POETS CORNER.

The death of Hofer, the Tyrolese Leader.

Translated from Kotzer's Poems.

Hofer! in thy bold bosom glow'd
A stream as pure as ever flow'd
Beneath a prince's plume:
Nor e'er did warrior's nobler toil,
In battle for his native soil,
Shed glory round his tomb.

Rous'd by thy horn from cot and fold,
From forest glen, and rocky hold,
With heart and eye of flame,—
Like rushings of the mountain flood,
Like lightning from the rifted cloud,
Thy band of brothers came.

And now that heart's rich tide is chill,
That horn is silent on the hill,
The gallant chase is done;
Scatter'd and sunk, the mountain band
Threw the lov'd rifle from their hand—
The foul of fight is gone.

But God is all.—Vain warrior skill,
Vain the high soul, the mighty will,
Before the word of Heav'n!
The helm that on the chieftain's brow
Flash'd fire against the morning's glow,
His blood may dim at ev'n.

Yet, Hofer! in that hour of ill
Thine was a brighter laurel still
Than the red field e'er gave;—
The crown, immortal liberty
Gives to the few that dare to die
And seek her in the grave.

Who saw, as level'd the chasseur
His deadly aim, the shade of fear
Pass o'er the hero's brow?
Who saw his dark eyes' martial gaze
Turn from the musket's volley'd blaze
That laid him calm and low?

From the Geneva N.Y. Gazette.

A remarkable instance of Divine interposition in time of very great difficulty; as related by Stephen Grelet, a Preacher of the Society of Friends.

A native of Sweden, who has since resided in the South of France and with whom Stephen Grelet became acquainted some years past, had occasion to go from one port to another in the Baltic sea, on business, and when he came to the place from which he expected to sail, the vessel was gone. He by enquiry found a fish boat, which was going that same way, in which he embarked, and after getting out to sea, the men observing that he had several trunks or chests with him, concluded he must be rich "and therefore would throw him overboard." This he heard them express among themselves, which gave him great uneasiness, being alone among such a set of men, without apprehending any way to escape from them; however, he took occasion to open one of his trunks, in which were books: they seeing these, said one to the other "it is not worth while to throw him overboard," (for they did not want books:) then asking him if he was a priest, "he (not knowing what better means to resort to for safety) answered he was;" at which they seemed pleased, and said they would have a sermon next day, being, as they called it Sunday. All this still increased the anxiety and distress of his mind, believing himself to be as incapable of such an undertaking, as it was possible for any man to be; for he knew little about the Scriptures, neither did he believe in them, nor in any divine inspiration or revelation unto men whatever.

Thus going forward, they at length came to a small island of rocks in the sea, perhaps a quarter of a mile in circumference, where were a number of similar men. By this time he found that he had gotten among a company of Pirates, who had chosen this little sequestered spot in the sea to deposite their treasure. He was taken to a cave and introduced to an old woman, they telling her that they "had gotten a priest, and were going to have a sermon next day." She said she was glad of it, for she had not heard the word of God in a great while. His condition now appeared desperate indeed, for preach he must, and he knew nothing about preaching. If he refused to preach, or undertook and did not please them, death he expected would be his portion. In this deplorable situation he passed the night not having power to stay or settle his mind upon any thing to offer the people; and to call upon God whom he believed to be inaccessible, was altogether vain, & he could not, with all the powers of his mind, devise any way whereby he might be saved. When morning came he arose and walked to and fro, still shut up in dark distress, striving with all his might and ability to collect something, but could not devise even one single sentence.

When the time appointed for the meeting to begin came, he returned to the cave, where he found them assembled, and a seat and table, with a Bible on it provided for him, and setting down, they all sat, he believed, during the space of half an hour in profound silence; and even then the exercise and anguish of his soul were as great as human nature was capable of enduring, without any way appearing to address the people.

At length these words came before him:—"Verily he is a God that judgeth in the earth."* He arose and delivered to them from little to more, until his understanding became opened, and his heart enlarged in a wonderful manner to himself, to treat on subjects suiting their conditions; such as the excellent reward of the righteous, judgements awaiting the wicked—universality of the love of God to the children of men, the necessity of repentance an amendment of life—which had such a powerful effect on the minds of those poor wicked wretches, that they were exceedingly broken into tenderness and tears; and he no less astonished at the unbounded goodness of an Almighty Creator, in thus interfering to save his natural and spiritual life. Well might he exclaim "that it was the Lord's doings and marvellous in his eyes:" under an awful sense thereof his heart became filled with thankful acknowledgments, which was beyond the power of language to convey.

What a marvellous change was thus suddenly brought by divine interposition! he who a little before disbelieved in any intercourse or communication between God Almighty and the soul of man, became an humble believer in, and a happy partaker of its blessed effects on the human mind, and they who so lately meditated his death, & now were filled with love and good will to each other and particularly to him, manifesting affectionate kindness to render him all the service in their power; and next day fitted out one of their vessels, and carried him where he wished to go.

From that time he became, and continues to be an entire changed man, from sentiments of infidelity, to a sincere believer of the power and efficacy of the principle of truth, as it is in Jesus Christ the Saviour of the world.

*Ps 58, 11.

From the New-York Courier.

THE DEMOCRATS LOVE ONE ANOTHER.

However intolerant the democrats may be to federalists, it cannot be denied, that, to one another, they are the most forbearing, forgiving, and charitable souls that ever leagued together. A gang of robbers are not more true to one another than the leaders of democracy. If any one ventures to say or do any thing injurious to the interest or reputation of a *leading* democrat, the whole artillery of the press is opened upon him in an instant; the "*dogs of war*" are all let slip upon him. In like manner if you pluck a feather from the wing of a goose, the whole flock rushes upon you, and a gabbling and flapping of wings ensues, not less alarming than dangerous. Let a federalist or even a democrat touch the hem of Madison's garment, without fear and trembling, and he is attacked by the whole mob of democrats, and perhaps torn to pieces as Orpheus was by the cloven footed Satyrs in the Thracian forest. But if, instead of Madison, you abuse Washington, the great federal Patriot, you need not expect the least danger or annoyance from them, but on the contrary you may expect their approbation, friendship, and support! This is no exaggeration—It is a real fact, and I will prove it. When Freneau established a press under the auspices of Jefferson, for the express purpose of defaming Washington, did not the democrats approve and applaud that base Jacobin? they did! and can you shew me a column in a democratic newspaper, which disapproved of Freneau's slanders? no! not one. When Bache, in the Aurora, accused General Washington of committing *murder* for putting to death a flag of truce, did not democrats express their indignation against the false Jacobin? no! not one. When this same Jacobin asserted in his paper, that General Washington "*had no claim to the gratitude of his country,*" when he asserted that, "General Washington was a *harmless* General and a *dangerous* politician;" when he accused him of "*submission to British intrigues,*" and with "*cowardice* for not enforcing certain of the English and Spanish treaties," and "with *corruption* for signing Jay's treaty;" when the infamous Jacobin asserted and published all this to the world, against Washington, were the democrats offended? Did they show any disposition to rob Bache? O no! not at all.

When James Thompson Callender (a foreign hireling) accused General Washington of "corruption, venality, cowardice, hypocrisy, British partiality, *toryism*, weakness, &c." When the Aurora asserted that the day on which Washington retired from office, ought to be a national jubilee, because "*his name would cease to give currency to political fraud and to legalise corruption.* Did any of the democrats express any indignation against this impudent hireling for publishing such defamation against this great and good man? No! not one.

When Jefferson stated in his letter to Mazzei, that though Washington had been "a Sampson in combat and a Solomon in council, he had suffered his hair *to be shorn by the whore of England,*" did any of the democrats then express any dissatisfaction at the false assertion? No! not one. So far from being offended, the democrats are pleased with such abuse of the father of federalism. Cobbett tells us that we *exaggerate* the praise of Washington and speak of him as the father of our country *oftener than he could wish!*—but do the democrats appear offended at Cobbett on that account? O, no! they reprint his impudence and applaud it. The democrats at this moment, support his paper, though its columns have been dedicated to abuse Washington. But let us suppose for a moment, that either democrat or federalist, a native or a foreigner, should use the same language against Jefferson, Madison or Monroe—let us suppose that Monroe is called a "*harmless* general and dangerous politician," let us suppose that we say of him as Bache said of Washington "that he is a *coward*, a hypocrite, a tory." Gods and Goddesses! what an uproar such language excites among the democrats! —Gales raves and swears till he is black and blue! Binns froths at the mouth, and every democratic goose belonging to the flock sets up such a gobbling, that our ears are stunned by them—every news-paper "*slang whanger*" sets to work to prove that Monroe was a great general at Bladensburg; and a thousand other fine things equally true. The cry of blue lights! blue lights! resounds from one extremity of the union to the other!—why you would think that the leading goose of the flock had lost a tail feather.

Land for Sale.

The subscriber will expose to public sale, on the terms hereinafter stated, the following tracts of land, late the real estate of Thomas and Henrietta Chesley, of Calvert county, Maryland, to wit: On Wednesday the 23d of October next, if fair, otherwise the next fair day, at St. Clements' Bay, in St Mary's county, one tract of land, situate near the waters of St. Clements' Bay, containing two hundred acres more or less, on which there are a tenant's house and tolerable improvements. And on Tuesday the 29th of October, or the first fair day thereafter, on the premises, the undermentioned lands, situate in Calvert county, viz: A tract of land lying on the Patuxent River, near the mouth of Battle Creek, and 8 miles below Benedict, containing two hundred and sixty six acres, to which will be appended about twenty five acres of wood-land; This tract is level and fertile, and though in its present state very productive, the soil is of that nature which can be easily improved by the application of plaister and clover. It is well adapted to the cultivation of Indian corn, wheat and tobacco; possesses all the advantages derivable from vicinity to navigable water, abounding in fine fish and oysters, and a variety of wild fowl; & its production being accessible to market at a very inconsiderable expence. Its situation commanding, with an extensive water prospect, and enlarged view of the surrounding country; has a small orchard, good water, is esteemed healthy, and the neighbourhood agreeable; the buildings require some repairs. Also one other tract of land, containing four hundred and forty four acres, more or less; and another tract containing two hundred and five acres. These lands lie about 5 miles above the last described property, possessing similar advantages, and bounded on the one part by Battle Creek, a bold and navigable water, emptying into Patuxent. The latter parcels of land are adjoining, and will be apportioned in any manner to suit purchasers. A more minute description is deemed unnecessary; those disposed to become purchasers will no doubt obtain a previous acquaintance with the property, and to which their attention is invited. Mr. Benjamin Card residing on the first tract of Calvert lands, will shew either or all of them upon application. Purchasers will have immediate liberty of sealing grain, and full possession will be delivered on the first of January ensuing, on the following terms: The purchasers to give bond, with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, in three annual equal instalments, with interest secured, payable annually on the whole amount. The aforementioned lands will be sold by the subscriber for the benefit of the heirs at law of the said Thomas and Henrietta Chesley, by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of Maryland, investing him with the trust, and upon the final payment he will make good and sufficient deeds conveying the title, interest and estate, of the said heirs and representatives.

Peter Emerson, Trustee.

Calvert County, Md. August 25, 1816 } ts

NOTICE.

The subscriber wishes to hire by the year TWO NEGRO WOMEN, one a wash-woman, the other for the kitchen. Liberal wages will be given.

William Caton.

City Hotel, Annapolis, Aug 1. tf.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY
CHARLES RIDGELY of Hampton,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas it has been represented to me by His Excellency Simon Snyder, Governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that a certain ROBERT ROGERS, Schoolmaster, who had been indicted & convicted in the Mayor's court of the city of Philadelphia, of an assault and battery with an intent to commit a rape on the body of Eleanor Griggs, an infant between eleven and twelve years of age, has fled from the justice of that State into the State of Maryland and now is resident in the city of Baltimore; and has requested that I would cause the said Robert Rogers to be arrested and secured so that he might be delivered to such agent as might be appointed by the executive authority of the said State of Pennsylvania: I have, therefore, thought proper to issue this my Proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of Fifty Dollars to any person or persons who shall apprehend and deliver to the Sheriff of Baltimore county, the said Robert Rogers. Given under my hand & the seal of the State of Maryland, this thirty first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

By His Excellency's command,
NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

Ordered, That the above Proclamation be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, Telegraph and American, Baltimore.

Ninian Pinkney.

Aug 15 3 3w

Mrs. Whittington,

Having rented that well known Establishment in Church-street, near the Stadt house, formerly occupied by Mrs Maria Davidson, respectfully informs the public, that she has commenced keeping a Boarding-house, & that every exertion will be made to render its character as respectable as when under the superintendance of that Lady. The situation of this property being so well known, it will suffice to observe, that it is in a central part of the City, and near the Stadt-house, which renders it convenient to members of the Legislature and Bar. Ladies and Gentlemen will be accommodated with board by the day, week, month, or year.

June 20 tf.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer for sale, on Wednesday, 4th Sept. next, at the late dwelling of Aaron Sides, at the Poplar Springs, property consisting of horses, cows, 1 wagon, tools, black smith's tools, household furniture, a quantity of hay. Terms of sale, six months credit will be given for all sums above twenty dollars. Bond with approved security will be required with interest from day of sale; all under that sum the cash must be paid.

Jacob Sides, Exr.

Aug 15. 3 3w

NEW GOODS.

Warfield & Ridgely,

Have just received, and offer for sale, a variety of British French, India & German goods, of the latest importations, purchased on reasonable terms, consisting of

Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, British & India Nankeen, White & Coloured Marseilles Vesting, Striped Florentines, White & Coloured Jeans, Bombazetts assorted, Canton & India Crapes, Jaconet and Cambric Muslin, Fancy, Figured and Striped do. Leno do. India Mul Mul and Book do. Ladies and Gentlemen's Black and White Silk Hose, do do. White and Black Cotton do 6 4 7-4 and 8-4 Silk and Merino Bordered Shawls, Black Florentine vesting, Florence, Sinchaws and plaid Silks assorted, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs and Fans, 7-8 & 4-4 Irish Linen, 5-4 Shirting and Sheeting Cottons, 3-4 7 8 4-4 5-4 India and Domestic Checks, Chintz, Calicoes and Dimities, White and Brown Ticklenburgs, Brown Burlaps, Hessians.

Also a good selection of

LIVERPOOL & QUEENS WARE,

as, likewise a general assortment of

Hardware and Groceries.

Also Spades, Hoes, Grass, Grain & Bramble Scythes, Reap Hooks, Scythe Stones, &c &c.

All of which will be sold on accommodating terms—those wishing to buy cheap bargains may do well by giving them a call.

May 18 tf

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

Runaway on or about the 25th January last, a negro man named London, calls himself London Turner, late the property of Mr. George W. Higgins, of Anne-Arundel County. London is 38 or 40 years of age, five feet, ten or eleven inches high, grey eyes, yellow complection; had on when he absconded a new black fur'd hat, a blue cloth great coat, with a large cape; he had other cloathing with him. London is a complete carpenter and joiner; he has a wife and three or four children, the property of a Mr. Richd Higgins, living in Prince-George's county, as likewise a mother and several sisters residing either in George-town, or Washington City. This fellow was purchased by the subscriber at the sale of George W Higgins' property. A reward of 100 dollars will be given if he is taken in the state, and the above reward if taken out of the state, and secured in any gaol so that I get him again.

David Ridgely.

Annapolis, April 11, 1816.

N. B All persons are hereby forewarned harbouring said negro at their peril. *D. R.*

21

The editors of the Federal Republican, Frederick-Town Herald, and National Intelligencer, will insert the above once a week for six weeks, and forward their accounts to this office.

Notice.

An election will be held on the first Monday in September next, in the several election districts of Anne-Arundel County, for two Electors to choose the Senate of the State of Maryland for the ensuing five years.

R Welch, of Bel. Sheriff A. A. County,

August, 8. 4

Public Sale.

In pursuance of the last will and testament of Augustine Sewell, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, and by virtue of an order from the orphans court of said county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, [illegible] if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, the real estate of the said deceased, being a tract of land containing [illegible] hundred and sixty six and 1-4 Acres. This property is well watered; there is about one hundred acres of wood land, part of which heavily timbered; a thriving young apple orchard, with a quantity of other fruits; it is adapted to the growth of clover. On this farm there is a tolerable good dwelling-house, an excellent barn, and other necessary out buildings; it lies high and healthy, and with a small expence might be made a beautiful country seat for any person residing in Baltimore, who would wish to have a farm that city can be seen therefrom, being at a distance of fifteen miles, and about three miles from the tavern of Henry Maccey, on the Annapolis road. Any person wishing to view this estate, may see the same on application to Mr. Augustine Sewell, jr. living on the premises. The terms of sale will be a credit of six and twelve months; the purchaser giving bond, with good and sufficient security, bearing interest from the day of sale; and when the whole of the purchase money is paid, a title deed will be given by the subscriber. At the same time and place will be sold, a part of the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c. &c. The terms of sale, for all sums under twenty dollars the cash will be required, for that and all sums over a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving bonds or notes, with good security, bearing interest from the day of sale. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, Execr.

6 July 25 ts

The Editor of the Federal Gazette will please insert this advertisement twice a week till the day of sale, and forward his account to this office for collection.

Proposals for Publishing,

A

FAMILIAR, PLAIN AND EASY

EXPLANATION

OF THE

LAWS OF WILLS AND CODICILS,

AND OF THE

LAWS OF EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.

And also the Rules whereby Estates both Real and Personal, Deceased are to be Distributed, in case no Will be made. With Instructions to every one to make his own Will; the necessary Form for that purpose and the Forms of other Instruments relative to the Estates of Deceased Persons. The whole written as much as possible without the use of Law Words or Terms.

The original work whence this Compilation is derived, was as this abridgement is chiefly intended for the benefit of those who are unacquainted either with the doctrines or the forms of law, and who wish to be instructed how to act, without being under the necessity of communicating the knowledge of their private concerns to any other person. The author among other considerations, has induced the author to compile this treatise, that a book may be always at hand, to which immediate application may be had in those cases of extreme necessity, when every moment is precious, and by means whereof many at least of those mistakes and omissions, now daily committed, may be avoided, law suits prevented, and the peace of families thereby secured. The compiler has in connexion with the original work, arranged in order to render the present system the more complete, incorporated the law in that portion of the law of this state which is applicable to the estates of deceased persons.

Conditions of this work—Price, boards, dolls. 2 50.

6 *Subscriptions received at this Office and Mr. G. Shaw's Book-Store.*

George & John Barber,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public, that the new Schooner General Jackson, Capt. Spencer, is kept for the purpose of carrying Tobacco, Wheat, &c. and other freight to any part of the Chesapeake Bay. All orders addressed to them, or the Captain on board, will be strictly complied with.

G. & J. B. take this opportunity of again repeating, that they do not hold themselves responsible for the loss of any letters which may be put on board their Packets, but every attention in their power, will be paid to the delivery of all such committed to their charge.

August 1. tf.

5

George & John Barber,

Have just received a supply of

Summer Hats,
New-England Shoes,
Herrings & Shad,
Oils & Paints,
And a fresh supply of Corn.

Which they offer for sale on liberal terms.

June 27. 10

Glover and West

Respectfully inform the public, that they have commenced business in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. George Wells, and opposite the city tavern, Church street, where they offer for sale, and intend keeping an assortment of

Drugs and Medicines, Confectionaries, &c.

Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms. Physicians and others, will find it to their advantage to give them a call.

July 25. 6

MARYLAND

VOL. LXXI

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN, CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per Annum.

RELIGIOUS ELOQUENCE.

The following eloquent Speeches of George Griffin and Peter A. Jay, Esquires, were delivered at the City Hall of the city of New-York, in May last, at a meeting of the citizens of that city, and members, convened at the request of the Board of managers of the American Bible Society.

MR. GRIFFIN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman,

I am persuaded that there is no person present, who does not feel the inspiration of this occasion. For myself, I congratulate my country, that we now find on her annals the name of the American Bible Society. I hail this auspicious event, with all the devotion of my soul, I hail the appearance of this Star in the West. This is an occasion to awaken the best feelings of the heart. We are assembled, not to rouse the clamour of political zeal, not to arrange plans of foreign conquest, not to shout the triumphs of victory; we have a nobler object; to hail the march of the everlasting Gospel through the world—to spread abroad a fountain, whose waters are intended for the healing of the nations.

The design of this augustinstitution, is not merely to relieve the wants of our own country, but to extend the hand of charity to the most distant lands—to break asunder the fetters of Mahometan imposture; to purify the abominations of Juggernaut; to snatch the Hindoo widow from the funeral pile; to raise the degraded African to the sublime contemplation of God and immortality; to tame, and baptize in the waters of life, the American [illegible]; to pour the light of heaven [illegible] the darkness of the Andes; and to call back the nations from the altars of devils to the temple of the living God. These high objects are to be accomplished by the universal promulgation of the Bible; the Bible, that volume conceived in the counsels of eternal mercy, containing the wondrous story of redeeming love, blazing with the lustre of Jehovah's glory; that volume, pre-eminently calculated to soften the heart, sanctify the affections, and elevate the soul of man; to enkindle the poet's fire, and teach the philosopher wisdom; to consecrate the domestic relations; to pour the balm of Heaven into the wounded heart; to cheer the dying hour, and shed the light of immortality upon the darkness of the tomb. I reiterate the mighty term—the Bible! that richest of man's treasures—that best of Heaven's gifts. Amazing volume!—in every of thy pages I see the impress of the Godhead!—How divine thy doctrines, how pure thy precepts, how sublime thy language!—How unaffecting is the tenderness of an Otway, or an Euripides, when compared with the heart-touching pathos of thy David or Jeremiah!—How do the loftiest effusions of a Milton or a Homer sink, when contrasted with the sublimer strains of thine Isaiah or Habbakkuk!—And how do the pure and soul-elevating doctrines of thy Moses or thy Paul look down as from the heights of heaven, upon the grovelling systems of a Mahomet or Confucius! [illegible] thin Bible an empire in every heart, and the prevalence of crime and misery would yield to the universal diffusion of millenial glory. Destroy thy Bible, let the ruthless arm of infidelity tear this sun from the moral heavens, and all would be darkness, and guilt and wretchedness, again would

"Bath for [feel] the wound, and nature from her seat,
Sighing through all her works, [give] [illegible]
[illegible]
That all was lost."

Eighteen centuries ago the divine author of our religion, about to ascend to his native heavens, pronounced with his farewell voice "Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature." A little band of Christian heroes received the heavenly mandate, and clothed in their master's armour, encountered and overcame the un-