

Conclude.
No. VII.
Five hundred dollars Reward.
Whereas, by an inquest taken by the coroner of the Western district, it appears to the magistrates in special session assembled, that an Indian of the Kickapoo Nation was, on the evening of the 4th inst. willfully murdered, on the navigable waters of the Detroit river, by persons unknown.

A reward of five hundred dollars, will be given to any person or persons that will secure the perpetrator or perpetrators of the said murder, in some one of his majesty's jails in this province.

Done in special session at Sand- wich, the 18th day of October, in the 55th year of his majesty's reign.

(Signed) R. RICHARDSON,
Chairman.

A true copy.
JAS. ALLEN, C. P. W. D.

No. VIII.

By Lewis Cass, governor in and over the territory of Michigan. A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, a reward of five hundred dollars has been offered by the magistrates of the western district of Upper Canada, for the apprehension of the person alleged to have murdered an Indian on the 4th inst. on the navigable waters of the Detroit river, and for securing him in any jail in that province; and whereas, the Indian in question was killed while in a canoe, within a few rods of Gross Isle, by a man upon that island, and as it is stated, while in the act of presenting his gun at one of the party, which was with him; and whereas, the island of Gross Isle is in this territory, and the right of the U. S. to its jurisdiction has never been contested, and the Indian at the time he was killed, was a considerable distance on the west side of the middle of the water communication between lakes Erie & Huron, which forms the boundary between the U. S. and the possession of his Britannic majesty.

Now, therefore, that pretensions so unfounded may be resisted, and attempts so unjustifiable may be repelled; that the people of this territory may not be transported to a foreign country for acts committed here; and that the Indians residing within the United States, may not be taught to look to the agents of another government, for that protection and redress which our laws so fully afford, and a foreign influence thereby acquired and exercised over them as incompatible with the sovereignty of the United States, as it is with the amicable relations existing between them and Great Britain, and the hope that those relations will continue, I have issued this my proclamation, hereby requiring all persons, citizens of this territory, or residing therein, to repel by force, all attempts which may be made to apprehend any person on the west side of the middle of the water communication aforesaid, whether upon the land or upon the water, by virtue of the advertisement before mentioned, or of any process which may issue from any authority other than that of the U. S. or of this territory. And to apprehend and secure all persons offending in premises, that they may be dealt with according to law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the great seal of the territory to be affixed, at Detroit, this 27th day of Oct. in the year of our Lord 1815.

LEWIS CASS.

No IX.

Detroit, Oct. 27, 1815.

His Excellency Gov. Cass,

Sir

Agreeably to request, I transmit to you for your information, a statement of the facts relative to the killing of an Indian on the shore of Gross Isle.

I was on my way in a batteau, accompanied by nine men, to Gross Isle. When I arrived within about a mile of my house, on Gross Isle, I heard the report of a rifle, which proceeded from the shore. I immediately ordered the men to put to the shore with the boat. The shot where the batteau landed was high on a bluff. I ascended it accompanied by any of the men, when arrived at the summit of the bank, I discovered an Indian tent pitched and a bark cabin. I entered the cabin, where I found one Indian, a squaw, and two of three young children. I observed the squaw was working at something

which she endeavored to conceal; upon a nearer examination of the matter, I found that the object of her labour was a number of cattle's feet. I asked the Indian where he procured so many of them; he informed me he had got them at the wigwam, pointing to my house. I told him I had not killed any cattle this summer, and consequently he must have taken that liberty himself. I then left him and returned to the batteau, where I desired, two or three of the men to come with me and see what these fellows had been committing. The men followed me up the hill and entered the cabin, where, in addition to the cows or cattle's feet, they found two or three tails, which appeared to be taken from animals that had been but lately killed.

I then informed the Indian that if I caught him or any of his tribe upon the Island after-tomorrow, that I would come with the men I had with me then, and massacre every one of them. I was then proceeding to the batteau, when I perceived 4 or 5 Indians issuing from the woods, with their rifles upon their shoulders. They came up to the place where I was standing, and passed by me to their canoe, which lay about twenty yards from the batteau. When they had arrived at their canoe and were entering it, I (still standing on the top of the hill with the three men) called to them and bade them be off and never more to make their appearance on the island. Whilst I was speaking to them, the Indian whom I found in the cabin came forward and addressed them in the Indian language; upon which they set up the most hideous yell I ever listened to in my life.

The canoe in which they were during the time I was speaking to them, had been shoved or pushed from the shore about ten or twelve feet, when one of the Indians seized his rifle, (which he had placed in the bottom of the canoe) and levelled it at me, with what intention, I could not divine at the time. The men in the boat cried out, "Mr. Macomb, he is going to shoot you;" upon which one of the three men who was near me immediately fired upon him and killed him. He fell in the bottom of the canoe and was taken over to the English side. It was with the greatest difficulty I could prevent the men in the boat from firing upon them after the first one had fired. I then ordered the men to return with me to the boat, and we proceeded on our way to my house. This sir, is a true statement of facts; and, permit me to add, that I have often been annoyed by these insolent fellows, who have, heretofore been instrumental in killing my cattle on the island.

I have the honour to be, &c.
DAVID B. MACOMB.
Sworn to before me, at Detroit, the day and year as above written.
JAMES ABBOTT, Justice of the Peace.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY DEC. 14, 1815

On Monday night the honorable CHARLES RIDGELY, of Hampton, was elected by the Legislature, Governor of the State of Maryland, for the ensuing year.

And on Tuesday night, Alexander C. Magruder, James Shaw, William H. Ward, John Murray, and Virgil Maxcy, esquires, were elected members of the Council.

ABSTRACT OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE

Legislature of Maryland.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

Wednesday, Dec. 6.

Mr. Archibald Vanhorn, and Mr. Thomas T. Somerville, delegates from Prince-George's, and Mr. Jos. Ireland, from Calvert, appeared, qualified, and took their seats.

PETITIONS

Mr. Bowles delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Sharpshurg, for a lottery. Mr. Schnebly a petition from the president of the Hagers-Town Bank, for an extension of their capital. Mr. Harryman a petition from Wm. Hoffman, and others, of Baltimore county, to lay out a road. Mr. M'Mahon a petition from Chester Smith and Philip Studder, revolutionary soldiers. Mr. E. G. Williams a petition from the inhabitants of Williams-Port, for the erection of a toll bridge over the Potomac. Mr. Johnson a petition from Wm. Galt and Wife for the sale of the real estate of Thos. Gibson; also a petition from

Martha Graham, for a divorce; also a petition from sundry inhabitants of Frederick, to widen and straighten a road; also a petition from sundry inhabitants of Frederick, for a lottery. Severally referred.

The speaker laid before the house a report from the Clerk of the Court of Appeals for the western shore, also reports from the Clerks of Anne-Arundel, Harford, Frederick, Allegany, Cecil and Dorchester counties, relative to the attendance of the judges. Severally read. Adjourned.

Thursday, Dec. 7.

Danl. Martin esq. from Talbot, appeared, qualified, & took his seat.

Mr. Crabb delivers a memorial from sundry Voters of Anne-Arundel County, praying that the seat of Roderick Dorsey may be vacated. Referred to the committee of elections and privileges.

PETITIONS

Mr. Wm. Stewart delivers a petition from Thomas Lytle, praying that the will of Geo. Lytle may be made valid; also a petition from the president and managers of the Baltimore Carpenters Humane Society, for a lottery. Mr. Taney a petition from the levy court of Frederick, that certain proceedings may be confirmed. Mr. M'Mahon a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cumberland, for a law to convey water into said town. Mr. Dickinson a petition from Solomon Barrott, of Talbot, an old soldier. Mr. Styll a petition from John Lucas 3d, of Caroline, for an extension of the time of condemnation of a certain mill seat. Mr. Beall a petition from Thos. H. Clagett, of Prince-George's, to correct an error in a certain deed. Mr. Blakiston a petition from John Williams, an old soldier. Mr. Forwood a petition from Charles Beaven a revolutionary officer. Mr. Lecompre a petition from Elizabeth Gillis, of Dorchester, for a divorce. Mr. Kilgour a petition from the constables of Montgomery, to prevent deputy sheriffs interfering with their duties. Mr. Mitchell a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil, for a public road. Mr. Dennis a petition from sundry inhabitants of Somerset, for a landing place on the east side of Annamissix river, and to lay off a road. Mr. Harcastle a petition from Casson Fountain, for a support. Mr. Johnson a petition from sundry inhabitants of Frederick and Montgomery, for a road from Abraham Jones's. Mr. Kilgour a petition from Richard Taylor, an old soldier. Mr. Davidson a petition from sundry inhabitants of North and South Susquehanna Hundred, for a road. Mr. Bradford a petition from Benjamin Morton, of Balt. County, that a certain deed may be made valid. Mr. Calvert a petition from Mary Mayhew, for a support. Mr. Taney a petition from sundry inhabitants of Frederick, for the support of David Cahoon—Also from the President, &c. of the German Lutheran Congregation of Taney town, for a lottery—Also from sundry inhabitants of Frederick, for building a bridge over Great Pipe Creek, at Cloud's Mill—Also from sundry persons for establishing Bruceville as a Town—Also from Patrick Donnelly, an old soldier. Mr. Calvert a petition from sundry inhabitants of Prince-George's, for a bridge over Piscataway Run. Mr. Harrison a petition from Peregrine Emory, for a divorce. Mr. Bowles a petition from George Klink, of Washington, that his title to certain lots may be made valid. Mr. Johnson a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore, Frederick and Washington counties, for a turnpike from Baltimore to Hagers-Town. Mr. Ireland a petition from James Duke, and others, to bring negroes into this state. Mr. Blakiston petitions from Jesse Powers and Josias Alvey old soldiers. Mr. Forwood a petition from Philip Quinlan, and others, to review a certain road. Mr. M'Mahon a petition from Michael Kershner, a revolutionary soldier. Severally referred.

The speaker laid before the house reports from the clerks of Somerset and Worcester, relative to the attendance of the judges. Also a report from the Visitors of Frederick-town Academy; and a report from the Auditor-General, and a report from Benjamin Harwood, Trustee, with enclosures. Severally read.

On motion by Mr. Lloyd, ordered that the Governor and Council be & they are hereby requested, to furnish this house with the muster rolls, or other vouchers, shewing

the number of militia ordered to Annapolis by the Executive, or others in command, in the year 1813, designating the time of the arrival and discharge of the several detachments.

Mr. Bowles delivers a bill to authorize the drawing a lottery in Sharpshurg. Read.

On motion by Mr. Neale, Leave given to bring in a bill authorising Enoch Combs, late sheriff of St. Mary's County, to complete his collections. Mr. Neale delivers said bill. Read.

Mr. Johnson delivers a supplement to the act for the benefit of the widow and infant children of Thomas Gibson, late of Frederick county. Read.

On motion by Mr. Little, Leave given to bring in a bill authorising and directing the levy court of Baltimore county to levy a sum of money for erecting a bridge over the Patapsco Falls, on the Liberty-town road.

Mr. Bowles delivers a bill for the benefit of George Klink. Read.

Mr. Bowles moved a resolution in favour of Jonathan Tutwiller. Read.

Mr. Mitchell delivers a bill to lay out and make public a road in Cecil county. Read Adjourned.

Friday, Dec. 8.

PETITIONS

From Wm. B. Whitby of Caroline county, praying the return of money paid by him relative to a special warrant—From Susan Richardson, for the sale of part of the real estate of Jno. Richardson. From Rachel Danison and Sarah Locker, for a support. From Solomon Groves late sheriff of A. A. county, for further time to complete his collections. From Wm. Roberts, an old soldier. From Nathaniel B. Magruder, Peter Gebhart, and Mountjoy Bayly, revolutionary officers. From Michael Entley, praying a divorce. From sundry inhabitants of Cambridge, for a Bank. From Polly Thompson, of Montgomery, for a support. From sundry inhabitants of Cecil, for a road. From Sarah Noel, of Queen-Anne's, for the sale of the real estate of Dr. Perry E. Noel. From sundry inhabitants of Harford, for a road. Severally read and referred.

On motion by Mr. Vanhorn, Leave given to bring in a bill to revive and amend an act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Edward H. Calvert's old mill, in Prince-George's county, to the District of Columbia.

Mr. Taney delivers a bill for the benefit of David Cahoon.

Mr. Ireland a bill authorising James Duke, and others, to remove certain negroes into this state. Twice read, passed, and sent to senate.

Mr. Forwood a supplementary act to the act, entitled, an act to alter, straighten & amend, the road therein mentioned in Harford county.

Mr. Taney a bill to confirm the proceedings of the levy court of Frederick county.

Mr. Causin a bill to settle and ascertain the salary of the members of the council for the ensuing year.

Mr. Taney delivers a favorable report on the petition of Patrick Donnelly. Read.

Mr. M'Mahon a favourable report on the petition of Christian Smith and Philip Studer. Read.

Mr. Forwood a favourable report on the petition of Charles Beaven. Read.

Mr. Blakiston a favourable report on the petition of John Williams. Read.

The Speaker laid before the house a report from the trustees of Washington Academy, in Somerset. Read.

Mr. Wilson, from the committee of elections delivers a report, concluding as follows.

Your Committee also report, that they have inspected the return of the presiding judges of Anne-Arundel county, and find that Thomas Sellman, Thomas Hall Dorsey, and Charles Stewart, of David, esquires, are elected, declared, and duly returned, as members of the House of Delegates.

Your Committee have also had under consideration the memorial of sundry voters of Anne-Arundel county, complaining of the return of Roderick Dorsey, esquire, as a delegate for said county, on the ground of his not having the residence in the county required by the Constitution; and on the examination of witnesses, whose depositions are herewith filed, it was proved to your

Committee, that the said Dorsey resided in Baltimore the year eighteen hundred and sixteen, until the month of January in said year.

Your Committee therefore report for consideration, the following resolution.

Resolved, That Roderick Dorsey, esquire, a Delegate returned for Arundel county, is not entitled to seat in this House.

All which is submitted.

JNO. N. WATKINS, CLK.

Mr. Donaldson being sworn, says,

That Mr. Roderick Dorsey resided in his place from Feb. 1814 to 1815, which said place is in Baltimore county; that in July or August the dam of the Forge was broken, and Dorsey retained some of the lands until November, and in said month removed the corn from the Forge; he certainly was in possession of the property in November, and he, the deponent, always reason to believe the place his place of residence. He was not present when Mr. Dorsey was elected, he intended it as his place of residence. That some of (Dorsey's) stock was on the Forge in Nov. 1814, and he, the deponent, has never learnt that Mr. Dorsey had any other place of residence. The deponent further states, that he dined with Mr. Dorsey at the time in the summer of 1814—further saith not.

Mr. C. Stewart, Mr. Roderick Dorsey lived at the Forge in the summer of 1814, in Nov. 1814, the deponent deponent considered Mr. Dorsey's residence partly at the Forge, and at Mr. Allen Dorsey's, in Anne-Arundel county. In July 1814, Dorsey told the deponent, he was making arrangements to build his farm in Anne Arundel county, but in November of the same year, the house was not built. The deponent has no distinct recollection of hearing Mr. Dorsey say he considered six months residence necessary to entitle him to a seat in the legislature. He (Dorsey) did not say at what time he expected to take up his residence in Anne-Arundel. Mr. Dorsey kept house at the Forge in July 1814, nor did deponent ever hear of his keeping house any where else between that time and Nov. 1814. Mr. Dorsey had in his possession the key of the house in Nov. 1814—and further saith not.

Doct. Warfield being sworn, says,

That on Friday previous to the day of election, deponent was at a political meeting, when Mr. Dorsey observed, that if he was elected, an attempt would be made to vacate his seat, and if so, he should make no opposition to it.

It was generally spoken of in the county that Mr. Dorsey's seat if elected, would be vacated by want of residence. Mr. D. states the first Monday of October last, seat would be vacated from the circumstance of my having given the western country.

In the year 1815, Roderick Dorsey rented the whole estate of Dorsey; there was property in Baltimore county and A. A. belonging to that estate. In Jan. 1814, Mr. R. Dorsey rented Dorsey's Forge in Baltimore county, and all the lands attached to it, and gave up the other part of the estate, and continued to carry on the forge until August, when the dam broke; he cultivated a crop of corn there, and continued to reside there, to the best of his recollection, except the time in public service, until deponent thinks, about December 1814.

About Dec. 1814 moved his house to deponent's, and to the best of his recollection moved no furniture or effects to deponent's house, as he understood, always as a visitor; deponent visited Mr. R. Dorsey at the forge, and considered it his place of residence. During the execution of the commission alluded to in Col. Maynard's depositions, Mr. R. D. lived at the forge.

Col. Maynard deposes and says, That he was called to Elk Ridge on a commission to divide some land, and that Mr. Ovington and Mr. Roderick Dorsey were associated with him. That some time in November, 1814, passing from the land of Mr. E. Dorsey, to another place to divide, he passed by the house which he took to be the dwelling of Roderick Dorsey, at Baltimore county. Deponent was

in the presence of Mr. Stewart and Mr. Donaldson being present. Mr. Roderick Dorsey presented the deponent with some apples, and expressed every act of ownership in the place, which impressed strongly on his mind his being in his (R. Dorsey's) house. Deponent was impressed with the idea of its being R. Dorsey's house, in a rather circumst-ance, which Mr. Dorsey's being often with him at the mansion house of Mr. Edward Dorsey, and after supper Mr. Dorsey returning to his dwelling-house at the Forge; and Mr. Dorsey deponent observed corn growing, and saw the which informed him to believe it Dorsey's place of residence. Deponent observed tables and chairs about the house, Deponent was under the impression that Mr. Dorsey said he would return home, meaning the Forge. Mr. Dorsey appeared to manage the entire management at the Forge, as the deponent was invited by Mr. Dorsey. Deponent has no knowledge of the residence of Mr. Dorsey, except from the deponent's depositions before related.

I hereby certify, that the aforesaid depositions were taken by me, before the Committee of Elections and Privileges, and by their order. JNO. N. WATKINS, CLK.

Ordered to be read and Adjourned.

Saturday, Dec. 9.

PETITIONS

From Benj. Chandler, of Talbot, for a special act of insolvency, from sundry inhabitants of Somerset, for the erection of buildings and machinery. From sundry inhabitants of Princeess Anne for regulations for the government thereof.

Mr. Hillary delivers a favourable report on the petition of Wm. Roberts. Read.

Mr. Lloyd moved the following preamble and order.

Whereas, by the Constitution and Form of Government, Prince-George's County is divided into five districts: and whereas, it appears by the return of the judges of election in said county, that an election was held in four only of these districts; or if an election was held in the second district, that the votes taken in said district have been withheld or suppressed: And whereas, it is impossible for this House to exercise its constitutional authority in judging of the elections of its members, if a part of the votes given in any county may be suppressed or withheld at the pleasure of the persons appointed to preside over its elections—

Therefore, Ordered, that the report of the committee of elections, so far as it relates to Prince-George's County, be recommitted to said committee, with instructions to enquire from the judges signing the return from Prince-George's County, whether any election was held in District No. 2 of said county, on the first Monday of October last, and if any election was held, to report to this House, and if any election was held in said district, to enquire strictly into the causes and manner of the suppression of the votes taken therein, and by what authority, and report to this house, which shall be read.

On the second reading of the said preamble and order, on motion by Mr. Lloyd, the question was put, that the house do amend the preamble as is contained between the beginning and the word "suppressed," being the end of the clause thereof, to which the following amendment was proposed, to strike out the words "been withheld or suppressed," and insert the words "not been returned," which was agreed to.

On motion, a question was put, that the house do amend the preamble as amended? resolved unanimously in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Lloyd, the question was then put, that the house do adopt the subsequent part of the preamble, which the following amendment was, on motion by Mr. Lecompre, proposed to strike out the words "suppressed or withheld at the pleasure of the persons appointed to preside over its election," and insert "not returned by the presiding judges of the election," which was agreed to.

On motion by Mr. Lloyd, the question was then put, that the house do agree to the said part of the preamble so amended? Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. E. K. Wilson, the question was then put, that the house do adopt the following amend-