

his right in law, had gone over to the allies with the whole of the army under his orders, consisting of 20,000 men. We know not what credit is due to this rumour, but scarcely any thing is now too improbable for belief.

Sir Thomas Graham is to command the expedition to Holland. The Crown Prince has had an interview with Gen. Walmoden, and is advancing on Holland with 100,000 men.

Yesterday morning the Duke of Brunswick had an interview with the Duke of York at York House.

The First Veteran Battalion, amounting to about 1000 men, has embarked from Languard Fort, for Holland.

Leipsic, Oct. 30.—The kingdom of Saxony, besides Landstrum & Landwehr, will furnish 30,000 men, regular troops; according to report the reigning Duke of Weimar will take a command in the army. Prince Bernhard von Weimar will command the Saxon Guards.

By order of His Majesty the Emperor of all Russias my master, and of His Royal Highness the Crown Prince of Sweden, the French authorities of the city of Bremen, and of its former territory, are from this day dissolved, and the ancient constitution of the free Hanse Towns of Bremen is herewith restored.

The Russian Imperial Major Gen. Baron Von TETTENBORN.

Leipsic, Oct. 30.—The Berlin Gazette gives the following statement of the positions of the allies on the 27th ult. Gen. Von Pahlen, at Rudelstadt; Wrede, at Memungen; Thielman, at Sidfeldt; Platoff, at Fulda; and Libanof, at Wurtzburg. The batteries of Blumun, on the Weser, were blown up on the 16th. As soon as the allies had decided the state of the continent at Leipsic, they sent off Couriers to the Danish government, who reached Holstein on the 25th. It is said, that they have resolved to make a last attempt to detach Denmark from France—She has no claims to favour from the allies. The Heligoland mails have brought us a copy of the declaration of war against Russia and Prussia, issued on the 22d October, four days after the utter defeat and ruin of Buonaparte's army.

On Monday the 14th, when the rising in Holland was determined upon, one of the leading patriots proceeded to the residence of Le Brun, the Duke of Piacenza, the Governor of Holland. He had the Orange cockade in his hat, and on his breast, and he addressed Le Brun as follows:—"You may easily guess by these colours for what purpose I am come, and what events are about to take place. You who are now the weakest, know that we are the strongest. We, who are now the strongest, know that you are the weakest. You will do wisely and prudently to take your departure with all possible speed, and the sooner you do it the less you will expose yourself to insult, and possibly to danger." To this address Le Brun replied, "I have, Sir, for some time expected such a message, and I very willingly accede to your proposition, to take my departure immediately." "In that case," said the patriot, "I will see you in your coach without loss of time." This was accordingly done—but by this time the people had assembled, and surrounded the coach, with loud cries of Orange Baten—Up, Orange—Down, Buonaparte. The patriot accompanied him in the coach out of town, and no violence was offered him, except that he was obliged by the people to cry out, long life to the Prince of Orange, and to wear the Orange cockade—too happy, having thus sent him off, the people laid half of all the French Douaniers & threw them into the river. All the watch-houses of the Douaniers and three of their vessels were burnt. We have not heard of any bloodshed in any other place except at Utrecht. There the garrison made some resistance to the patriots—but the latter fired upon them, and some 10 or 12 were killed on each side. The garrison then laid down their arms, and were permitted to depart.

It was on Friday last, at 4 in the afternoon that the Orange flag was hoisted with great solemnity at Rotterdam. There was a vast concourse of people of all ranks who greeted the ensign of liberty with unanimous and heartfelt acclamations. The preceding day about noon the French General, Bouvet, marched out of the Hague, at the head of 300 soldiers, mostly Germans, in consequence of a sort of capitulation with the inhabitants. No sooner, however, had he reached Ypres,

the world and for the independence of nations.

The General of Artillery, Commander in Chief of the Imperial and Royal Army of the Tyrol, and of Italy.

BARON VON HILLER.

HANOVER, Nov. 11, 1813.

My Lord,

I have little to detail to your Lordship since my last despatches. I have as yet seen no official account from whence a judgment can be formed of the manner in which Buonaparte, with the remnant of his army, extricated himself from Hanau and Frankfurt, and passed the Rhine at Cassel. The sanguinary and hard fought actions by Gen. Wrede, merit, unquestionably the highest encomiums. The force of Buonaparte as he retired on the greater line of his communications, was probably augmented by troops at Erfurt, and other places on its march, and in his battles with Gen. Wrede, he seems to have brought forward 70 or 80,000 men, a force much beyond what we estimated him to possess, after his various losses; it is quite clear, however, he did not think himself secure with this number, and during the last battle he appears to have sought his safety with an escort of 10,000 cavalry, which Gen. Czernicheff very gallantly and a little roughly handled.

Marshal Blucher's army seems to have been directed out of the great line of road on Frankfurt, on which they were following the enemy, and they were marched on Wetzlar and Coblenz. It was considered, when Gen. Wrede occupied Hanau and Frankfurt, that Buonaparte would march on Coblenz.—But by Marshal Blucher being turned into another direction, it appears no part of the grand army could or did arrive in time to take part in the actions with Gen. Wrede, which is to be lamented.

The Prince Royal moved his headquarters to Hanover on the 6th. The Prussians under Gen. Bulow are at Minden, and Gen. Winzingerode will arrive in a day or two at Bremen. The Swedes are marching towards Hartburg.

The corps of Gen. Benningen is descending the Elbe, and is arrived at Loutzen. The General, with Lieut. Gen. Count Walmoden, will operate on the right bank against Marshal Davoust's position on the Stocknitz. Gen. Winzingerode and Bulow, will however, not be delayed in commencing their march towards Holland. General Benningen brings ample force with him.—Gen. Bulow within a few days has recruited his army, in his Prussian Majesty's ancient states, to the number amounted to be the opening of the campaign. The ample, generous, & liberal aid of the Prince Regent in arms and clothing, is of an invaluable consequence at this moment to these brave Prussians. The last convoys are all on the road to Marshal Blucher's and General Bulow's armies; and they are the means of re-equipping and arming these corps of d'armee forthwith, nearly to their original establishments.

It must be as grateful to the English nation, as creditable to its government, to see how opportunely this aid is at hand. The gratitude of Marshal Blucher and Gen. Bulow as expressed to me, must be agreeable to your Lordship.

Marshal Blucher's march route is (I believe) as follows; at Freyburg the 10th, Wegeroush the 11th; Freyburg the 12th, and Mulheim, near Cologne, the 13th.

I forbear to recapitulate the enthusiastic demonstrations that have followed the entry of the Allies again into this capital.

I enclose your Lordship a Frankfurt Gazette, and you will, no doubt observe with pleasure, the collection of the Austrian reserves and admirable Proclamation of Baron Hiller; it was certainly published before the accounts of the battle of Leipsic could have reached him.

I have, &c.

(Signed) CHAS. STEWART, Lieutenant General.

P. S. An account is just received that a part of the French garrison of Magdebourg has been entirely defeated and driven under the walls of the place. Seven hundred infantry and six cannon have been taken. I enclose the Bulletin published at Hallersu the 9th inst. C. S.

BULLETIN. Foreign Office, Nov. 23.

Bremen Gazettes to the 10th inst. have been received at the office by the last Heligoland Mail, from which the following are extracts:—

the world and for the independence of nations.

The General of Artillery, Commander in Chief of the Imperial and Royal Army of the Tyrol, and of Italy.

BARON VON HILLER.

HANOVER, Nov. 11, 1813.

My Lord,

I have little to detail to your Lordship since my last despatches. I have as yet seen no official account from whence a judgment can be formed of the manner in which Buonaparte, with the remnant of his army, extricated himself from Hanau and Frankfurt, and passed the Rhine at Cassel. The sanguinary and hard fought actions by Gen. Wrede, merit, unquestionably the highest encomiums. The force of Buonaparte as he retired on the greater line of his communications, was probably augmented by troops at Erfurt, and other places on its march, and in his battles with Gen. Wrede, he seems to have brought forward 70 or 80,000 men, a force much beyond what we estimated him to possess, after his various losses; it is quite clear, however, he did not think himself secure with this number, and during the last battle he appears to have sought his safety with an escort of 10,000 cavalry, which Gen. Czernicheff very gallantly and a little roughly handled.

Marshal Blucher's army seems to have been directed out of the great line of road on Frankfurt, on which they were following the enemy, and they were marched on Wetzlar and Coblenz. It was considered, when Gen. Wrede occupied Hanau and Frankfurt, that Buonaparte would march on Coblenz.—But by Marshal Blucher being turned into another direction, it appears no part of the grand army could or did arrive in time to take part in the actions with Gen. Wrede, which is to be lamented.

The Prince Royal moved his headquarters to Hanover on the 6th. The Prussians under Gen. Bulow are at Minden, and Gen. Winzingerode will arrive in a day or two at Bremen. The Swedes are marching towards Hartburg.

The corps of Gen. Benningen is descending the Elbe, and is arrived at Loutzen. The General, with Lieut. Gen. Count Walmoden, will operate on the right bank against Marshal Davoust's position on the Stocknitz. Gen. Winzingerode and Bulow, will however, not be delayed in commencing their march towards Holland. General Benningen brings ample force with him.—Gen. Bulow within a few days has recruited his army, in his Prussian Majesty's ancient states, to the number amounted to be the opening of the campaign. The ample, generous, & liberal aid of the Prince Regent in arms and clothing, is of an invaluable consequence at this moment to these brave Prussians. The last convoys are all on the road to Marshal Blucher's and General Bulow's armies; and they are the means of re-equipping and arming these corps of d'armee forthwith, nearly to their original establishments.

It must be as grateful to the English nation, as creditable to its government, to see how opportunely this aid is at hand. The gratitude of Marshal Blucher and Gen. Bulow as expressed to me, must be agreeable to your Lordship.

Marshal Blucher's march route is (I believe) as follows; at Freyburg the 10th, Wegeroush the 11th; Freyburg the 12th, and Mulheim, near Cologne, the 13th.

I forbear to recapitulate the enthusiastic demonstrations that have followed the entry of the Allies again into this capital.

I enclose your Lordship a Frankfurt Gazette, and you will, no doubt observe with pleasure, the collection of the Austrian reserves and admirable Proclamation of Baron Hiller; it was certainly published before the accounts of the battle of Leipsic could have reached him.

I have, &c.

(Signed) CHAS. STEWART, Lieutenant General.

P. S. An account is just received that a part of the French garrison of Magdebourg has been entirely defeated and driven under the walls of the place. Seven hundred infantry and six cannon have been taken. I enclose the Bulletin published at Hallersu the 9th inst. C. S.

BULLETIN. Foreign Office, Nov. 23.

Bremen Gazettes to the 10th inst. have been received at the office by the last Heligoland Mail, from which the following are extracts:—

Intelligence from the allied armies.—The destruction and dispersion of the French army since the decisive days in the vicinity of Leipsic appears to be every day more complete. The enemy no longer makes any stand, and seeks his safety alone in a further flight to the Rhine. A few parties will arrive there, with their fugitive Emperor; the greatest part are destroyed on the road, are made prisoners, dispersed, or seek their safety in the service of the Allied Army. The army of the North under the Orders of the Crown Prince of Sweden, has advanced, and was according to the last accounts, near Cassel, and Guttingen. The Crown Prince has proceeded from the latter place to Hanover.—The head-quarters of the Grand Army of Bonemia was expected at Frankfurt on the main where a strong corps of Bavarians and Wirtembergers had already arrived.

A division of the troops of general Tettenborn has occupied the strong fortress of Minden, another corps is gone through Odenburgh in pursuit of the enemy, who in small force had again approached this city, in order to punish its inhabitants for the joy they had evinced at the approach of the Russian troops.

The following letters were addressed to the Emperor Alexander of Russia, to Lord Cathcart and Sir Charles Stewart:—

Lieut. General Stewart,

I have witnessed in common with the whole army, the indefatigable zeal which you have displayed throughout the campaign, during the course of which always present in the field of honor, you have, in the most exposed situations been remarked for your coolness and for your conspicuous valor. It is my duty to render illustrious such brilliant qualities, and I consider that I give you a proof of the estimation in which I hold them, when I send you the Insignia of the Order of St. George of the 4th class. You know that this distinction belongs alone to military merit. It will recall to your recollection the memorable day of Guim, where you led in the cause, and all the brave men who there fought will rejoice to see you the bearer of a declaration, which is to record that you were at once the portaker of their danger, and of their glory. Accept with these especial testimonies of my esteem, the assurance of my regard."

(Signed) ALEXANDER. Topitz, 15 (27) Sept. 1813.

M. Ambassador—Viscount Cathcart—In sending you the Insignia of the Order of St. Andrew and those of St. George of the 4th class, I discharge a debt which I have ever felt a pleasure in acknowledging. Having you always at my side in the field of honor; seeing you always animated with the most ardent zeal for the cause which we support, I have daily wished to render justice to the elevated and pure sentiments of the negotiator; to the coolness and brilliant valor of the General; and I conceive, that I cannot give a more distinguishing proof of my esteem and consideration, than by joining to the Orders of the Empire, the Military Order of St. George.

You will accept at the same time the assurance of my unutterable sentiments.

ALEXANDER. Topitz, Sept. 15. (27) 1813.

In order to give our readers as much of the important foreign intelligence as possible, we have excluded from our columns several original articles, advertisements, &c.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Saturday the 5th day of March next, at the residence of Charles Gant, in Talbot county, a number of valuable negroes mortgaged by said Gant to John Duvall.—The terms of sale—Cash, to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor; on payment of the purchase money the subscriber will convey. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Trustee. February 10.

Land for Sale.

The subscriber will sell a small farm, about 2 miles from the city of Annapolis, and 21 from Baltimore, containing about 100 acres of well timbered land. There is in cultivation between twenty and thirty acres of meadow. Any person wishing to purchase, can view the premises, and know the terms, by application to

H. WOODWARD. February 10.

PROPOSALS

BY GEORGE SHAW, ANNAPOLIS, For publishing by subscription, THE FAMILY INSTRUCTOR, IN THREE PARTS: Relating to Parents and Children, to Masters and Servants, to Husbands and Wives.

First American from the 17th English Edition.

To which are added several new Dialogues, and a number of Prayers, intended for Private and Family Devotion.

The Family Instructor is a most valuable old work, well calculated to assist the heads of families in introducing the knowledge and practice of religion among their children and servants.

With this book and the Bible, the most ignorant will be enabled to discharge their family duties.

Parents will find themselves, from the conversations detailed in this work, informed of the best mode of initiating their children in the doctrines of christianity. The narrative is interesting, and the history of the family it describes, the progress made by the different members of it in a religious life, and the circumstances in which they are placed, are all calculated to shew the advantages of family religion. The work has now been revised and several additions made to adapt it more perfectly to the situation of families in this country.

CONDITIONS.

The work now proposed for publication, shall be printed on a good paper and type, in a duodecimo form, at the price of one dollar.

February 10.

DICTIONARY OF ARTS AND SCIENCES.

ISAAC PIERCE & Co. of Philadelphia, propose to publish by subscription. A new and complete DICTIONARY OF ARTS & SCIENCES, By G. Gregory, D. D. Doctor in Philosophy and the Arts, author of the Economy of Nature, &c.

The publishers of the proposed work rely upon its decided superiority over any that has hitherto appeared in this country, for the most liberal patronage of an enlightened public.—Dr. Gregory's Dictionary, omitting by its plan, the large mass of History and Biography which render most Encyclopedias too extensive and voluminous for expensive circulation, and excluding such obsolete sciences as magic, alchemy and astrology, together with many obsolete terms—is intended to comprise within a small compass, all that is valuable or interesting, and whatever is practically useful, in science and in art. The work will be very fully illustrated by more than double the proportion of engravings, by the best artists, of any Encyclopaedia published in this country; and shall be improved and beneficially enlarged, by the proffered services of men of the first talents and judgment.

CONDITIONS.

1. It will be printed on a fine paper with a new type, cast for the purpose, and be comprised in 3 quarto volumes of at least 500 pages each.

2. One number, or half volume, will be published every three months, till completed, and will contain about 25 engraved plates.

3. It will be delivered to subscribers at 5 dollars per half volume, payable on delivery.

4. The first half volume will be published next April.

Subscriptions received by NEALE, WILLS & COLE, No. 171 Market-st. Baltimore, and GEO. SHAW, Annapolis.

February 10.

Public Sale.

On Wednesday the 22d of March, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, A Tract of Land Called Turkey Neck, situated in Anne Arundel County, in the Forks of Patuxent River, and near to the Fork Bridge. The said tract contains 130 acres; part of it is heavily timbered, and good meadow land, bounding on said river, and produces well; is convenient to several grist mills, and a saw mill within one mile. This property is valuable to any person disposed to purchase a convenient country retreat.

The terms of sale will be, cash on the day, or upon the execution of a deed. The title is indisputable. The property will be shewn to any person inclined to purchase, by application to Mr. Benjamin Gaither living adjoining. Should the above day be unfair, it will be exposed to sale the next fair day.

WILLIAM SAPPINGTON, Executor. Feb. 10.

This is to give notice.

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Joshua Warfield, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them forward, legally authenticated, and these indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

RODERICK WARFIELD, WARNER W. WARFIELD, Executors. February 3, 1814.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, on Tuesday the first day of March next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter.

ALL that part or parcel of land, called and known by the name of TRENT, containing 107 acres, more or less, lying in Anne Arundel county, whereon Thomas T. Simmons now resides. Also a number of valuable negroes, mortgaged by said Simmons to John Muir, deceased. The terms of sale are—cash to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor; on payment of the purchase money the subscriber is authorized to execute a deed. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Trustee. February 10.

NOTICE.

CITY BANK OF BALTIMORE. January 31st. 1814.

Agreeably to a resolution of the board of Directors, the stockholders are required to pay the third instalment of Five Dollars, on each share of stock in this institution, on or before Friday the first of April next. By order,

MES STERETT, Cashier. Feb. 10.

NOTICE.

Thereby certify, that Richard Snowden, of John, living near Buck Tavern on the Washington and Baltimore road, this day brought before me, as a trespassing stray, a Bay Gelding, about 9 years old, upwards of 15 hands high, a star on his forehead and snip on his nose, hanging mane and switch tail, stood all round with old shoes—there are a few small saddle marks—He trots and canters. No perceivable mark or brand. Given under hand of me, one of the justices of the peace for Anne Arundel county, this 31st of January, 1814.

THOS. WORTHINGTON.

The owner of the above described horse, is requested to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

RICHD. SNOWDEN. February 10.

Sixty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on Monday the 27th day of December last, a Negro Boy named TOM MARCUS, cigar maker, by trade; he is about 16 years of age, has an upper fore tooth broken, a small scar under the left eye, speaks quick and short. Had on when he absconded, a brown jacket, patched over the breast with grey cassimere, brown flushing pantaloons, grey coloured stockings and a pair of shoes. He took with him an old red shawl, which he will probably wear round his neck or head. Whoever takes up said boy and brings him home to me, or lodges him in any goal so that I get him again, shall receive if taken in the city or within 5 miles thereof, 30 dollars; at any further distance, 50 dollars in the state 10 dollars. The above reward of 60 dollars, if out of the state, with all reasonable charges by applying to P. MARCHAND, Roger's Alley, near the Post-Office, Baltimore.

All masters of privateers and others are hereby cautioned not to employ or harbour said boy at the peril of the law.

February 10, 1814. Sw.

NOTICE.

All persons having just claims against the estate of Thodore Swain, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are hereby requested to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, for settlement; and those indebted to the said deceased are requested to come forward and settle the same, with

ELIZABETH SWAIN, Executrix of the last will and testament of the deceased.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Court of Appeals, western shore, returnable to May term next, and also a writ of fieri facias issued out of the County Court, returnable to April term next, WILL be exposed to Public Sale, (for cash) on Monday the 7th day of February next, (at my office in Annapolis), a life estate in a tract of land, called Moore's New Market, containing 300 1/3 acres, more or less, and a negro woman named Henny. The above is taken as the property of Amos Gambrell, and will be sold to satisfy debts due George F. and Lemuel Warfield, and James Mackubin. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Solomon Groves, Sheriff. January 29.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That the subscribers have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Joshua Warfield, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them forward, legally authenticated; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

RODERICK WARFIELD, WARNER W. WARFIELD, Executors. February 3, 1814.