and to a want information of the control of the con manner, or in such style as the best adapted to the fancy and of his customers.

His Stock consists in part in d necessary to give on and duty. The magazine hope that, besides fur-with useful information in

lowing Regent's best Blue and Black Second do Best London dark and light Bre Second do do London Green Mixtures and Oth Do fashionable Clarett. list, and reverently obey llowing with a glad mind dly admonitions, they de-s in the laity of the church Extra Superfine Drab, Second do.

Best London double milled light

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nally be given to the cler-

act up to their ordination to frame and fashion their

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to recommend or even to new inventions, whether in line or worship.

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number to contain sixteen
Price two dollars per an
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ber shall appear on the third

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s received at the office of the

ittee of Claims.

RWOOD,

HNEBLY,

H. PRICE;

R STUART.

ASHINGTON.

he afternoon.

NOTICE.

W. PRESTON, Clk.

Court for Anne Arundel

net in the city of Anna

third Monday of January purpose of settling with a of Dougao at the dif duses. By teder, VMas GREIN, CPk.

RAL TAVERN

known establishment, the

ern formerly kept by Capt he City of Annapolis, has

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and is now occupied by

PH DALEY,

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most unremitted attention

of every thing which the

AVERN.

EVENS,

NNIS.

TERMS.

black Cassimeres Second do do. London dark and light Mixture Do Drab, Do White and Buff Casamen, Black Florentines,
Fashionable Toilinette, White Marseilles, / Stockingnette,

Committee of Grievares of Courts of Justice.
Mesers. MARRIOTT,

SPENCE. BRECKENRIDGE, MAULSBY, ROSS.

The Committee of Greeners Courts of Justice, will site of during the present Session in o'clock in the morning untillic in the afternoon.

Dec 9. PRESTON O

Public Sale. phanacourt of an order from the phanacourt of Anne-Arusal provided at public single day the 4th of January, 1993, late dwelling of John Lustening north side of Severn, the persentate of said deceased, countingeroes, horsel, cattle, sheet corn and fodder rye, shouth kitchen furniture, re. Terms For all sums over twelt; the eredit of six month, the severn giving bond with security, which iron the day of sale, the order nittee of Claims will sit ring the present Session k in the morning, until

from the day of sale, all ones sum the cash to be paid. Sale mence at 10 o'clock, AM, SUSANNAH LINSTRAM, Will sincered.

Por Sale at this Off.
Declarations on Promisory Politics of exchange Igain Defirst, second, and third less example to generally.
Debt on Bond and Single Bills.
Common Bonds. Common Bonds Appeal; do, Cobacco Notes, Ac. de.

EN TERTAINMEN CEPHAS W. BENSO

of every thing which the rd. Gentlemen altending ture; and the public in the limit of the result of

ONAS GREEN,

MESTREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Three Dollars per Annum. MARY EXECUTIONS.

from the President of the UStates, transmitting to the of Representatives 2 report ecutions, which have been ted in the army of the U. s, since the year 1815. House of Representatives

of the United States. impliance with a resolution House of Representatives of h Dec. 1819, requesting me se to be laid before it any in. on I may possess, respecting executions, which have been din the army of the United since the year 1815, contrate laws and regulations profor the government of the I transmit a report from retary of War, containing a deccount in relation to the of the said resolution.

JAMES MONROE.

hington, Jan. 8th, 1820. Department, 6th Jan. 1820. Thive caused the records of epartment to be examined for information it possesses 'res certain executions & other ments, which may have been d in the army, since the year contrary to the laws and rens provided for the govern f the same," conformably to ation of the House of R atives, of Dec. 14th, 1819; ow have the honour lostate, ssoon as it was reported to partment, that 'Col. King of infantry, while commanding sacola, had given orders t down deserters, if found with limits of Florida,' I directed closed rder (marked A) to be him. His answer to my or received during my absence mmer. The colonel report t such order had been given

formity with the established of service, when other means cking desertion, which had e so frequent as to threatin tal reduction of the force un s command, had failed. He tated that no deserter was uring his command; but that. der was kept up by his sud , and that a man was shot by rty sent in pursuit of him.— clonel's report was made the of a military investigation.
e enclosed orders (marked B)
were issued by this departon the 16th of Aug. and by
streports, the general court

al were still in session, on the

Dec. at Cantonment Mont-in Alabara.

Tas also reported to this de-ent, in Aug. last, that a come ned officer at West Point, had perly punished several soldiers gging. Major Thayer the anding officer at the t post, was do to enquire into and report cts. His inquiry testablished ct of whipping without trial; ich the enclosed order (markwas issued, and no further aints have been made. All her cases which are known to epartment, are found among cords transmitted, after they eer acted on by the commandnerals, to the end that the sentitled thereto, may be eupon application, to obtain thereof,' and are embraced in

r General, herewith enclosed ed E.) we the honour to be, most really, your obegient servant, J. C. CALHOUN.

port of the Adjutant and In-

President of the U. States. jutant and Insp. Gen's Office,

29th March, 1819. It has been reported to the Department, from a source eno credit, that since you have command in Florida and at ola, forders have been given military to shoot down deif found within the limits rida; that such orders emafrom Col. Kipps military com-int and have the dingly been ted.

you forthwith make a particular and | rules and articles of war. detailed report, stating the orders. by whom given, by whom executed. on whom executed, and the time when executed; with such other facts as you may deem important on this subject. I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,

D. PARKER, Adjutant and Inspector General. Col. William King, 4th Infantry, Tensaw post office, Alabama.

Adjutant and Insp. Gen's Office. Aug. 10, 1819.

Sir: The commanding general of the south division has, this day, been ordered to detail and organize a general cout martial, for the trial of Col. Wm. King, of the 4th infantry. You will therefore, relieve C .l. King in his command, put him in arrest, and direct him to remain at such a place as you shall deem most conveniert, to meet the orders of the general of division. You will report his arrest and station to Gen. Jack son, as soon as practicable. By or-D. PARKER, Adjutant and Inspect r General.

Extract of a General Order, dated Adj. and Insp. Gen's Office, Aug. 10, 1819.

Major Gen. Gaines, US, Army.

Augusta, Georgia.

"General Order.

'The commanding general of the south division will detail and organz a general court martia, as soon as practicably consistent with the interest of the service, for the trial of Col. W ... King, of the 4th infantry Such charges, documents and communications, as the War Department possess, are herewith transmitted, to be put into the hands of the judge advocate of the sout! livision, or such officer as may be detailed for that duty, in case he cannot attend the court.'

> Adj. & Insp. Gen. Office, 30th September, 1819.

The President directs me to state that he has examined your report of the 2d inst. and the several communications referred to, relative to t. e troops attached to your command.

The corporal punishment inflicted on the men at the West Point, being contrary to law, is not justified by the reasons given for it. It is a cause of much regret to see an officer of merit and discernment give his sanction to a proceeding so highly improper. If evils attain an aarming height, they should be stated to the Departmen, that such remedies as the laws authorise, & the means of the government are equal to, may be applied to them, but in no case should an officer take the remedy in his own hands, especially in a mannel positively prohibited by law. law.

These acts are disapproved, and the President directs that you pre vent their recurrence.

I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant, D. PARKER. Adj. & Insp. Gen.

To Major S. Thayer, Superintendant Military Acade my. Commanding West Point, N.

> F. Adj. & Insp. Gen. Office,

3d Jan. 1820. Sir: On your order, requiring me to state all executions, or other punishments which may have been inflicted, in the army, since the year 1815, contrary to the laws and regulations for the government of the same,' if any such are known to have occurred, all the proceedings of court martial on file in this office, have been reterred to; from

which I have made the extracts

herewith enclosed. A general court martial ordered by Gen. Gaines, in Feb. 1816, sen. tenced a soldier to receive fifty cobbs or lashes on his hare skin. This sentence was confirmed, but, by the orders of the General in other cases of which extracts are enclosed, pointedly disapproving whipping, it appears that he makes a distinction between cobbs and 's ripes & last. in the act of May 16, 1812, repeal- dical Reformera' took place at Glas- considered as a kind of punishment thy grace whenever we fall into

It also appears, that soon after the peace, two general courts mar-tial, ordered by Gen. Macomb, sen tenced several soldiers to receive hifty lashes each, which sentences were approved by the general, an. ordered to be carried into effect. As such sentences have not since occurred, it is presumed that an impression prevailed in that command. at that time, that the act fixing the peace establishment, by generally repealing the laws enacted during the late war, restored the provision which authorised punishment by stripes and lashes before the war.

These are the only cases I have een able to find on the records; & it will be observed that all, except that of Major McGlassin, were within the jurisd ction of the command. ing generals, and never came up to the War Department, but as a place of deposit for the records of courts to the end that the persons ent ned thereto may be enabled, upon application, to obtain copies thereof.' In this case, the sentence of the court was approved by the President, and the Major was accordingly dismissed the service. I have the honour to be, sir, with p reect respect, your obedient servant,

D. PARKER, Adjt. & Insp. Gen. To the Secretary of War.

CHOICE OF A WIFE.

Tis not the bold and romping fair. Nor she whose free and wanton air, I sures her of success: I's not the proud issuming dame,

Nor she whose nice and tender frame, With danger you would press. These have no charms for me at

I equally contemn them all. But 'tis the mild and modest maid, Whose temper sweet can never

fade, Who'll please without alloy; Wose gentle mild, attractive air, Pr claims her fairest of the fair,

'Tis she's my only joy. O ! all this world I'd range around, If I knew where she could be found.

'Tis she who'd bear the galling hour.

Of adverse fortune's bitter'd sour,
And share with equal glee,
The prosperous gale of fortune's smile,

And with her charms my cares beguile,

'Tis she's the maid for me. Tis she who'd captive hold my And wound me deep with Cupid's

For not the wealth of all Peru, It join'd with Venus' beauty too,

Would me induce to wed, Un ess with these I found combin'd The viriues which adorn the mind, And store the female head. For these indeed I prize more high,

But if the destinies above,

D cree that ever I shall love, Oil grant propitious heav'n, That it may be my happy fate, To gain the maid I supplicate, Or else that none be given. For rather than another woo, I still would live as now I do. A BACHELOR.

PARAGRAPHS,

From .ute London papers. A new mode of lighting public buildings has been discovered in Scotland. At Dumfries, the 'Methodist Chapel is brilliantly & beautifully lighted with Gas, at a very trifling expense. The apparatus

cost only 16." A Fortsmouth paper says, Mr. S. Canning, late British Minister in Switzerland, is going in the same quality to the United States of North America.

On the 3d of Nov. a concert was given at Edinburgh for charitable purposes: the receipts were five thousand to hundred and hity-six pounds, to inteen shillings and a penny.

The Glagow Courier of Nov. 25th, says, "that in the garden of a Mr. Hanney, in Bangor, Ireland, there is a Pear Tree, which has pro du ed three crops this season, and now has a fourth,"

On the 2d Nov. a meeting of Ra

presents- they passed through Trongate with flags, music, and a cap of liberty, carried by a young female. They had also a large broom placed on the top of a pole, with this inscription, "Sweep Corruption;"-a abbage stalk, with all the thin porion of the eaves eaten by insects, and only the Radical with the for mer supporters of the leaves left; an old tea pot, with some indigenous plants, and below it an inscription of 'fine cheap tea without taxa tion;' a representation of a Man chester Yeoman cutting down one of his townsmen; Wallace pushing his sword through an enemy to Scottish freedom, a figure staggering under a load of taxation, with seve- | ment." ral others, which approached the hustings in all directions, while the people made way for them, and the bearers marched in and deposited their staffs and caps of liberty, and the females sat on and around the hustings. A squadron of cavalry, with two pieces of artillery, were

HIS MAJESTY.

on duty.

A gentieman who has been in his presence a short time ago, states, that the appearance of our aged monarch is the most ven rable image ginable. His hair and beard are white as the drifted snow, and the latter flows gracefully over a breast which now feels not the pleasures or the pains of lite. When the gentleman saw him, he was dressed in a loose satin robe, lined with fur, sitting in an apparently pensive mood, with his elbows on a table, and his head resting on his hands, seeming perfectly regardless of all external objects.

Accession of his Majesty. On the 25th ult. our venerable and afflicted Sovereign entered into the 60th year of his reign, a period longer than any of his Majesty's predecessors, in England or Scotland, occupied the throne. Henry III. reigned in England filty six years, and James VI. in Scotland filty eight years; but the former was only nine years of age when he succeeded to the monarchy, and the latter was an infant, when, in consequence of the extorted resignation this mother, he became king; while George the III. was of legitimate age, on his ascension to the sovereignty of Great Britain and Ireland. Of the Peers of Scotland at his Majesty's ascension, only the Duke of Gordon, bor: 1743, who inherited the title in 1752, is alive.

The twenty Judges of the Court of Sessions and Ex hequer in Scotland, have been exact y three times renewed during this reign; -the appointment to the bench being sixty in umber, exclusive of two pro motions of Puisne Judges to the President's Chair. Of the members of the faculty of Advocates at the accession, four are alive, viz. R bert to the utmost of our power, strive Craig, of Riccarton, and Robert to copy their exceliencies, in our Than massy wealth and beauty's Berry, both admitted in 1781, and dye.

Berry, both admitted in 1781, and ready and cheerful obedience to thy will, that through the merits of guson, of Pitfour, the present member of Parliament for Aberdeenshire, both admitted in 1757. Of the Society of Writers to the Signet of the accession, only one, Cornelius Elliot, of Woolee, is in existence. O the Peers of England and Ireland at the commencement of this reign, five are alive, viz. the Earl, now Marquis Droghe la, the Earl of Carlisle, Ears Fi zwilliam, Viscount Nettville, and V scounc Bulkley, all of whom were under age at the accession, with the exception of the Marquis of Drogheda, now in his 60th year, and at the head of the Generals of the army.

Imprisonment for Debt.

This is a mode of punishing the unfortunate and the indigent, which is daily becoming unpopular in America. It is justly considered as a weapon of vengeance, placed by legal authority in the hand of a malicious and inexorable creditor, in the cruel use of which he may gratify his evil disposition; sometimes to the heart breaking anguish of an amiable and unsuspecting wife and mother, and to the huager, naked ness, and bitter suffering of helpless children. The Governor of North Carolina, in his late message to the legislature of that State, thus remarks on this subject. B. Pat.

"Imprisonment for debt must be

The Secretary of War directs, that | ing a part of the 87th article of the gow. About 30,000 persons were | which is inflicted at the mercy of the creditor, and must often be exercised upon oujects where pity. & not punishment, is due. In truth, it seems to be a remnaht of that gothic policy, which prevailed during the ruder ages of society; a policy as barbarous as it is useless; and it s to me strange that it should so long have been suffered to disgrace a code of laws of a state which might otherwise boast of its freedom and humanity. An ameliora-tion in this respect may have the effect of curtailing the extended system of credit that exists at present, as it will take from the creditor one of his most potent engines for the coercion of a speedy pay-

> Saturday Evening Reflections. From the Boston Intelligencer.

The Lord's Prayer. 'Our Father, who art in Heaven."

'When we consider the honour conferred upon us in being commanded to address God by that most affectionate and and most reverend name of "Father," are we not astonished at his condescending goodness? Should not this goodness raise our thoughts to the throne of grace with humble gratitude, and unbounded love a d veneration, for the inestimable privilege of being permitted to apply to Him who is the Lord of the universe, by so distinguishing and endearing a title?

"Hallowed be thy name,"

'May thy name be honoured (or hallowed) throughout all the world; may the whole race of mankind unite in thy worship; and may we never presume to use thy holy name lightly, or without the utmost deference and respect, but glorify thee, O Lord God, in every thing wherein thou has been pleased to make thyse f knows to us.

Who can repeat this petition, yet think themselves at liberty to take the name of the Lord their God in vain, as too many do in their common conversation?

"Thy kingdom come."

Let the Lord rule over all nations of the earth; and let the Gospel be published, spread, and prosper, throughout all the world; that all mankind may become one fo'd under one shepherd. Jesus Christ; may each of us receive fresh supplies of thy holy spirit; and may the kingdom of grace come & dwell in our hearts here upon earth, that we may be constantly prepared for thy kingdom of glory hereafter.

"Thy will be done on earth, as it is in heaven."

"May we constantly follow the bright example of the blessed above; and tho' we cannot in this world attain to their height of perfection, grant us grace that we may, Corist which have raised those saints to the height of that exaltation and happiness they now enjoy, we thy sinful creatutes, always remembering that thou hast opened the gates of eternal life to us alse, may enter therein, and with them become partakers of thine everlasting kingdom.

"Give us this day our daily bread."

Give us, O God, every thing that thou seest to be need ut to us. both temporal and spiritual. On these alone we depend; and without thy constant support, we must fail again to the dust from which thou ormedst us.

Forgive us out de ts, as we forgive out debtors."

May we ever remember the terms upon which alone thou hast promised us forgiveness of our offences. by shewing mercy-to others, as thou hast shewed mercy to us; may we be kind and charitable to our fellow reatures, thinking no ill of them; slow to anger, and ready to pardon them when they have given us just cause of offence, as we hope for pardon of our innumerable offences against thee our God.

"And lead us not into temptation; but deliver us from evil."

Suffer us not, O God, to be led nto temptations, and assist us with