

Statement of votes taken at an election held in this county on Friday last, for a delegate to fill the seat of Roderick Dorsey, esquire, which had been declared vacant by the House, he not having the residence required by law.

Districts.	A. Gambrell.	R. Dorsey.
No. 1	110	97
2	84	35
3	27	84
4	47	177
5	80	67
	298	460

ABSTRACT OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE

Legislature of Maryland.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

Monday, Dec. 18.

PETITIONS.

From the levy court of Cecil, to purchase a piece of land. From Dr. Thos. R. Hodges, of P. George's, for the sale of certain lands. From Jos. Smith, a revolutionary officer. From Richd. B. Mitchell, and wife, for the lease of certain property. From Archibald Vanhorn, of P. George's, for the sale of the real estate of Gabriel P. Vanhorn. From Mary Hopkins, of Annapolis, for a support. From sundry inhabitants of Washington, for the erection of a court house. From Francis Hollingsworth, and others, to divide certain lands. From sundry inhabitants of Dorchester, for a road. Referred. Mr. Hughes delivers a memorial from the trustees of the Baltimore college, for legislative aid. Referred.

The Speaker laid before the house a letter from the treasurer of the Eastern Shore, with sundry enclosures.

On motion by Mr. Duvall, Ordered, That the Executive Council be requested to lay before this house the accounts of William Ross, for his services as Armourer, together with their proceedings thereon.

Mr. Stonestreet delivers a further supplement to the act respecting the equity jurisdiction of the county courts. Read.

Mr. Stansbury delivers a report in favour of Joseph Smith. Mr. Stonestreet reports in favour of Mark M'Pherson, Aaron Spalding and Clement Mahoney. Mr. Ford reports in favour of Joseph Fearson and Adam Adams. Severally read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to alter and change the place of holding the elections in the third election district in Worcester county, and the bill for the benefit of the heirs of Joshua Fleming, passed. Also a bill, entitled, An act for the benefit of Margaret A. Boon of Caroline county, and William Betts, of Queen-Anne's county passed. Read. Adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 19.

Mr. Hughes delivers a bill authorising the heirs of Edward and Samuel Norwood to erect a toll bridge over the Patapsco river. Read.

PETITIONS.

From the Powhattan Manufacturing Company, relative to a road. From Hugh Gemmill, for the sale of a house and lot. From sundry inhabitants of Harford, for relief relative to a turnpike. From sundry inhabitants of Union-town, for a lottery. From sundry inhabitants of Frederick and Washington, for a turnpike road. From sundry inhabitants of Harford, for a road. From Elisha De Butts, for a lottery. From Philemon C. Blake, of Queen Anne's, to complete the collections of his father. From Adam Whann and William Ricketts, to collect taxes and public dues of Jacob R. Hewitt. From sundry inhabitants of Westminster, for a bank. From William G. M'Cluer, for a special act of insolvency. From Samuel Maddox of Somerset, for a divorce. From William Kennedy to remove lay-scales. Severally read.

The bill to alter the sixtieth section of the constitution, was read the second time and will not pass—Yeas 2, Nays 50—and sent to rest.

Vanhorn delivers a bill authorising the retailing of strong beer and cider without license. Mr. Styll's supplements to an act author-

ising the justices of the orphan courts to take sheriff's bonds. Severally read.

Mr. Denny delivers a favourable report on the petition of Wm. B. Whyby. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to alter the times of holding the county courts in Frederick and Washington counties, passed. The bill to erect a town in Frederick county, passed with amendments; agreed to. A bill in addition to the act for amending and reducing into system the laws and regulations concerning last wills and testaments, &c. passed. Read.

Mr. Taney delivers a bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the village of New Windsor. Read. Adjourned.

Wednesday, Dec. 20.

Mr. Causin delivers a report in favour of Charles Goldsborough. Mr. Taney a report in favour of Joseph S. Smith. Severally read.

PETITIONS.

From Henry, Beaghy, of Frederick, for permission to pass through a turnpike without paying toll. From John De Jaquet, an old soldier. From the inhabitants of Centreville, for an increase of taxes. From sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, for a road. From Mrs. Frances A. Hooper, for a divorce. From the Register of Wills for A. A. county, to be compensated for removing records, &c. From sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, for a road from Moses Freeland mill; also a petition counter thereto. From Ebenezer Truitt, of Worcester, for a support. From James Sewell, to rebuild a bridge. From Richard Hutton and William Urquhart, to sell a real estate. Severally read.

Mr. Harrison delivers a memorial from Jehu Chandler, for compensation for additional services performed by him in printing the laws and proceedings of 1812 and 1813, and also to be allowed interest on the amount of his claim against the state. Referred to the committee of grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. Stonestreet delivers a further supplement to the act for quieting possessions and securing and confirming the estates of purchasers. Read.

Mr. Beall delivers a report in favour of John D. Jaquet. Read.

On motion by Mr. Hughes, Leave given to bring in a bill to increase the allowance to sheriffs for keeping prisoners in gaol, and finding their victuals.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to lay out and make public a road in Cecil county—passed. The supplement to an act to lay out and make public a road in Cecil county, and the bill for the benefit of the heirs of Wm. Norris late of Harford county, and their assignees passed with amendments; agreed to. Also a bill, entitled, An act for the benefit of John Casson and James Casson, heirs and representatives of William Casson, late of Caroline county. Read. Adjourned.

Thursday, Dec. 21.

Mr. Lecompote delivers the following report.

The committee to whom was referred so much of the communication of the Executive, as relates to the revision and alteration of the present militia law of this state, report, that they know of no alterations particularly required in said law. Twice read, and the question put, That the house concur therewith? Determined in the negative—Yeas 24, Nays 26.

On motion by Mr. Lecompote, the question was put, That the house discharge the committee from the further consideration of said subject? Determined in the affirmative.

The bill annulling the marriage of Thomas Drake and Martha his wife, was read the second time and passed—Yeas 32, Nays 28.

PETITIONS.

From Richard Ridgely, of Anne-Arundel, to bring negroes into this state. From Isaac Gibbons, for the sale of the real estate of Eii Gibbons, late of Somerset county. From sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, to open Pratt and Lombard-streets. From sundry inhabitants of Allegany, for additional election districts. From the members of the Baltimore Bar, suggesting the propriety of increasing the per diem of the Judges of the Orphans court. Severally referred.

On motion by Mr. Bradford, the following Order was read. Ordered, That when this house

adjourns tomorrow, it stands adjourned until Wednesday next.

On the second reading of said order, the question was put, That the house adopt the same?

Affirmative.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Scott, Tiltman, Brown, Sellman, Dorsey, C. Stewart, Stonestreet, Ford, Little, Stansbury, Dickinson, Lloyd, Kepp, Long, Pitt, Somerville, Duval, Meconniken, Harrison, Stevens, Sewell, Bradford, Hall, Forwood, Styl, W. Stewart, Hugheer, E. G. Williams, Jones, Kilgour, Prather—32.

Negative.—Messrs. Neale, Causin, Spencer, Ireland, Reynolds, Bayly, Dennis, Griffith, Lecompote, Beard, A. D. Mitchell, Davidson, Beall, Calvert, Vanhorn, T. N. Williams, E. K. Willson, Quanton, J. Mitchell, Tiney, Thomas, Howard, Willis, Kershner, Schnebly, Bowles, Grabb, M'Mahon, Hilleary, Tomlinson—30.

Determined in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill annulling the marriage of John Turner and Ann O. Turner; the bill authorizing a lottery to repair a road from Paul Hawk's church, in Frederick county; the bill annulling the marriage of Michael Entley and Mary Entley; the bill for the benefit of the heirs of George Lytle—severally passed. The bill to authorise the sale of the real estate, the reinmentioned—passed with amendments. Also a bill to alter and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as preclude the senate from making any amendment to a money bill—passed—read.

Mr. Sellman delivers a bill for the benefit of the heirs of Benjamin Deford. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill for the sale of the real estate of which Gabriel P. Vanhorn died possessed—passed. Also the bill making a public landing place in Somerset county—passed with amendments. Read.

Mr. A. D. Mitchell delivers a bill relating to the poor-house and public ground thereto belonging, in Cecil county. Mr. Hughes a bill to increase the allowance to sheriffs for keeping prisoners in gaol and finding them victuals. Severally read. Adjourned.

Friday, Dec. 22.

Mr. M'Mahon delivers a bill for introducing a copious supply of water into the Town of Cumberland.

Mr. Forwood a bill to authorise the people to elect the judges of election. Read.

Mr. Lecompote delivers a petition from Morris Roach, of Dorchester, that a certain deed may be recorded; also from sundry inhabitants of the said county, for a road from Vienna to the cross roads. Referred.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the river Susquehanna to the Elkton and Christiania turnpike road—passed. Also a bill to authorise the President of the U. S. to erect toll-gates on the western road, laid out and made by the United States, leading from Cumberland across the mountains towards the river Ohio, and for other purposes—passed. Ordered, That the said bill be referred to the committee appointed on that part of the communication from the Executive relative to the passage of a law authorising the erection of toll-gates on the western road leading across the mountains. Adjourned till Wednesday next.

JAMES MADISON,
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

To all and singular to whom these Presents shall come, greeting:

WHEREAS a Convention between the United States of America and His Britannic Majesty, to regulate the Commerce between the Territories of the United States and of His Britannic Majesty, was signed at London on the third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, by Plenipotentiaries respectively appointed for that purpose, which Convention is in the words following, to wit:

A CONVENTION.
To regulate the Commerce between the Territories of the United States and of His Britannic Majesty.

The United States of America and His Britannic Majesty being desirous by a Convention to regulate the Commerce and Navigation between their respective Countries, Territories, and People, in such a manner as to render the same reciprocally beneficial and satisfactory, have respectively named Ple-

niataries and given them full powers to treat of and conclude such Convention, that is to say, the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, hath appointed for their Plenipotentiaries John Quincy Adams, Henry Clay, and Albert Gallatin, Citizens of the United States; and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on behalf of His Majesty, has named for his Plenipotentiaries the Right Hon. Frederick John Robinson, Vice-President of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations, Joint Pay-master of His Majesty's forces, and a Member of the Imperial Parliament, Henry Goulburn, Esq. a member of the Imperial Parliament, and Under Secretary of State, and William Adams, Esq. Doctor of Civil Law; and the said Plenipotentiaries having mutually produced and shewn their said full powers, and exchanged copies of the same, have agreed on and concluded the following articles, to wit:

Article the First.

There shall be between the Territories of the United States of America and all the Territories of His Britannic Majesty in Europe, a reciprocal liberty of Commerce. The inhabitants of the two countries respectively shall have liberty freely and securely to come with their ships and cargoes to all such places, ports and rivers in the Territories aforesaid, to which other foreigners are permitted to come, to enter into the same and to remain and reside in any parts of the said Territories respectively, also to hire and occupy houses and warehouses for the purposes of their commerce, and generally the merchants and traders of each nation respectively shall enjoy the most complete protection and security for their commerce, but subject always to the Laws and Statutes of the two countries respectively.

Article the Second.

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of any articles the growth, produce or manufacture of His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe, and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the Territories of His Britannic Majesty in Europe of any articles the growth, produce or manufacture of the United States, than are or shall be payable on the like articles being the growth, produce or manufacture of any other foreign country, nor shall any higher or other duties or charges be imposed on either of the two countries, on the exportation of any articles to the United States or to His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe, or to from the said United States, which shall not equally extend to all other nations. No higher or other duties or charges shall be imposed in any of the ports of the United States on British vessels, than those payable in the same ports by vessels of the United States; nor in the ports of any of His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe on the vessels of the United States than shall be payable in the same ports on British vessels.

The same duties shall be paid on the importation into the United States of any articles the growth produce or manufacture of His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe, whether such importation shall be in vessels of the United States or in British vessels, and the same duties shall be paid on the importation into the ports of any of His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe of any article the growth produce or manufacture of the U. S. whether such importation shall be in British vessels or in vessels of the United States.

The same duties shall be paid and the same bounties allowed on the exportation of any articles, the growth, produce or manufacture of His Britannic Majesty's territories in Europe to the United States, whether such exportation shall be in vessels of the United States, or in British vessels, and the same duties shall be paid, and the same bounties allowed, on the exportation of any articles, the growth, pro-

duce or manufacture of the United States to the Territories of His Britannic Majesty in Europe, whether such exportation shall be in British vessels, or in vessels of the United States.

It is further agreed, that in cases where drawbacks are or may be allowed, upon the re-exportation of any goods, the growth, produce or manufacture of either country respectively, the amount of the said drawbacks shall be the same whether the said goods shall have been originally imported in a British or American vessel; but when such re-exportation shall take place from the States in a British vessel, or from the territories of His Britannic Majesty in Europe in an American vessel, to any other foreign nation, the two contracting parties respectively, shall have liberty to regulate or diminish, in any case, the amount of the said drawbacks.

The intercourse between the States and His Britannic Majesty's possessions in the West Indies, on the continent of North America, shall not be affected by any of the provisions of this article, but each party shall remain in the complete possession of its rights, with respect to such an intercourse.

Article the Third.

His Britannic Majesty agrees that the vessels of the U. States of America, shall be admitted, and lawfully received at the principal settlements of the British dominions in the East Indies, videlicet, Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Prince Wales Island, and that the citizens of the said United States may lawfully carry on trade between the principal settlements and the United States, in all articles of the importation and exportation, respectively, to and from the said territories, shall not be entirely prohibited: provided only, that it shall not be lawful for them in any time of war, between the British government and any state or power whatever, to export from the said territories, without the special permission of the British government, military stores or naval stores. The citizens of the U. States shall pay for their vessels, when admitted, no higher or other duty charge than shall be payable on the vessels of the most favoured European nations, and they shall pay no higher or other duties or charges on the importation or exportation of the cargoes of the said vessels, than shall be payable on the same articles when imported or exported in the vessels of the most favoured European nations.

But it is expressly agreed, that the vessels of the United States shall not carry any articles from the said principal settlements to some port or place, except to some port or place in the United States of America, where the same shall be laden.

It is also understood that the permission granted by this article is not to extend to allow the vessels of the United States to call on any part of the coasting trade of the said British territories, but the vessels of the United States, in the first instance, proceeded to one of the said principal settlements of the British Dominions in the East Indies, and then going to their original cargoes, or part thereof, from one of the said principal settlements to another, shall not be considered as carrying on the coasting trade. The vessels of the U. S. may also touch for refreshments, but not for commerce, in the course of their voyage to or from the British territories in India, or to or from the dominions of the Emperor of China, at the Cape of Good Hope, the Island of St. Helena, and such places as may be in the possession of Great-Britain, in the African or Indian Seas, it being well understood that in all that regards this article, the citizens of the U. S. shall be subject, in all respects to the laws and regulations of the British government, from time to time established.

Article the Fourth.

It shall be free, for each of the two contracting parties, respectively to appoint Consuls for the protection of trade, to reside in the dominions and territories of the other party, but before any consul shall act as such, he shall in the usual form be approved and admitted by the government to which he is sent, and it is hereby declared that in case of illegal or improper conduct towards the laws or government of the country to which he is sent, such consul may be punished according to law, and the laws will reach the case of the consul.

It is hereby declared that the contracting parties, in the particular places as such, shall judge fit to be excepted.

Article the Fifth.

This convention, when it shall have been duly ratified by the President of the United States, and by His Britannic Majesty, and the respective plenipotentiaries mutually exchanged ratifications, shall be obligatory on the United States and His Majesty's Territories from the date of the ratification, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in six months from the date of the ratification, or sooner if possible.

Done at London, this third day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

JOHN Q. ADAMS,
H. CLAY,
ALBERT GALLATIN,
FRED. J. ROBINSON,
HENRY GOULBURN,
WILLIAM ADAMS,
JAMES MADISON, President of the United States of America, and considered the foregoing Convention, have, by an advice and consent of the Senate, accepted, ratified and confirmed the same, and every clause thereof, subject to the ratification contained in a declaration made by the authority of His Majesty on the 24th November last, a copy of which declaration is herewith annexed in testimony whereof, I caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, and have signed the same with my hand: Done at the City of Washington this second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and of the independence of the United States the fortieth.

JAMES MADISON

By the President:

JAMES MONROE

Secretary of State.

DECLARATION.

The undersigned, J. B. M. Charge d'Affairs in the U. S. America, is commanded by His Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on behalf of His Majesty, to explain the nature, upon the exchange of ratifications of the convention stated at London on the 3d of the present year for the commerce and navigation between the two countries, the consequence of events which happened in Europe subsequent to the signature of the convention, it has been determined in concert with the allied sovereignty of His Majesty, that the place of residence for the future residence of Gen. Napoleon Buonaparte, such regulations as may be necessary for the perfect security of the said islands, and it has been resolved, that all ships, of whatever nature, as well British as vessels as others, except ships belonging to the East India Company, shall be excluded from all communication with or to that island.

It has therefore become necessary to comply with so much of the third article of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Consular Rights to the liberty of touch of refreshments at the Island of St. Helena, and the ratification of said treaty will be exchanged, the explicit declaration annexed, that the vessels of the United States cannot be allowed to touch or hold any communication whatever with the said Island, and the place of residence of the said Napoleon Buonaparte cannot be allowed to be the place of residence of the said Napoleon Buonaparte.

Done at London, this 24th day of November, 1815.

ANTHONY ST. JNO. B.

Washington, Nov. 24, 1815.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrived at N. York, on the 21st days from Havre, the brig Falcon, Lewis, in the 22d of Nov. and on the 23d leaving Rotterdam, in the papers to the 16th of the month, but brought none with him, so that they were not accounted for, but no other news.