From a New-York paper.

MELANCHOLY SHIPWRECK.

The following are the particulars of the loss of the schooner Elizabeth, D. H. Vail master.

The Elizabeth sailed from Matanzas on the 13th of Feb. with a cargo of coffee, sugar, &c. belonging to the captain and Messrs. White and Sage, passengers. The weather continued pleasant until the 16th, when a sudden and heavy squall came on from W. S. W. at half past 4, A. M. in which the schr. was immediately upset and filled with water. After 3 hours, with the greatest difficulty, they succeeded in cutting away the lanyards when the vessel righted, but continued under water. They now lashed each other to the fore top mast and fixed it across the quarter rails near the stern, in which situation the sea continued to break over them during 48 hours. To describe the feelings of the sufferers at this period, language is inadequate. Mr. White, from St. John's, Cuba, after remaining twenty hours on the wreck, with no other clothes than his shirt, died in extreme agony. The next day Mr. Francis Sage, of Middletown, Connecticut, died. On the third day the wind began to abate, when the Captain and crew, six in number, and Mr Weygant, of Pennsylvania, the only remaining passenger, being nearly exhausted through hunger and fatigue, endeavoured to obtain some water or provisions from the wreck, but after many attempts could only succeed in obtaining seven oranges and a few roots of unripe plantain; the latter having been floating in salt water afforded very little nourishment. An orange was divided into seven parts, which was equally distributed amongst them every day, and was the only sustenance could be procured. On the 7th day their sufferings increased to such a degree, that death could have been considered by all a happy release.—Their scanty allowance being now exhausted and no prospect but being buffeted by the winds, a few days longer drove them to the verge of despair. On the 9th day the misery was beyond description, their legs and arms were attacked with the most excruciating pains—and broke out in every direction with ulcerated sores—their speech failed, and a continual tremor pervaded the whole system. On the 10th day Mr. C. Weygent, after enduring unparalleled sufferings expired—his fingers having become numb, he had eaten them off to the second joint. On the 11th day, about day break, a vessel was discovered, standing towards them, the wind was blowing a gale; it was the brig Statira, Captain Patten, from New Orleans bound to New-York, who with the utmost difficulty, and at the imminent risk of his life succeeded in rescuing the sufferers from the wreck, and to whose generality and unbounded humanity, they feel the greatest obligations.—The Capt. is now in the most helpless situation, the whole of his property was in the vessel and cargo, and when taken from the wreck he had neither coat, hat, stockings, or shoes. And to add if possible to human suffering, he learned that the whole of his family consisting of his wife and two children had died about two weeks previous to his arrival.

The Board of Longitude have ordered 500 pounds sterling to be paid Capt. Parry, and his crew, on account of their having attained the 110th degree of West longitude in the northern hemisphere. It is said that capt. Parry will undertake a new voyage in the spring, and that he will proceed more to the south.

London paper.

From late London Papers.

HIGHLANDERS.

Among those who have presented addresses to the queen of England, were a deputation of the Highlanders residing in London. They excited much curiosity from the novelty of their costume. They were all in full Highland dresses, each having a tartan jacket and kilt, with the plaid in rich folds over the shoulder, hose, purse, dirk, black velvet stock, and "bonnet blue," decorated with the "eagle plume" mixed with ostrich feathers. A sort of collar of white silk was worn over the plaid, and a large rosette of white riband on the breast. The procession consisted of 12 landaus and four, all with white horses, the postillions having a white small clothes, waiscoats and hats, with white cockades, and [illegible] jackets.—Two Highland pipers [illegible] in the first [illegible] half past 11 o'clock, [illegible] the procession moved forward, [illegible] pipes "waked its wild notes a-new" and "fired their Hieland blud with mickle glee." A large flag of silk plaid with sky-blue streamers, was carried in the same landau.—The spectacle was in every respect most interesting. The crowd assembled to see this procession was very large, and seemed to participate cordially in the feelings of the Highlanders.

At half past 11 o'clock her majesty entered the grand saloon at Brandenburgh-house, superbly attired, and attended by her Vice Chamberlain, Lady Hamilton, (in full Highland costume) Lord Archibald Hamilton, Prince Ariolani, Marquis Antalda, Lieut. General Sir R. Ferguson, H. Brougham, Esq. M. P. Alderman Wood, Mr. Wood, jun. &c.

From the London Courier.

NEW WAY OF THINKING.—The Times which is often very eloquent in its purely poetical accounts of processions to Brandenburg House, gives the following animated description of the 20 or 30 Scotchmen who yesterday went thither.—"The tartan dress must have awakened many a scene of mist and mountain, glen and strath, in the wearers, who evidently wore their thoughts upon their faces, while kindled eyes flashed beneath the bonnets cocked up on their brows." How beautiful! Thirty Scotchmen, with "their thoughts upon their faces," and their "bonnets cocked upon their brows," all riding in landaus to Brandenburgh House!

The pretended Highland Address.

We copy the following from the Morning Chronicle. It is part of a letter signed "A Member of the Highland Society of London." It appears that the real Highland Gentlemen are highly indignant at the idea of being mistaken for any of those thirty Scotsmen who went up to the Brandenburgh House on Monday, "wearing their thoughts upon their faces," and "their bonnets cocked upon their brows," as the Times described them.

"In consequence of the report inserted in most of the newspapers of yesterday, that among the addresses presented to the queen on the preceding day, there was one from "The Highland Society of London," presented by a Deputation, in the Highland garb, it has became necessary to state that the Highland Society of London has not voted or presented any address to her majesty; and as the report attempting to connect the address and deputation in question, with the name of that Society, appeared to have proceeded from intentional misrepresentation, I cannot doubt your readiness to aid in laying before the public a correct statement of the facts.

"The Highland Society of London is incorporated by Parliament, for purposes entirely unconnected with the expression of any political feelings or opinions, and in point of fact, political discussions are never admitted into the Society. The propriety of this regulation must be obvious when I state, that the society comprises, in the list of its members, a great majority of all the men of rank, property and respectability connected with the Highlands of Scotland; and necessarily includes many distinguished individuals opposed to each other in political opinions, though they unite in promoting the patriotic and benevolent objects of this institution.

"The Highland Society of London has not voted or presented any address to the Queen; neither has it intertered or given any opinion on the subject of the proceedings against her majesty, and the persons who have attempted to give a fictitious importance to their own address and imputation, by assuming the name of the Society have practised upon the public a deception which deserves to be exposed."

Extract from the Report of a Missionary Society in 1819.

The increase of the amount of subscriptions and donations in Liverpool, which is 120l. 5s. 6d. more than that of last year, is owing to the exertions of the ladies, to whose zeal and success, this report bears ample testimony. We need not attempt to eulogize them; their works praise them in a manner which can receive no addition from our commendation. The praise which is conferred upon them by the simple statement of the result of their exertions is of the highest kind. The figures in which that result appears, can be suspected of no flattery; and on seeing these, we are certain the gentlemen cannot regret their having been superseded in the business of soliciting and collecting subscriptions by those, who have thus proved their superior ability for the work, with all the clearness and certainty of mathematical demonstration.

Proof of the utility of Missionary efforts.

A vessel arrived at Demerara from Dominica, with a number of slaves, was visited by a female who had lived on the plantation whence they came—As soon as the slaves saw her, they exclaimed: "Here are we, we came from de word of God—We bin hearing the word of God in Dominica, but we no know if we hear de word of God now. Poor me! Poor me! we no care where dem bring we, so we hear de word of God!" On being told they would find a chapel and missionaries there; in a moment their sorrow was turned into joy, and they blessed the bearer of such happy tydings, a thousand times; and hailing those in another ship they cried out "Keep good heart, dere be chapel here!"

Is there not a chord in every heart, which vibrates to the exclamation, 'Poor we! Poor we."

Accounts from Rio Janeiro, to the 23d of Dec. are received by an arrival at Holmes' Hole. The U. S. frigate Constellation, Captain Ridgley, sailed from Rio on the 22d Dec. for the Pacific Ocean.

There are said to be 699 religious societies in Massachusetts, of which 10 are Presbyterians, 153 Baptists, 67 Methodists, 39 Quakers, 22 Episcopalians, and 375 Congregationalists.

Capt. Carraway of the schr. Pilot, arrived at Norfolk on Monday last in 9 days from Havana, states that the birth day of Washington was celebrated there suitable to the occasion. The U. S. brig Enterprize fired a salute; the colours of the American shipping were displayed, and every testimonial of joy evinced that the natal day of the Father of American liberty was calculated to inspire.

Destructive Fire at Surinam.

Barbados, Jan. 29.

D. J. Presburg, Esq. L. D. of the Colony of Surinam, arrived here on Sunday evening, the 28th inst. despatched hither by his Excellency Governor Valaiant, with a communication, to his Honour President John Brathwaite Skeete, and several respectable Commercial Houses here, of an alarming fire, which took place in the town of Paramaribo, on Sunday 21st inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M. commencing near the residence of W. A. Caistain, Esq. on the green; and burnt with unabated fury until Tuesday morning 23d inst. laying in ashes the whole of the front part of the town, as far back as the residence of Adam Cameron, Esq. taking in its way the whole of the houses and spacious stores, from one end of the water to the other, leaving the greater part of the population destitute of house, home, shelter of any kind or provision, every species of which was consumed by the devouring element. It is said that 600 houses were burnt to the ground.

Dairy Secret.—Have ready two pans in boiling water, and on the new milk's coming to the dairy, take the hot pans out of the water, put the milk into one of them, and cover it with the other. This will occasion, in the usual time, great augmentation of the thickness and quality of the cream.

Singular.—A person in the neighbourhood of Crosswicks, Burlington county, having set a gill net for fish in Crosswicks-Creek, on going to examine it found a large Hawk seated on the water over the net.—Coming near the place he also found a pike caught in the net which had seized one foot of the Hawk with his mouth, holding him to the spot. Thus secured, both hawk and pike were taken by the fisherman. On examining the pike, which was entangled near the cork line, it was perceived that the hawk had struck it with one of his talons in the back, upon which it appeared that the pike had seized him by the other, and held him fast. The pike was of a small size; the hawk quite large, measuring three feet nine inches from tip to tip of each wing.

Trenton Fed.

It is stated by Robinson in his Memoirs of the Mexican Revolution, that in the action of San de los Llanos, the Royalists during the engagement fired Spanish Dollar from their artillery. The fact is accounted for by the deficiency of grape shot. Many of Mina's soldiers were highly pleased in collecting this species of grape.—*Poulson.*

FOR SALE

The House and Lot in Church street now in the occupation of Mrs. Larmer. It is deemed unnecessary particularly to describe the property, as it can be viewed at any time. The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.

Benjamin Sewell.

March 15. 4w

NOTICE.

Came to the subscriber's Farm on South River, in the latter part of November last.

A LARGE SANDY HOG,

marked with an under bit in both ears, and a crop and slit in the right. The owner, by proving property, and paying charges, can have him, on application

Stephen Beard.

March 15 3w.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Thomas H Bowie, late of said county, deceased All persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to exhibit them, legally authenticated, to George Mackubin Esquire, and those indebted to make immediate payment to him.

Eliza H. Bowie, Admr'x.

March 15, 1821. 7w

State of Maryland, Sc.

Calvert County, Orphans Court, February 13th 1821

On application of John Ireland, administrator of George W. Ireland late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Maryland Republican, of Annapolis.

W. Smith, Reg. of Wills for Calvert County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of George W. Ireland, late of Calvert county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 13th day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate Given under my hand, this 13th day of February, 1821.

John Ireland, Adm'r.

March 15 6w.

TO BUILDERS.

The Commissioners for erecting a Court House for Anne-Arundel county, in the City of Annapolis, request all persons who may wish to contract for building the said house, to send in their proposals to the subscribers in the City of Annapolis, on or before the 18th day of April next.

The sum allowed by law for building the same, and for purchasing the lot, is twelve thousand dollars The building must contain a room sufficiently large to accommodate the court. Also rooms to accommodate the different offices of the county The terms of payment will be made known, upon application to either of the subscribers.

John T. Barber,
Richard Harwood,
of Thos.

March 15. t18dA.

The editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, Federal Gazette and American, of Baltimore, are requested to insert the above once a week, until the 18th of April, and forward their accounts to this office.

Orphans Court Sale.

On Monday the 26th March inst at half past eleven o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold at the premises lately occupied by Thomas Owens (deceased) in Anne Arundel county, near Pig Point, by order of the orphans court sundry valuable young Negro Men, well acquainted with the management of Tobacco, and plantation work generally, also one Woman, and one Boy, slaves for life. The terms of sale are six months credit, the purchaser giving bond or note with security bearing interest from the day of sale.

Benjamin Owens,
William Owens, } Admr's.
Nicholas Owens.

March 8.

A Quantity of Indian Corn and Plantation Utensils will be offered for sale at the same time and place.

NOTICE

The subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Richard Gambrill, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

Horatio Gambrill, Admr.

March 15.

IN COUNCIL,

Annapolis, Feb. 21, 1821.

ORDERED That the act entitled, a further supplement to the act, entitled, "An act for regulating the mode of Staying Executions, and for other purposes," be published twice a week, for three successive weeks in the Maryland Republican, at Annapolis; for three successive weeks in all the weekly papers in the state and in all the papers in Baltimore City three times a week, for three successive weeks, and the same in the National Intelligencer,

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

AN ACT,

Entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and for other purposes.

Passed December 22, 1820.

Whereas, great doubts have arisen whether justices of the peace of the respective counties, within this state, are authorised to issue executions on judgments rendered by the justices aforesaid, and superseded under the act, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes, passed at December session, eighteen hundred and nineteen: for remedy whereof,

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the clerks of the several counties of this state, or any justice of the peace of the same county, respectively be, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, on the application of the plaintiff, or plaintiffs, his, her, or their attorney, or some person authorised by him, her or them, in writing, and none other, to issue executions, in the case or cases before mentioned, according to the provisions of the said act, passed at December session, eighteen hundred and nineteen, from the supersedeas filed in their office, in case application shall be made to the clerk, or if to a justice of the peace, then from their respective dockets, such dockets containing an entry of the supersedeas and persons superseding, or from a short copy from the clerk's office, containing the amount of the judgment superseded, the costs, and the names of the securities or persons superseding, and any other material part of said judgment.

2. And be it enacted, That for furnishing said copy, the clerk be entitled to the sum of twelve cents and a half, as a compensation for each and every copy so furnished, and for every execution, twenty-five cents.

3. And be it enacted, That all executors and administrators may supersede and stay execution, issued against the goods and chattels, rights and credits of their testators or intestates respectively, in the same manner as if the said executions had issued against them in their own right, according to the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, and the form of the supersedeas to be used in such case, shall be as nearly similar to the form prescribed in the said act as the circumstances of the case will admit. *Provided always*, That such supersedeas shall render the executors or administrators so superseding, liable to be proceeded against on the said supersedeas, in the same manner as if the debt so superseded had been his, her, or their own personal debt.

5. And be it enacted, That in cases where by said act a supersedeas is required to be taken before two justices, one shall hereafter be sufficient therefor.

By the House of Delegates,
January 30th, 1821,

This engrossed bill, the original of which passed the House of Delegates on the 15th day of December, 1820, was this day read and assented to,

By order,

JONA BREWER, Clk.

In Senate, February 1st, 1821.

This engrossed bill, the original of which passed the Senate on the 22d day of December, 1820, was this day read and assented to. By order,

J. N. WATKINS, Clk.

(Seal.) SAMUEL SPRIGG,

March 1.