

The Macdonnell...
"We arrived here on the 21st of Nov. and...
"The Congress was expected to sail for Norfolk on the 2d of April last."

Captain Woodhouse of the brig George-Town Packet, arrived at Philadelphia from Rio Janeiro, brought the following news from Capt. Henley of the U. S. frigate Congress.
"U. S. frigate Congress, Harbor of Rio de Janeiro, March 21. Captain Henley's compliments to you, and requests that you will cause the following report to be made of the U. S. frigate Congress, on his arrival in the U. S. At Rio de Janeiro, the U. S. frigate Congress, J. D. Henley, Esq. from China, via Manila. Arrived at Rio on the 6th March, for the purpose of obtaining supplies, having a number of her men sick of scurvy and dysentery; and expected to sail for Norfolk, about the 1st April. Captain Henley and all the officers well, except the commanding officer of marines. Accept my best wishes for a safe and pleasant passage."

The population of Louisiana amounts to 143,309. The city and parish of New-Orleans contain 41,352.
U. S. SCH. LYNX.—Serious apprehensions are entertained for the safety of this vessel. She sailed from St. Marys, under the command of Lieut. Comdr. Madison, on the 21st of January last, bound direct for Jamaica.—The U. S. schr. No. such, Lieut. Turner, was at Jamaica about the 1st of April, at which time the Lynx had not arrived, by which she has since been heard of.
[Charleston Courier]

Bangor, (Me.) May 10. Earthquake.—On Saturday we experienced a smart shock of earthquake in this place. It was the midst of a cold storm of snow, wind and rain, the morning thus far had been very stormy and tempestuous.—between 8 and 9 o'clock A. M. our attention was arrested by a heavy rumbling which was immediately followed by a shock, loud as the heaviest thunder, which seemed to be coming from the roof of the house. Doors and windows were on the jar, and the houses shook, so as in some instances to throw down crockery and glass from the shelves. The rumbling went off as it came on with a heavy rumbling. The direction as to what can be ascertained, was from N. to S.E.

Belfast, (Maine) May 10. On the evening of Friday last a severe storm of wind, rain, and snow commenced in this place which continued until Monday morning. On the morning of Tuesday, at about half past 7 o'clock there was a shock of an earthquake which lasted about 20 seconds, and shook buildings, furniture, &c. very perceptibly. Seven miles from this, the earth trembled, and the noise appeared like a distant thunder. At Camden 18 miles thence, we learn, it was more than here. It was also noticed at Castine and Bucksport.

from the home island...
"The following interesting description of the city of Naples and its environs is extracted from a letter written by a gentleman travelling in the south of Europe for his health, in the year 1819:"

"Since I left the United States, I have visited Malaga and Gibraltar, traversing, on horseback, the country between them; Palermo and its environs, in Sicily, and Naples.— The time I passed in the three former places was longer than I wished, and than was necessary to see the various objects of curiosity.— But the month devoted to Naples and its environs was inadequate to satisfy my desire for becoming intimately acquainted with its interesting beauties. A delicious climate and fertile soil; nature arrayed in the most lovely and terrific features; a city teeming with population and enriched with the productions of genius, affording equal scope to the student of human nature and of the fine arts; another city, bursting as it were, from the bowels of the earth, and exhibiting to the astonished view, the habitations, temples, halls of justice, theatres, tombs, the utensils, furniture, ornaments and literature of a men of other and distant ages; the land which gave birth to some of the most interesting fictions of the most celebrated poets of antiquity—fictions which became closely interwoven with their religion, and consequently influenced their moral and habits of thinking: These are some of the attractions which Naples offers, to induce strangers to visit her shores. The naturalists, the antiquarian, the moral philosopher and the Connoisseur, may all find abundant employments, and of the most interesting kind. The view of the city as you approach it—its white edifices, rising above each other, till they reach the castled height of St. Elmo, is truly beautiful. You are, however, disappointed on entering it, at finding the streets (one or two only excepted) narrow and dirty, and the general quality of the buildings displaying a bad taste in architecture. The bay, in which it stands, deserves all the encomiums that have been bestowed upon it. Its margin is fringed with a succession of little towns, which almost form an uninterrupted line.

Vesuvius, with its double peak, is continually pouring forth ashes, smoke or flames, from the opposite side. On its left is the fertile, vine clad Campania Felice; and on its right are the mountains of Solfaturo. The mouth of the harbor is partly closed by three small islands—Capreae, once the retreat of the monster Tiberius; Ischia, formerly subject to volcanic eruptions and Procidia.

No place, perhaps, would afford such a variety of subjects for the pencil of a caricaturist as the streets of Naples. Here you find a comic actor, reciting some humorous tale, and the most ludicrous grimaces and gesticulations—there, a beggar, singing a doleful ballad, and accompanying his voice with the tinkling of a guitar.— And, his puppets, who reign in their greatest splendor, attract a third party. Directly is seen a procession of monks, covered from head to foot with white linen, and only being left for the eyes.— The little one-horse vehicles, crowded with four persons, and going at full speed; peasants, with their asses loaded with vegetables; sellers of fruit, macaroni and wafers; priests, soldiers and citizens all unite in composing a scene which is probably without parallel.— Every expression of countenance, every peculiarity of form, every movement of muscle, and every variety of group, is here exhibited.— 40,000 Lazaroni, said to have been once laying about the streets, knowing what would be their lot at night, or their means of support, the next day, have, in a measure disappeared. The people are usually characterized as violent, dissipated, ignorant and superstitious, and my little experience goes to confirm it. They always make a practice of extorting money from strangers. On disputing a large once at a coffee-house, I was solemnly told that it was greater than ordinary, because I was "an Englishman"—a stranger. The first time a traveller receives from his hands, is usually, not to purchase anything himself—and I really recollect an instance where I have been in the power of a Neapolitan, that he has not attempted to do me any harm."

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Larceny.—A curious case of Larceny occurred a few days ago in the municipal Court of Boston. A man named Chas. Perry was put to the bar charged with stealing certain articles of furniture belonging to Eliza Mac Gilvery, who was represented by the counsel for the commonwealth to be a young woman, who had been led by her affection for the prisoner to consent to become his wife—that the day was fixed for the nuptials, a house hired, and the articles mentioned in the indictment which belonged to the bride, placed in it. No sooner was this done than her faithless swain caused the furniture to be carried to an auction room, and converted into money for his own use. The lady having now made some further enquiries respecting her intended helpmate, ascertained that he was already a married man, and had served an apprenticeship of three years in the state prison.

In defence, it was stated among other things by the counsel for the prisoner, that there was a view of the case which would ensure his acquittal, and rather puzzle the jury to determine which of the two, the prosecutrix or the defendant was the worst character. The counsel for the government had drawn in glowing colours the picture of a young and interesting female, the victim of her sensibilities, and a prey to the artifices of an insinuating and unfeeling sharper. He had represented her as yielding in an incautious moment to the soothing flatteries of the defendant—but when the whole testimony was spread before the court and jury, it would be found that these were not the first accents of love which had saluted her ears—not the only blandishments with which she had been assailed, for she had then living an affectionate husband, who was within the walls of the court house, and would in a moment be on the stand to prove the marriage, claim his wife, establish his title to all the endearments which it was in her power to bestow, and trip up the present indictment alleging the property in the goods to be in Eliza Mac Gilvery, when they should have been alleged to be the property of John Mac Gilvery, her husband.

The fact of her marriage having been proved by the best testimony in the world that of her husband, the Judge, Dawes, remarked to the Jury that the prisoner must be acquitted. But upon this case he could not help observing, that though the sentiment of the great dramatic poet might be true, that "All the world's a stage, And all the men & women merely players," yet he hoped and believed, notwithstanding the specimens before him, that they did not all ACT alike. Advocate

From the New-York Commercial Advertiser, April 26. Protestant Episcopal Sunday School Society. Yesterday afternoon this Society celebrated their Fourth Anniversary at St. Paul's Chapel. About eleven hundred male and female scholars were present, and seated in the lower part of the Chapel.— The galleries were filled with spectators.

The schools in connexion with this society are thirteen. Total number of scholars 1244, who are under the charge of 138 superintendents and teachers. It appears from the report, that great improvements have been made by the scholars during the past year, and the Superintendents & Teachers have pleasing reflections, that their labours have not been in vain. To have given, says the report, a favourable bias to more than 1000 dispositions, and to have confirmed the principles of virtue in a thousand minds, is a work which Heaven will approve and bless.

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Extracted of a letter, dated Havana, April 28. "The United States sloop of war Hornet arrived here on the 22d inst. from New-York; the officers and crew are in excellent health, and the little ship in fine order. A large convoy of vessels bound for Cadiz sailed from this port this morning. The frigate, which accompanies them, has some millions of hard Spanish dollars on board.— The privateers or patriot gentlemen will stand some chance of filling their pockets. They will, however, have to fight hard, as the vessels are all armed. They are impatient enough to come within sight of Moro Castle.— The Hornet will sail in a few days for Pensacola, and will touch here on her return to the United States."

Extract of another letter dated, Havana, April 30. "The U. States Corvette John Adams is in port with Col. Forbes on board, to sail in a few days for Pensacola."

The U. S. frigate Constitution, sailed from Boston on Sunday last, for the Mediterranean, by the aid of her propelling machinery.— Passengers, Capt. Elton, of the Navy, and Mr. Seneca, U. S. Consul for Genoa.

Charleston, May 8. Great Freshet.—We learn from a gentleman, that the Saltketcher has overhauled, so as to render the road passable with great difficulty for four miles. Tupelo bridge is carried away, and the southern mail has been compelled to change its route.

There has been an excessive fresh in the Combahee. One thousand acres belonging to two gentlemen, have been entirely inundated and much injured. A good deal will have to be planted over. All the plantations on the river have suffered proportionally.— Such a fresh has not been known in that quarter, it is said, for many years.

Hail Storm.—A gentleman from Walterborough, also informs, that a very severe hail storm visited that neighbourhood on Saturday night. The hail was uncommonly large, and had done great damage to all the crops. The trees were literally stripped of their leaves.

From the Connecticut Courant. Messrs. Goodwins. It may be gratifying to the friends of Missions to inform them, that the superintendent of the union mission, to the Osage Nation, in a letter to his parents, dated Feb. 20th 1821, writes, "That they arrived safe at Union, Arkansas Territory, the place of their destination, on the 18th, and that the health of the mission family had much improved; that the place appeared very pleasant and agreeable; that they had an interview with some of the Osages. One of their chiefs, and several others, have paid them a visit, and appear well; that it was not then decided whether they should go to war with the Cherokees.— Should this be the case, the missionary family had no

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Montreal, May 9. Alexander McKenzie, Esq. left this city last Sunday morning in one of the North West Canoes, in order to convey into the interior the news of the union of the two fur companies, and the dispatches on that subject, received from England.— A person well informed in that trade, has told us that the future quantity of goods sent hence to the Indian Countries, will, in consequence of the union, not amount to more than one third of the past.

New York, May 17. The Court of Enquiry in the case of Commodore Barron adjourn this day till the first of July, for the purpose of obtaining additional testimony from persons residing at a distance.

Sugar Maple.—A Mr. Levi Russell, near Rochester in this state, has made this spring, from nine trees, one hundred and seventy pounds of excellent sugar, and one pound & three quarters of molasses, which would not grain. We have had considerable experience in making sugar from the juice of the maple, in former times ourselves; but we never knew a yield equal to this. Three or four pounds from a tree, in a season, is generally considered doing very well.—V. paper.

Early Potatoes.—A gentleman, on Monday last, showed us potatoes of this year's growth considerably larger than a hen's egg. He observes that he has several pecks large enough to dig.—Newburyport Her.

Bardstown, Ken. April 23. EARTHQUAKE. The shock of an earthquake was sensibly felt at Vincennes, Indiana, Shawnee-town, Illinois, and Clarksville, Tennessee, on the 24th March, at or about the same time, which awoke and started from their beds many people. The vibration lasted from five to ten minutes, and passed off with a rumbling noise from east to west.

Panning Dialogue.—Snip the tailor or was pronounced a fellow of great capability, a gentleman of liberal habits, and always suits every one. The shoemaker bristled up at this, and waxed exceeding wroth; swore the tailor was but a half souled fellow, and that it was easy to show he was not cut out for a gentleman. The choler of the tailor was up in a minute; he swore by his thumb he would never pocket such an insult, but would baste any man who dared repeat it.—Honest Crispin said he was determined to give the tailor no quarters, and vowed he would lose his all but he would gain his ends; he resolutely held on to the last, and on his threatening to backstrap his enemy, the tailor was obliged to sheer off, declaring at the same time he would have him bound over.

Copy of a hand-bill stuck up in several parts of the city of Dublin, July 31. "This is to certify, that I Daniel O'Flannagan, am not the person that was tarred and feathered by the liberty mob on Tuesday last—and I am ready to give 20 guineas to any man that will lay me 50, that I am the other man that goes by my name. Daniel O'Flannagan.

A bet was made on the late election, of a Cake of Gingerbread of the following dimensions:—ten feet long, two feet two inches wide, and two inches thick, containing forty three feet four inches broad measure. The cake was baked by Wm. Barstow, of this town. [Providence paper.

It appears by the returns of the two-penny post office, that the number of letters transmitted on last Valentine's day, exceeded the usual average by no less than 200,000. London paper.

A BY-LAW. To repeal a By-Law, entitled, A By-Law to provide for the Sinking of Wells and Erecting Pumps. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Annapolis; That the By-Law entitled, A By-Law to provide for the Sinking of Wells and Erecting Pumps, be and the same is hereby repealed.

A BY-LAW. To provide for a new assessment of the Real and Personal Property in the city of Annapolis and the precincts thereof. 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis and the authority of the same, That Jacob H. Slemaker, Daniel Hart and James Shaw, be and they are hereby appointed assessors, to assess and value the real and personal property in this city and the precincts thereof. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the said assessors, shall in all cases proceed and be governed by the provisions of the By-Law passed April 15, 1819, entitled, A By-Law imposing a tax on the real and personal property within the city of Annapolis and the precincts thereof, and to assess and value the same. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall offend against the provisions of the By-Law entitled as aforesaid, such person or persons shall be subject to the pains and penalties therein directed.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, May 14, 1821. The principal gives notice that he is about to institute Public Examinations which will be held on the first Saturday of each month. The Trustees of the Seminary and the Fathers and Guardians of the Students are hereby invited to attend. The business will always commence at 9 o'clock. Anxious to obtain the most efficient help and the most respectable testimony, the Principal earnestly solicits the attendance and assistance of all Graduates of this or other Colleges, who may reside within convenient distance. It is not to be implied that any persons, except known scholars and such as have received academical honours, should be requested to take an active part in the examinations. May 21.

For Sale, AT A VERY LOW PRICE, ICE OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY. Apply to the subscriber. Benjamin Mead, May 24. 3w.

NOTICE. The subscriber intends teaching the French Language, every morning from 1 to 2 o'clock at his school-room. Terms of tuition \$10 per quarter. Gentlemen wishing to learn the language will please to apply to Charles T. Flusser. May 24

TO RENT, THE SHOP ON CHURCH-SREET, Lately occupied by Mr. Nicholas J. Watkins. It is well calculated for a Tailor, for a Store, or an office. Possession will be given on the 17th of June. The stand is equal to any in the city being nearly opposite to Mr. James Williamson's Hotel, and directly on the corner of the alley leading thence to the state-house. For terms apply to WILLIAM COE. May 24. 3w.

GEORGE WATTS, INFORMS HIS FRIENDS and the public in general, that he has opened a Grocery in the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Absalom Ridgely, near the market, on Corn-Hill street, where he offers groceries at the most reduced prices for cash. Corn, rye, wheat, oats, butter, lard, bacon, eggs, and chickens, will be received in exchange for groceries. He is thankful for past favours, and hopes that his friends and a generous public will not entirely neglect him. May 10 2 3w.

Notice is hereby Given, That the subscriber has obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of Thomas Callahan, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to produce them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. Saml. Maynard, Adm'r. D. B. N. May 17 2c