

POETS CORNER

THE FILBERT—AN EXTRACT.

BY SOUTHBY.

Nay, gather not that filbert, Nicholas. There is a maggot there; it is his house: His castle—Oh commit no burglary! Strip him not naked—his his clothes, his shell.

His bones, the case and armour of his life; And thou shalt do no murder, Nicholas; It were an easy thing to crack that nut. Or with thy crackers or thy double teeth.

So easily may all things be destroyed! But 'tis not in the power of mortal man To mend the fracture of a filbert shell. Enough of dangers and of enemies Hath nature's wisdom for the worm-dain'd.

Increase not thou the number! him the mouse. Gnawing with nibbling teeth the shell's defence.

May from his native tenement eject: Him may the nut-hatch, piecing with strong bill.

Unwittingly destroy: or to his hoard The squirrel bear, at leisure to be crack'd.

Man also hath his dangers and his foes As this poor maggot hath, and when I muse Upon the aches, anxiety and fears, The maggot knows not, Nicholas, me thinks

It were a happy metamorphosis To be enkerneiled thus; never to hear Of wars, and of invasions and of plots. Kings, Jacobins, and tax-commissioners: To feel no motion but the wind that shock

The filbert tree, and rocked me to my rest; And in the middle of such exquisite food

To live luxurious! the perfection this Of snugness; it were to unite at once Hermit retirement, aidermoniac bliss: And stoic independence of mankind.

From the Gleeman.

THE COGITATIONS OF MY UNCLE JOHN.

There was a roguish chap in Thornville who had a hen sitting upon five eggs. He thought it not enough, so he put two duck eggs under her. It was the month of May and the birds were generally laying their eggs, for you know the old song goes:

April they build, May they lay, June they tune, July they fly.

Uncle John, quoth Mrs. Caperton, as she scratched her head with her knitting needle—though I have heard these lines for forty-years, I never saw them in writing before. But go on with your story, for truly I can't see what it can possibly end in. Uncle John—Well madam, the boy used to go out a bird's nesting every day, and all the eggs he bro't home, he put under his hen. These were the eggs of hen-hawks, crows, pheasants, shite-pokes, blue-jays, and wood-peckers. At length the hen began to hatch. Day after day presented her with some new and strange looking child. The chickens would stray from the nest—the ducks ran to the water—hen-hawks, crows, pheasants, shite-pokes, et omne genus, squalling for food, or having fallen from the overflying nest distracted the poor hen with their incessant cries. She called back the chickens, ran after the vagrant ducks, and toiled with all a mother's anxiety and tenderness to quiet their distress, indicated by the thousand voices from her numerous noisy family of torments. All was in vain. The noises every hour increased. The strange face and voice of some new creature, that was any thing but a chicken, popt ever and anon from the eggs, with which the nest was still crowded. At length, worn down by fatigue, her patience exhausted, and her heart broke by such a complication of wretchedness, the poor hen turned to her brood, more horrible to her distracted bosom than a legion of devils.

Gave them one look of love—'Twas her fondest—her last—and left them to die or get out of the scrape in the best way they possibly could.

Reader, do you know any body in as-much trouble as the poor hen? If you don't, why go to James Madison, and you will find that where the hen has hatched one trouble, Jimmy has brought forth at least forty. And he may well sing the old song,

Oh mammy! Oh mammy! pray make my bed soon, For Pa's sick at my heart, and I long to lie down.

VACCINATION.

From a London paper of Sept. 2. The Monitor of the 61st contains a long report of a meeting held on 16th July, by the Central Vaccine Society of Paris, at which the Baron de Chalcol presided in the absence of the minister of the interior.

After he had addressed the meeting, M. Judelot, president of the central committee, declared that the results of vaccination in France had, during the last year surpassed those of any preceding ones. "It is now proved" said he, "by the correspondence of the prefects with the minister of the interior, that contagion of the small pox had ceased, that the general mortality is diminished, and that the population was considerably augmented in the departments in proportion to the more general employment of the preservative. The committee conceives that it has now approached much nearer to the object towards which it has been anxiously tending for fourteen years, and the prospect of which more or less distant, has invariably stimulated its efforts.—This object is the entire extinction of the small pox in France."

M. Hudson, physician to Hotel Diell, and the Laccum of Louis le Grand, Secretary to the Society and Central Vaccine Committee, read the report of the progress of Vaccination, in the year, 1812. This report is divided into two parts.—The first explains the measures taken by the prefects, mayors, archbishops, bishops, and interior clergy, to establish the practice of vaccination in their respective jurisdictions. It shows that all the public functionaries have united their efforts, to follow the impulse given to them in 1812, by the minister of the interior, and that they have zealously vied with each other in fulfilling the intentions of the government. In the second part the committee has collected ample proofs of the innocence and immense advantages of vaccination, extracted from the correspondence of the Prefects with the Minister of the Interior, and that kept up by the committee with all the Medical men engaged in the new inoculation.

The diminution of mortality has invariably been proportionate to the activity employed in propagating Vaccination. Thus at Nantes there died of the small pox:— In 1809 233 Persons In 1810 169 In 1811 77 In 1812 49

At Stratsburgh, the number of deaths by the same disease, was:— In 1803 518 Persons In 1807 284 In 1811 14 In 1812 1

This diminution of deaths is always proportionate to the augmentation of the number of persons vaccinated. In 43 Communes of the Department of the Oise, it appears that the number of deaths of children under the age of twelve years during the ten years preceding the introduction of vaccination, was 13,770; and in the last ten years 10,310, being a diminution of 3,260 during the late period.

The natural consequence of this diminution of the mortality, is an increase of the population.—Thus in the department of the North, the number of inhabitants, which in 1806 was 839,833, amounted in 1812 to 871,657 being an increase in six years, of 31,124 persons.

From the statements received it appears that in 1812, 724,893 persons were vaccinated in 209 departments, and that the total number who have undergone this operation since its introduction into France, is 3,035,765.

The Committee could have wished to propose to the Minister, as in preceding years, to grant prizes and medals to those practitioners who have been so zealously engaged in propagating vaccination; but the funds allotted by the former Government in 1812 and 1813 for the purpose of rewarding them, having been employed previously to the fall of that Government for other services, it is absolutely impossible to grant them this year the recompense so justly due to their exertions.

Curious Assault and Battery. At a late court, a man and his wife brought cross actions, each charging the other with having committed an assault and battery. On investigation it appeared, that the husband had pushed the door against the wife, and the wife in turn pushed the door against the husband. A gentleman of the bar, remarked that he could see no impropriety in a man and his wife dressing each other.

Calendar for 1815.

Calendar for 1815. Table with columns for days of the week (Sunday to Saturday) and rows for months (January to December). Includes day numbers and leap year indicators.

To be Rented,

THE CITY TAVERN IN ANNAPOLIS. NOW in the occupation of Mr. Isaac Parker. Possession will be given on or after the 12th day of March next. Application may be made to either of the subscribers.

Samuel Ridout, John Shaw, Francis T. Clements.

The Editors of the Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for six weeks, and send their accounts to this office for settlement.

December 22. 6w.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of four writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Anne Arundel county court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Friday the 13th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, P. M. at my office (for cash), the following property to wit: all the right title and interest of Ambrose Uptegraff to part of a tract of land called Tabbot's Resolution Manor, containing six hundred and sixty even acres more or less.

The above is taken as the property of Ambrose Uptegraff and will be sold to satisfy debts due Bernard Gilpin.

Solomon Groves, Shff. A. A. Co. Annapolis, Dec. 22, 1814.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel county court, (returnable to me directed, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Friday the 13th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, P. M. at my office (for cash) the following property to wit: a tract of land called "Part of Skin Plains," containing two hundred acres more or less.

The above is taken as the property of Robert Wallace, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due Nicholas Brier.

Solomon Groves, Shff. A. A. Co. Annapolis, Dec. 22, 1814.

Notice.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans court of Worcester county, in Maryland. This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Worcester county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Zedekiah Bradford, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 25th day of June next; they may otherwise be excluded from benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of December, A. D. 1814.

Thomas N. Williams, Adm'r. Dec. 22, 1814.

Land for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the state of Maryland's high court of chancery, on Thursday the 19th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, and on the premises, the subscriber will expose to sale to the highest bidder,

All the Real Estate

of Nathan Hughes, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, consisting of a tract or part of a tract or parcel of land lying in the said county, called and known by the name of "Cains," & containing 178 1/2 acres. The improvements on this land are a good comfortable dwelling house, and several out houses; and the land itself well adapted to the growth of tobacco, corn, and all kinds of small grain. It is well watered and timbered and lies within three miles of Pig Point.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond, with good security, to the subscriber, for the payment of the purchase money with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale, and on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor, and on the payment of the whole purchase money, (and not before) the subscriber is authorized to convey the land to the purchaser, and his heirs, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the heirs at law, of the said Nathan Hughes, or those claiming by, from, or under them.

Leonard Gary, Trustee. N. B. The creditors of the said Nathan Hughes, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereof, to the register of the chancery court, within six months from the day of sale.

By order of the court, L. Gary, Trustee. Dec. 23, 1814.

B. CURRAN,

(In the house formerly occupied by Mr. Gideon White,) has the pleasure of informing his customers, and the public generally, that he has opened a good assortment of Cloths and Cassimers, and a good supply of Domestic Shirts, Stripes, and Gingslams, together with quantity of Spun Cotton Yarn; all which he will sell on good terms.

Annapolis, Dec. 15, 1814.

NOTICE.

The Commissioners of the Tax for Anne Arundel county, will meet on the first Monday in February next.

Henry S. Harwood, Clk. C. T. A. A. C. December 8, 1814.

Anne Arundel County Court,

September Term, 1814. Ordered by the judges of Anne Arundel county court, that the said court stand adjourned from the third Monday of September last, until the 1st Monday of February next, on which day all jurors and witnesses summoned to the said September term, and all other persons having business in the said court, are hereby notified to attend on the said first Monday of February.

Wm. S. Green, Clk. Dec. 8, 1814.

50 Dollars Reward.

Jan away from the subscriber on the 2d of October, 1814, a negro man named DICK; he is a short, yellowish complected fellow, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and very polite when spoken to. He took with him a pair of cotton country cloth trousers, with a broad blue stripe, & a round white country cloth jacket and waistcoat. He is a rough shoemaker and took away with him his tools. Whoever brings home the said negro, or secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward with all reasonable charges.

Benjamin Harwood, of Rd. A A County, South River Neck, near Annapolis.

N. B. It is supposed the above negro man may have gone to Montgomery county, where his mother lives with a Mrs Murray, near Montgomery Court House, and may have a pass: B. H. December 1.

20 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber living on the head of South river, in Anne Arundel county, sometime about the last of October, a negro man, by name SAM, he is about twenty-four or five years of age, has a very stubborn look, with a very flat nose, broad face and walks very badly, owing to one leg being something larger than the other; to the best of my recollection the left foot, on an examination will be found to have a large scar occasioned by a cut when small, which makes him twist his foot very much when in action. I purchased him in the year, 1801 at the sale of John Brown's, nearly opposite, Pig Point, in Prince George's county, and perhaps he has made for that place, or the neighbourhood, as he has connections there. The said fellow has a wife at William Hall, 3d, nearly opposite the subscribers, on the head of South river. Whoever takes up the said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that the subscriber gets him, shall receive the above reward, including what the law allows.

Nicholas Watkins of Thos. Dec. 22, 1814.

Private Sale.

I will sell, at private sale, a lot Queen Anne, Prince George's county, conveniently situated, and an excellent stand for a person wishing to enter into the mercantile business, or to a son who wishes a stand for a tavern, and perhaps no village in the state can be found, at which a decent tavern more wanted.

On the lot is a large store house, counter, shelves, &c. ready for the reception of a quantity of dry goods, groceries, also a two story dwelling house, with two rooms above, and below; a palled garden and yard; an old building out of repair, with two rooms below and two above, for several years rented as a tavern. Terms may be known by application to

Wm. Brogden, June 23, 1814.

20 Dollars Reward.

Ran away on the 2d of May, 1814, a negro man called Ned, who, with several others, added that of Jones, brought suit in Anne Arundel county, John Golder, for their right to freedom, which suit, at the last term of court, was dismissed for the want of proof. He is a straight likely fellow, 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, and has under one of his eyes, a scar about an inch long and broad. No descriptive information be given as to his cloaths; he went with a straw hat, a country roundabout striped jacket and trousers, good shoes and stockings. It is probable he may endeavour to get to Baltimore, or to the City of Washington. I will pay a dollar a mile on the distance he may be taken, if committed to gaol, so that I get him again; fifty dollars if taken at Annapolis and committed; ten dollars if taken in the neighbourhood; or twenty if taken in Calvert county.

I am informed that an old yellow woman resides in Calvert who calls herself Hannah Jones, and who says she is the mother of the said Ned, a Negro, who claimed their freedom call aunt—she is wife to a miller who attends or did attend a mill, once the property of a Mr. Smith, and purchased by Capt. David Careand.

Wm. Brogden, June 23, 1814.

NOTICE.

The subscriber having obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Green, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby requested to bring them in, legally proved, to those who are indebted to the same, to make immediate payment, more especially those who are indebted for postage on letters. &c.

Richard H. Harwood, Adm'r. D. B. N. Feb. 24.

By the Committee of Claims

The Committee of Claims will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order, William K. Lambden, Clk.

By the Committee of Grievances & Courts of Justice

The Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice will sit every day during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order, Louis Cassaway, Clk.

NOTICE.

There came to my possession a GRAMMARE rising ten years old, four hands high, it is supposed she was taken by one of the flotilla after the battle of Bladensburg. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

Solo. Frazer, Annapolis, Dec. 17, 1814.

A STRAY.

Taken up by the subscriber, living near Bladensburg, in Prince George's county, a trespassing stray gray Mare about 13 hands high, 10 years old, upwards, shod before, paces, and no perceivable brand; her mane appears to have been cropped some time past. The owner of the above described mare is requested to apply, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

James Crawford, of Bladensburg, Nov. 19, 1814.

A LIST OF THE

American NAVY,

WITH

STEEL'S LIST OF THE

British NAVY.

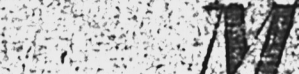
For Sale at GEORGE SNAW'S

and at this Office.

Price 12 1/2 Cents.

Blank Bonds, Deeds

on Bond, Appeal Bonds, &c. man Warrants. For sale at this office.



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on the Boston Weekly Messenger

Washington, the father of Conscription

on!

Much as we might expect from the

facility of those, who dare attempt

introduce a military conscription

to the United States, we must con-

sider we are somewhat surpris'd

to find them justifying that attempt

by the example of Washington, and

merable associates. During the

debate in the house upon the bill

for raising a REGULAR ARMY from the

illia, Col. Troup, of Geo. read

an for the organization of the mil-

itia, formed by the late Gen. Knox

secretary at war, and commo-

dated to congress by Gen. Was-

ington in Jan. 1790. This was pre-

posed to sanction the enormous

principles lately contended for

by the government and its friends—

the National Intelligencer, with

equal correctness, represented the

work of General Washington

himself, and described in laud-

able terms the discomfiture

and confusion produced in the fed-

eral ranks by this authoritative refu-

sal of all their arguments and con-

clusions. They knew not what to

do with it. In their amazement

they forgot their pretended venera-

tion of the father of his country, and

reduced him to "a mere drill ser-

geant," he was not a civilian, they

said he was not skilled in expounding

the constitution, and he was influence

by Baron Stueben. Such was the

description given by the Intelligencer

of the effect of this broadside from

Col. Troup. However, it was so

bold out that the plan was not

Washington's, but Gen. Knox's, and

of course this highly-wrought pro-

gram of ministerial victory would

scarcely answer, since the federal

could hardly have been obliged

all Washington "a drill-sergeant

to refute an argument drawn from

the proposal of Gen. Knox. Then

will be following paragraph in the

Intelligencer of the succeeding day:—

"It is surprising how soon, in

the issue, a government of a people

forget their rights and duties. It

is more than 20 years, say

more Gen. Washington laid before

congress, with a formality, which

proved it to have received the sanc-

tion of his cabinet, a plan for

the establishment of a militia system

on the fundamental principle of which

was the classification of the militia, first

proposed for occasional service—