

Oleans. This petition was referred to the committee on the 11th inst. but the committee to whom referred did not report thereon. Referred to the committee of claims.

Clay, (Speaker) presented the petition of M. Platt of the Illinois territory, stating that the election of Mr. Shadrack Bond, was fair, and praying that there may be an election ordered. Referred to the committee on elections.

On the 11th inst. the committee on enrolled Bills reported to be appointed. Adjourned, 12 o'clock.

Thursday, Nov. 12. The committee on Naval Affairs reported a resolution for giving to Capt. Hull a Gold Medal, in testimony of the capture of the Guerriere British frigate. [This resolution is similar to the one offered a few days ago by Mr. Dawson.] Referred to a committee of the whole house and made the order of the day for Monday next, and ordered to be printed.

Seybert offered the following: Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inquire into the expediency of continuing the mint at Philadelphia, and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted. Committee of three ordered. Adjourned.

Friday, Nov. 13. Mitchell, presented the petition of George Lyon, an assistant clerk in the Patent Office, praying compensation for services. Referred to committee of claims.

Seybert, from the committee appointed to inquire into the expediency of continuing the mint at Philadelphia, read twice a bill to continue the mint at Philadelphia. Read twice and referred to a committee of the whole house. Adjourned.

A message in writing was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Cass Secretary. This message communicated the correspondence between Mr. Russell and Castlereagh, on the subject of the suspension of hostilities between the two countries.

From this correspondence it appears, that the government did not think proper to accede to the terms proposed, and Mr. Russell is the only alternative now left, is a resumption of the war.

Wright after some prefatory observations, relative to injuries done us by the French, offered the following: Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inquire into the expediency of continuing the mint at Philadelphia. Read twice and referred to a committee of the whole house. Adjourned.

THE WAR. From the N. Intelligencer of Saturday. An important message was transmitted to the President yesterday by the President of U. S. will be found in our subsequent columns. A perusal of the Documents enclosed will see how little reason there is to hope for any satisfactory result to the pro overtures made by our government through the accredited agent in England.

His Royal Highness commands me to express to you his regret that he cannot perceive any substantial difference between the proposition for suspension of hostilities which you are now directed to make, and that which was contained in your letter of the 24th of August last. The form of the proposed arrangement, it is true, is different; but it appears to aim at executing the same purpose in a more covert, and therefore, in a more objectionable manner.

You are now directed to require, as preliminary to a suspension of hostilities, a clear and distinct understanding, without, however, requiring it to be formal on all the points referred to in your former proposition.

It is obvious that were this proposal acceded to, the discussion on the several points must substantially precede the understanding required. This course of proceeding, as bearing on the face of it a character of disguise, is not only felt to be in principle inadmissible, but as unlikely to lead in practice to any advantageous result: as it does not appear on the important subject of impressment that you are either authorized to propose any specific plan with reference to which the suspension of that practice could be made a subject of deliberation, or that you have received any instructions for the guidance of your conduct on some of the leading principles which such a discussion must in the first instance involve.

Under these circumstances the Prince Regent sincerely laments that he does not feel himself enabled to depart from the decision, which I was directed to convey to you in my letter of the 2d instant.

I have the honor to be, sir, your most obedient servant. CASTLEREAGH. Jonathan Russell, esq. &c.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 12. From Manlius, Nov. 3. The militia corps on the lines have dwindled and are dwindling to mere skeletons—some of the companies containing a less number of privates than officers. The rifle corps from this county is reduced by sickness, prisoners to the British, &c. to less than the complement of a company—and Maj. Moseley has in consequence returned home.

NEWS EXPECTED. Late information from the northern border notices that the army of Gen. Bloomfield amounting to 8000 regulars and militia, had moved from Plattsburg to Champlain a town on the frontier. It is said that the operations against the enemy would commence about the first of November. If this be correct, news of importance may shortly be expected from that quarter.

From the West. At the date of our last advices from the Niagara, the principal part of the forces on that frontier had been concentrated at Buffalo and Black Rock, and a speedy attack on the opposite side was expected. Col. Stranahan who is returning home on parole, and who passed through this village to day, states that the number of troops on that station is 6500, and that 4000 of them are of the regular army.

GEN. VAN RENSALEER. By recent accounts from an indisputable quarter, we are proud in acknowledging the deed of praise which is due to the veteran Van Rensselaer. It appears that every thing had been arranged by him previous to the battle of Queenston which human skill and foresight could accomplish. When after the first detachment had crossed and had engaged the enemy, the most intrepid efforts were made to give them relief and succor; his voice and personal attendance were heard and seen in spots of the most imminent danger; he strove as if against the torrent; his compulsory eloquence could not remove the headstrong reluctance of the militia; he pointed to the field of glory; he urged them to revenge their fallen countrymen; he begged them to save themselves from everlasting mortification & disgrace. His voice was drowned in murmurs of discontent and disaffection, they refused to cross, they refused to rescue their comrades from death! Ever honored be the memory of the patriotic general. "It was not in his power to command success—he has done more—he has deserved."

New-Hampshire has done her duty. She has elected her list of peace representatives to congress, and electors for president by a majority rising THREE THOUSAND votes! [Bost. paper.]

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE. Trenton, Nov. 9, 1812. Both houses went into joint meeting for the appointment of officers on Thursday forenoon.

The following gentlemen were appointed Electors of President and Vice President of the U. States. Matthew Wilden of Cape May. Wm. B. Ewing of Cumberland. Franklin Davenport of Gloucester. Jacob Lofey of Morris. Elias Conover of Monmouth. William McGill of Hunterdon. Andrew Howell of Somerset. Jonas Wade of Essex. Aaron D. Woodruff, esq. Att. Gen. James Sloan, esq. formerly member of Congress, was appointed President of the Grand Bank.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 12. Copy of a letter received yesterday by the Secretary of the Navy from Commodore Rodgers: U. S. Frigate President, } At Sea, Oct. 17, 1812. }

SIR—I have the honor to acquaint you that on the 15th inst. near the Grand Bank, this ship, the Congress in company, captured the British King's Packet Swallow, Joseph Mopbew, commander, bound from Kingston, Jamaica, to Falmouth. The rank of the commander of this vessel, is that of a master and commander in the navy. She had no cargo in except 81 boxes of gold and silver amounting to between one hundred and fifty and two hundred thousand dollars. The specie I took out of her, and had intended sending her to England in the character of a cartel, with her own crew. Having fallen in at this moment, however, with the American schooner Eleanor, bound from Baltimore to France, dismasted, induced me to change my first determination, and instead of sending her to England have sent her to the U. States in charge of the master and crew of the before mentioned schooner, who at the moment of sailing this have charge of the Swallow, with the schooner in tow, but which, as soon as the weather will permit, they intend abandoning after having taken her cargo on board the Swallow.

I parted company with the U. States and Argus five days since; they are not however far from me at present, I apprehend.

We have not seen a single British vessel of war as yet, except one frigate, which the want of wind and the approach of night prevented our chasing with any effect; although from information afterwards received we must have passed very near a Squadron of five frigates the evening preceding that on which we saw the one before mentioned.

I have the honor to be, With the greatest respect, Sir, Your obedient servant, JOHN RODGERS. Hon. Paul Hamilton.

ALBANY, NOV. 2. This day, at 4 o'clock, the legislature of this state made choice of the following gentlemen as electors of President and Vice President of the U. States. We congratulate the citizens of the U. States on this auspicious event, which will we doubt not, secure to them the election of a chief magistrate capable of maintaining their rights and character in war, promoting their liberty, happiness and prosperity in peace. It is needless to add, that every man, on the following Ticket, is Republican, and will vote for DE WITT CLINTON.

- Electors of President and Vice President of the U. States, for the State of New-York for 1812.
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| Jos. C. Yates of Schenectady | Schenectady |
| Simeon De Witt of Albany | Albany |
| Archibald McIntire of Albany | Albany |
| John C. Hogeboom of Columbia | Columbia |
| G. S. Mumford of New-York | New-York |
| Jacob Delamontagne of Westchester | Westchester |
| P. Van Cortlandt of Orange | Orange |
| John Chandler of Oneida | Oneida |
| Henry Huntington of Albany | Albany |
| John Woodworth of Schenectady | Schenectady |
| David Boyd of Kings | Kings |
| Cor's Bergen of Richmond | Richmond |
| Joseph Perine of Orange | Orange |
| C. Belknap of Ulster | Ulster |
| John Dill of Dutchess | Dutchess |
| David Van Nestr of Columbia | Columbia |
| Robert Jenkins of Rensselaer | Rensselaer |
| M. S. Vandercook of Saratoga | Saratoga |
| Geo. Palmer, Jr. of Washington | Washington |
| James Hill of Essex | Essex |
| Wm. Kirby of Montgomery | Montgomery |
| H. Frey Yates of Madison | Madison |
| Thos. H. Hubbard of Otsego | Otsego |
| John Russell of Oneida | Oneida |
| James S. Kip of Cayuga | Cayuga |
| Jotham Jayne of Onondaga | Onondaga |
| Jona. Stanly, jr. of Ontario | Ontario |
| Wm. Burnett of Herkimer | Herkimer |
| Geo. Rosencrantz, | |

SALEM, NOV. 6. The Voice of Massachusetts is for Peace. We published our last paper under uncommon sensations of pleasure, on account of the triumph of the friends of peace and good principles in this Gerymander district, formed by their opponents while they possessed the legislative power of the state, with a view to secure themselves in the senate and control the congressional election.

But we did not then anticipate half the good tidings we have since received. Even Maine as well as all those portions of old Massachusetts in which the war hawks felt their greatest strength, have yielded to their evidence before them, of the speedy ruin of the country under the Madisonians, and have turned their votes against them. We can now announce the following elections as certain: viz.

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| Timothy Pickering, Essex North. | |
| William Reed, Essex South. | |
| Artemas Ward, Suffolk. | |
| Nathaniel Ruggles, Norfolk. | |
| Elijah Brigham, Worcester South. | |
| Abijah Bigelow, Worcester North. | |
| William Ely, Hampshire South. | |
| Saml. Taggart, Hampshire North. | |
| Daniel Dewey, Berkshire. | |

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| William Baylies, Plymouth. | |
| John Reed, Barnstable. | |
| Laban Wheaton, Bristol. | |
| Cyrus King, First Eastern. | |
| George Bradbury, Second do. | |
| Samuel Davis, Third do. | |
| Joseph Head, Fourth do. | |
| Thomas Rice, Fifth do. | |

These make 17 Peace Members elected, leaving 3 still doubtful—and this in spite of the districts being formed with great care so as to secure a large majority of Madisonians, or War Hawks!

Those who have heretofore supported the present administration, are many of them either doubtful of the course they are pursuing, or convinced it is absolutely wrong, and therefore have either withheld their votes now or given them against them. This was strikingly the case in Haverhill, where the democrats, and even some who had been the most zealous, came to the meeting, and refused to vote, saying they were satisfied all was not right with our government. Those who did vote for the war candidate, appeared to do it under a kind of compulsion, and with great reluctance.

Essex North District Returns.

	Pickering.	Others.
Newburyport	525	34
Salisbury	112	4
Newbury	285	5
Topsfield	82	5
Hamilton	78	0
Gloucester	263	0
Wenham	53	8
Roxford	110	3

So much respected is the hon. Mr. Pickering, in this district, that the war party appeared to make no systematic opposition to him; in one town they voted for Kilham, in another for Pearce, in another for Little, and so on. A letter from Hamilton says—"The number of votes given in this town were 78, and were all for Mr. Pickering. Several of the democrats voted with the federalists for Mr. P. the rest declined voting." In Norfolk district, the democratic majority last April was 636; the peace majority now is 468.

In Plymouth district, there was a small democratic majority in April; the peace majority is now 974.

Similar changes have taken place in most or all of the other districts.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 8. LATE FROM ENGLAND. On Saturday, the very fast sailing ship Lark capt. Hutchinson, arrived at this port from Plymouth, England, which place she left on the 30th September last, which is 25 days later than our former advices.

By this arrival, the Editors of the New-York Gazette have received thro' the attention and politeness of Mr. Russell, late our Charge d'Affairs at the Court of London, a file of the Times down to the 28th of September inclusive. They contain but little news, as will appear by the subsequent Extracts.

Accounts from Malta and Gibraltar, state, that Admiral Freemantle had been sent up the Adriatic, and had arrived at Lissa, having with him about 6,000 men. The object was not known—perhaps as a mere diversion.

From the Despatches from Sir Wm. Bentinck, it appears that Sicily is about becoming an ally of England.

The French army, it is stated in a Paris paper, were on their march from Smolensk towards Moscow. The enemy they say, continue to retreat.

The battle of Salamanca had produced a great accession of recruits from the Portuguese peasantry, who had come forward with renewed alacrity. Provisions were more abundant.

The Proclamation (says the Times, of the 26th of September) for the Dissolution of Parliament, it is stated, will appear in the Gazette of Tuesday evening.

Major Generals Wheatley and Hulse, both died lately in Portugal.

The official account of the taking of Seville, appears in the London Gazette of the 22d September. The loss was very trifling. The place was defended by eight French battalions of infantry, and two regiments of cavalry.

About 70 of the fleet from the Baltic, had arrived at Gottenburgh, with loss of anchors, &c.

On the 18th September a person belonging to the suite of Mr. Foster, arrived at London with despatches from Washington. He left Halifax in the Gleaner on the 26th of Oct. It is remarked on his arrival, that the revocation of the Orders in council had produced little or no effect here; and it was not supposed that any alteration would take place until Mr. Madison was out of power.

The 15th French bulletin says, "At the battles of Smolensk & Valontina, the enemy lost 20 Generals killed, taken or wounded, and a very great number of Officers. The number of men killed, taken or wounded on these occasions, may amount to from 25, to 30,000 men."

Other accounts say the Russians were victorious, the French having lost 12,000 men. The 16th bulletin of the French army, is dated Vienna, August 31st—to which place the Emperor's head quarters were removed on the 30th. It states that the people of the

country are retreating to Moscow, that there had already crowded into that city a million and a half of souls; and that Gen. Kutsof, who had been appointed Commander in Chief of the Russian armies, took the command on the 28th.

The seventeenth French bulletin of the Grand army dated at Ghijst, Sept 3, is filled with unimportant details of military operations. It states that, "potatoes, pulse and cabbages, grow there in abundance, and the granaries are all full." The bulletin adds, "the enemy is employed in forming an entrenched camp, in front of Mojskik, and has established lines before Moscow."

The price of grain in England is stated to be falling rapidly.

The Star of the 21st Sept. contains letters and extracts from papers from N. York to the 14th and from Washington to the 9th of Aug. The editor observes, that "if America insists on free ships making free goods, there is not the slightest prospect of a speedy termination of hostilities." At this time it was known in England, that the revocation of the Orders in Council had not the desired effect. Copious remarks on this subject appear.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21. On the morning of the 10th inst. a company of Voyageurs, consisting of 45 men, were surprised at St. Regis and taken prisoners, after having 3 killed, 4 wounded, and 7 escaping. The company was commanded by capt. McDonnell, and among the killed was ensign Rotte. Upwards of 400 American prisoners taken at Queenston, have arrived here.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 14. IMPORTANT & PLEASING RUMOR. We stop the press to announce, that capt. Green, just arrived in 24 hours from Albany states that previous to his leaving Albany it was reported that an express had arrived with accounts of the capture of Fort George, Queenston and Fort Erie, by Gen. Smyth; and Malden, by Gen. Harrison.

OHIO. The editor of the "Trump of Fame," a warm Madisonian paper, printed at Warren, Trumbull county, Ohio, expresses himself doubtfully with respect to the choice of electors in that state.

THE CHRONICLE, OR AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF HISTORY, POLITICS AND LITERATURE. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC. By JOHN E. HALL, late of Baltimore, assisted by several men of letters. This work will be devoted to the following subjects: 1. An Annual History of Europe—2. A Congressional History of the United States, with occasional notices of important proceedings in the State Legislature—3. Public Documents—4. A Register of Remarkable Occurrences—5. Biographical Sketches of persons distinguished at the Bar or in the Pulpit, in the Closet or the Field—6. Proceedings of learned Societies, at home and abroad—7. An Annual History of Literature, foreign and domestic—8. Essays on Miscellaneous Topics and Poetical Effusions—9. Statistical Reports. Price six dollars per annum—To be published in four quarterly numbers. Subscriptions received by Geo. Shaw, & Co.

Public Sale. By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to public sale, on the premises of the late Thomas Robinson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, on the north side of Severn, on Tuesday the 15th day of December next, the following property. One Wood Flat, two Bateau's, Sails and Rigging of a Schooner; also some Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and Stock of Horses and Sheep, and several other articles too tedious to mention. The foregoing property will be sold on a credit of six months for all sums over twenty dollars, under that sum the cash to be paid. Bond and security will be required, with interest from the day of sale. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter. Elizabeth Robinson, } Admra. Charles Robinson, } Nov. 19, 1812. 37.

Adjutant General's Office, ANNAPOLIS, NOV. 7, 1812. The commander in chief of the militia of Maryland, accepts the services of the following officers of cavalry, who have patriotically volunteered as part of the quota of this state, required by the general government. Col. Frisby Tilghman, to command the first regiment; Col. Edward Lloyd, to command the second; Major Charles S. Ridgely and Major Otho H. Williams, attached to Colonel Tilghman's regiment; Major William B. Barney and Major Adams Whann, attached to Colonel Lloyd's regiment. By order, Jno. Gasaway, A. G.

NOTICE. THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Calvert county court, or some one of the Judges thereof in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto. 2 WILLIAM JAMES, Nov. 12, 1812.