy. As they cannot all pass through Charlin, two bridges of pontoons were laid down that Mogiley, but the ice carried them away; but as the weather is still very mild, and the drift ice has disappeared, the two bridges have been restored. The Pruth itself is strongly ocf they should retreat, will set fire to Jassy restored. The Pruth itself is strongly occupied by infantry. The day before yesterday another detachment of 2,000 powder wagons passed through Chotym, besides a large supply of Congreve rockets. The Russian General in Chief, Count Wittgen-Mr. Cosden rose in opposition to the report of the committee and in support of his own title to his seat, and telelivered an argumentative speech of considerable length; after he concluded, Mr. Reed addressed the house until about thing seems to indicate that the commencefew days to Kischenow In general every thing seems to indicate that the commence-

ment of hostilities is not far distant. Frontiers of Moldavia, Dec. 28 .- The ex Frontiers of Moldavia, Dec. 28.—The excesses and extortions of the Turks are beyond describing, if complaints are brought to the complaint at Jassy, Salish Pacha, he week summ mass the goilty, takes from them the first of their plunder, and keeps it for himself

In Moldavia there are not above 10,000

or 12,000 men, and these are in and about Jassay. The cest of the Ottoman force is hehind the Danube, the fortress upon which, Braila, Silistria Ruschtschuk, &c. are pla

ed in a state of defence
Hungary, Jan. 4
Accounts received from the Buckawina
inform us othat in the Russian frontier towns the inhabitants were torbidden to give any information abroad of the marches of the troops -On the other hand, they write from Transylvania, that the Turks are really making all preparations to evacuare Moldavia. These accounts excite great sensation here. Some believe that the Rus-sians will eccupy Moldavia and Wallachia, in consequence of a convention with the Porte. ate Moldavia. These accounts excite great

Farmers, Bank of Maryland, 20th March, 1822. The present ad directors of the Far-mers' Bank of Maryland, have declared a

dividend of 3 per cent. on the stock of said bank for six months, ending the thirty first instant, and payable on or after the FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL next, to stockholders on the western shore at the bank at Annapolis, and to stockhold.

ers on the eastern shore at the branch bank ers on the eastern shore at the branch bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order of the Board,

JONA. PINKNEY, Cosh. The Maryland Republican, Annapolis, Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, will publish the above once a week for three

# IN COUNCIL.

Annapolis, March 4: 1822.

Ordered That the act, entitled An act, relating to the payment, of pensist one granted by this state, be published five times in all the papers of this state and the National Intelligencer.

By order, Clerk of the Executive Council of Maryland.

An Act, entitled. An act relating to the payment of pensions granted by

this state. Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General ral Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore, shall not, after the passage of this act, pay any order drawn by any person, who now is, or may hereafter be placed on the persion list, unless the same be accompanied with an oath or affirmation of such pensioner, as the case may le; to be taken before some may or, notary public, alderman or justice of the peace, of the town, county or state, where such pensioner shall reside, that the person or persons so signing the said order, is the person to whom the said pension was grant

Sec. 2 And be it enacted, That the governor and council be requested to cause this law to be published in such newspapers as they may deem advisa ble, to give the most general circula-tion to the same.

Maryland, Prince-George's

County, to wit:

Sanuel Martin of the county aforesaid, living near P.scataway, this day heavels before me day brought before me

the subscriber, a justice of the peace in and for said county, as a stray trespassing on his enclosures, a BAY GELDING supposed to be six or seven years old, sixteen hands high, the left hind foot white, has a wart on the back part of the right ear, some white hairs in his forehead nearly resembling a star: the said gelding trots and gallops, has no appearance of having been shod for some time past. Given under my hand and seal this ninth day of Murch

Raphael C. Edelen. (Seal.) The owner of the above described Gelding, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SAMUEL MARTIN. March 21.

MR. FLUSSER, Acquaints the friends of his Acade my, that he will for the future take young Misses, not yet advanced to the study of Grammar or Arithmetic, at 6 dollars per quarter. March 7.

#### Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 30th day of March

instant,
All the right, title, claim and interest of John Young, in and to all that tract of land called "The Venter Enlarged" and part of "Little Piney Neck," lying on the north side of Se vern, adjoining the lands of Charles Waters, and whereon Samuel Gard-138 acres. It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the above property, as it is presumed those inclined to purpose will view the same previous of the sale. Terms—Cash to be part on the day of sale, on on the ratification thereof, and on payment of the purchase money, and ratification of the sale the subscriber is authorised to execute a conveyance

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. Louis Gussaway, Trustee.

## NOTICE.

Having been materially injured by gunners, and other trespassers, on my farm on the north side of Severn River, and by horses and cattle, which the owners annually turn into my woods for support during the summer,

TILLS IS TO GIVE NOTICE To all whom it may concern, that I will no longer permit such conduct, and will take all legal measures to punish those who shall herea eiand will take all legal measure to punish those who shall hereast either treepass on my shores and enclosures on hall permit their hores and attle to pasture on my lands.

N. BRICE.

Anna plis, Feb 21, 1822.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. The Co-Parthership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of W. BRYAN, & Co. is this

day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business of the concern will be settled by W. Bryan.

# REMOVAL.

JONA. HUTTON. Having removed his COACH& HARNESS Shop to his

New Establishment IN WEST STREET, JUST ABOVE THE FARMERS BANK. Where he intends keeping a supply of Carriages, Gigs, &c.

Requests his friends particularly, and all others who may have work to dispose of in his line, in future to call at that place. No effort shall be omitted to please those who may countenance him. His Carriages will be made of the best materials, and every attention paid in their construction, to unite in them durability and neatness. Orders from the country will be thankfully received, and faithfully and promptly executed.

West street, Annapolis,
March 14.

NB. A Lad of 15 or 16 years of
age will be taken as an Annrentice to the above business.

Treasury Office,

Annapolis, March 8th, 1822. Pursuant to the provisions of An Act of the general assembly of Maryland, passed on the 22d day of February 1822, entitled, "An act autho-

rising a loan of \$100,000."

Proposals will be received at the Treasury Office, until the first day of April next, for the above amount, bearing an interest of five per cent. per annum, payable quarter yearly, and redeemable in fifteen years, at the pleasure of the state.

No proposal will be received for a less sum than \$500 in amount, nor will certificates of a less denomination

B. HARWOOD, Tr. W.S. Md. The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, American, Patriot, Federal Gazette and Federal Republican, Baltimore, will insert the above, daily, until the factory April next, and forward their accounts.

#### Treasury Office,

Annapolis, March 8th, 1822. Pursuant to the provisions of An Act of the general assembly of Maryland, passed on the 23d day of January 1822, entitled, "An act relating to the University of Maryland," authorising the Treasurer of the Western Shore to constitute certificates of stock to the amount of \$30,000-

Also, pursuant to the provisions of An act of the general assembly of Maryland, passed on the 9th day of February 1822, entitled, "An act relating to the Maryland Penitentiary," authorising the Treasurer of the Western Shore to constitute certificates of stock

to the amount of \$28,000-Notice is hereby given, That sub-scription books will be opened in the city of Annapolis, at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and in the city of Baltimore, at the Bank of Baltimore, on Friday and Saturday the 29th and 30th of March instant, for the sale of said stock. This stock will bear an interest of five per centum per annum, payable quarter yearly, and redeemable at the expiration of thirty years. If not redeemed at the time, it is to bear an interest of six per centum per annum from that time, until paid.-The purchaser or purchasers shall, upon subscribing for the said stock and before they receive the certificates therefor, deposit the amount subscribed for in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, or in the Bank of Baltimore, subject to the order of the Treasurer of the Western Shore; and that before any subscription for said stock is tak. en, such premium for the same, as the Treasurer may deem reasonable, will

be required. No subscription will be received for less than \$500 in amount, nor will certificates of a less denomination be

issued. B. HARWOOD, Tr. W. S. Md.

The Editors of the Maryland Rephblican, Annapolis, American, Patriot, Federal Gazette, and Federal Republican. Baltimer, will insert the above, daily, unit the first day of April next, and forward their accounts counts.

# Garden Seeds.

A very large Assortment of GARDEN SEEDS,

Early and late of all kinds, of the best quality and at low prices, for sale whole sale and retail, At No. 57. South whole sale and results street, Baltimore, by £. S. Thomas.

CATALOGUES to be had at the

March 14, 1822. The following papers will insert the above four times:—Republican Citizen in Frederick town; Herald, Ha-W. Beyan,
R. Ridgaly.

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