

From the National Intelligencer.
GEN. HULL'S DESPATCHES.
Copies of Letters from Brigadier General Hull to the department of War, accompanying the despatch published in our last.

SANDWICH, 7th Aug. 1812.
 SIR—On the 4th inst. Major Van Horn of Col. Findley's Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, was detached from this army, with the command of 200 men principally riflemen, to proceed to the river Raisin, and further, if necessary, to meet and reinforce Capt. Brush of the state of Ohio, commanding a company of volunteers, and escorting provisions for this army. At Brownstown a large body of Indians had formed an ambuscade, and the Major's detachment received a heavy fire, at the distance of fifty yards from the enemy. The whole detachment retreated in disorder. Major Vanhorn made every exertion to form and prevent the retreat, that was possible for a brave and gallant officer, but without success. By the return of killed and wounded, it will be perceived, that the loss of officers was uncommonly great. Their efforts to rally their companies was the occasion of it.
 I am, very respectfully,
 Your most obedient servant,
 W. HULL.

Hon. Wm. Eustis, Sec. &c. &c.
REPORT OF KILLED IN Major VAN HORN'S DEFEAT.

Captain Gilchrist	1
Captain Ullery	1
Capt. McCullough of the Spies	1
Capt. Berstler severely wounded, and not expected to recover (since dead)	1
Lieut. Pentz	2
Ensigns Roby and Allison	10
10 privates	

Total lost 17
 Number of wounded, as yet unknown.
 Detroit, 13th Aug. 1812.

SIR—The main body of the army having recrossed the river at Detroit, on the night and morning of the 8th inst. six hundred men were immediately detached under the command of Lieut. Col. Miller, to open the communication to the river Raisin, and to protect the provisions, which were under the escort of Capt. Brush. This detachment consisted of the 4th U. States Regiment, and two small detachments under the command of Lieut. Stanbury and ensign McLabe of the 1st regiment; detachments from the Ohio and Michigan Volunteers, a corps of artillery with 1 six pounder and a howitzer under the command of lieutenant Eastman, and a part of captains Smith and Sloan's cavalry commanded by captain Sloan of the Ohio Volunteers. Lieut. Col. Miller marched from Detroit on the afternoon of the 8th inst. and on the 9th about 4 o'clock P. M. the van guard, commanded by Captain Snelling of the 4th United States' regiment, was fired on by an extensive line of British troops and Indians at the lower part of Maguago about fourteen miles from Detroit. At this time the main body was marching in two columns, and captain Snelling maintained his position in a most gallant manner, under a very heavy fire, until the line was formed and advanced to the ground he occupied, when the whole excepting the rear guard was brought into action. The enemy were formed behind a temporary breast work of logs, the Indians extending in a thick wood on their left. Lieutenant-colonel Miller ordered his whole line to advance, and when within a small distance of the enemy made a general discharge, and proceeded with charged bayonets, when the whole British line and Indians commenced a retreat. They were pursued in a most vigorous manner about two miles, and the pursuit discontinued only on account of the fatigue of the troops, the approach of evening, and the necessity of returning to take care of the wounded. The judicious arrangements made by Lieut. Col. Miller, and the gallant manner in which they were executed, justly entitle him to the highest honor. From the moment the line commenced the fire, it continually moved on, and the enemy maintained the position until forced at the point of the bayonet. The Indians on the left under the command of Tecumseh, fought with great obliquity, but were continually forced and compelled to retreat. The victory was complete in every part of the line, and the success would have been more brilliant had the cavalry charged the enemy on the retreat, when a most favorable opportunity presented. Although orders were given for the purpose, unfortunately they were not executed. Major Van Horn and Morrison, of the Ohio Volunteers were associated with Lieut. colonel Miller, as field officers in this command, and were highly distinguished by their exertions in forming the line, and the firm and intrepid manner they led their respective commands to action.

Capt. Baker of the 1st U. States' regiment, captain Brevort of the second, and captain Hull of the 13th, my aid-de-camp, and Lieut. Whittier of the 1st, requested permission to join the detachment as volunteers. Lieut. col. Miller assigned commands to Capt. Baker and Lt. Whittier, and capt. Brevort and capt. Hull, at his request, attended his person and aided him in the general arrangements. Lt. col. Miller has mentioned capt. Burton and Fuller of the 4th regiment, capt. Saunders

and Brown of the Ohio volunteers, and capt. Delandre of the Michigan volunteers, who were attached to his command—and distinguished by their valor. It is impossible for me in this communication to do justice to the officers and soldiers who gained the victory which I have described. They have acquired high honour to themselves and are justly entitled to the gratitude of their country.

Maj. Muir of the 41st reg. commanded the British in this action. The regulars and volunteers consisted of about 400, and a larger number of Indians. Maj. Muir and 2 subalterns were wounded, one of them since dead. About 40 Indians were found dead on the field, and Tecumseh their leader was slightly wounded. The number of wounded Indians who escaped has not been ascertained. Four of Maj. Muir's detachment have been made prisoners, and 15 of the 41st reg. killed and wounded. The militia and volunteers attached to his command were in the severest part of the action, and their loss must have been great; it has not yet been ascertained.

I have the honour to be,
 Your most obedient servant,
 WM. HULL, Brig. Gen.
 Commanding N. W. Army.
 Hon. William Eustis,
 Secretary of War.

Return of killed and wounded in the action fought near Maguago, Aug. 9, 1812.
 4th U. S. regiment, 10 non-commissioned officers and privates killed, and 45 wounded; capt. Baker of the 1st reg. of infantry; Lt. Larabee of the 4th; Lt. Peters of the 4th; ensign Whittier of the 17th, doing duty in the 4th; Lt. Silly, and an ensign, whose name has not been returned to me, were wounded.
 In the Ohio and Michigan volunteers, 8 were killed and 12 wounded.
 WILLIAM HULL.

Annapolis Races.
 The Jockey Club Purse of about Three Hundred Dollars, will be run for over the Annapolis course, on Tuesday the 20th October next—Heats four miles each.
 On Wednesday the 21st, a Purse of about One hundred and Fifty Dollars, will be run for—Heats two miles each.
 September 17. 3w.

To the Editors of the Whig.
 Gentlemen,
 In obedience to a resolution of the Senate, I send you a copy of a bill which was under the consideration of the General Assembly of Maryland at November session 1811, but which did not become a law, with a request that you publish the same twice a week for the space of two weeks.
 THOS. ROGERS,
 Clerk of Senate.

AN ACT
To incorporate a company to make a turnpike road leading to Cumberland, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks in the city of Baltimore, and for other purposes.
 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That a company shall be incorporated for making a turnpike road commencing at some point to be determined on by commissioners herein after mentioned, on the west branch of Big Conococheague, thence on to Hancock and thence on to Cumberland in Allegany county, pursuing as near as practicable the route as located by Messrs. Moor & Williams.

And be it enacted, That the stockholders in said company shall be, and they are hereby incorporated and constituted a body politic, by the name of the President, Managers and Company of the Cumberland Turnpike Road, and by the same name the said subscribers and their successors, shall have succession during the continuance of this incorporation, and shall be and hereby are invested and clothed with all and singular the privileges, rights, immunities and advantages held, used and possessed by the several turnpike companies incorporated by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and four, chapter fifty-one, entitled, "An act to incorporate companies to make several turnpike roads through Baltimore county and for other purposes," to be governed by the several regulations and restrictions as are therein, entitled to the same tolls, adopting the same times and periods as to the election of their managers, president and officers.
 For the purpose of raising a fund to complete said road, Be it enacted that the charters of the several banks now established in the city of Baltimore, shall be and hereby are extended to the first day of January eighteen hundred and thirty five, upon condition of their subscribing for as much stock as will raise a fund necessary and sufficient to finish and complete the said road, each bank subscribing in proportion to the amount of capital actually employed, subscribed-up, or in operation by them, and to be paid or advanced in due proportion to the amount by each bank subscribed, in such periods and at such times as the same may be wanted, and any increase of capital made by any of the said banks shall at all succeeding payments thereafter, be taken into consideration and be considered as a part of the capital contemplated under the act.

And be it enacted, That as soon as the stock aforesaid shall have been subscribed, or an amount sufficient to commence with, that then the president and directors of each of the several banks so subscribing, shall choose one manager out of the stockholders in their respective banks for every twenty-five thousand dollars worth of stock by them subscribed, leaving however to each bank one manager should its proportion of stock not amount to that sum; and said managers shall choose from among themselves a president, and the said president and managers, or a majority of them, shall appoint a treasurer, and such other officers as may be deemed necessary, and shall hold their places until their annual election on the first Monday in October thereafter.

And be it enacted, That in no place shall this road rise or fall more than will form an angle of five degrees with an horizontal line.
 And be it enacted, That if the before mentioned company shall not proceed to carry on the said work within eighteen months from the passage of this act, and shall not complete the same in six years thereafter, the right of the said company to the said road shall revert to the state, and this act shall cease to operate and have effect.

And be it enacted, That the said banks in the city of Baltimore, before this act shall be considered in operation and enuring to continue the said charters, shall elect and bind themselves to pay into the treasury of the Western Shore, the sum of seven thousand dollars for each and every year during the continuance of their respective charters as aforesaid under this law, the sum so as aforesaid to be paid by the said banks, shall be in proportion to their respective capitals actually paid or to be paid in, and which sums as aforesaid shall be and they are hereby pledged as a fund for the purpose of supporting county schools.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the treasurer of the Western Shore to demand of the said banks their respective quota of the said sum on the first day of January in each and every year during the continuance of this act after the first day of January eighteen hundred and sixteen.

And be it enacted, That if the banks aforesaid shall comply with the terms herein as aforesaid provided, by reason whereof the said charters of the said banks shall be revived as aforesaid, that then and in such case all the banks in this state, without the city of Baltimore, now incorporated and all banks that may be incorporated during this session of the General Assembly, whose charters may or shall expire with the session of the General Assembly which shall be in the year eighteen hundred and fifteen, or the end of the session of the next General Assembly that shall happen hereafter, shall be, and the same are hereby continued until the year eighteen hundred and thirty-five, and the end of the next General Assembly that shall be thereafter.

And be it enacted, That James M. Lingan and Upton Beall of Montgomery county, and two other persons to be designated and selected by the directors of the company created by this act, shall be commissioners to select and agree on the point from which the said road shall commence as aforesaid, and if the said commissioners so as aforesaid appointed cannot agree, that then and in such case the said persons shall proceed to select some other fit and proper persons to aid and assist them in the selection of the point from which the said road shall commence, and if they or a majority of them cannot agree to the choice of such person, then and in that case the said persons or a majority of them shall proceed to draw lots for such persons, and that if the said James M. Lingan or Upton Beall, or either of them, shall depart this life, or refuse to act, that then it shall be lawful for the directors of the Potomac Company for the time being to fill up such vacancy, who shall be vested with all the powers which the said Lingan and Beall are hereby vested with.

The editors of the American, Sun and Federal Gazette in Baltimore; of the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette at Annapolis; of Bartgis's paper at Fredericktown; of the Maryland Herald at Hagerstown; of the National Intelligencer at Washington City; and of the Star at Easton, are requested to publish the above agreeably to the above direction, and to forward their accounts for settlement to the Committee of Claims at the next session of the legislature.
 T. R.
 Sept. 11. 4t.

Wanted,
TO HIRE OR PURCHASE,
 A good plain Cook—Apply at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.
 September 10. 4 tf.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,
 21st September, 1812.
 The president and directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of 4 per cent. on the stock of said bank, for six months ending the 1st, and payable on or after Monday the fifth, of October next, to stockholders on the western shore at the bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the Eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple orders.
 By order, Jona. Pinkney, Cashier.

To the Voters
Of Anne-Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.

The subscriber begs leave respectfully to announce to the voters of the city of Annapolis and Anne-Arundel county, that he is a candidate for the office of sheriff at the ensuing election, and flatters himself, if elected, that he will be able to give general satisfaction in the execution of the various duties connected with that office.
 J. WELCH, of Ben. tf.
 April 20, 1812.

To the Voters
Of Anne-Arundel County, and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,
 You are hereby respectfully informed that I offer myself a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election of sheriff. I flatter myself that you will continue to me the support that you generously manifested at the late election, in consequence of which I am now in the office, the gentleman returned first on the then poll having resigned.
 I undertook it, gentlemen, under circumstances of considerable difficulty, and flatter myself that my endeavours to give general satisfaction have not been altogether unavailing. Continue to me your confidence and support, and depend upon it that every exertion shall be made on my part to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and every degree of indulgence, that shall comport with justice.
 I am, Gentlemen,
 Your obedient servant,
 SOLOMON GROVES. tf.
 May 7, 1812.

By His Excellency ROBERT BOWIE,
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Executive of the State of Pennsylvania hath lately demanded of the Executive of Maryland, Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, as fugitives from justice, alleged to be at large in the State of Maryland; and hath transmitted an affidavit, dated the nineteenth ultimo, charging said Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, with felony in kidnapping three negroes from the city of Philadelphia, viz. Solomon Luff, Richard Bailey and Gabriel Jackson. I have therefore issued this my Proclamation, authorizing & enjoining it on all civil officers, and other citizens of this State, to arrest and commit said Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, to the goal of the county in which they may be found, and to give notice thereof to the Governor and Council of this state, in order that the Executive of Pennsylvania may be duly notified of the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, this third day of August, eighteen hundred and twelve.
 ROBERT BOWIE.
 By his Excellency's command,
 NINIAN PINKNEY,
 Clerk of the Council.
 ORDERED, That the above Proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American, and Federal Gazette at Baltimore; the Republican Gazette at Fredericktown; and the Maryland Herald at Hagerstown, the National Intelligencer at Washington, and the Star at Easton.
 By order, NINIAN PINKNEY,
 Clerk of the Council.
 August 13, 1812. 8t.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That an Election will be held in the several election Districts of Anne-Arundel county, on the first Monday in October next, for four Delegates to represent the said county in the General Assembly of Maryland. And as the places an Election this state in the Congress of the United States, and for a Sheriff for Anne-Arundel County aforesaid. And on the second Monday of November next, an election will be held at the several election districts aforesaid, for two electors of President and Vice President of the United States.
 Solomon Groves, Shff. A. A. C.
 Sept. 17. 3.

Wanted
TO HIRE, BY THE YEAR,
 A negro woman, who can come well recommended as a washerwoman. For such an one liberal wages will be given. Apply at the Maryland Gazette Office.
 Sept. 17. tf.

To be Rented,
 That elegant situation, opposite to the city of Annapolis, adjoining Fort Madison. It contains upwards of 300 acres of excellent land, with oyster shell banks of manure in each field; with three Negro Men. The convenience to one of the best markets, (for the seller,) in the state, is very great. Any person wishing to rent, may apply to Mr. Clements, at Annapolis, or the subscribers at Easton.
 David Kerr. tf.
 September 10, 1812.

THE
 LXIXth YEAR.
 PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
 BY
 JONAS GREEN,
 CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.
 Price—Two Dollars per Annum
 FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, AUG. 14.
 Buonaparte is said to have issued a proclamation announcing his intention of marching direct to Moscow. To this proclamation the Russians have replied by saying that he had to cut his way through a brave and determined army, zealous in the cause of country, and determined to defend it to the extremity. At Vitepsk they were defeated and there probably a battle has fought.
 A morning paper says—"we regret to be informed that a most calamitous destructive occurrence took place at Riga on the 25th ult. The garrison of the city is amounted to about 17000 men, and in contemplation of a visit from the enemy, the demolition of the suburbs was resolved on as a measure of self-defence. In the course of the night of the 25th, an alarm was given and intelligence communicated to the garrison of the arrival of the enemy within a distance from the town. The garrison immediately under arms, and the premeditated resolution of destroying the suburbs immediately carried into terrible execution. The parts intended to be demolished were fire to, and the flames raged with such force and spread with such rapidity, that the efforts of every effort to extinguish or their progress, above 2000 houses not comprehended in the suburbs were destroyed, horrible to add, 2000 persons are said to perished on the occasion. We trust this statement is greatly exaggerated.
 The following is a Russian official account of the attack made by the French on Riga.

REPORT—No 1.
 "On the 30th of last month, (July) 12 o'clock at noon, the enemy appeared the heights of the fortifications, about three wersts from Gate Kalennen. In order to discover the force of the enemy, I detached from the fort three squadrons of hussars, who killed two and took 12 prisoners the enemy picket guard, stationed on the heights. On our side there was none killed or wounded. It was understood that the prisoners, that the enemy's force consisted of two regiments of cavalry and two regiments of infantry, and that they carried with them small pieces of cannon, and belonged to the corps of Gen. Oudinot, and to the division of gen. Lagrange; but the other division, which amounted to 24,000, were expected to arrive the next day. They arrived, however, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, attacked bridges of the fortels higher up towards the hills, and continued the engagement in the evening till ten. Although the enemy made great exertions to penetrate into the fortels, he was constantly repelled by the fire from the battalions in reserve, and the flank discharge of artillery from the fortels of the vicinity. He, nevertheless, during the night by his sharpshooters this morning at break of day, the cannon was renewed. Yesterday, I am inclined to believe the loss of the enemy was considerably greater than our's, the exact amount of however, on account of the unceasing nature, I have not had time exactly to ascertain, of which I have had the honour to prize your excellency.
 "Major General ULANOV
 Commander of Duna

AUGUST 15.
OFFICIAL BULLETIN.
Horse Guards, Aug. 15, 1812.
 "A letter was this morning received from Sir Nicholas Trant, Major-General, at Aporto, 30th July, in which he mentions that Lord Clinton had been dispatched to the army on the 25th for Lisbon, with account of Lord Wellington having obtained a decided victory over marshal Marmont on the 22d of the same month.
 "The British army had arrived at the place, followed by the enemy. Lord Wellington seeing a favourable opportunity, his columns, and attacked with such success, that at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, as to obliterate the French to recross the Tormes in the confusion, and had not night come on, the whole of Marmont's army must have been destroyed. They lost 19 pieces of cannon, 7000 prisoners; Marmont's arm and Bonnet is said to be killed, four other generals wounded. The number of prisoners taken is said to be 10,000 by 14,000 men, but it is certain that