From the Port Folio.

The authority of Coleridge will be re spected as a poet. He has observed that the following long, simple, deeply pathetick, and even sublime may, without exaggerated praise, be pronounced the most exquisite performance in our language. ,It was written by Mr. Logan, a Scotch divine and historian. As its popularity is by no means quakto its merits, we reprint it confident that to be admired universally, it needs only be known.]

THE BRAES OF YARROW.

Thy brae- were bonny, Yarrow stream, When first on them I met my lover; Thy braes how dreary, Yarrowstream, When now thy waves his body co-

Forever now, O Yarrow stream, i' iou art to me a stream of sorrow For never on thy banks shall I Behold my love, the flower of Yar-

He promis'd me a milk-white steed To bear me to his father's bowers; He promis'd me a little page To squire me to his father's towers; He promised me a wedding ring; The wedding-day was nich to-morrow!

Now he is wedded to the grave. Alas! his watery grave in Yarrow. Sweet where his words when last we met;
My passion I as freely told him!

Clasp'd in his arms, I little thought That I should never more behold him!

Scarce was he gone, I saw his ghost! It vanished with a shriek of sorrow-Thrice did the water wraith ascend, And give a deleval grean through Yarrow!

His mother from the window look'd With all the longings of a mother; His little sister weeping walk'd The green wood path to meet her brother

They sought him East, they sought him West. They sought him all the forest tho-

rough;
They only saw the cloud of night, They only heard the roar of Yarrow

No longer from the window look, Thou hast no son, thou tender mother ! No longer walk, thou lovely maid !

Alas! thou hast no more a brother, No longer seek him East or West. And search no more the forest thorough;
For wandering in the night so dar

He fell a lifeless corse in Yarrow!

----SONG.

Written for the First City Troop of Philadelphia Cavalry. BY PAUL ALLEN. TUNE __ The Glasses Sparkle.

On yonder mount, whose awful height Projects a shade so far And rises in the gloom of night,
A couch for evening's star; Her web in haste, night's maiden

chaste.

Spins beautiful to see; In silver threads, the lustre spreads, And sparkles on the sea.

II. And we have seen her army bright, Her sentinel on high. Who watch'd with us the round of night

To guard each sleeping Sweet hour of rest, the pillow's prest, By beauty's blushing face, Ah! who shall dare to enter there, And harm such sleeping grace?

See where the flames of battle break You youth so tall and fair ! He sleeps—what pow'r can now awake The dull cold marble there? His spirit stalks-thro' moon-beam

walks, And loth to bid farewell! He hovers light—the guard of night, Round her he loves so well.
IV.

Then do not spurn your guards, ye fair, Nor slightly hold their fame! A prouder office none can bear, Since angels do the same. That eye that speaks-those blushing

cheeks Shall all our cares beguile;
What laurel e'er was half so dear,
As lovely woman's smile? Baltimore, Feb. 16, 1815.

AND THE RESERVE AND THE RESERV

Extrast from the Journal of a gentleman on a visit to LISBON-

continued. September 24. The Portuguese are great lovers of bell-ringing. Immediately oppo-site to our lodgings is a convent of Franciscans, which to those who are partial to this sort of music, is another strong recommendation. As for myself I must confesthat I am so much of a heretick as not to be remarkably fond of it. However agreeable the sound may be to the people here, it is At first supposed to proceed from quency of assessmention was howe-

and comforted myself that it would soon be over. But, alas! I have been miserably mistaken. All days I find are alike. The noise never ceases. The discord is everlasting. From dawn till midnight, and indeed all night, there is an eternal ding-dong of great bells and small. We can sometimes scarcely hear one another speak. Of all the monks in Lisbon, our neighbours are most particularly attached to the amusement. It appears to be their only em. ployment. It is the first sound which salutes my ears when I wake and the last which rings in my ears at night .- By the way, it is well understood that Satan is afraid of bells, or, at least, that he has a singular antipathy to the sound. Indeed, in this respect, I much approve the taste of his infernal majesty, in which I have the henour most fully to coincide. This I believe is one reason of the incessant ringing; for so long as he hears the sound, it is supposed that he will fear to approach. By this means they are always enabled to defy the devil, and keep him at boy. It is utterly impossible for one who

has not been here to have an adequate idea of the filth of this city. Such things as pipes and common sewers are unknown. The streets are the receptacle of every species of uncleantiness and corruption, and there can be no greater proof of the execulence of the climate than the absence of a perpetual plague. In order that the balconies in rainy weather may be preserved against the wet, the spouts for conveying water from the roofs of houses are made to project very far into the street. Here the water lies stagnant in the middle of the street and mixing with the heaps of accumulated filth, forms pudales that are frequently impossible to pass, & which continue until dried by the sun, or swept away by the wind. It consequently requires no small share of skill and knowledge or geography in walking the streets to avoid founddering in some of these bogs, or running foul of a dunghill, especially in those narrow streets where the dirt is never washed away by the rain. In many of those which are most frequented, there is only a narrow path winding near the sides of the way, where there is any possibility of walking. It may easily be conceived how agreeable it must be between such a Scylla and Charybdis to encounter carriages, carts, liorses and mules, and to jostle with a multitude of people all equally anxious with yourself to avoid being thrust against one of the neighbouring mountains of dung. With the utmost care you can seldom escape being splashed and bespattered from top to toe. When there is no moon, the streets at night are in a state of Fgyptian darkhess. The lamps are never lighted. The city is illuminated only by the dim tapers which are placed here and there at long and unequal intervals before the image of some saint. The feeble rays which they emit serve only to heighten the surrounding gloom and to make the darkness visible .-The city is badly paved with small sharp stones that cut your feet, and the streets are so steep that many of the warmer and more lasting them you are actually obliged to Its influence will sink deeper, where climb up. These circumstances render walking at noon dyniexceedingly disagreeable, but when adde to the obscurity of the night, and the facility which is thereby afforded to the perpetration of murder,

able hours without danger. Lisbon has ever been infamous for the frequency of assassinations, and for the boldness of its assassins; and there is perhaps no city in Europe, where deeds of darkness can be committed with such impunity. But at the present moment these perils are infinitely increased. Not a night passes but we hear of a dozen murders; of French centinels who have been stabbed by parties of the populace, and of numbers of the latter who have been killed in retaliation by the French soldiers. Only two evenings since there were three murders before my door .-Walking at night is thus rendered unsafe, as well as highly disagree ble. You are also, if you would g any considerable distance, under the necessity of passing thro' a French camp, which is by no means a pleasant affair. I have several times found myself among them before I was aware of the circumstance and have only been apprised of my proximity by the hoarse voice of the centinel, exclaiming Qui vive? No boutez la, and not seldom by finding his bayonet at my breast. The fre-

you cannot walk abroad at unseason-

the present occasion of rejoicing, | ever, always such as to render it | ference: What becomes of the obperilous to walk alone at night. In the most peareable times, every night was marked by bloodshed. The most audacious robberies were constantly committed; and robbery was ever accompanied by murder. The punishment of death was very suldom inflicted for the offence, no severer sentence being passed on the culprit than transportation to Angola, or the Indies. To such a pitch of boldness had they risen, that murders were often committed even at noon-day. The inhabitants instead of endeavouring to arrest the criminal in his flight, by a kind of infatuation seem willing and eager by every means in their power to facilitate his escape. They exclaim when they see him pursued, Coutadinho! alas, poor fellow, and do whatever they are able, to assist him in his flight. The usual price of a bravo is not more than a moidore, and should be be discovered in the execution of his villainy, he has only to take refuge in a convent. In the sanctuary he is safe.

> The following is from the 6 Boston Evening Gazette."—It is one of a series of numbers which have been published in that paper, under the head of

THE LADIES FRIEND.

A writer of the last century penned the following interesting remarks. -And they are so well calculated to please and to instruct the Ladies of these times, that I cannot refrain from presenting them to my readers.

Love joined with Hamanity the most

valuable and lasting. Humanity, in its first and general acceptation, is called by holy writers, good will towards men; by heathens, Philantrophy, or Love of fellow creatures. It sometimes takes the name of Good nature, and delights in actions that have an obliging tendency in them. When strongly in ressed on the mind, it is not sutisfed with good natured actions alone, but feels the misery of others with inward pain. It is then deservedly named Sensibility, and is consideraely increased in its intrinsic worth; so far however it is but general, and exerts itself equally in the concerns of all mankind, that is, it is indifferently moved, by moving circumstances.

Every thing strikes stronger where there is a natural disposition to receive particular impressions: Thus the gay taste gay scenes with more relish, than the saturnine, who from the same principle are more touched at contrary representations. There is a savageness remarkable in the natures of those who delight in brutal spectacles, and a tender ness in those who deal in acts of ru-

A mind then, which has this natural Sensibility, is more disposed to feel those tender sensations of Love, than one on whom this passion works by common springs. Beauty and merit may touch a mind, not remark able for any great share of Humanity, and create a warm passion in it; but none can dispute, but that where a mind is stamped with this peculiar character of Humanity the effects of that passion will be softer as Its influence will sink deeper, where there is something within, natural or analogous to it; as in the vegetable world peculiar herbs, roots &c. Not to ascribe any mystick power to Sympathy, it stands to reason, that natural tenderness of disposition is the proper soil for the tenderest of passions to grow in. It is an observation almost too common to be made use of that Pity fore-runs Love; and what is pity, but natural Humanity exerted and unfolded.

Those then that will find a real difference, between the tendreest of extreme Humanity, and that of Love, are not well enough acquainted with the true nature of that passion. Extreme Humanity seems to me the highest and most refined degree of Love, least subject to change, most penetrated with every thing that may either regard the happiness, or fortune of the person beloved, and never to be removed, but by a cessation of that merit, which once thought worthy to be loved and cherished, ever will be

while it continues to deserve it. It is no new thing in the amorous world, to see the strongest passion at last cease, nay turn to indifference, and sometimes to hate's what then becomes of the unfortunate person, where the mind is not marked with this indelible character of Humanity? The inhuman, though once tender lover, having outlived his passion, remains in absolute indif-

ject of his former love? He never inquires within himself, whether her happiness, dependant perhaps on the continuance of his passion, is not destroyed by his withdrawing his heart from her; he does not even ask himself if she suffers if he sees grief painted in her face, or expressed in her words, he is no more moved by it, than he would be by her smiles. The lover, on the contrary, whose heart has the strong bias of Humanity, and who regulates every action of his life by that principle, looks forward on the situation to which any unkindness from him might reduce the fair sufferer, and can never resolve to give pain undeserved: Though he may have outlived the particular attachment, he never can out-live the sentiments of humanity, which should never end but with life itself.

It will result from hence, that Woman will always be secured in the love of one who feels the tendresse of extreme humanity, than in one who disclaims all sentiments of Humanity as constituent of Love, or essential to it. When such an one withdraws his love, he withdraws it radically: When he perceives inclination going, he never struggles to retain it, but if a new passion moves, or if he is only sated with the old, he thinks that a sufficient reason; for where Humanity is not, there can be no tie.

NOTICE.

Twenty Geese, were taken up by the ab-criber at South River Perry. The owner may have them by proving property and paying charges.

March 2. Zasper E. Tilly

Robert Welch, of Ben.

Offers himself a candidate for the office of Sheriff at the next ensuing election, and respectfully solicits the votes and interests of his fellow citizens.

State of Maryland, sc. Anne Arundel county.

Orphans Court, Jan. 10, 1815. On application by petition of John Nichoison, executor of the last will and testament of John Nicholson sen. late of Anne-Arundel county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice requi ted by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same he published once in each week, for the space of six succes sive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County. This is to Give Notice,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of John Nicholson, sen. te of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the fourth day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given un-der ny hand this 10th day of January, 1815. John Nicholson. Executor.

50 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber on the 2d of October, 1814, a negro man named DICK: he is a short, yellowish complected fellow, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and very polite when spoken to. He took with him a pair of cotton country cloth trousers, with a broad blue stripe, & a round white country cloth jacket and waist coat. He is a rough shoemaker and took away with him his tools. Whoever brings home the said negro or se cures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward with all reasonable charges.

Benjamin Harwood, of Rd.

A A County, South River Neck, near Annapolis. N. B. It is supposed the above negre man may have gone to Montgoinery county, where his mother lives with a Mrs Murray, near Montgomery Court House, and may have a pass. B. H.

A Wood Cutter wanted. The subscriber wants to hire, for the present year, a Negro Man who is a good hand at cutting wood. For such

Jan. 1815. T. H. Bowie T. H. Bowie. Notice is Hereby Given.

That the Levy Court of Anne Arundel county will meet at the city of An napolis on the third Monday in March next, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the said county for the year 1814, and also for settling and adjusting the accounts of the supervisors of the public roads. and the inspectors of tobacco, at the respective warehouses in the said coun-

By Order, Wm. 5. Green, Clk. February 16. t8m May. NOTICE.

By virtue of an order from the phane court of Anne-Arundel con the subscriber will offer at pu sale, on Thursday the twenty is inst. all the personal estate of the county dome Court, late of the county of deceased, at his late dwelling act Doctor Henry Halls,

Consisting of a number of rale negroes, both men, women and dren; some stock, corn, fodder, hay; also a variety of household kitchen furniture, and some far utensils. The foregoing property be sold on a credit of six months all sums over twenty dollars, under sum the cash to be paid; bond with proved security will be required, interest from the day of sale. sale to commence at 11 o'clock continue from day to day until

wholesis sold.

Richard J. Jones, Execute
March 2, 1815.

NOTICE.

The commissioners of the Tur Anne-Arundel county will meet on second Monday of March, instant II. S. Harwood, Clk.

March 2. 2 X C. T. A. 4.5

NOTICE.

The subscriber having obtained the orphans court of Anne Arms county, letters of administration D. N. on the personal estate of Sta Green, late of Anne Arundel com deceased, all persons having chimi gainst said deceased are hereby regarded to bring them in, legally proved those who are indebted to the same make immediate payment, more en cially those who are indebted for pa age on letters, &c.

Richard H. Harwood, Admr. D. B. N.

NOTICE.

Came to the subscribers farm onto last of October, or the first of North ber last, two stray COWS, one brindle, with no perceptible mark; other a dark red, with each ear on ped and a hole in the right. The ner is requested to prove his prepa pay charges and take them away. Feb. 16. 4 P. Hammed

Notice is hereby given THAT I shall apply to the next Accourt of Prince George's County, the benefit of the insolvent law, to lease me from debts which I amum

January 5, 1815. 3a'

NOTICE. Taken up adrift off Point Looka on the 9th inst. a new schooner, in 50 tons burthen, flushed deck, vin bottom, the cabin unfinished in Sea Flower, of Oxford. This was had been in possession of the Brit and abandoned by them. The crack have here again, on previous may have her again, on proving reerly and paying charges by applying the state of t Jeremiah Underwood

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the higher of chancery, will be sold, on Monta the 27th day of March next, and lie sale, at Benedict, in Cha county,
A number of mulatto Boys and 67

from 7 to 20 years of age. They be sold for life, or a term of year as to suit purchasers. Terms of sale will be made ke

on the day of sale. 3b. 23, 1815. Henry G. S. Key, Trusts

The editors of the Federal Reput can will insert this advertisement their country paper until the day of a

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphi court of Anne Arundel county, subscriber will offer at public on Saturday the eighteenth Mar all the personal property of As Smith, late of Anne-Arundel com deceased;

At Elk Ridge Landing, consisting horses, cattle and hogs, together a variety of household furniture terms of sale, are six months cred all sums over twenty dollars, as that sum the cash to be paid, book security with interest from the day sale, will be required for all sums twenty dollars, the sale will common the above day at 11 o'clock.

Jehosaphat M Cauley. dem.

15 b. 23, 1815.

A LIST OF THE American NAVY, STEEL'S LIST OF THE British NAVY... For Sale at GEORGE SHAW's Sta and at this Office. -Price 12 1-2 Cents-

Blank Bonds, Decla tions on Bond, Appeal Bonds, & mon. Warrante For sale at this

FOL LXXIII

JONAS GREEN CHURCH-STREET, ANNAP

Three Dollars per FOREIGN.

PHILADELPHIA, MA FROM EUROPE. We have been favoured o. M. Cummings, pass Lydia, from Lisbon, w the London Courier to , from which we have I lowing extracts

Private Letter. HAMBURGH, DE The accounts from Vien h inst. which have been e by a Courier, are by i soling to the friends of h scord increased daily stlereagh has protested etic note, against the c

tony to Prussia. Prince h has also delivered e fraught with reason ail, in which it is pro iony should be preserved Prussia oppos- the vie or powers, both, with r ony and Poland; so tha y anxious to know how es of Vienna will termi Hamburg papers to the

xtract of a letter from Dec. 15. In the discossions with kony, we hear that a de I shortly be made by R ussia. There is a talk here

anization of the Saxon I Prussia, who generally ans to make no chang ninistration of Saxony, o regulate the system ence on a more equitabl ing. It has been rem young Saxon volunts nbers during the late y prefer remaining in service, and that ver m return to civil purst he king of Wirtembu red an energetic, prote project of giving the ntz to Bayaria. Simil

ratt of another letter enna, same date is understood that A red, in the event of t ng declared the bound to Prussia the Polish Cracow and Sandomir ft bank of the U perly belonging to we

expected, from othe

LONDON ome private letters fr. the way of Hamburg perable differences among the powers leans. But the pub to receive these acc it caption and doubt in in yet known. 2V ve that the different ties are of such a p lly a belief that the be unfavourable, or congre

rations of the congress ond the end of January Jack by 10 of clock with the end delivery did not the end delivery did not the end of the end