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FOREIGN.

(Translated for the Federal Gazette.)

Extraordinary Gazette of the Regency.
Friday, July 2, 1813.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

The minister of war has received by express the following report from his excellency the Duke de Ciudad Rodrigo.

SIR,
The enemy on the night of the 19th June, took a position in front of Vitoria—his left was protected by the heights that terminate in the village of Arganzon, extending himself from them through the valley de Zadorra, in front of the village de Arinez, occupying with the right of his centre, a height which commands the valley of Zadorra. The right of the enemy's army was situated near Vitoria, in order to defend the passages in that neighbourhood, by which he could pass the river Zadorra. Upon the left of his rear guard, he had a reserve in the village of Gomecha. The nature of the country through which the army had marched since its arrival at Ebro, had necessarily extended our columns—and, to unite them, we halted on the 20th; the left advancing to Murgria, where, according to appearances, it would be most useful. The same day, I reconnoitred the enemy, in order to attack them the next morning, if they still remained. In effect, and according to the dispositions made, we attacked the enemy yesterday, and succeeded in informing your excellency, that the allied army under my command has gained a complete victory, driving the French from all their positions, taking their baggage, cannon, ammunition wagons, provisions, flocks, treasure, etc. with a considerable number of prisoners.

The operations of the day began with Sir Rowland Hill's possessing himself of the heights of the village upon which the enemy's left rested, but which they had not occupied with much force. A brigade of the Spanish division under the command of Gen. Morillo, was detached to attack them, employed the other to support the communication between the body of the army under his command (which was upon the Royal road from Miranda to Vitoria) and the troops detached to said heights. The enemy soon discovered their importance, and reinforced his troops largely, that Gen. Hill was himself compelled to detach also to the same point, the 71st reg. with the battalion of light infantry from Gen. Walker's brigade, under the command of Lt. Col. Cadogan, and ordered troops in succession. And the troops not only obtained possession of the said important heights, but maintained themselves in possession in spite of all the efforts of the enemy during the whole of the transaction.

The action was without doubt warmly contested, and the loss sustained considerable. Gen. Morillo was wounded, but did not quit the field. I am grieved to relate that Lt. Col. Cadogan has died in his wound—in him the army has lost an officer of zeal and approved courage, possessed of the affections of all those of his profession, and in whom, had his life been spared, the country might have anticipated most brilliant services.

Protected by these heights Sir Rowland passed repeatedly the Zadorra by the village, following the valley which that river forms with it, attacked Subijana de Alava in front of the enemies line, which the enemy fruitlessly attempted afterwards to possess.

The unevenness of the ground saved more than I expected, the communication of the different columns marching to the attack from their positions they occupied on the Bayas, and it was on this account that I only learnt in the evening that the column composed of the 3d and 7th divisions under Lord Dalhousie, had arrived at their appointed station.

The 4th light division passed immediately the Zadorra, at the moment Sir Rowland Hill was taking possession of Subijana de Alava; the first by the bridge of Nanclares, and the other by the bridge of Three Bridges. And as soon almost as they had passed, the column under Dalhousie arrived at Mendozo, and the 3d division under Lt. Gen. Sir Thos. Picton passed the river by a bridge higher up; followed by the 7th division under Lord Dalhousie.

Those four divisions which formed the centre of the army were destined to attack the heights occupied by the right of the enemy's centre, while Sir Rowland at the same time should advance from Subijana de Alava to attack his left, the enemy's line being weakened by the detachment which he kept on the heights. Immediately on seeing our dispositions for attack, he abandoned the position he had in the valley, and began his retreat towards Vitoria, in good order—Our men pursued them in the best order, notwithstanding the difficulties of the ground.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Th's Graham who commanded the left of the army composed of the 1st and 5th divisions, formed of the brigades of infantry of Gen. Pack and Bradford and those of cavalry under general Rock and Anson, marched on the 20th to Murguya, which they quitted by the high road of Bilbao to Vitoria, accompanied by the division of Col. Longa and of General Giron which had been previously detached to the left of the army, but was called on the 20th to Orduna, which they left that morning for the field of battle, to be in readiness to support, if necessary, Lt. Gen. Sir Thomas Graham.

The enemy kept a division of infantry with some cavalry, on the high road to Bilbao—his left supported by the strong heights above the village of Gomarra Mayor, which as well as Avechucho were possessed by considerable force as defences of the bridges of the Zadorra. Brigadier Pack with his Portuguese brigade, and Col. Longa with his Spanish division, supported by the brigade of Gen. Anson and the 5th division of infantry, under Td. Murlial Osibald, appointed to the command of all these troops to surround and take the heights.

Lt. Gen. Sir Thomas Graham acquaints me that in the execution of this service the Portuguese and Spaniards behaved to admiration. The 4th and 8th battalions of Chasseurs, eminently distinguished themselves. Col. Longa on the left took the village of Gomarra Menor.

As soon as we possessed the height Gomarra Mayor was attacked and carried by the brigade of the 5th division under brig. gen. Robinson, who under cover of two cannons advanced in battalions without firing a shot under a terrible fire of artillery and musketry. The enemy suffered severely and lost three cannons.

The Lt. Gen. then advanced to the attack of Avechucho, with the first division, forming against it a strong battery, formed by the brigade of artillery under Col. Duvalden and of the company of Ramsey, under cover of its fire Col. Halket's Brigade advanced to the attack and carried it—and the battalion of light troops having come up to the charge they took on the bridge 3 cannons and 1 howitzer. This attack was supported by the brigade of Portuguese infantry under Gen. Bradford.

During the attack of Avechucho the enemy made every effort to repossess themselves of Gomarra Mayor, which were gallantly repulsed by the 5th division under marshal Osibald. The enemy having two divisions on the heights on the left of the Sadora, it was impossible to pass the bridges, until the troops destined to attack the centre of the enemy's left should oblige them to retire to Vitoria—which being effected, the whole army co-operated in the attainment of their pursuit till dark.

The motion of the troops under Sir Thos Graham and the possession which they took of Gomarra and Avechucho, prevented the enemy's retreating by the high road to France, and they were obliged by this cir-

cumstance to take the road of Pamplona, but it was impossible for them to maintain any place long enough to enable them to withdraw their baggage and artillery—consequently the whole of their artillery was captured, which had not been taken already by the troops in the successive positions which the enemy had taken in their retreat from the first which they occupied at Arines, and on the left bank of Zadorra, along with their ammunition and baggage which they had in the neighbourhood of Vitoria. I have reason to believe that they only took away one cannon and one howitzer.

The army under the command of King Joseph was composed of the armies of Mediodia and Centro, of four divisions of infantry, all the cavalry of the army of Portugal, and some troops from the army of the North.

The division of Gen. Foix of the army of Portugal, was in the neighbourhood of Bilbao. Gen. Claurd who commanded the army of the north, was near Logrono with a division of the army of Portugal commanded by gen. Turpin, and the division of the north under the command of gen. Bandermaffen.

The sixth division of the allied army under the Hon. Field Marshal Edward Pakenham was absent, being detained 3 days at Medina de Pomar, for the purpose of covering the march of our stores and baggage.

It is impossible for me sufficiently to praise the conduct of all the generals, officers and soldiers in this action. Lt. Gen. Sir Rowland Hill, extols highly the conduct of Gen. Morillo and the Spanish troops under his command; of the right hon. Lt. Gen. William Heibart, of the Count of Amarante who commanded the divisions of infantry under him. He also commends the conduct of the hon. col. O'Callaghan, who defended Subijana de Alava, against the efforts which the enemy made to retake it; that of Colonel Rooke of the adjutant general's department, and that of lieut. col. the hon. A. Abercrombie of the quarter-master-general's department.

It is impossible that the movements of any troops could have been directed with more spirit and regularity than those of the respective divisions under Lt. Gens. Ld. Dallost, Sir Thomas Picton and Sir Laury Cole, and Field Marshal Charles Baron of Alten. The troops marched in echelon by regiments, in two lines and sometimes in three; the Portuguese troops of the 3d and 4th division under Brig. Power, and Col. Hubbs effected their march with a firmness and gallantry impossible to be surpassed. The brigade of the hon. field marshal Charles Colville, of the 3d division, was vigorously attacked on its march by a well formed and much superior force which it repulsed with the aid of the brigade of gen. Inglis, of the 7th division, commanded by Col. Grant, of the 82d reg. all of whom greatly distinguished themselves.

The brigade of Field Marshal Blaneur, of the light division, during the advance against Vitoria, was detached to support the 7th division, and Lt. Gen. Dalhousie commends his conduct. Lt. Gen. Sir Thomas Graham highly praised the conduct and services of Col. Delancey, Deputy-Quarter-Master General, Lt. Col. Bonversi, Adj. Gen. of the body under his command, and the officers of his staff, as well as the Hon. Lt. Col. Upton, Adj. Qr. Master General Major Hope, aid of the Adj. Gen. Field Marshal Osibald, speaks in the same terms of Lt. Cols. Berkeley and Gomis, Adj. and Quarter Master Gen. of his troops.

I am particularly obliged to Lt. Gens. Sir Thomas Graham and Sir Rowland Hill for the able manner in which they directed the part of the service, which from the beginning of the operations was entrusted to them, and for their conduct throughout; I am equally so to marshal Sir Wm. Berresford, for the friendly counsel and assistance which he afforded me during our operations.

I can as little omit mentioning the conduct of Gen. Giron, commanding the army of Galicia, who made a forced march from Orduna in time to be on the field of battle ready to support Sir Thomas Graham. I have often had occasion to call the attention of the British government to the conduct of Field Marshal Murray, Q. M. G. of this army, who, in the late operations in the battle of the 21st, has been of the greatest service to me. I am also obliged to Aylern, deputy adjutant general, and those of the quarter-master-general as well as to the lieut. cols. lord Fitzroy, Somerset and Campbell, with the other officers attached to my person; and to Lt. col. Sir Richard Elcher, and the officers of the Royal corps of engineers under his command. His serene highness the colonel hereditary Prince of Orange, my aid-de-camp, conducted himself with his accustomed gallantry; the field marshals Don Louis Wimpffen, and the inspector general of infantry Don Thomas O. Donoju, and the officers of the staff of the Spanish army uniformly afforded me every possible assistance during the operations, and I avail myself of this opportunity to manifest the satisfaction I experienced from their conduct, as well as that of the field marshal Don Miguel de Alava, and of the brigadier Don Joseph O-Lawler, during the great length of time they have been so usefully employed by me. The artillery was judiciously stationed and well served by Lt. Col. Dickson, and the whole army is particularly indebted to that corps.

The nature of the ground would not allow the cavalry to be generally employed; but the generals who commanded the different brigades kept the troops under their respective commands near the infantry ready to support them; and manifested the most extraordinary activity in pursuing the enemy as soon as they were repulsed from Vitoria. I send you this detail of the battle by captain H. Crokenbourg, and I request that your Excellency will permit me to recommend him to your protection; he will have the honor of informing your excellency that the standard of the fourth battalion of the French regiment No. 100, and the truncheon of Gen. Jourdan marshal of France, were taken by the British regiment No. 87.

God preserve your excellency many years, at Salvatierra June 22, 1813.

(Signed) WELLINGTON
Duke de Ciudad Rodrigo.

P. S. A list of the killed and wounded accompanies this to your excellency. Gen. Morillo is wounded. I am not informed as yet of the name of any other of the officers of his division, but I shall transmit them on another occasion.

His Excellency Don Juan O'Donoju.

STATEMENT
Of the Artillery, Ammunition and Ammunition waggons, taken from the enemy in the action of 21st June, 1813.

Bronze Cannon.	28 12 pounders,
	42 8 do.
	53 4 do.
	3 8 lb. howitzers,
	2 4 do. do.
	3 6 & 2 5 lb. do.
Total 151-2 6 lb mortars.	
Ammunition Waggons, belonging to	
	56 12 pounders,
	76 8 do.
	68 4 do.
	7 8 do. for Howitzers
	54 6 do. do.
	5 4-2 5 do.
Total 415-149 for small ammunition	

Cartridges for	
Cannon—	1926 12 pounders.
	5424 8 pdrs.
	3434 4 pdrs.
Howitzer—	97 for 8 lb. Howitzers
	3258 for 2 pdrs.
	14,249
Musket ball cartridges	1,973,400
Pounds of Powder	40,668

Covered Waggons for Provisions 56
Waggons with Furnaces 44
(Signed)

R. D. MENEGALL,
Commissary of Artillery.
Vitoria, 23d June.

[No. 2.]

Most Excellent Sir.

Don Henrique Brokenbourg's departure having been delayed to afford us time to make the statements, I must inform you that we have continued pursuing the enemy, whose rear guard has this day entered Pamplona. We have done him as much harm as we could considering the bad weather and very bad state of the roads; this day the van guard, composed of the cavalry brigade under the command of the camp marshal Victor Alten, of the first and third battalions of the 95th regiment, and of capt. Ross's company of horse artillery, have taken from the enemy the only piece of cannon they had remaining; so that they entered Pamplona, with only one howitzer.

General Clausel who commands part of the army of the North and a division of that of Portugal, which were not at the battle of the 21st, approached Vitoria on the 22d, where he heard of the action of the preceding day, and finding that the 6th division which had just arrived commanded by the hon. camp marshal Edward de Pakenham, was there, he withdrew towards Guardia, and has since marched in the direction of Tudela de Ebro. It is probable the enemy is continuing his retreat towards France.

I have despatched Gen. Giron with the army of Galicia in pursuit of the convoy which started from Vitoria on the morning of the 20th, and hope that it will meet it before it gets to Bayonne.

I have the honour of including a copy of the statement gen. Copons gives me of a brilliant action which took place in Catalonia, performed by a brigade of Spanish troops commanded by col. Lladu, on the 7th May. I have received from another source, although not official, but which mentions that on the 17th of said May, Gen. Copons had beat the enemy in the position of Concal near Abisbal.

May God preserve you many years. Irurzun 24th June, 1813.

WELLINGTON.
Duke of Ciudad Rodrigo.
Most Excellent Sir Don Juan O'Donoju.

LIST
Of the killed, wounded, and missing, of the allied army under the command of the Duc de Ciudad Rodrigo in the action near Vitoria on the 21st of June, 1813.

KILLED.

Officers.	Infantry.	Caval.
English	22	479
Portuguese	7	143
Spanish	4	85

WOUNDED.

Officers.	Infantry.	Cav.
English	167	2640
Portuguese	52	847
Spanish	11	453

MISSING.
English Cavalry 34

TOTAL.

Officers.	Infantry.	Caval.
English	189	3119
Portuguese	59	990
Spanish	15	538
	263	4647
		195

MADRID, JUNE 25.

The Governor (political chief) of this province received yesterday during the night the following official notice, dated Burgos, 22d June, at 11 o'clock at night. Yesterday the fate of Spain was decided, the French army has been defeated and completely routed in the neighbourhood of Vitoria. Seventy pieces of artillery are taken with all their carriages and equipage—the King effected his escape accompanied by only two gens d'armes. Lord Wellington continues to pursue the enemy who are flying full of terror by the road of Pamplona, while Gen. Giron pursues them by the road of Irun. Some of the soldiers have taken 160,000 rials, and this morning

General Orders,

Annapolis, June 28, 1813.

The Officers commanding detachments of the militia, who have been ordered on duty, will proceed to make out Muster Rolls according to law, and return them to the accountants of militia, that pay rolls may be prepared, and arrangements made for the payment of them as early as possible. The Commissaries, and others who have furnished provisions or supplies for the Militia, will prepare their accounts, accompanied with the necessary vouchers, and lodge them with the accountants for adjustment. The officers of companies will immediately divide their companies in ten divisions, agreeably to the law of the last session, and notify the first and second class to hold themselves in readiness to move at the shortest notice.

By order
JNO. GASSAWAY, Adj. Gen.

Just Published

And for Sale at George Shaw's Book Store, Price, \$1 50 in Boards—\$2 00 Bound.

The Report

Of the Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice relative to the Rights and Mobs in the City of Baltimore. Together with the DEPOSITIONS Taken before the said Committee. July 15, 1813.

Public Sale.

Intending to leave Town, I will sell at Public Sale, on Saturday the 21st day of August next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. my house and lot, situate in West street, in the City of Annapolis; and also my Black-Smith and Wheel-Wright Shop with the lot on which they stand situate in said street. The said house and lots afford a good and convenient stand to any person engaged in either of the above businesses, or in the mercantile business. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.
RICHARD D. WATTS
Annapolis, July 29, 1813.