

From the Hudson Whig of April 12.  
CHARTER ELECTION.

It is with no common degree of satisfaction that we announce the result of the election for Charter Officers, in this city on Tuesday last, which terminated in the complete triumph of the Friends of Peace, Liberty and Commerce, over the Advocates of War, Embargo and Buonaparte's Continental System. This mortifying defeat of our political opponents is to them more humiliating, as they entered upon the election confident of success. A confidence, arising, however, not from a conviction of the justness of their cause, or from their numerical strength—but from their base practices which they had and were putting in requisition to obtain the election. Such as inducing the soldiers in town to disguise themselves as citizens and to offer themselves as persons properly qualified to vote, by which means four or five votes were surreptitiously introduced: Or inducing six or seven laboring men to leave the city for that day, who had they remained in town could not have been hired to vote their ticket: But what more than any other circumstance, evinces the criminal depravity of our opponents, and the desperate nature of the effort which they were making, is, that whenever they imagined a vote could be obtained by downright bribery they have not hesitated to resort to it—and in how many cases, five dollar bills have had the effect of purchasing votes for them we know not, but we do know, that the thing was attempted in more instances than one, there is abundant evidence of the fact.

We will state one fact, and we challenge the denial of it—and if there is one man of the democratic party in this city not yet callous to all sense of shame, he will blush for himself and his friends at the relation: A black man who had always voted a federal ticket, was offered by a democratic elector a bank bill upon the condition of voting the democratic ticket: the temptation was too great for the poverty of this black man to resist it: he accepted of the money, and promised to comply with the stipulation upon which he received it. He went on the morning of the election to a grocery store to obtain some necessities for his family, & offering this bill in payment, was informed by the grocer that it was a counterfeit bill! The poor man was struck dumb at this intelligence; when the grocer pressing him very closely as to the manner in which he obtained the bill, he at length acknowledged that he received it from Mr. —, who gave it to him as a bribe to vote a democratic ticket! Such are the men of our city who call themselves republicans, who profess a great veneration for the inviolate exercise of the elective franchise. "By their fruits ye shall know them."

The result of the annual election of town officers in the several towns in this county is the same as last year, except, that in the town of Canaan, which has been democratic for some years, the federal ticket has prevailed by a handsome majority; and in the town of Grange, which has heretofore given a large democratic majority, a part of the federal ticket is elected; and that in Ancram (formerly Gallatin) the democratic ticket has succeeded.—The success of the democratic ticket in Ancram, is not attributed to any change of sentiment in favor of democracy, but to the remissness of the federalists; who, confident in their own strength, and not knowing that the democrats were making any exertions, neglected to attend the poll on account of the state of the weather.

On Wednesday morning last, the Charter Election being over, about 50 or 60 recruits, under the orders of a Lieut. Reekman, and belonging to the regiment of Sea Fencibles, left this city for New-York. They had been peremptorily ordered to N. York by Col. Borgardus, the commander of the regiment, 10 or 12 days previous to their leaving the city. On the morning in which they finally did leave it, while they were on the point of embarking, a constable arrested one of the detachment for a misdemeanor, upon which the whole party attacked the constable, beating him in a most shocking manner, and succeeded in rescuing from him the culprit. Steps were immediately taken by the Sheriff to order out the posse, but before it could be accomplished, the troops were embarked and the vessel had dropped down the river, and the villains consequently escaped.

From the National Intelligencer.  
THE NATIONAL BANK.

The committee of the house of representatives, which was appointed to examine the subject of a national bank, yesterday reported to the house, as a unanimous opinion of the committee, that no bill on the subject could be matured and deliberately discussed at the present session; & the committee were therefore discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

It is not to be supposed, from this procedure, that the committee were hostile to the principle. So far from it, nothing but the want of time prevented them from maturing a bill, in regard to the details of which, the capital and location of the mother bank, however considering diversity of opinion prevailed.

There cannot be a doubt but the subject will be revived at the next session, and fully examined. Meanwhile, an opportunity will be offered to the members of congress and others, during the recess, for a candid and fair examination into the merits of the proposition for the establishment of a national bank.

This decision, by a republican committee will at least damp the hopes and prediction of faction, that the necessary amount of loan cannot be obtained without the aid of such an institution. Congress will certainly adjourn without doing anything in relation to a national bank; and yet, as we have said before, the loan will be obtained.

STATE OF MARYLAND.  
AN ACT, entitled, A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate and discipline the Militia of this state.

Be it enacted by the general assembly of Maryland, That whenever any regiment, squadron, or troop of cavalry, shall be called into actual service, that the Governor and Council be and they are hereby authorized and directed, to ascertain and declare whether the whole, or what portion thereof, shall act, and be armed and equipped, as mounted infantry, and when the same shall be so ascertained and declared, to furnish each member thereof with a musket, carbine or rifle, and the necessary equipments.

And be it enacted, That whenever any troop of Cavalry, or company of artillery, shall volunteer their services as mounted Infantry, or flying artillery, the Governor and Council, at their discretion, are hereby authorized and empowered to accept of their services as such, and to furnish each member of such troop with a musket, carbine or rifle, and each company of artillery with a suitable piece or pieces of artillery, and the necessary equipments.

And be it enacted, That the field officers of the regiment of artillery in the City of Baltimore shall consist of one lieutenant colonel and two majors, and the commissioned officers of each company of not more than sixty four privates in said regiment, shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, and one third lieutenant, and that the Governor and Council be and they are hereby authorized to appoint such and so many officers for said regiment as will with those already appointed make the number hereby required.

And be it enacted, That the field and company officers of said regiment shall be authorized to agree upon and determine what shall be the uniform for said regiment of artillery.

Property for Sale.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, all his property, viz.—The plantation whereon he resides, containing about 170 acres, which is in a state of good improvement. There is a new and comfortable dwelling house, together with a good garden, and convenient out houses, an entirely new barn, built last summer, 60 by 30 feet, with sheds and shelters for cattle underneath, corn house, granary, and excellent stables, threshing floors, &c. &c. all under the same roof. A part of the place is under new and strong post and rail fence. The land is adapted to the growth of all kinds of grain; the trial that has been made of clover and plaster answers well, and can be used to advantage. There is now 15 to 20 acres of good meadow which yields abundantly, and 50 acres more might be made without much labour, having been lately ditched and drained.

Also, the plantation he purchased of the estate of John Sappington, adjoining the farm of Philip Hammond, Jun. This tract contains about 113 acres of good farming land, and is well adapted to clover and plaster, part of it is now set in clover and timothy. Both places have young thriving apple and peach orchards, and by care a sufficiency of woodland.

Also, he will sell the mortgage title to 200 acres of land adjoining and lying between the two first mentioned tracts, the equity in which is also offered for sale.

One hundred and ninety five acres more he will likewise sell, distant from the first place two and a half miles, and from the two last one mile and an half, 150 acres of which is in woods, of the best chestnut and oak rail timber, and will be a never failing support of timber to each place. There are several good springs on each place, and the situations high and healthy. A good stream of water passes through one place on which a mill might be erected.

An accommodating credit will be given for the purchase money, by paying the interest annually. To any person inclined to purchase the above lands, the subscriber will sell all his personal property, consisting of several valuable young negro men, for a term of years, together with all his stock of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, plantation utensils, and implements of husbandry. Each place has a quantity of grain-seed, and hay and other provender, which will be disposed of.

This property is situated in Anne Arundel County, near the Fork Bridge over Patuxent River, and in the neighborhood of Major Hammond, 12 miles from Annapolis, and 22 from Baltimore. The property will be shewn to any person inclined to purchase, by application to the subscriber.

Anderson Warfield,  
Baltimore, February 25, 1814.

DON FERNANDO,  
A JACK ASS.

From the best Spanish breeds that have been imported into the United States; remarkably large and strongly formed; will cover this season at Portland Manor near Pig Point; as he proved himself last season very sure, and his foals have been uncommonly fine, the number of mares will be enlarged to forty. The price, eight dollars for each mare, and half a doll. to the groom; the money to be paid in every case before the mares are taken away.

William Pritchard, Manager.

DENTATUS

Will stand to cover mares this season, at Mrs. Mary Stockett's at the low price of five dollars each mare, and 25 cents to the groom. Should the above sum of five dollars not be paid by the first day of October, eight dollars will be charged for every mare.

DENTATUS is about fifteen and a half hands high, and well made; he is as well bred as any horse in America, as will appear from the following pedigree:  
DENTATUS is out of the thorough bred mare Sally, purchased of Edward Edelen, esq. and Sally was got by Hyder Ally, he was got by the old imported Arabian out of Belle Air, her dam by Othello, her grand dam an imported mare from the Duke of Hamilton's Stud by Spot, her great grand dam by old Traveller, her great great grand dam by Cartouch, her great great great grand dam by Sedbury, her great great great great grand dam by Childers out of a Barb Mare; and Sally's dam by the imported horse Othello, her grand dam by Juniper, who was imported into Virginia, her great grand dam out of Col. Tasker's famous imported Mare Selma by the Godolphin Arabian, and his sire was out of the dam to Dr. Edelen's celebrated running mare Floretta, by old Punch.  
Season to commence the 10th of April, and to end the 15th July.  
April 1814.  
Joseph N. Stockett.

State of Maryland, sc.  
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,  
April 5, 1814.

On application by petition, of Dr. John Thomas Shaaff, executor of the last will and testament of Bennett Darnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, and one of the Baltimore papers.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills for A. A. County.

This is to give notice,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Bennett Darnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the fifth day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this fifth day of April, 1814.

John T. Shaaff, Executor

State of Maryland, sc.  
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,  
March 22, 1814.

On application by petition of Joseph Evans, administrator of William McCauley, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills for A. A. County.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William McCauley, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 22nd day of March, 1814.

Joseph Evans, Admr.

NOTICE.

The subscriber having obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration D. B. N. on the personal estate of Samuel Green, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby requested to bring them in, legally proved, and those who are indebted to the same to make immediate payment, more especially those who are indebted for postage on letters, &c.

Richard H. Harwood, Admr. D. B. N. Feb. 24.

J. HUGHES,  
Having succeeded Gideon White as Agent in Annapolis for the sale of MICHAEL LEE'S

Family Medicines

So justly celebrated, in all parts of the United States, for twelve years past, has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of  
Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, for the prevention and cure of Bilious Fevers, &c.  
Lee's Elixir for violent colds, coughs, &c.  
Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.  
Lee's Worm Destroying Lozenges.  
Lee's Itch Ointment, warranted to cure by one application (without Mercury.)  
Lee's Grand Restorative for nervous disorders, inward weakness, &c.  
Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, for the Venereal.  
Lee's Persina Lotion for tetters and eruptions.  
Lee's Essence and Extract of Mustard, for the Rheumatism, &c.  
Lee's Eye-Water.  
Lee's Tooth-Ache Drops.  
Lee's Damask Lip Salve.  
Lee's Corn Plaster.  
Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head-aches.  
Lee's Tooth Powder.

To detect counterfeits, observe each article has on the outside wrapper the signature of MICHAEL LEE & Co. At the places of sale, may be had gratis, pamphlets containing cases of cure, which length prevents their being herewith inserted.  
Blank Bonds, Declarations on Bond, Appeal Bonds, & Common Warrants.—For sale at this Office. April 7.

Lands for Sale.

For sale, a Tract of Land containing about 200 acres, lying on the North side of Severn, and binding on Ditch Creek and Magohy River. This land is well adapted to the produce of wheat, Indian corn, and early marketing. The above land will be sold on the most accommodating terms—Any person wishing to purchase can view the land by applying to Mr. Joseph H. Duvall, living on the premises, or to the subscriber living in Annapolis.

Nicholas J. Watkins.  
If the above land should not be disposed of at private sale before Friday the 14th day of May next, it will on that day be offered at public sale, if fair, if not the next fair day.

N. J. W. April 14.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high Court of Chancery, passed in the case of Richard Harwood and wife, vs. Richard H. Battee, and others, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Tuesday the 10th of May.

All the real property of John Battee, deceased, situated in Anne Arundel county, near the place commonly called Rawlings Tavern. The subscriber considers it unnecessary to give further description of the property, as it is presumed those who wish to purchase will view the premises. The purchaser or purchasers to give bond to the subscriber, with approved security, for the payment of the purchase money, within twelve months from the day of sale, and on the payment of the purchase money, with interest, the subscriber is authorized to execute a deed of conveyance to the purchaser. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Richard Harwood, trustee. April 1814.

PROPOSALS  
For publishing in the City of Baltimore,

A DAILY NEWSPAPER,  
TO BE ENTITLED,  
THE BALTIMORE TELEGRAPH AND  
MERCANTILE ADVERTISER.

BY ALLEN AND HILL.  
The subscribers, while they solicit a candid and generous public to patronize the project which they have now undertaken of establishing a daily paper in the city of Baltimore, feel with common-sensibility the delicacy and difficulty of the undertaking. Many have supposed that the citizens of the United States, are so enflamed by party animosity that it befores every patriot to troun on every new champion who enters the field of political controversy. This hypothesis, if rigidly examined, will be found to end in this absurdity, that the condition of our country both abroad and at home, is so deplorable, that all attempts at reformation become criminal. If the national treasury is exhausted, commerce extinguished, public credit impaired, executive power enlarged while executive responsibility is lost, if our representatives in congress have so far forgotten their own dignity and the sanctity of their constitutional trust, as to declare that the will of an individual forms the law of the land; if in addition to this host of calamities, we are involved in a foreign war by which nothing can be gained and every thing is put in jeopardy—are we to be told that it is criminal to speak the words of honesty and truth? On the contrary, it is conceived that the argument points directly the other way; for in proportion to the desperation of our public circumstances, should be the zeal of our attempts to reform.

The subscribers would propose to attempt, but it would in them be the height of arrogance and presumption to say that they will be able to make their paper an interesting repository of intelligence. They have no hesitation in declaring that its character will be purely federal—by which they would be understood to mean, that neither the pride of power, or the insolence of office, shall prevent them from speaking salutary, although unpalatable truths. Having seen our political circumstances growing hourly more desperate: as the precepts and example set by Washington have been hourly abandoned, they deem it no less a right than a duty to raise one more warning voice, and apprise their countrymen of their danger while it is yet in their power to escape.

Influenced by such considerations they respectfully solicit the patronage of their countrymen to aid their undertaking. ALLEN & HILL. See the last embargo act.

TERMS.

It will be printed on a medium sheet at Nine Dollars per annum for the Daily Paper, and Five Dollars for the Country. Advertisements will be inserted on the usual terms.

Subscriptions for The Baltimore Telegraph will be received at all the principal Book stores in Baltimore. P. S. Editors of newspapers favorable to the establishment of The Baltimore Telegraph will give the preceding proposal a few insertions in their papers, and receive the names of those persons desirous of becoming subscribers.

Subscriptions received at this Office. March 30.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
JONAS GREEN,  
CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.  
Price—Three Dollars per Annum.

IMPORTANT STATE PAPER

The following message was transmitted to the Senate by the President of the United States.

The Secretary of State to whom was referred several resolutions of the Senate of the second February and 9th of March has the honour to submit to President the following:

REPORT

Although these resolutions are of different dates, and refer to subjects some respectively distinct in their nature, yet as they are connected by others of considerable importance which bear essentially on the conduct of the parties in the present war, it is thought proper to present them in the same report.

The first of those resolutions is for the names of the individuals selected from the American prisoners of war & sent to G. B. for trial—their places of residence in the United States—the when and the courts by which they were admitted to become citizens of the regiments to which they belonged—and where they were— with copies of any official correspondence respecting the treatment of prisoners of war, and of orders for retaliation on either party.

The other resolutions require information of the conduct of Great Britain towards her native subjects taken in arms against her, the general practice of the neutral of Europe relative to naturalization and the employment in war of the subjects of the other nations, with their circumstances which any civilized nation has furnished its native subjects taken in arms against it, for which punishment retaliation was inflicted on a nation in whose service they taken. And lastly—

Under what circumstances on what grounds Great-Britain refused to discharge native citizens of the United States imprisoned in her service—and what has been her conduct towards American men on board her ships of war, and since the commencement of the present war with the United States.

The paper marked A, contains the names of the American prisoners who were sent to England by the British command in Canada—of the corps to which they belong—of the times when, and the places where they were taken. Of their places of residence in the United States—of the times when they were admitted to become citizens, no evidence in this department is there any to show whether they were naturalized or not.

The paper marked B, states the names of the British command in Canada—of the corps to which they belong—of the times when, and the places where they were taken. Of their places of residence in the United States—of the times when they were admitted to become citizens, no evidence in this department is there any to show whether they were naturalized or not.

- 1. That they had no documents.
- 2. That they were taken in Gottenburg.
- 3. That they were exchanged.
- 4. Were said to be imprisoned.
- 5. To have married in Gottenburg.
- 6. Did not answer their questions.
- 7. Had attempted to desert.