Thursday Nov. 40. LIGHT NAVAL FORCE.

A notification of the non-concurrence of the senate on the amend ment of this house, to the bill to authorise the President to cause to be built or purchased twenty vessels of war, to carry from 8 to 18 guns.

The amendment was strike out. 18 guns, and insert 22 guns.

The house insisted on their a mendment, asked a conference, and appointed Messrs. Pleasants, Reed and Ingersoll to be the managers on their part.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, of N. York, the following resolution was

Resolved, That the committee of ways and means enquire into the pro priety of making an appropriation to repay Bancroft and M'Kinney the amount of a forfeiture incurred by them and remitted by an act of the 18th April 1814.

ABOLITION OF ARMY CON-TRACTS.

Mr. Calhoun offered the two following resolutions which were adopted.

Resolved, That the committee on military affairs enquire into the expediency of changing the mode of supplying the army by contracts, into some other, better calculated for a state of war.

ARMY TACTICS.

Resolved. That the secretary of war be directed to inform this house whether the army is trained by any one uniform system of discipline, and if not, what are the causes that have prevented it, and whether any legislative provision is necessary to effect the same.

THREE MILLION LOAN.

Mr. Eppes reported the disagree. ment of the committee of ways and means to the amendments of the se nate to the bill to authorize a loan for three millions of dollars. Which report was, after some explanatory observations from Mr. Eppes, concurred in by the house.

A message was received from the senate, notifying that they adhere to their disagreement to the amend ments of the house to the bill to authorize the President to cause to be built or purchased twenty vessels of war to carry fr. 8 to 14 guns each.

The message then went on to state that the senate agreed to the conference desired by the house on the said amendments.

The engrossed bill to authorize the Secretary of State to make an additional allowance for bringing back to the United States from roreign ports destitute and distressed American seamen, was read the third time and passed, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

Friday, Nov. 11. WAYS AND MEANS.

Mr. Eppes also reported a bill for defraying the expences of government, & maintaining the public credit, by duties on sales at auction. on postages of letters, on licences to retail wines, &c. on carriages and on plated harnesses. It was twice read and referred to the same committee of the whole house, on the bill laying duties on spirits distilled, &c.

Mr. Yancey from the committee of claims made an untavorable report on the petition of Mr. Essenbeck and others, messengers to the treasury for indemnification for furniture lost at the burning of the treasury office, which was concurred in by the house.

, Mr. Chappel from the committee on revolutionary claims, made an unfavorable report on the petition of William Arnold, which was committed and made the order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Jennings from a select committee reported a bill for the printing of the laws in the different territories, which was twice read and ordered to a third reading to-mor-

LOSS OF DOCUMENTS.

The Speaker laid before the house a report from the secretary of war, in obedience to the resolution calling for information relative to the destruction of official books and pa-

The report embraces returns from the different offices under the direction of the war department. They "all concur in stating, that nothing of material value was lost, and that no injury will result to the public from the loss of the papers that have been burned.

THREE MILLION LOAN. A message was received from the senate, notifying that they insist on their amendmett to the bill for a loan of three millions, and ask a con-

ference.

The house of representatives agin took the amendment into con-Bideration, and insisted on their disagreement agreed to the conference. and appointed Messis. Eppes, Fisk of N. Y. and Oakley, managers on

their part.
ARMY CONTRACTS, &c. On mation of Mr. Condict of N. Jersey, the following resolution was

adopted. Resolved, That the report and documents submitted to the house on the 9th of April last, by the committee appointed to enquire into the manner of making contracts for supplying the army, be referred to the committee on public expenditures with instructions to enquire into what particular instances, if any, the public movies advanced to quarter masters and army contractors, have been misapplied-what losses, if any, are likely to be sustainedand what measures, if any, are taken for their recovery .- And that said committee be further instructed to enquire and report to this house, in which particular instances, if any, the supplies of provisions and other necessaries furn shed by contractors for the use of the militia, when in service, have been found to be either deficient in quantity or unfit for use ; together with such amenaments as the laws on these subecls may in their opinion require.

LIGHT NAVAL FORCE. Mr. Pleasants from the managers at the conference, on the disagreeing votes to the amendment of the iouse to the bill to authorize the President to cause to be built or purchased twenty small vessels to carry from 8 to 14 guns, made a report r commending the house to recede from the amendment, making the largest size of vessus provided for in the bill to be of 22 guns-and to adopt an amendment making them of 16 guns. This report was adopted by the house, and sent to the senate Adjourned. for concurrence.

Saturday, Nov. 12. A message was received from the senate notifying their assent to the modification proposed by the confe-

rees, to the amendment of the house of representatives to the bill authorising the purchasing and equipment of twenty vessels of war to carry from 8 to 14 guns each.

This bill has now passed both houses, and the force of the vessels are to be from 8 to 16 guns each. TREASURY NOTES &c.

Mr. Hall, of Georgia, offered the f liowing resolutions:

1. Resolved, That the committee of ways and means, enquire into the expediency of authorising the secretary of the treasury to issue notes. convenient for circulation, to the amount of - millions of dollars, under such checks as may be thought best calculated to detect counterfeits, in which alone, and gold-and silver, shall all taxes, duties, imposts or debts due, or which may hereafter become due to the U. States be

2. That the treasury notes which may be issued as a oresaid, shall be a legal tender on debts due, or which may hereafter become due between the citizens of the United States or become a citizen of the U. S. and a citizen or subject of any foreign state or kingdom.

3. That the secretary of war, under the direction of the President, shall cause to be purchased in each state and territory, and in each collection district thereof, as nearly as circumstances will permit, supplies for the army and navy of the United States to the amount of taxes to be collected from each state. territory and collection district.

4. That any individual or body corporate, or politic, at the expiration of 12 months from the date of the treasury notes by them held annually thereafter, at their option, may fund the same, and receive in

lieu thereof six per cent. stock. 5. That after paying the annual amount of principal and interest of the existing public debt and the interest which may accrue on the stock created by funding the treasury notes to be issued by the secretary of the treasury, the whole amount of taxes, duties, imposts and sales of public lands, shall be pledged for the redemption of the notes which

may remain in circulation. The question to consider these resolutions was divided, and the question to consider the first was carried in the affirmative.

On the question to consider the 2d, the yeas and nays were taken. For the consideration 42

95 Against it It was then agreed to consider the third, fourth and fifth resolution

rete ordered to lie on the table. FHLING THE RANKS OF THE ARMY.

A bill making further provision for filling the ranks of the army of the U. States, was received from the senate for concurrenced It was twice read and committed to the a ommittee of the whole house, on the bill of this house for classifying the free male popoulation of the U-States.

The engrossed bill for the print ing of the laws in the several tetritories, and the engrossed bill for the relief of John Chalmers, jun. were read the third time and passed the house, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

WAYS AND MEANS. Mr. M'Kim, of Md. offered the following resolution, which was a

Resolved, That the committee of ways and means enquire into the expediency of imposing a duty on all goods and merchandize imported into the United States, that under the existing laws may be admitted to entry, free of duty.
THREE MILLION LOAN.

A message was received from the senate, notifying the house that they have so far receded from their a mendments to the bill authorizing a coan for three milions of dollars. as to adopt the report of the com-

mitt. e of conference. The house then proceeded to con sider the said report. Whereupon It was also adopted by the house. The bill has therefore finally passed both houses.

NATIONAL BANK. The house went into a committee of the whole, Mr. Nelson in the

hair, on the bill to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank or the United States of America-and after sitting and reporting time, they rose and asked leave to sit again. Adjourned.

Monday, Nov. 14.
PAYMENT FOR IMPRESSED PROPERTY.

Mr. Yancey from the committee of claims, reported a bill for the payment for property lost, captured or destroyed by the enemy, while in the military service of the U. States. Twice read, and made the order for Thursday next.

BOUNTY TO DESERTERS.

Mr. Troup from the military committee, reported a bill to authorize a donation of 160 acres of land, to persons in the muitiary and navai service of Britain, who shall desert the same, and claim the protection of the United Stat's. Tw ce read and made the order for Thursday

NATIONAL DEBT. Mr. Pitkin or Conn. off-red the following resolution, which was ordered to tie on the table.

Resolved. That the secretary of the treasury lay before the house a statement of the public debt on the 1st October, 1814, distinguishing the several kinds of debt, as well as that contracted before and since the war, together with the amount own ed by foreigners, containing also the amount at that time owned by states, corporation and individuals, and the amount at the treasury, in the loan offices in the several states. Adjourned.

From the National Intelligencer.

NATIONAL BANK The bill reporte in the house of presentatives, ". to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States of America," being too long for insertion in extense. We have made the following abstract of its provisions for the information of our readers.

"Sec. 1. A bank of the United States of America shall be establish-.d, the capital stock to be fifty milhons divided into 100 000 shares of 500 dollars each; subscriptions to be opened on the first Morday of - at Boston, New-York, Philadel-phia, Baitimore, Richmond, Charleston, Pittsburg, to continue open one week, at the end of which time the subscriptions are to be transmitted to the Philadelphia commissioners, who if the total of the subscriptions exceed thirty of the fifty, shall apportion the same among the subscribers on a just and equal ratio, and cause lists of the same to be returned to the respective commissioners, &c.

Sec. 2. Any individual or body politic may subscribe any number of shares not exceeding 1000. Payment to be made in the following manner; one fifth part in gold or silver coin of the U. States; three fifth parts in the same or in the

3

On motion of Mr. Gaston, they of any future loan, and one fifth part in gold of silver coin, or in treasury notes-and, at the following times ; at the time of subscrip. ing, 20 doilars in specie, and 200 more in stock, &c. within 4 months thereafter, the farther sum of forty dollars in specie, and 100 in specie or stock: in six months from the time of subscribing, forty dollars in specie, and 100 dollars in stock.

Sec. 3. At the time of subscription aforesaid the secretary of the treasury shall subscribe for the U. States twenty millions of dollars, in stock to bear o per cent. interest. edeemable in such sums and manner as the government shall deen expedient.

Sec. 4. The secretary of the treasury may redeem the treasury notes so subscribed to the banks by 6 per cent, stock of an equal amount, to

be delivered to the bank. Sec. 5, Creates the subscribers. their successors and assigns, a body politic, with full powers, etc. subect to the limitations in the succeeding sections, to exist and have being until the 3d day of March 1835.

Sec. 6. There shall be twenty-five directors to the bank annually appointed, viz. twenty by the stockholders, and five by the president of the U. States.

Se. . 7. As soon as thirteen milli on two hundred thousand dollars it specie and stock shall be paid in, public notice shall be given by the Phil-delphia commissioners, & within - days thereafter the first directors shall be chosen, who shall proceed to elect a president to the "stitution.

Sec. 8 and 9, give the necessary banking powers, and establish the usual regulations contained in bank charters, limiting and defining their

Sec. 10, prohibits the bank from mercantile speculations.

Sec. 11, prohibits the bank from leading to the government of the United States at any time more than thirty million of dollars, or to the government of any particular state more than fifty thousand, or or the use of any foreign power, without express authority by law.

Sec. 12, makes the notes of the bank receivable in all payments to the United States.

Sec. 13. If at any time an undue pressure for specie is made on the bank, either for exportation, br with a wilful intention or smister design to injure the bank, the president of the U. S. may, on being duly informed thereof, direct suspension of the payments in specie temporarily.

Sec. 14, exempts the stock (but not the real estate) of the bank

rom taxation.

Sec. 15. No new bank to be created during the existence of this; and powers to settle the affairs of the bank extended beyond the term of incorporation.

Sec. 16. Whenever required the ornoration shall per orm all the duties now transacted by commis soners of loans in the several

NORFOLK, NOV. 15. One of the most tragical occurrences in the annals of dueiling took place on Saturday last, in Camden county N. C. Mr. Pollard Davis, midshipman, and Mr Richard C Gregory, surgeon's mate, both of the U. S. ship Constellation, from some unhappy animosity subsisting between them, were instigated to meet for the horrid purpose of taking away each others lives, or in the ashionable cant of the day, to decide their controversy in an honourable manner. They met at the time and place appointed, with pisto sthe hrst fire was ineffectual-but the seyond, alas! was fatal to both !-Mr. Davis received his antagonist's ball in his right side, fell and almost instantly expired! whilst his ball penetrated Mr. Gregory's skull a ittle above the temple, and shattered it in such a manner, that he survived only until the evening of the following day. Both the bodies were brought to this town on Saturday night; the one bereft of life. the other writhing in the agonies of death, and have both been subsequently consigned to the tomb, with the respect becoming their rank.

NASHVILLE, NOV. 2. Extract of a letter from Maj. Gen. Andrew Jackson to Copt. R. Rapier of this city, dated Head-Quarters, 7th Military District, Mobile, Oct. 17, 1814.

"I have just learned that Gen. Coffee with the volunteers will reach me in a few days-Their pa

has justly entitled them to be bo on and will importalize the sta They have get a fit and proper e ample to the sister states of union; and if, followed by the must soon make us respectable broad, the tyrant of Englandial der, and obtain for us an honours

peace in a thort time.

As soon as Gen. Coffee teach me I will be in motion, and I fre with the smiles of Heaven to be ble to give security to this sedie of the country in a short time.

From the Louisville Correspondent INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Extract of a letter trom Mr. Joseph Barron, Indian interpreter, Gov. Posey, dated Vincennes; Oc tober 24. " Yesterday arrived here two Is-

dians of the Weeau tribe bearing

white flag, viz. Little Eyes. and Jacho, the brother of the chief of the Weeaus. I immediately receiv ed them, and afforded them tha riendly assistance which you have enjoined. This morning I invited some of the principal citizens, among whom was judge Parke and the off. cers of the army, and had a tall with them. They stated that they had been at Piqua, and had signe the treaty-(in evidence they produced a copy of the treaty which had their names annexed)-that their family consisting of about 20 persons, was now encamped east of Fort Harrison, on Little White River, a small stream emptying tato the South Fork of White River, That being unassured that friendly relations were established between the children of their Great Father and his Red children, they thought it prudent to leave their family behind, and come in themselves for the purpose of ascertaining t e fact, That they were now entirely devoted to their Great Father, and were willing to afford any information or assistance in their power against his enemies. That their object in coming in was not the expectation or des gn of being clothed or fed. but m. rely with a view of getting near

camp of Kickapoos of about 20 caoins, residing north of Tippecanoe. Little Eyes gives information that the triendly Kickapoo's already mentioned, are in two parties-one about 12 miles above Tippecanoe, and the other about 16 miles further. And that about 60 miles from thence on the road to St. Joseph's on Yellow Creek at a place called Great Cut off, is about 40 Pottawatomie warriors under Mainpotte; and that these are the Indians that have killed our men and stoie their horses at Fort Harrison and the neighbournood. The information comes thre' the Kickapoos mentioned, who state that they have a small praire "full of horses." That they slip out from their hiding places, sell their horses, come down here, get a resupply, return with them, &c.

Vincennes, for the pur pose of trade

and friendly intercourse. They fur-

ther stated that there were many

other families, or large parties e-

qually anxious to come in, could

they only have assurance of being

well received, amongst which a

We stop the press to announce to our readers the arrival of the express mail from Detroit, which brings intelligence from that place to the 29th ult. Letters from our correspondents state, that Gen, M'Arthur, with about 650 mounted men, and a few pieces of ordnance, left that place on the 23d ult: on an expedition as is supposed, to Saguinac, a village about 120 miles from Detroit, where the enemy have erected a fort. The Indians continue their depredations in the neighbourhood of De-

> FREDERICKSBURG, Nov. 9. A HORRID MURDER

Was committed on Mr. Jno. Hansbrough of King George County, on the 2d inst. A man by the name of John Smith, a native of Ireland, has been apprehended as the perpetrator. The following are represented to be the circumstances of this atrocious ach as stated by Hansbrough's negroes -Smith (who had some dispute with Mr. Harsbrough) came to his house with a musket, and enquired of a negro woman (there was no white person at home) where he was-she replied that she did not know, but supposed he was with the people where they were cutting wood. He asked where he wast and being informed went that wiy. Mr. Hansbrough was lying down at some disstock of the eleven million loan, or triotism at this all important crisis, tance from them with his hat over

hisfage. Smith was seen by the negroes to approach within a few steps of him, fire off the gun, go up to the body, and then go off. load entered Mr. H's side, a little below his heart, and when the pegroes got to him he was dear They immediately gave notice to the neighbors and they have apprehended Smith, who is now in custady. Heis supposed, when he went up to the body of Mr. Hansbrough, to have robbed his porkers of 3 on 4000 dollars, he being known to have a large sum by him, and on examination no money has been found.

BIARS

NINKPOUL

MAJOR

The Fe

12th insta

tions relat

this gentl

think, to

After hav

well merit

the edito

deed, but

be mis-ur

executive

diness in

is plainly

hesitating

great tale

so emine

this char

tant to be

der it a

nature, to

ful wheth

Mr. Har

lew mor

be misap

formatio

enough t

denin, t

the delay

ent to t

the coun

acquaint

very sec

them fr

was sup

them to

ing the

adopted

intorma

frequen

correct.

reasone

provinc

ent for

mark, t

plan ne

jority o

at the

busines

ed, it i

and tin

or the

the usu

two of

rom a

they h

ment '

postpo

facts a

ner for

to the

Repub

Somet

of der

referr

ledged

succes

lieves

were

of the

there

were

was u

day th

to ma

trans

a cha

its co

WAS C

ed, t

great

ly an

right

'M:

respe

demo

but v

whic

and 1

woul

lence

obse

ter v

been

artic

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16. The brig Perseverance, captain Whitney, arrived at this port from Barbadoes, sailed on the 21st of Oct. Verbal accounts by this vessel state that London dates to the 13th of September had been received at Bar badoes. That the troops composing the expedition under lord Hill had been embarked, but had disembarked in consequence of the unsettled state of affairs on the continent of

The French expedition had arrived from Brest at Martinique, but the troops were only permitted to encamp—the Governt waiting the orders of the British government to put them in possession of the Forts. Register.

Capt. Whitney, of the cartet Perseverance, from Barbadoes informs, that he saw Barbadoes papers con taining Loadon dates to the 13th Sept. but their contents were not of importance. The general impression in England appeared to be that the negociations at Ghent had proved abortive. Lord Hill's expedition had not sailed at that time; and there appeared to be a disposition on the part of the British government to suspend the embarkation until the result ni the Vienna Congress. The affairs of the continent were very far from being permanently settled. and events of great importance were apprenended.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 9. Extract of a letter from Thomas Paine, Jr. late Commander of U. S. Gun Boat, No. 160, to his father in this City, dated

NASSAU, Oct. 20. "I have just strength enough to write a few lines to in orm you that I am yet alive; and I hope in a fair way of recovery. I was attacked on the night of the 5th inst. by 8 boats and a sloop, manned with 140 men, under the first, third and fourth Lieutenants of the Lace. demonian-I was wounded by the second shot from the enemy musket ball broke my thigh near my hip-I lay all that night on the deck. The surgeon of the frigate told the officers that I was mortally wounded, and did not alter his opinion for five | duced days-The officers all treated me with the greatest kindness; if I had been a brother I could not have been better treated. I wis landed here yesterday, and am now at a boarding house. Two weeks I have laid on my back, and I expect to lie on it six weeks more.

"The day after I was taken, came These on a neavy gale of wind, which lasted by edisix days. I survived it, to the ferred astonishment of myself and every

October 33. I was landed here on the 19th of. The people are very kind to me have had many visitors, amongst them some of the most respectable of the place, particularly Mr. Armstrong, a brother to those I am acquainted with at Turtle river.

This is to give note, That the subscribers have obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of Benjamin Allein, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same legally: au-

thenticated, and those in any manner, indebted to make imaddiate payment.

Elizabeth Vein, Ex'trx.

Thomas Tongue, jun. Ex'r. Nov. 24.

Jonathan Hutton,

COADH& HARNESS MAKER, Thankful for the liberal encouragement he has received solicits a continu-ance of the same, and assures those who feel inclined to patronize him, that no exertion shall be wanting on his part, to give satisfaction.

A NEAT, LIGHT RIDING GIG, which he will dispose of an accommo dating terms. Aunapolis, Corn-Hill-street, 7

we l

30cl fleet that