To the same committee was toreferred the bill respecting the litary Establishment. The last mentioned bill was first

en up, and, having been read Mr. Cannon moved to strike out the first section of the bill exting the enacting clause and in thereof to insert the follow-

That the Millitary Peace Eslishment of the United States Il consist of such proportions of tillery, Engineers, Infantry, and flemen, as the President of the ited States shall judge proper to ain in service, not exceeding in whole, including officers, nonmmissioned officers, and privates,

Mr. Cannon supported this moon by a speech of some length on e necessity of retrenchment. Mr. Clay moved to lay this bill

the table, with a view to take up e appropriation bill. The question was taken on this

ction without debate, and decided the affirmative. The bill making appropriations the support of the Military Es-

blishment, for the present year, as then taken up. On coming to the appropriation

r the support of the Military Acamy for the present year Mr. Cannon was so little disposto continue this establishment,

at he was willing to arrest, or at ast to reduce the appropriation .ut, in order to get at a proposition reduce the expense of that esblishment, or to abolish it, Mr. . moved to lay this bill on the ta-

After some observations from lr. Strother in opposition to this otion, the question was taken ereon, and decided in the nega-

Mr. Cannon had proposed a sum ss than that moved by the chairan of the committee of ways and eans for the support of the Miliry Academy; so that two questins were presented; the one on a ertzin sum necessary to the suport of the academy as it now stands, nd the other on a less sum. The uestion being taken, according to suge, on the largest amount, it war ecided in the affirmative, by a large

The committee proceeded to the onsideration of the other items of ppropriation.

The item of 21,000 dollars, for ounties and premiums on enlistents of recruits to fill up the ary, after some debate, was agreed

The other appropriations in the ill were then agreed to, until the louse came to the appropriation for ortifications; for which object the ommittee of ways and means pro ose the sum of \$800,000.

This item gave rise to some brief ebate, which had not terminated then a motion was made for the ommittee to rise, (about 4 o'clock) nd agreed to,

Whereupon the House adjourn-

Thursday, March 9. Relations with Spain.

Mr. Lowndes from the committee n foreign relations, delivered in he following report:

The committee to whom has been eferred so much of the President's essage, at the commencement of he session, as relates to foreign afirs, respectfully report,

That their attention was directd, immediately upon their appointent, to the state of the relations f the United States with Spain, nd that their delay in making a reort upon them must be attributed their wish "to afford an opportu-

ity for such friendly communicatins, during the present session of Congress," as the government of pain had authorised us to expect. ress should postpone its determintion until events might enable it
o make that determination definiive, than that it should pass a coningent act for authorising measures
which it was not proposed immeditely to execute; that it should found
ts determination upon relations asertained to exist, than upon a calhey thought it better that Con-

culation of events which may

stended to the said territories; the President of the United less shall be, and he is hereby auses shall be, and he is hereby auses within the term aforesaid, stablish such districts for the kilonof the revenue, and durche recess of Congress, to appear to officers. Whose commissions But more than a year his since the signature of thetre which it was proposed to ten the long differences between the long differences. More the months since, the appointment new minister from Spain, when orthwith to make knowledge. united States the intention's government, and we have at so far in the session as to necessary to propose, without delay, any measure on the delay, any measure on the session as the consecuted that Consecuted the Consecuted the Consecuted the Consecuted that Consecuted the Co

shill expire at the end of the session of Congress, to enforce ad laws, as to him shall seem fent.

c. 3. And be it enacted. That who dollars is heretensitied, for the purpose of the session of the s in this act into effect, to be et of any money in the trea-sot otherwise appropriated, she applied under the directi-the president of the United it is expected that Congress act before its adjournment, The committee will motate to add any thing to the expension of the United and the obligations of Spain till was twice read, and re-dio a committee of the whole hestate of the Union. hmotion of Mr. Foot the com-tenthejudiciary was instruct

such officers, whose commis-shall expire at the end of the

cesamine and report to the whether, in their opinion,

or copper coin are by law

a tender; and whether the

fig laws regulating the coins United States require amends

r. Strong of Vt. submitted for

ideration, the following resolu-

gived. That the President of

United States be requested to

efore this House such informa-

as he may think proper, relat-

wite progress, proceedings. &

accomplishment of the com-iners, appointed greenably to the 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th ar-sof the treaty of Glient. In as-

ining and settling the bounda-

ine between the United States

Great Britain, in conformity to

second article of the treaty of 32 And whether it is ascertain-

that the fortification at Rouse's

ti (so calle i) on Lake Chain-n, near the 45° of north latitude,

thin the boundary limits of the

rament of the United States or

Great Britain; and what has

nthe amount of the expenditure

etecting said fortification; and

arrying into effect said treaties,

sequent to the appointment of

commissioners, including their

and the resolve was ordered to

mi salaries and perquisites.

the peaker of the House of Mepresentatives.

transmit to the House of Re-

sentatives, in pursuance of their

oution of the 22d of last month.

JAMES MONROE.

Vashington, 8th March, 1820.

States:

the President of the United

The Secretary of State, to whom

22d ultimo, requesting the Pre-

int to impart to that House any

munications touching the Flori-

reaty, which have not hereto

been communicated, and the

munication of which, in his opi-n, may not be prejudicial to the fests of the United States, has

honour of submitting to the Pre-

int the papers containing the in-

nation in possession of this De-

ment requested by the resoluti-

epartment of State, 7th March,

The documents accompanying report, wefer redered to be ted.]

ary Appropriations .- Fortifica-

e House again resolved itself

principally on the subject of the

The debate resulted in fixing

\$800,900 as the amount of

ropriation for fortifications, for

Present year, being the sum re-

mended by the committee of

efore finishing the consideration

this bill, the committee rose at

ys and Means.

The House adjourned.

clock, and

ropriations for fortifications.

1820.

John Quincy Adams.

on the table. .

is contained in the correspondent to the two government can hardly expect, from the nued negociation, the redren has been claimed for twenty and promised for eighteen-has been a second time proma a second time with held. In negociation, the signature or a not its term.

For the spoliations which been committed upon the proof our citizens, for the invite our soil, for the weakness or ality which has made a Spanial ritory the place of rendezvers. encampment of in enemy, & has still more lately perment Indian inhabitants of that ten (whom Spain was bound by to restrain,) to engage in a hostilities against us; for all acts of war, a people less att to peace would seek redressor war. To capture and conflict the ships and property of the doer, would be admitted to be licy of mildness and forbearan But, by such reprisals, the go ment that does the wrong n less than the unoffending at It seems a more just represh cupy the province which ha made an instrument of injury, has been designated by Span self as the fund for our tiden and whose occupation by the f ed States will stop the accumulation of those claims for competition and redress, which the misgor ment of that neglected colory tinually produces. The compassion of the the house a bill to assist the President of the U.S. to take possession of East and Florida, and estat high a tengen Florida, and establish a ten po government therein.

There appears too much re to believe, from the mistake of Spanish negociator, as to the c of the Spanish grants, which is intended to annul, if the projetreaty had been ratified, that Crown lands in Florida may be sufficient to provide the east indemnity for our losses. But may be applied, as far as they go, to the compensation of or tizens, and for the excess a claim, Spain, by whose act the main of Florida has been rent inadequate, must expect us u westward. Perhaps, when our tention is thus forced to a dia on more interesting to Spain, government may at last admit it is as much her interest at that the just claims of the la States should be provided for friendly convention, and we hope that the next treaty better the two nations may be executed. well as signed.

The following bill accompa the report:

Be it enacted, &c. That the sident of the United States be. he is hereby authorised and med to take possession of, and of py, the territories of East and hereby Florida, and the appendages appurtenances thereof; and hereby authorised, for that pur to employ any part of the aims navy of the United States, and militia of any state, which he deem necessary.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, I until the end of the next session Congress, unless provision for temporary government of the territories be sooner made by Ggress, all the military, civil, and dicial powers exercised by the territories of the military covernment. cers of the existing government the same territories shall be vot in such person and persons, & sh

From late London Papers.

A letter from Bungundee, dated May 23, in a late Calcutta Journal, contains the following shocking recital: "About 5 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 29th inst. some of my servants came running into the room in the greatest alarm, saying that an alligator had just taken a boy about 14 years of age, from one of the ghauts near the house. Every body near the place were seen running to the ghaut, to which place I proceeded in company with a gentleman, as fast as possible, in the hopes of rendering some

A little after we arrived at the river side, some one among the vast number of natives collected, cried out that he could see it, and on looking down the river, at a short distance, we clearly saw the alligator with the boy in his mouth; shortly after which he disappeared, then rose again, and elevating himself with his head out of water three or four feet, he still held the boy in his mouth by the hand, and tossed him from one side to the other in the air with the greatest violence and rage; then dashing him on the sur face of the water, with the hope, as we supposed, of dislocating his bones, the more easily to gorge him. This he repeated several times, but nothing, at the moment, could be done. In the hope of saving the boy's life, every thing was thought of to recover the body, and people were sent off for fishermen residing near the place; but above an hour expired before they came with boats and drag lines. On their arrival we provided them with these, in the hope of obtaining the boy, and after dragging with the line up and down the river near the place where they were last seen. we succeeded in hooking up both boy and alligator. The latter, however, made his escape, but the body of the boy was secured and though dreadfully mangied with the loss of head and shoulders, was brought on shore, & delivered to the parents for burial. The boats were again sent out, and again caught the alligator; but in to give such further information temay think proper, as to the de amount of the expenditure advaccaued to the United States drawing him to the surface of the water to harpoon him, he broke the lines, and got away a second time. It being then very late in the evening, nothing more could be done, but the fishermen requested to attend the next morning to make another attempt. This alligator, as

he following message was re sed from the President of the Extraordinary Produce of a Potahed States, by Mr. J. J. Montoe.

or 13 feet long.

A single potatoe was cut into eyes. and planted in the garden of C. Moore, Esq. at Woodbridge, Suf folk; and the produce was the surprising quantity of a bushel skep without being heaped, and it weighreport from the Secretary of ed 64 lbs. The potatoes are rete, with the papers containing information requested by that markably fine and clean.

far as we could judge, was about 12

The 6th and 7th vols. of the unpublished correspondence of Buonaparte are about to appear. The editor is arrived at that period when Buonaparte appeared on the political horizon, was engaged in secret with been referred the resolution of laying the foundation of his future laying the Rosse of Representatives of grandeur. We perpetually see him, 22d ultimo, required the Presentation of the his feelings of ambition under the mask of republican modesty. Out of the numerous examples of this ruth, which these letters supply, we shall extract the last paragraph of the confidential communication which he addressed to the Directors, in announcing to them that peace had been concluded with Austria:

"I have deserved by my services the approbation of the government and the nation. I have received repeated marks of its esteem. Nothing more remains for me but to mix again among the crowd; to resume the ploughshare of Cincinnatus, and to furnish an example of respect for the magistracy, and of aversion for the military rule, which has destroyed so many republics & overthrown so many states. Rely upon my devotion, and my desire to do every

ba committee of the whole on this port of the Militay Establishat, for the year 1820.

The whole of the remainder of day was occupied on this bill, Printingly on the committee of the country.

Extraordinary Conflict.

Extraordinary Conflict.

Extraordinary Conflict. Extraordinary Conflict.

Extract of a letter from Lieut.

Collect, in the company's service, in the Presidency of Bombaye to his sister in England; it ochibits evidence of unshaken courage and intellectual readiness, scarcely to be equalled: "In the beginning of May, 1815, our army from the hor winds and bad weather, became so sickly that, we were ordered into

the head man of which entreated us to destroy a large tiger which had killed seven of his men, was in the daily habit of stealing his cattle, and had that morning wounded his son. Another officer and myself agreed to attempt the destruction of this monster. We immediately ordered seven elephants, and went in quest of the animal, which we found sleeping under a bush .-The noise of the elephants awoke him, when he made a furious charge on us, and my elephant received him on her shoulder; the other six turned about and tun off, notwithstanding the exertions of their riders, & left me in the above situation. I had seen many tigers, and had been at the killing of them, but never so large a one as this. The elephant shook him off. I then fired two balls, and the tiger fell; but again recovering himself he made a spring at me. I escaped him, and he seized the elephant by her hind leg; then receiving a kick from her, and another ball from me, he let go his hold, and fell a second time. Thinking he was by this time disabled, I very unfortunately dismounted, intending to put an end to his exist. ence with my pistols; when the monster, who was only crouching to make another spring, made it at that moment, indicaught me in his mouth; but it the sed God to give me strength and presence of mind. I immediately fired into his body, and finding that had little effect, used all my force, happily disengaged my arm; and then directing my pistol to his heart, I at length succeeded in destroying him, after receiving twenty five severe wounds .-Lieut. Collett was so much hurt, as to be obliged to retire from the serv ce of the field. This action did not escape the notice of the Marquis of Hastings, and the lieutenant has been appointed to a post less

> A man by the name of Dutton was lately discovered on the top of a hay stack in a famishing state, having subsisted ten days on water. and one quid of tobacco.

liable to exertion.

The venerable old King of Eng. land still continued to wear out his lengthened life. No change had taken place in his disorder, but he was gradually wearing away, pursuant to the laws of nature.

The river Seine being frozen many persons from curiosity went on the ice from the Pont Neuf, and the Pont des Arts.

Collections were making in the several arrondissements in garis, to procure fuel for the poor to keep

At Naples, the weather has remained as mild as in the Spring, while at Paris it has been severely

At Norway, on the 7th of January, the barometer rose to the height of 29 inches, 16 lines. The sea was eight feet lower on that day than it had been for 20 years. Professor Hansteen made some experiments as to the intensity of the magnetic force, and found the needle in such agitation, that he could obthis correspondence, concealing tain no fixed result. Some revolution in nature was portended.

> The New Testament translated from the original Greek into Teloogoo, has been completed at Madrass. It is in 2 vols. comprising 888 pages,

> The number of accidents in London from persons falling on the ice, breaking their legs, arms, &c. were very numerous.

The severe cold in England had rendered the larks so inanimate that they have been caught by the hand, being unable to fly.

CURIOUS OCCURRENCE:

A few days ago was shot, near the entrance of Kilkenny harbour, a large sea-fowl, having through its neck an arrow, such as those described by Captain Cook to be used by the natives of the islands of the Pacific Ocean .- The shaft of the arrow, which is about eight inches long, is of a kind of wood resembling bone, and is rudely bearded with iron. The beard and shaft shot at least four inches through the neck; and the flesh round the shaft not only healed, but herfectly hard and callous.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday evening last, by the quarters. On the 6th May we passed through a forest, and encamped on its skirts, near a small village;—

Rev. Mr. Walkins, Mr. Thomas Garany in the Unithe Printer.

this City.

Chesnut Sorre any in the Unithe Printer.

March 16.

A BY LAW To provide for the opening of South,

of Annapolis, and by the authority authorised to execute a deed, of the same, That the Street Commissioners and Port Wardens, or a majority of them he, and they are majority of them be, and they are hereby authorised and directed, to cause all obstructions on either of the said streets to be removed, and proper boundaries to be planted for the purpose of designating the extent and breadth of the said streets, and to return to the Clerk of the Corporation a table of the courses of the said streets, to be recorded by the said Clerk among the proceedings of this Corporation, as evidence at all times of the true location of the said streets.

2. And be it established and ordained, by the authority afcresaid, That the Clerk to the Corporation shall receive for his services in recording the same, at the rate of six cents for every one hundred and five words.

LEWIS DUVALL, Mayor.

JOHN BREWER, Cl'k.

Selling off at the City Auction.

The subscriber, who is about to leave this city, offers for sale, to close sundry consignments the following

 ${f GOODS}$:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths, Flannels, Checks, Osnaburgs, Burlaps, Brown and White Linen, Callicoes, Furniture Chintz, Cambrics, Book and Jackonet Muslins. Crape, Merino and Cassimere Shawls, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, Kid, Beaver and Buckskin Gloves, Silk Umbrellas, Japand Waiters, with an assortment of China, Glass Ware and Fancy Articles. Also Young and Old Hyson Tea, Sugar and Coffee, Starch and Fig Blue,

The above articles will be sold whole

sale and retail. Cheaper than ever of-fered before in this City. I. IYON, Auctioneer. Annapolis, March 16.

Chancely Sale. By virtue of a decree of the Chan-

cery Court, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Fri day the 7th day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter. Part of a Tract of Land called "Snowden's Third Addition to his Manor," lying and being in Montgomery and Anne Arundel counties, containing about 300 acres, being an undivided part of the estate of Richard Snowden, deceased The Patuxent River runs through this land, and enriches its bottoms with its alluvion, and there is an excellent mill seat on the land. It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of this property, as it is presumed those inclined to purchase will view the same previous to the sale. Persons desirous of viewing the premises, will apply to Mr. Wilson living near the land.

Terms of Sale-The purchaser to give bond, with good security, to the give bond, with good security, to the Trustee, for payments of the purchase money, with interest within 12 months from the day of sale. On rauncation of the sale, and payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorised to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Gerard H. Snowden, Trustee. March 16.

The Commissioners

Appointed to receive subscriptions

for stock in the South River Bridge Company in the City of Annapolis, inform those persons who were prevented by the inclement weather, or other causes, from subscribing, that they are individually authorised to receive subscriptions, and invite all those desirous to take shares, to call on either of

Henry Maynadier, Lewis Duvall, Richd. Harwood, of Thos. Daniel Murray, Robert W. Kent.

For Sale,

A STUD HORSE, Seven years old, of fine figure, a Chesnut Sorrel, his pedigree equal to any in the United States. Enquire of

Chancery Sale,

To provide for the opening of South, King George, Calvert and Market-streets, in the City of Annapolis.

Whereas, it has been represented to this Corporation, that South, King George, Calvert and Market-streets, in the said City, have been shut up and obstructed without the permission or authority of this Corporation. Therefore,

1. Be it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council, of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorised to execute a deed.

NOTICE.

MR. P. GUIGON respectfully informs the inhabitants of Annapolis that, from the encouragement he retends recpening his Dancing Academy as soon as his school in Baltimore will be over. Nothing will be neglected for his pupils improvement; and hopes to have the same confidence bestowed up-on him both in Baltimore and this Gi-

March 16.

Tobacco Lands.

The subscriber has between 5 and 600 acres of Land for Sale, situated on the waters of Rhode River, in Anne-Arundel county, lying between the property of Col Mercer, and the estate ately sold by him, and now owned by Mr. Contee of Prince George's county.

These lands are considered to be of the first quality for Tobacco, produce very luxuriant crops of clover, under the plaster cultivation; abound with wood and timber, and have several fine springs of water.

The improvements are three tobacco houses, a good negro quarter, and corn house. If suitable to persons de-sirous of purchasing, they will be diided and sold in small parcels. Mr. Gray, living with John Mercer, Jr. E-qr. will shew the premises. Apply

in Baltimore, to
JAMES CARROLL.
March 9.

NOTICE.

The Commissioners appointed to open East-Street, in the City of Annapolis, will meet at James Hunter's Tavern, in the said City, on Saturday, 25th of March, 1820, for the purpose of valuing the damages which may arise by opening the same. All persons interested are requested to take no-March 9.

The New and Elegant Steam Boat

Maryland,

CLEMENT VICKARS, COM-MANDER,

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore, for the accommodation of Passengers. Horses and Carriages.

The Maryland is not surpassed in point of elegance or speed by any Boat in the United States.

She leaves Easton on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, AM calling at Todd's Point and Oxford, to receive passengers; arrives at Annapolisat half past one o'clock, and leaving there at half past two o'clock, arrives at Baltimore at six o'clock, PM. the same evening. Returning, leaves Baltimore on Wednesdays and Saturdays at eight o'clock, AM. arrives at Annapolis at half past eleven; leaves Annapolis at half past twelve, and arrives at Easton at six o'clock the same evening. Pas-sengers wishing to go to Philadelphia, can be put on board the Union Line of Steam Boats from Baltimore, and will arrive at Philadelphia early the next

morning..

45-All Bagyage and Letters at the risk of the owners thereof. March 2.

An Overseer Wanted.

An active industrious Man, that can produce a satisfactory recommendation, will hear of an eligible situation, by applying to Mr. William Warfield, Merchant, in the off of Annapolis. March 9.

Public Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that the Vestry of St. James's Parish will, at 11 o'clock, AM on Monday the 20th of March instant, expase to public sale, between thirty and forty acres of the Glebe-Land, belonging to said Parish. The terms of payment with be made known on the day of sale, which will the place on the land near to said Parish. take place on the land near to said Parish Church.

March 2.

Sw.