longer be delayed, w down-the spirit of the nation destroying all confidence in itself and its political institucions; and either perpetuating a state of disgraceful suffering, or regaining, by mose costly sacrifices and more severe struggles, our lost rank and resped among independent powers.

On the issue of the war are still ed our national sovereignty on the high seas, and security of an important class of citizens, whose occ. pations give the proper value to these of every other class. Not to contend for such a stake, is to surrect der our equality with other powers on the element common to all and to violate the sacred title, which a very member of the society has to its protection. I need not call into view the unlawfulness of the practice, by which our mariners are too. ced, at the will of every cruizing officer, from their own vessels into foreign ones, nor paint the outrager inseparable from it. The proofs are in the records of each successive ad. ministration of our government, and the cruel sufferings of that portion of the American people have found their way to every hosom not dead to the sympathies of human nature.

. As the war was just in its origin and necessary and noble in its objects, we can reflect with a proud satisfaction, that in carrying it on, no principle of justice or honor, nov usage of civilized nations, no precept of courtesy or humanity have been infringed. The war has been waged on our part, with scrupulous. regard to all these nations, and ina spirit of liberality which was never surpassed.

How little has been the effect of this example on the conduct of the enemy?

They have retained as prisoners of war citizens of the United States, not liable to be so considered under the usages of war.

They have refused to consider as prisoners of war, and threatened to punish as traitors and deserters, persons emigrating without restrains to the United States; incorporated by naturalization into our political family, and fighting under the anthority of their adopted country, in open and honorable war, for the maintainance of its rights and safety. Such is the avowed purpose of a government, which is in the practice of naturalizing, by thousands, citizens of other countries, and not only of permitting but compelling them to fight its battles against their

native country. They have not, it is true, taken into their own hands the hatchet and the knife, devoted to indiscriminate massacre, but they have let loose the savages armed with these cruel instruments; have allured them into their service, and carried them to battle by their sides, eager to glat their savage thirst with the blood of the vanguished, and to finish the work of torture and death on mained and defenceless captives. And what was never before seen, British commanders have extorted victory over the unconquerable valor of our troops, by presenting to the sympathy of their chief awaiting massacre from their savage associates.

And now we find them in farther contempt of the modes of honorable warfare supplying the place of a con-quering force, by attempts to disorganize our political society, to dismember our confederated Republic. Happily, like others these will itcoil on the authors: but they mark the degenerate councils from which they emanate: and if they did not belong to a series of unexampled inconsistencies, might excite the greater wonder as proceeding from a government which founded the very warin, which it has been so long engaged; against the disorganizing and insurrectional policy of its adversary

To render the justice of the war on our part, the more conspicuous, the reluciance to commence it was followed by the earliest and strong est manifestations of a disposition to arrest its. progress .- The sword was scarcely out of the scabbard, before the enemy was apprized of the reasonable terms on which it would be re-sheathed. Still more precise allyances were repeated, and have been received in a spi-rif forbidding every reliance nor placed on the military resources of the nation.

These resources are amply sufficient to bring the war to an honorable. issue. Our mation in in number more than fielf that of the British isles. It is composed of a brave free, a virtuous, and an intelligent people. Our country abounds in the necessaries, the arts and the conformal prosperity

he means employed by the British obinet to undermine it, have recoil don themselves; have given to our trional faculties a more rapid devepement; and draining or diverting he precions metals from Hercish ciralation and British vaults, have oured them into those of the United States. It is a propitious consibration, that an unavoidable war hould have found this seasonable faility for the contributions required o support it. When the public oire called for war, all knew, and till know that, without them it could not be carried on, through he period which it might last; and the patriotism, the good sense or citizens, are pledges for the heerfulness with which they will ear each his share of the common arden. To repder the war short, nd its success sure, animated and ystematic, exertions alone are necesury; and the success of our arms w may long preserve our country rom the necessity of another reort to them. Already have the galant exploits of our naval heroes roved to the world our inherent caacity to maintain our rights on one ement. If the reputation of our rms has been thrown under clouds the other, presaging flashes of roic enterprize assure us that nohing is wanting to correspondent riumphs there also, but the disciline and habits which are in daily

NEW-YORK, MARCH 4. The captain of the Swedish ship Ann. estarrived from Gottenburg, via the lownes, informs, that on the 27th Feb. was boarded by an officer from a Brih fleet of 7 sail of the line and one rig, under command of adm'l Cockn, bound to the Chesapeake. By this rrival we have a London paper of the 2th January, one day later than before ceived; but it contains nothing new.

rogress.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

Albany, Saturday Feb. 28. A Dragoon, at Greenbush, escaped om his quarters last night, and being posed by a centinel killed him on the

Albany is all in confusion. Ar exress has arrived from Col. Pike, but I mot ascertain its contents. This morng Gen. Dearborn started for Sackett's bour in a coach and four, and the ops stationed at Greenbush, amountto about 300, commence their march that place to morrow morning. Gomor Prevost has adjourned the legisture of Canada, and has marched with his force to Kingston. Something moment is certainly about transpir-

This moment forty sailors have ar vel in stages from Newport, on their by to Sackett's Harbour.

stract of another letter, same date. Two expresses arrived here this morng from Plattsburg and Sacket's Haror; and at twelve o'clock General earborn set off for the latter place. gave orders for about 300 men at senbush to follow him immediately. is said Sir Geo. Prevost is at Kingon and it is expected that he will make attempt to burn our vessels. The my have carried off or destroyed all public stores at Ogdensburg.

MARCH 16. LATEST FROM ENGLAND, The lateness of the hour at which plitical intelligence brought by capin Terry on Thursday evening, d the pre-occupancy of our paper, evented us not only from giving ore than a brief abstract of the usian success, but obliged us to hit the whole of his marine news. He informs us, that the voice of reland is, is that the thunders of itish cannon is to be heard in the merican ports the ensuing summer" d "That in six months the Ameran flag will disappear from the

There were lying in Portsmouth, ady for sea, 19 sail of the line, lich are to be joined by several gates, sloops of war and gun-brigs, well provided with the necessaing the American corst. It was ad they had taken on board a great, antity of shells for bombarding, d that an attack on New York teonsemplated as soon as the

nter serson would permit. Several 74 gun ships were cutting we for frigates, and several large as building. These are intended go alongside our frigares. There te also several large vessels ready bill each carrying 32 guns, and ward of the Islands."

talled privateers.
It was believed in England that attempt to destroy our harbours seaport towns would take place the American troops were

APPOINTMENTS By the Governor and Council. Taxes P. Heath, esq. Register of the Court of Chancery, vice Nicholas Baswan

Romar H. Goldsborough, esq. of Talbot county, Senator of the U.S.

From the (Balt.) Americani CLORIOUS NEWS.

Posticript of a letter, dated Philadel-phia, March 5—late at night. "I open my letter to communicate to you the pleasing intelligence of the capture of the British frigate Castor, of 32 guns, by the Essex. This information was endorsed on the way, bill of the Baltimore stage by Mr. Anderson, of Chester, who has received a letter from his son-inlaw. Captain Porter. A large ship has arrived off Reedy Island supposed to be the Essex. It was announced to a crowded audience at the theatre by Mr. Wood, when every countenance demonstrated the most lively joy and exultation."

Another letter states that there were 150 killed and wounded on board the Castor.

It is reported that the Castor, not the Essex, has arrived off Reedy-[C. H. Books.] Island.

> From the N. Y. Evening Post. NON-IMPORTATION.

By our Washington news, it ap pears that the bill for the repeal of the non-importation act, has passed the house as amended, and has gone up to the senate for concurrence. As the repeal of the non-importation act is a cabinet measure, and the government Gazette is now drilling the members of the legislature, in order to prepare them to act upon the bill once more; we should not be surprized if the expunged section should be restored in the senate, and the original bill should yet pass before the end of the session. The government must have money, and any measure, however objectionable. will be resorted to obtain it.

The following conversation we understand lately took place at Washington:

Member of C .- Mr. Secretary, is it absolutely necessary to raise the non-importation this session.

Secretary .- If you expect I shall find de money, you must provide some way to raise it. You pledge de impost to pay de old national debt-You pledge it to pay de treasury notes-You pledge it to pay de loan, and you pledge it to carry on de war; and at de same time you make one law dat destroy dat impost

Member .- Well if the non-importation is raised, will that bring money enough'?

Sec .- I do not say it wil!-I know it will not. De taxes must be laid, and dat directly too, or you must not expect dat I can find de money to pay de armies, de navies, de interest of de loans, and great many appropriations beside, dat you have made dis session:

Mem .- But will it be politic to

lay the taxes? Sec .- POLITIQUE! ah! dat one oder question. You ask me how we must get de money-you make de war-you raise grand armies-build great ships, appropriate tousands and tens of tousands, and now ask if it is politique to lay de tatestwo, tree, four years ago, before you had pledged yourselves and de nation to carry on de war. If you will be one grand nation, and spend great deal of money, you must pay taxes, and de sooner you begin de better. Don't you see de expenses rolling up like one grand snow-ball, and not one single dollar in my house to melt dem down .-- You must, I say again provide some way to raise de money, or you must stop making appropriations, and your war must cease for de want of l'argent. If you expect to carry on war widout money, you must find one more able

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, dated

financies dan your humble servant.

January 2d. "Arrived ar this port the ship Pair American, from Baltimore, who informs, that he fell in with the French frigate La Gloire off the south side of the Western Islands, who have overboard 1200 barrels of flour of the Bair American's cargo, the frigate had destroyed several American vessels. There was another French frigate cruising to the north-

Lord Wellington had left Cadiz for his army, having previously concerted measures for the regulation o the Spanish troops. He made a prosent of f, 100,000 sterling towards the payment of them. Lord Web . Feb. 18.

lington is to have the command of all the armiss. In the Cortes, Jan. 22, a resolution was carried, 90 to 60, that is the tribunal of the Inquisition is incompatible with the con-

On receiving information of an Algerine frigate having been seen cruizing at the entrance into the Straits, the captains of American licensed vessels as Giuraltar, had applied to the government for a convoy; which had been granted. [N. Y. Gazette.]

Billiard Table.

JACOB ROSE takes the liberty of informing the citizens of Annapolis, its vicinity, and his friends in particular, that he has again taken the Billiard Table at the City Tavern, lately occupied by Mr. William Brewer, and at pre-

sent by Mr. Isaac Parker. He likewise returns his most unfeign ed thanks to his friends for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement, and assures them no exertion shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of fayours. March 11.

Boarding House.

MRS. TUCK respectfully informs her friends and the public that she continues the Boarding House lately carried on by her husband, and formerly by Captain James Thomas-All those who favour her with their custom, may depend on her best endeavours to give general satisfaction. March 11.

Public Sale.

Will be exposed to public sale on Saturday the 20th of March, at the Indian Landing, part of the personal property of Jane Urquhart, deceased, consisting of one NEGRO BOY. The Terms of

ANDERSON WARFIELD. Executor with the will annexed.

50 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber living in South River Neck, Saturday the 27th February, a negro fellow who calls himself THOMAS BROWN, about 43 years of age, five feet eight or nine in-ches high, has a hald place on the back part of his head; when spoken to has an impediment in his speech; and is much given to intoxication-Had on when he made his escape, a kersey round a-bout jacket and trowsers, two osnaburg shirts, old hat and shoes-he also took with him some shoemaker's tools. This fellow was originally from Benedict, Charles county, and may have gone thither as he has some con nexions in that neighbourhood, or pro bably to Alexandria, as he is there well acquainted. If taken ten miles from home ten dollars will be given, if 20 miles, 20 dollars, if 30 miles, 30 dollars, if 40 miles, 40 dollars, and if out of the state, the above reward if brought home to the subscriber. All persons are forewarned harbouring said fellow, as the law will be enforced against all such offenders.

JOSEPH N. BREWER.

A. A. County, March 11.

50 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber on Sa turday 27th February, 1813, living on the North side of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, near Annapolis, a black man named David, calls himself DAVID CALVERT, 22 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, he has thick lips, a large beard and tolerable large whiskers; is apt to smile when spoken to & shews his teeth very much. He had received the London papers and You should ask one such question on when he went away, a round jacket and trowsers of homespun kersey, dved purple; he took other cloathing with him, among which there was a regi-mental coat. It is probable he is lurking about in the lower end of this couny, where he has an extensive acquaintance and many relations, and from whence I lately purchased him of John Scrivner, living near Friendship; be likewise has relations in Alexandria. Whoever takes up the abovementioned negro and brings him home or confines him in any gaol so that I get him, shall receive if in this county, 20 dollars, if fifty miles from home, 30 dollars, and if out of the state the above reward.

FREDERICK MACKUBIN. March 11.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of Captain Robert Denny, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to present the same, legally authenticated, for set-tlement, and all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment.

Augusto Denny, Admr'x.

NOTICE.

If all persons indebted to the late firm of Pinkney and Munroe and H. G. Munroe and Co. do not come for ward and satisfactorily arrange their debts with the said firms before the 20th day of March next, suits will be commenced against every defaulter without respect to persons.

Jona. Pinkney; M. G. Munros,

In Council.

Annapolis, February 20, 1813. Ordered, That the Resolution in favor of Debtors to the State, passed at the last Session of the General As-sembly, he published once in each week, for three weeks in The Mary-land Gazette. The Federal Republi-con. The Federal Gazette, The American, The People's Manitor, Melerican, the People's Mantor, Mele-heimer's German Paper, Frederick-Town Herald, 'Hager's Town Ga-sette, and Manyland Herald And that the Debtors be notified, that un-less the terms of said Resolution in complied with on or before the first day of May next, the law will be put in force against them.

By order, Ninian Pinkney, Clk.

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Resolved, That the Governor and Council be and they are hereby authorised and empowered, in all cases of debts due to this State, where judgments have been obtained, and the defendants are subject to execution, upon applica tion being made to them, and fully satisfied that the said debt, for which an indulgence is prayed, is well and sufficiently secured, and upon such applicant paying six per cent. interest and all costs due thereon, to stay any further proceedings against such debtors until the first day of January eighteen hun-dred and fourteen: And the said debtors to the state, against whom judgments are obtained for principal and fifteen per cent. interest, are hereby released from nine per cent, of the said interest apon their making payment of the principal and six per cent. interest, and costs, on or before the first day of January eighteen hundred and fourteen; pro vided, that any judgments upon which proceedings may be stayed as aforesaid, shall continue and remain in full force, and executions may be issued thereon at any time after the expiration of such stay.

By order, Upton S. Reid, Clk. By the Senate, Dec. 18, 1812: Read the first time and ordered to lie on the table. By order, Thos. Rogers, Cik. 3 by the Senate, Dec. 24, 1812: Read the second time and assented to.
By order, Thos. Rogers, Clk.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery, of Maryland, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Tuesday the 30th inst. if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, on the premises,

ALL the right, title and interest, of the heirs of Richard Ward, deceased, in and to the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit : Good Luck, part of His Lordship's Favour, and part of Clare's Hundreds, or such parts thereof, whereof Richard Ward died seized This land lies in Calvert county, on the head waters of Fishing creek, within one mile of the bay, contains about 138 acres, with a great proportion of ex-cellent meadow land already prepared, and much more may be made at a small expense. There are on this land a good comfortable dwelling-house, and every other necessary out-house, a good tobacco-house, and an excellent apple orchard, with a great proportion of woodland and some valuable timber. particularly ash. Those inclined to purhase are invited to view the premises The terms of sale are, that the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond with security, to be approved by the trustee, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale, and on the ratification of the sale by the chancellorand on the payment of the whole purchase money, and not before, the trustee will convey to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs, the land to him. her or them sold, free and clear from all claims whatever of the heirs of the said Richard Ward, deceased, and of

each and every of them.

PETER EMERSON, Trustee.

Harch 4, 1813.

ts.

The subscriber WANTS TO PURCHASE

100 Good Locust Posts, not less than 7 feet long, to square 5 inches at the smallest end; likewise 400 Sawed Chesnut Rails 3 inches by 4 and 10 feet long. A liberal price will be given for them delivered at Annapolis.

JOHN SHAW.

March 4, 1813.

NOTICE.

To Owners and Shippers of Tobacco from Taylor's Landing Ware-House. The outage on each hogshead is one dollar for the first year, and four cents per month on each hogshead till de-

manded; therefore, it is expected that the outage and rent will be sent with the notes (and orders when demanded,)
as no hogshead will be delivered without the charges being gaid.
DAVID STUART, Inspector

at Taylore Landing ware-house. N. B. I will sell at private sale four valuable YOUNG NEGROES, throe men and a girl, the eldest man 20; the youngest 12. For terms apply to the subscriber living near Queen-Anne, Anne Arundel county D. 8.

In Conneil, 2 16

Anapolis, January 13, 1813.
ORDERED: That the act, antitled.
An act to aller and repeal such parts of the constitution and farm of government of this state as relate to the division of Allegany county into election districts? and the act, entitled. "An act to alter, change and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as relate to the division of Prince-George's county into election districts," he published buch in each week, for three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the Federal Gazette and the American, Baltimore; the People's Monitor, Easton; the Federal Republican, George-town Molsheimer's German Paper, and the Frederick town & Hagar's town Gazetts and Maryland Herald, Hagar's town.

NINIAN PINKNEY, CIL

ANACT

To alter and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as relate to the division of Allegany county into elec-

Whereas, it has been represented to this general assembly, that great inconvenience has been experienced for the want of two additional districts in Allegany county, for remedy whereof

Be it enocted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all that part of the constitution and form of government, made such by the act of seventeen hundred and ninety-eight and seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, which directs that Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts, be and the same is hereby re-

And be it enacted, That Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into eight separate districts.

And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, in such case this act and the alteration in the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part and shall constitute and be valid as a part of the said constitution and form of government to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstand-

To alter, change and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as relate to the division of Prince-George's counto into election distracts.

Whereas, it is represented to this general assembly of Maryland, by petition of sundry inhabitants of Prince-George's county, that they experience great inconvenience for want of a sixth district in said county and praying an alteration in the second, third and fifth districts, so as to admit a sixth between them, and the prayer of the petitioners appearing reasonable, therefore,

Be it enacted, by the general assem-bly of Maryland, That all that part of the constitution and form of government, made such by the act of seventeen hundred and ninety-eight, which directs that Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, be and the same is hereby renealed.

And be it enacted. That Prince-George's county shall be divided into six separate districts, and that the addi-tional district shall be laid off adjoining and between the second, third and fifth

And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly of Maryland, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs. in such case the act, and the alterations herein contained, shall constitute and be considered as part of said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstand-

For Sale & Hire,

A parcel of likely, healthy Men, Women, & Children; on application to the subscriber the terms will be made known. I want a sober, diligent man to superintend my business, one that can come well recommended for his honesty and sobriety will meet with proper encouragement, but he must be a man that will carry sufficient authority, or it will be needless so apply. He must also bring a character from a man of veracity, or otherwise it will be u cless to apply a characters, such as are goodally brought, will not be attended to. A parcel of likely, healthy Men, Women, &

City Bank of Baltimore.

Books for receiving subscriptions for stock in the City Bank of Baltimore, will be opened for 1200 shares for Calvert county, on the first Monday in April, at Prince-Frederick-town, in said March 4.

This is to give notice,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of the Rev. John W. Compron, late of said county, decrased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are requested to present them to the subscriber, legally authen-ticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment to.
Thomlas Sellman, Adm'r.