osais from such persons a osed to furnish supplies for Each contractor is to his

ound and a fourth of a pour

three quarters of a pount eighteen ounces of bread of gill of rom, whisker of brea-wo quarts of salt, four quart

wo quarts of sait, four quarts, four pounds of soap, and a half of candles, to and of rations. It is expect

ose who will engage to provide will forward their terms appossible to the clerk of the

Bond and security will be it faithful performance of their

By order, NINIAN PINKNEY, CR.

published once in three weeks ly in the Maryland Gizete. Republican, Frederick Ton Melsheimer's German Paper azette and American, of Bullazette and American, of Bullazette and American.

he Hagar's-Town Gazette, the

Monitor of Easton, and the

's Bank of Maryland, 231 June, 1813.

pliance with the charter of the

Bank of Maryland, and will

ment thereto, establishing

hereof at Frederick-town, to

reby given, to stockholden ca

neld at the Banking House is

of Annapolis, on Monday the

ay of August next, between

s of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3. M. for the purpose of choose

n amongst the stockholder

Directors for the Bank at Arm.

y order, JONA. PINKNEY, Cash.

Frederick-town.

generally.

Shore, that an election

MARKINID GAMMIND.

IVOL LXX

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED THE THE

JONAS GREEN, CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price-Three Dollars per Annum. DOCUMENTS

termonying the report of the secre-tary of state respecting our foreign relations.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Barlow to Mr. Monroe, dated Paris, May 12, 1812.

" After the date of my letter, of which I have the honour to enclose you a copy, I found, from a pretty sharp conversation with the Duke Bassano, that there was a singur reluctance to answering my note of the 1st of May. Some traces of that reluctance you will perceive in the answer which finally came, of which a copy is here enclosed. This, though dated the 10th, did not ome to me till last evening. I consider the communication to be so important in the present crisis of cur affairs with England, that I despatched the Wasp immediately to carry it to Mr. Russell, with orders to return with his answer as soon as

" I am confident that the presi-

tent will approve the motive of my

ninister with it as soon as my know-

faced to me the decree of the 28th

een so long concealed from me,

and probably from you. I only ask-

d him if that decree had been pub-

lished : he said, no; but declared

had been communicated to my

predecessor here, and likewise sent

o Mr. Serrurier with orders to

im it was not among the archives

of this legation; that I never be-

ore had heard of it, and, since he

had consented to answer my note, I

esired him to send me in that offi-

ial manner, a copy of that decree,

nd of any other documents that right prove to the incredulous of

ny country (not to me) that the de-trees of Berlin and Milan were in

ood faith and unconditionally re-ealed with regard to the U.S. He

hen promised me he would do it,

"I send you a copy of the April ecree, as likewise of the letter of

he grand judge and that of the mi-ister of finances, though the two

atter pieces have been before com-

unicated to our government and

(B.)

[TRANSLATION.].

he Duke of Bassano to Mr. Barlow.

In conversing with you about

onour to address to me on the

st of May, I could not conceal

om you my surprise at the doubt hich you had expressed in that

ote, respecting the revocation of the decrees of Berlin and Milan.

at revocation was proven by ma-

official acts, by all my correspon-

ence with your predecessors and ith you, by the decisions in favour

American vessels. You have

py of the lesters which the grand

dge and minister of finances wrote

the 25th December, 1810, to se-

re the first effects of that measure,

d you have said, sir, that the de-

te of the 28th April, 1811, which

oves definitively the revocation of

e decrees of Berlin and Milan in

Paris, May 10, 1812.

ablished.".

ad he has performed his promise.

NOTICE. olicitude in this affair and the earest manner in which I pressed the COURT OF APPEALS for the Western Shore on the londay in August next for the of hearing arguments and gr-ments in all cases of appear edge of the declaration of the Prince Regent enabled me to use the argument that belonged to the abject. When in the conversation s of error standing under rule t, and to act on the business of bove alluded to, the Duke first pro-April, 1811, I made no comment on the strange manner in which it had

order, THS. HARRIS, Jun. Clk. oolis, June 17.

Villiam Duvall,

stly requests all persons ino him to settle immediately, it the same for payment, as to . He hopes this notice will further trouble. indebted to him as executor

cis Tucker, may rest assured her indulgence cannot be given, e who have claims against said ould do well to present them

son will be authorised to obtain nts in his absence.

-Arundel County, sc. -Arundel County, Sc. lication to me the subscriber in the Anne-Arundel county court, as an judge for the third judicial diurât of the petition in writing of Groats is aid county, praying for the betein for the relief of sundry insolved and the several supplements thereas mentioned in said acts, a series property, and a list of his ordinoath, being annexed to his petition; as satisfied me that he has resided the of Maryland two years immediate to f Maryland two years immediate of the petition that he is incomfor debt, and having prayed to be detered the first and the property an for debt, and having prayed to d therefrom—I do hereby order as that the person of George Pool ke d from imprisonment, and by cas-y of this order to be published in the Gazette for three months successively Cazette for three months successive e third Monday of September near the to his creditors to appear before y court of said county on the said anday of September, for the paracommending a trustee for their best to shew cause, if any they have said George Poole should not him to fithe after as prayed for Great hand this twenty-third day of April hundred and thirteen.

Richard H. Harrood.

-Arundel County, sc.

gard to the Americans, was not wo to you. "Thave the honour to send you, You have desired, a copy of these reacts ; you will consider them ithout doubt, sir, the plainest an-ter which I could give to this part your note. As to the two other restions to which that note relates, will take care to lay them before e.Emperor. You know already,

merican commerce, and the good dispositions which have induced him to appoint a plenipotentiary to treat with you on that important inte-

Accept, sir, &c. (Signed)
The DUKE OF BASSANO."

Copy of a letter from the minister of finance to the Count of Sussy, Councellor of State, director general of the customs, dated December 25, 1810.

"On the 5th of last Aug. theminister of foreign relations wrote to Mr. Armstrong, minister plenipotentiary of the U. S. of America, that the Berlin and Milan decrees were revoked, and that after the 1st of Nov. they would cease to have effect, it being well understood, that in consequence of this declaration, the English would revoke their orders in council, and renounce the new principles of blockade which they wished to establish, or that the U.S. in conformity to the act communicated, should cause their rights to be respected by the Eng-

On the communication of this note, the president of the U.S. issued on the 2d of Nov. a proclamation, which announces the revocation of the Berlin and Milan decrees, after the first of November: and which declares that in consequence thereof, all the restrictions imposed by the act of the first May, 1809, should cease with respect to France and her dependencies.

The same day, the Treasury Department addressed to the collectors of the customs acircular, which directs them to admit into the ports and waters of the U.S. armed French vessels, and enjoins it on them to apply, after the 2d of Feb. next, the law of the 1st of May, 1809, prohibiting all commercial relation, to English vessels of every description, as well as to the productions of the soil, industry or commerce of England and her dependencies.

His majesty having seen, in these two pieces the enunciation of the measures which the Americans propose taking on the second of February next, to cause their rights to be respected, has ordered me to inform you, that the Berlin and Milan decrees must not be applied to any American vessels that have entered our ports since the 1st of Nov. or may enter in future, and that those which have been sequestered, as being in contravention of these decrees, must be the object of a special report.

On the 2d of Feb. I shall acquaint you with the intentions of the Emperor with regard to the definitive measures to be taken for distinguishing and favouring the Ameri can navigation.

I have the honour to salute you. The Minister of finance, (Signed).
THE DUKE OF GAETE.

> [TRANSLATION.] FRENCH EMPIRE.

· Paris, Dec- 26th, 1810. Copy of a letter from his Excellency the Grand Judge, Minister of Justice, to the Councellor of State, President of the Council of Prizes.

R. PRESIDENT. The minister of foreign relations, by order of his majesty, the empe-ror and king, addressed on the 5th of Aug. last, to the plenipotentiary of the U. S. of America, a note containing the following words: I am authorised to declare to you, that the decrees of Berlin and Milan are revoked, and that after the 1st of Nov. they will cease to have effect; it being well understood that, in consequence of this declara-tion, the English will revoke their orders in council and renounce the new principles of blockade which they wished to establish, or that the U. S. in conformity to the act you have just communicated, will cause their rights to be respected by the English." In consequence of the community

vember, a proclamation to announce the revocation of the decrees of Berlin and Milan, and declared that in consequence thereof all the rethe same day the treasury depart-ment addressed a circular to all the collectors of the customs of the U. S. which enjoins them to admit into the ports and waters of the U.S. armed French vessels; prescribes to them to apply after the 2d of February next to English vessels of every description, and to productions arising from the soil and industry, or the commerce of England and her dependencies, the law which prohibits all commercial relations, if at that period the revocation of the English orders in council, and of all the acla violating the neutrality of the U.S. should not be announced by the treasury department.

In consequence of this arrangement entered into by the government of the U.S. to cause their rights to be respected, his majesty orders, that all causes that may be pending in the council of prizes of capture of American vessels, made after the first of Nov. and those that may in future be brought before it, shall not be judged according to the principles of the decrees of Berlin and Milan, but that they shall remain suspended; the vessels captured or seized to remain only in a state of sequestration, and the rights of the proprietors being reserved for them until the 2d of February next, the period at which the U.S. bave fulfilled the engagements to cause their rights to be respected, the said captures shall be declared null by the council, and the American vessels restored, together with their cargoes, to their

proprietors.
Receive Mr. President the new assurances of my most distinguished consideration.

(Signed)
The DUKE OF MESSA.

[TRANSLATION.]

Palace of St. Cloud, April 28, 1811. Napoleon, Emperor of the French,

On the report of our minister of foreign relations :---

Seeing by a law passed on the se-cond of March, 1811, the Congress of the U.S. has ordered the execution of the provisions of the act of non-intercourse, which prohibits the vessels and merchandize of G. Britain, her colonies and dependencies, from entering into the ports of the U.S.

Considering that the said law is an act of resistance to the arbitrary pretensions consecrated by the British orders in council, and a formal refugal to adhere to a syst invad. ing the independence of neutral powers and of their flag, we have decreed and do decree as follows :

The decrees of Berlin and Milan are definitively, and to date from the 1st of Nov. last, considered as not having existed (non avenus) in regard to American vessels.

NAPOLEON. (Signed) NA By the Emperor, The minister secretary of state. (Signed) The Count DARA.

(C) Extract of a letter from Mr. Barlow to Mr. Russell, dated

Paris, May 11th, 1812. the Wasp to England, expressly to carry to you the documents here-

with enclosed. " I was not a little surprised to learn, by the declaration of the Prince Regent'in council of the 21st of April, that it was still believed by the British government, that the French decrees of Berlin and Milan yet remained in force as applicable to the U. S. On reading that de-claration, I therefore addressed to the Duke of Bassano, a note bearing date 1st of May, of which I en-

close you a copy. "This drew from him the answer, of which I likewise hand you a cocation of this note, the President accompanied it. The most remark- and distinctly make this revocation

sir, the sentiments which his mail of the U. S. issued on the 2d of No. able of these is the decree of the jesty has expressed in favour of A. vember, a proclamation to announce 28th of April, 1811. This piece I had never before seen : it appears that it had not been published at in consequence thereof all the real the time of its date, and, not finding strictions imposed by the act of the it among the archives of this legati-Ist May must cease with respect to on, I suspect, that by some omission France and her dependencies : on or neglect, it was not communicated to you as it bught to have been. The duke, however, assures me that it was so communicated. Be this as it may, I am convinced it has not been made known to the British go-

Extract of a liter from Mr. Russell to Mr. Barlow.

London, May 29th, 1812. Wour letter of the 11th of this month, with its enclosures, was handed me on the 20th, and I immediately communicated copies of the letters from the French ministers of the 21st of Dec. 1810, and also of the decree of the 28th April, 1811, to this government. The letters were already known, but the decree, from the cause undoubtedly which you so justly assign, namely an omission or neglect in not have ing communicated it to me," was entirely new.

The duke of Bassano has unquestionably full faith in what he assures you, but the date of the decree is so very remote, that it is necesurprizing that our memories should not accord on the subject."

(E)
Extract of a letter from Mr. Russell to Mr. Monroe.
London, 30th May, 1812.
With regard to the French decree of the Sath Action

cree of the 23th of April, 1811, Mr. Barlow, in a letter to me makes the following remark: "this piece I had never before seen, it seems that it had not been published at the time of its date, and not finding it among the archives of the legation, I suspect, that, by some omission or neglect, it was not communicated to you, as it ought to have been. The Duke assures me that it was so communicated. Be this as it may, I am convinced it has not been made known to the British government." I content myself with saying, that, until communicated to me by Mr. Barlow, I had never heard of such a thing. I persuade myself that there is no necessity of my adding any further explanation or comment on this strange business."

With great respect, I am, sir, &c. &c. (Signed) JONA. RUSSELL.

Mr. Russell to Mr. Monroe. London, 25th May, 1812.

I have the honor to hand you herein a copy of my note of the 20th of this month, communicating to Lord Castlereagh a decree of the government dated the 28th of April, 1811, and two letters of the French Ministers of the 25th of Dec. 1810. I also send you copies of that decree and of a note from his Lordship acknowledging the receipt of my communication, and engaging to submit the documents above mentioned to his Royal Highness the Prince Re-

I have the honor to be, with profound respect, sir, your faithful ser-

(Signed) JONA. RUSSELL. The Hon. James Monroe, &c. &c. &c.

Mr. Russell to Lord Castlereagh. 18, Bentick St. 20th May, 1812. The undersigned Charge d'Affaires of the United States of America, has the honor to transmit to Lord Castlereagh authentic copies of a a decree purporting to be passed by the Emperor of the French on the 28th day of April, 1811, of a letter addressed by the French Minister of Finances to the Director General of the Customs on the 25th day of December, 1810, and of another letter of the same date from the French Minister of Justice to the President of the Council of Prizes.

As these acts explicitly recognize the revocation of the Berlin and Mimy, with the three documents that lan decrees, in relation to the U.S.

to take effect from the first day of November, 1810, the undersigned cannot but persuade himself that they will, in the official and authentic form in which they are now presented to his Britannic majesty's government, remove all doubt with respect to the revocation in question, and, joined with all the powerful considerations of justice and expediency so often suggested, lead to in Council, and thereby to a renewal of that perfect amity and unrestrained intercourse between this country and the United States, which the obvious interests of both nations re-

The undersigned avails himself of this occasion to assure his lordship of his highest consideration.

(Signed) JONATHAN RUSSELL.

The Right Hon.
Lord Viscount Castlereagh, &c. Note.—For the enclosures, see correspondence between Mr. Barlow and the Duke of Bassano, communicated herewith.

Lord Castlereagh to Mr. Russell.

Foreign Office, May 23, 1812 Lord Castlereagh presents his com-pliments to Mr. Russell and has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of his official note of the 21st instant transmitting copies of two official letters of the French ministers, dated Dec. 25th, 1810, and of a decree of the French government, bearing date on the 28th of April 1811.

Lord Castlereagh will immediately lay these documents before his Royal Highness the Prince Regent, and avails himself of this opportunity to renew to Mr. Russell the assurances of his high consideration. Jonathan Russell, Esq. &c. &c.

(G.) Mr. Russell to Mr. Monroe. London, May 25, 1812.

The assassination of Mr. Perceval has led to a dissolution of his ministry, and I hope may lead to an abandonment of his system, as far as we are concerned.

The vote, on motion of Mr. Steward Wortley, on the 21st, for an address to the Prince Regent, to form a more efficient administration, has driven the old ministers to offer their resignation. The new arrangements are entrusted to lord Wellesley, but nothing is yet effected.

Mr. Canning appears to be associated with his lordship in this business, which I cannot consider as a

circumstance very auspicious to us-There will, undoubtedly, be much difficulty in forming the new cabinet, none of the old ministers will act under lord Wellesley, he having so recently refused to acl under them .-Besides there is considerable difference on essential points of policy. members of repugnance to act under any leader not taken from their own ranks, and they certainly will not constitute a part of any administration that does'

not adopt their system.

The probability, therefore, is, that either lord Wellesley and Mr. Canning will not succeed in performing the task imposed upon them, or that they will perform it so imperfeetly as to expose their work to early destruction.

Whatever may be the ingredients of which the new cabinet may be composed, I am not altogether without hope that the orders in countil will be modified if not removed. The effects of our embargo, the evidence before Parliament of the distresses occasioned by those orders. and the change of ministers itself. afford both cause and color for this

I say nothing of the French decree, of which I this day send you a copy. as, without the circumstances just mentioned, it would, I am persuaded, have been disregarded.

I shall dismiss the Wasp as soon as the new ministry is formed or before, unless that event happens in a few days. She will return to Cher-

bourg. With great respect, I am, &c.

(Signed) JONA. RUSSELLA (Sealast page.)

Richard H. Harwood