

way their business—they will give me no more business."

JAMES BOYD.  
[H.]

I do certify, that previous to the last election for Governor, &c. Dr. Hunt stated to me, he intended to vote the Clintonian candidates; that after the election, I understood, that Dr. Hunt had voted the Bucktail Ticket; and, I shortly after met him in Flatbush, and enquired of him how he came to vote different from what he intended; he replied, that he was influenced by the officers of the navy yard, at Brooklyn, as he was employed in the capacity of surgeon in the said yard. And I do further certify, that in a conversation with John P. Decatur, an officer of the said navy yard, about the beginning of Nov. last, he stated, and confessed, that he had influenced and controlled Dr. Hunt to vote the Bucktail Ticket. Witness my hand at Flatbush, December, 26, 1820.

CORNELIUS BERGEN.

I do certify, that on or about the 14th day of November, 1820, I met John P. Decatur, at Mr. Voorhes' Tavern, in this place, that he appeared very much elated by the intelligence, that the enemies of Gov. Clinton had the majority in the Legislature, and had obtained a council of appointment. And I do certify, that said Decatur declared, in the course of the conversation, that he had brought up a hundred votes at the last election, for the Bucktails: And I further certify, that said Decatur was engaged, during the whole time of the election at Brooklyn; and, that he alluded, in making the remark above stated, to the exertions he had made at that place: And I do also certify, that said Decatur was, at that time, an officer in the service of the United States, attached to the navy yard at Brooklyn, and as I have understood, and believe, the naval store-keeper therein.

JOHN C. VANDERVEER.  
Flatbush, December 16, 1820.

I do certify, that on or about the 14th of November, 1820, I met John P. Decatur at Mr. Voorhes' Tavern in this place—that he appeared very much elated by the intelligence that the enemies of Governor Clinton had the majority in the Legislature, and had obtained a council of appointment. And I do certify, that said Decatur declared in the course of the conversation, that he had brought up nearly a hundred votes at the last election for the Bucktails—and I further certify, that said Decatur, as I verily believe, was engaged during the whole time of the election at Brooklyn, and that he alluded in making the remark above stated, to the exertions, he had made at that place.— And I also certify that said Decatur was at that time an officer in the service of the United States, and attached to the Navy Yard at Brooklyn, and as I have understood and believe, the naval store-keeper therein.

GERRIT KOWENHOVEN.  
Flatbush, Dec. 16th, 1820.

I do certify, that during the last election for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, &c. the Gunner of the navy yard called upon me at my house with a chair, and urged me to vote for the ticket opposed to Governor Clinton; and I then told him that although I was employed in the yard, and its work was important to me, I had my principle; and I had made up my mind to vote the other ticket. When I came to the poll, I saw John P. Decatur and Purser Wise there; and said Decatur pressed me to vote for the ticket opposed to De Witt Clinton, and told me, in order to induce me to vote for his ticket, that he had done me good in the yard, and was willing to do me more.

MARTIN BURNET.

We the subscribers, inhabitants and freeholders of the county of Kings, do certify, that during the last election for Governor, Lieut. Governor, &c. and from that period till the meeting of the Legislature in November last, many of us have from time to time had conversations with divers inhabitants of Brooklyn, and have frequently visited that place.—And we do further certify, that the conduct of the officers of the Navy Yard at the said election, was often alluded to in said conversations—that the universal impression and opinion of those whom we conversed with on the subject was, that the whole influence of the Navy Yard had been exerted to de-

feat the election of Governor Clinton, and the tickets friendly to his administration; and that great and extraordinary exertions were made by many of the officers in said Navy-Yard, for that purpose.

John C. Vanderveer, Cornelius Bergen, Elias Hubbard, jr. Gerrit Vanderveer, John S. Ditmas, John Lott, A. L. Ostrander, Adrian Vanderveer, John C. Bergen, John Vanderbilt, Abraham Van Sickle, Simon Kapalye, John R. Snedeker, John Lott, jr. Gerrit Kowenhoven, John Terheun.

December 18, 1820.

To be continued.

#### LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

New-York, Jan. 30.  
By the packet ship Amity, capt. Maxwell, from Liverpool, London papers to the 29th of November, and Liverpool papers to the 1st of December, have been received.

Paris papers of the 16th contain important intelligence from Troppau. Topics, says the papers, of great moment seem to be under discussion, and a war upon the liberties of Naples would appear to be inevitable. The presence of the king of Prussia, though labouring under indisposition was found indispensable by the prince royal and his ministers, in consequence of some communications on the part of Austria and Russia. It is not yet ascertained how the annulment of the convention entered into with general Pepe was received by the Parliament.

Intelligence from Frankfort, dated the 18th Nov. states, that judging from the advices received from Troppau, all hope of peace on the other side of the Alps was at an end. War, it is said, is decided upon, and Russia will make common cause with Austria. Europe, it is added, is about to witness great events. The king of Prussia has declared that he will not acknowledge the revolutionary government of Portugal.

The intelligence from Spain continues of a distressing nature. The alarming rumours, says accounts from Madrid of the 16th inst. which are in circulation, and the ferment which exists in several provinces, particularly in those of Burgos, Valladolid and Avilla, confirm our suspicion that the plot of Morales has extensive ramifications. Orders have been dispatched to all the political chiefs to double their vigilance and to maintain tranquility.

We have accounts from Madrid to the 18th Nov.—that place has a gain been the scene of an insurrectional movement. A letter of the 14th says, every instant shews that the conspiracy of Avilla was much more extensive than that of Burgos. Twenty one of the conspirators are already in the hands of justice, and we are assured that Morales himself and several of his confidential adherents, have fallen into the power of their pursuers.—The Canons Charon and Saurez have not been sent to prison on account of their great age, but they are closely confined in their own houses.

The king of Spain has issued an order to Don Celestino Bruquero Sanchez de Torres, ex-colonel restoring him to royal favour. This gentleman has resided in England for the last twelve years.

The accounts from Lisbon are to the 13th of Nov. Considerable agitation prevailed in consequence of an attempt to turn out six of the members of the Provisional Junta, at the point of the bayonet. All the troops were called out under a pretext of a review; they were posted in different parts of the city; ball cartridges were publicly distributed among them, and a number of pieces of artillery, stationed in commanding positions, were loaded publicly and the matches kept lighted. The scheme failed in part, for none of the members of the Junta were turned out, but the Spanish Constitution was adopted and sworn to.

The Gazette of France, of Nov. 24, says "that England will take decisive measures against Portugal. Private letters announce that an English army will be sent to that country, and that nothing is wanting for carrying this object into effect but the consent of the King of Portugal, which has been demanded by the British Minister at Rio Janeiro."

The Chambers of Peers and Deputies were summoned to meet on the 19th of December.

On the 22d Nov. an attempt was made to murder the Duke Daeres. Ex-Minister of Marine.— "The Duke Daeres, Ex-Minister of Marine. The duke retired to

bed about 12 o'clock—shortly afterwards he was blown out upon the floor by an explosion of gunpowder under the mattresses, a second detonation succeeded in a few seconds, and the room was in a flame.—The duke called his valet, who slept in an adjoining cabinet—the latter answered "I am lost" and instantly jumped from the window into the street, a height of 40 feet; his shrieks brought the sentinels to the spot, to whom he declared that some villains had thrown him out of the window. The duke made his way out of the apartment, and medical aid was immediately procured—it was found that he had the right thigh and arm much burnt.—He continues in a suffering state, to the great affliction of the duchess and his young daughter, but no fears are entertained for his life.—The hremen on examining the apartment found that several pounds of powder had been deposited between the mattresses, and ignited by means of a train which led under the door. Every thing appeared to justify the suspicion that the valet was the author of this horrible design, particularly when it was discovered that Bank Bills had been taken from the duke's writing desk to the amount of 9000 francs—he has since died in the hospital of the injury which he received by his fall from the window.

Gavin and Bouton, who were sentenced to death for the attempt on the life of the Ducess of Berri, appealed to the Court of Cassation—Their appeal has been rejected.

Thomas Davidson, who had been tried and convicted for publishing two blasphemous and seditious libels, was brought up for judgment. The Court sentenced the prisoner to be imprisoned two years in the Oakum Gaol, in the county of Rutland, and to find sureties for his good behaviour for five years, himself in the sum of 1,500 and two sufficient sureties in the sum of 1,200 each, after the expiration of the period for which he is to be imprisoned.

Another attempt is to be made at further discoveries in the Polar seas. Capt. Parry, it is said, will have the command. The attempt is not to be made in so high a latitude as Lancaster Sound, but to explore the American coast in a southerly direction.

An Algerine squadron of two frigates, a galley and an armed polacre, had appeared at Tangiers, with a fleet of nine merchantmen—among which was a Spanish Trader, and a number of European slaves.

It appears that his Holiness the Pope, in consequence of the march of Austrian troops into the Papal territory, assembled a conclave of Cardinals, and submitted to them the question, whether a representative Constitution should not be granted to the States of the Church. On a division it was carried against a Constitution by a majority of three.

Baron Bergami arrived at Paris on the 22d of Nov. accompanied by a secretary, a valet, a huntsman, and a courier—and if any reliance can be placed on the following articles, it is quite probable her majesty intends to make France her place of future residence.

"Paris, Nov. 25.

The Domain of Mongeron, near Paris, has recently been purchased for the Queen of England."

Her Majesty visited St. Paul's Cathedral, on the 27th of Nov. for the first time since her trial.—A description of the parade, pomp, and show, occupies near six columns in the London Courier, and exceeds that which was made to witness the coronation of the King.

Lord Grenville's interview with the king on Saturday is still viewed by the opposition as indicative of an immediate change of ministry—and the Morning Chronicle of today asserts, that the Earl of Liverpool, the Earl of Harrowby and Mr. Canning, have all tendered their resignation. If any possible change could bring the party into power, we might be less willing to wake them on a sudden from their rare dream of patronage and place; but as they are condemned "to remain at Sinope" to toil on in the bleak and barren fields of opposition—as no event could induce the country to endure them for a day, we need not feel any reluctance in asserting that neither Lord Liverpool nor Lord Harrowby, nor Mr. Canning have tendered or mean to tender, their resignation; and that the king has not sent for Earl Spencer. In fact, there is not the least truth in the report of any change of ministers being in contemplation.

Iron, Nov. 18.  
The courier from Madrid was stopped yesterday between Miranda and Vittoria, by a troop of 100 armed men, who seized the despatches of which he was the bearer. Our political situation is such as to excite the most lively disquietude. The above event may convey some idea of the disorders which begin to alarm the people. It is asserted that various armed bands are already traversing different provinces. A great majority of the Clergy, whose interests are annihilated by the constitutional system are making, it is said, every effort to organize a formidable opposition, and the struggle between the two parties may be productive of very deplorable consequences.

Journal de Paris.

#### MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Annapolis, Thursday, Feb. 8.

Arrived, on the 31st inst. ship Wabash, capt. Grant, from Rotterdam, sailed Nov. 23, 1820, in company with the ship Camillus, Rich of Boston, bound to St. Ubes—desired to be reported. Arrived at Rotterdam on 21st Nov. the ship Cordell, 150 days from Canton, viz. Cowes, also a Dutch ship from Batavia, name unknown—Jan. 18, 1821, spoke off Ocracock the schr. Adam, Emory master, from Thomas-Town bound to Charleston, out 11 days.

The U. S. sloop of war Ontario, Captain Chauncey, sailed from this port on Monday last for the Mediterranean. She stops at Hayti to land Mr. Wier, our consul for that place.

The character of a lady of one of the ancient Earls of Westmoreland—written by her husband, and inscribed in the chimney work of a large room at Budstone place, in Kent, once the seat of that noble family, now in possession of William Ryder, Esq.

\*\*\*\*\*—She feared God, and knew how to serve him. Shee assayed times for her devotion, and kept them: Shee was a perfect wife, and a true friend: Shee joyed most to oblige those nearest and dearest to mee: Shee was still the same, ever kynde and never troublesome: often preventyng my desires: disputing none: providentlie in managing all that was myne: lying in appearance above myne estate, while she advanced it: Shee was of a grete spirit, sweetlie tempered; of a sharpe wit without offence; of excellent speache, blest with silence; of a chearful temper: mildlie governed: of a brave fashion to win respect, and to daunt boldnesse; plesyng to alle of her sex, entyre with few, delytng in the best; ever avoyding all persons and their honour blemished:—and was as free from doing ille, as giving the occasion.—Shee dyed as shee lyved, Well; and blest in her gretest extremitee most patiently sending forth her pure soule with manie zealous praiers and hymnes to her Maker; pouring her affectionate harte in passionate stremes to her Saviour\*\*\*\*\*.

N. B. The foregoing and ending of this inscription being defaced by time the date is uncertain.

#### Executive Appointments.

A List of the Justices of the Peace for Montgomery County.

Thomas Lingan, Edward Burgess, Howard Griffith, William Belt, Ephraim Echeson, George W. Riggs, Lyde Griffith, Richard H. Griffith, George Wolf, Campden R. Nicholls, James Day, Richard R. Waters, John Poole, senr. William Bennett, Robert Lyles, John M. Williams, John L. Trundle, Levi Viers, William Chiswell, Richard Gott, Joseph Poole, Grandison Catlett, John Sprigg, John Adamson, John Bussey, Richard West, Thomas C. White, Osborn S. Wilson, Jesse Leach, John Doud, Artaxerxes Fisher, Lloyd Magruder, Samuel C. Viers, James Dawson, John Elison, senior, John Candler, Thomas A. Brooke, John Landsdale, William Scott, Edward Hughes, Bennet Clements, Benedict L. Adams, Thomas Getzendanner, William Robertson, John Thomas, (third) John Westley Landsdale, William Culver, Benjamin Higgins, George Cassaway, John B. Magruder, Henry Harlow, Thomas Gettings, Nathan Holland, Nathan Hoskinson, William Pierce, Richard Holmes, Patrick Orme, Leonard Green, Richard Key

Watts, John, James, Thomas, William, Daniel, David, Anthony, W. Vinton, Cassaway, William, Wood, Thomas, Dawson, (of Har-

Legis. Court.  
Thomas Gettings, Richard Key, James Fletcher, John B. Magruder, Thomas Anderson, Daniel Harlow, Elijah Viers.

Orphan's Court.  
Honore Martin, Col. George Magruder, Richard Key, Watts, (senr.)

#### Legislature of Maryland.

SENATE  
Monday, Jan. 29.

Mr. Harper presented the petition of Thomas Chew, praying for a law to empower him to sell certain property and to make a good and sufficient conveyance thereof. Mr. Carmichael presented the memorial of Addison Ridout, administrator of John Gibbins, praying a law to direct the recording of a certain deed of manumission in Anne-Arundel county; which was read.

The clerk of the house of delegates returns the bill for the relief of the Cumberland Bank of Allegany, and the bill for the benefit of the Bank of Caroline, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

The resolution in favour of the heirs of John Neptune was read the second, and by special order the third time, assented to and sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Gale presented a statement of the affairs of the Susquehanna Bridge and Bank Company; which was read and referred to the consideration of the house of delegates.

Mr. Parnham reports the bill to restrain the evil practices of constables.

Tuesday, Jan. 30.

Mr. Harper reports a bill, entitled, An act relating to bail in civil cases; which was read.

The bill to repeal all that part of the constitution and form of government as relates to the division of Washington county into separate election districts, and for other purposes, was read the second, and will pass. Sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Gale presented the memorial of the president and directors of the Chester River Bridge Company, praying that the lottery authorized to be drawn for the erection of said bridge may be released from the tax thereon.

The bill relative to having drunkards was read the third time and the question put. Shall the bill pass? Determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Harper reports a bill, entitled, An act to empower Thomas Chase of Anne-Arundel county, to sell the property therein mentioned.

Mr. Gale presented the petition of the president and directors of the Farmers Bank of Somerset, Worcester, praying to be released from the state tax.

On motion of Mr. Jackson, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the benefit of the Bank of Somerset.

The bill to authorise a lottery, raise a sum of money for the purpose of building a church for the use of the Lutherans and Presbyterians in the neighbourhood of Aquigues, in Baltimore county, was read the second, and will not pass. Sent to the house of delegates.

The bill to incorporate the trustees of the Union Chapel of Harford county, was read the third time, and will pass. Sent to the house of delegates.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a resolution relating to state debtors, a bill respecting the assent of creditors to the release of debtors under the insolvent laws of this state.

Also a bill for the benefit of Mas H. Bowie, which was read the first, and by special order the second and third time, passed, and sent to the house of delegates.

The bill for the relief of Stemple, of Frederick county, insolvent debtor, was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass. Sent to the house of delegates.

The bill for the relief of Deacon, of Frederick county, insolvent debtor, was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass. Sent to the House of delegates.

The further supplement to an act entitled, An act for the protection of slaveholders, was read the second and third time by

order and will pass sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Marcy presented the petition of the president and directors of the Havre de Grace Bank, praying to be released from the state's claims to the school fund from the time of the last payment.

The bill to change and alter the name of William H. Quantrell, to that of Jesse Duncan Elliott Quantrell, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

The bill respecting the assent of creditors to the release of debtors under the insolvent laws of this state, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

On motion of Mr. Jackson, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

On motion of Mr. Harper, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the more effectual prevention of crimes and reformation of offenders.

Mr. Harper reports the same. The bill for the relief of Cornelius Seaman, of Washington county, was read the second and third time by special order and will not pass.

Mr. Carmichael from the committee reports a bill entitled, An act to confirm and explain an act of assembly passed at December session eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled, An act to make valid a deed of manumission executed by Thomas Carter, of Queen Anne's county, deceased. Which was read the first time.

The bill to annul the marriage of Samuel Taylor, and Jane Taylor his wife, of Worcester county, was read the second and third time by special order and will not pass.

The bill for the benefit of John Barnes, clerk of Charles county, was read the second, and by special order the third time and will not pass.

The additional supplement to the act concerning crimes and punishment, and to regulate the salary of first keeper, clerk, agent, deputy keepers, and guards of the penitentiary, was read the second, and by special order the third time and will not pass.

The bill to repeal the several acts of assembly respecting the recording of cattle in Allegany county, was read the third time by special order and will pass.

The bill to empower Thomas Chase, of Anne Arundel county, to sell the property therein mentioned, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

Wednesday, Jan. 31.

Mr. Jackson reports a bill entitled, An act for the benefit of the Bank of Somerset in Princess Anne, which was read.

Mr. Jackson reports a bill, entitled, A further additional supplement to the act, entitled, an act for regulating the mode of staying executions and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes passed at December session eighteen hundred and nineteen. Which was read.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill incorporating to one the several acts relating to constables fees; a bill to lay out roads in Harford county; a bill respecting certain roads in Princess Anne county; and a further additional supplement to the act relating to public roads in this state, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned.

The senate resumed the consideration of the bill for the benefit of the Conococheague bank, in Wicomico, in Washington county, which was read and will pass.

The bill for the benefit of Thomas B. Hall of Washington county, was read the second and by special order the third time and will pass.

The bill to authorise the clerk of Anne Arundel county to record a deed of manumission, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

The bill relative to female minors, was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass.

The bill to confirm and explain an act of assembly passed at December session, eighteen hundred and nineteen, entitled, An act to make valid a deed of manumission executed by Thomas Carter, late of Queen Anne's county, deceased, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

The bill to restrain the evil practices of constables, was read