

that he would make application to judge... He took my real name & Graham's, and gone, I suppose, about two hours. When returned, he informed me, that he had a letter from the judge and the mayor to release me from the gaol as the mob would leave the gaol, and that he was directed by the mayor judge, to advise me to leave town as soon as possible, and I would be no further molested.

This was early in the afternoon—He left and I remained in dreadful suspense till night, when I began to suspect that my name was equal to that of the preceding night. I was however, called by the gaoler, to told me to put on my coat and follow him, saying the gaol was clear. The door of the prison was opened, and I followed him to a lobby or hall, in which I found a number of persons. This occasioned some apprehensions, which I communicated to the gaoler, who said that my fate depended on the moment, to go out through them would be dangerous; but, to remain in the prison would be to die.

OTHO SPRIGG.

Corporation of Frederickburg, to wit. Personally appeared before me, a magistrate the corporation aforesaid, Otho Sprigg, who made oath on the Holy Evangelists that the foregoing narrative is true. Given under my hand, at the corporation of Frederickburg, in the Commonwealth of Virginia, this 17th day of August, A. D. 1812.

GEO. W. B. SPOONER.

Virginia—Corporation of Frederickburg, to wit. Robert Smith Chew, clerk of the Corporation aforesaid, do hereby certify, that Geo. W. B. Spooner, gent, whose name is subscribed to the above certificate, was at the time of subscribing and still is, a magistrate in said corporation, and that full faith and credit is, and ought to be given to all his said deeds as such.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the seal of the said corporation, this 18th day of August, 1812, and in the thirty sixth year of the Commonwealth.

ROBERT S. CHEW, C. C. F.

MEETING IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

A numerous meeting of the Citizens of Montgomery County, composed of all political parties, held at Rockville, on the 15th of August, 1812, agreeably to public notice, for the purpose of taking into consideration the Late Outrageous Proceedings of the Mob in Baltimore, Col. RICHARD ANDERSON was unanimously called to the Chair—and ZADOCK LANHAM, appointed Secretary. When the following persons were appointed a committee to report Resolutions on the subject, to wit:—William Carroll, Colonel Thomas Fletchall, Robert P. Magruder, Major John H. Riggs, Major Wm. Worthington, Abraham Jones and Charles Evans, Esquires—who, after retiring, in a short time returned and reported the following Resolutions and Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, we live under a government of laws, which, if properly administered, can at all times maintain the peace of society, and afford protection to the rights of the citizen; and whereas, the constituted authorities of Baltimore have suffered a Lawless Mob to rise in their city at different times, and without provocation, to destroy the property of individuals, & at length assail their lives with unheard of circumstances of cruelty and barbarity; and whereas, by these outrageous proceedings a beloved citizen, General JAMES M. LINGAN, has been massacred, and the lives of many more put in extreme jeopardy—therefore,

Resolved, That we view with horror and indignation the lawless proceeding which have been carried on in Baltimore for the last six weeks against the Liberty of the Press, the Security of Person and Property, and every privilege which is assured by the social compact.

Resolved, That we regard the massacre committed upon our fellow citizens, who were placed in the prison of Baltimore for security, under the most solemn oaths and protestations of defence and protection from the civil and military authorities; as in the highest degree derogatory to civilized society, and a blot which cannot be effaced from the character of the Empire of the State.

Resolved, That by forbearing all interference for so long a period to restore the reign of the laws, and to afford to the citizens that security from injury, which is the direct and most essential end of government, the Executive of this State has justly incurred the loss of all confidence; and our Delegates to the next General Assembly, are hereby re-

solved, if they see proper, to promote an impartial investigation of the cause of this alarming apathy, to the end that it may be followed by the constitutional animadversion which may be found appropriate.

Resolved, That Mobs are the foes of a free government, which if at first disregarded, will immediately spread over the body politic, to the prostration of the laws and the inversion of society; and that we will ever hold ourselves pledged to use every exertion to prevent them from taking root in our land.

Resolved, That when the constituted authorities, through weakness or corruption, fail to give protection to the citizen, he has a right to protect himself by armed force, if necessary.

Resolved, That the LIBERTY OF SPEECH and of the PRESS, ought to be inviolably preserved.

Resolved, That the thanks of this assembly are due to ALEXANDER C. HANSON and his heroic companions, who with unexampled bravery and magnanimity risked their lives in defence of this palladium of our rights, this surest safeguard against the subversion of our constitution, and the establishment of tyranny on its ruins.

Resolved, That we feel penetrated with the deepest sorrow for the loss of our virtuous, brave, and patriotic fellow-citizen and friend, Gen. JAMES M. LINGAN, who will ever be remembered as the tender husband, the indulgent father, the honoured and beloved neighbour, the brave revolutionary hero, the magnanimous patriot, who loved his country better than his own life—

Resolved, That in testimony of our love and esteem for his numerous virtues, and in commemoration of the glorious cause in which he expired, a MONUMENT be erected to his Memory, and that a committee be appointed to superintend the raising of subscriptions, and to correspond with the committees appointed for the same purpose in other places.

Resolved, That we recommend to the citizens of Montgomery county to wear crepe on the left arm for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That we feel deeply impressed with sentiments of gratitude to that Overruling Providence, without whose superintending care those of our injured friends who survived that dreadful night, could never have been preserved, amidst the dangers and cruelties to which they were exposed.

Resolved, That Charles Galloway, Col. Richard Anderson, James Lackland, Henry Howard, of John, and Hezekiah Linthicum, be a committee to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be signed by the chairman, and attested by the secretary, and that they be published in the Spirit of '76, Federal Republican, National Intelligencer, and Frederick-town Herald.

RICHD. ANDERSON, Chairman.

ZADOK LANHAM, Secretary.

ST. MARY'S COUNTY.

At a large meeting of the citizens, composed of all political denominations, of Saint-Mary's county, on Friday the 7th day of August, 1812, convened at Leonard-Town, for the purpose of expressing the public feeling, in relation to the violent and savage proceedings of the Mob in Baltimore, Col. Henry Neale was called to the chair, and James Forrest appointed secretary, when the chairman appointed a committee, consisting of the following gentlemen, John Rousby Plater, Raphael Neale, Athanasius Fenwick, James Hopewell and William C. Somerville, who having retired a short time, returned with the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

We the inhabitants of Saint-Mary's county, feeling the most anxious solicitude for the preservation of internal tranquillity, and viewing with deep regret the reiterated lawless and violent proceedings in the city of Baltimore, deem it our bounden duty to deprecate such outrages, as destructive of the principles of all free government, and vitally ruinous to the peace, happiness, and tranquillity of society, and if not in time suppressed, leading to the worst of evils universal confusion and anarchy.

Resolved Unanimously, That we regard with detestation and abhorrence every assault upon private property, and personal security, and every assemblage tending to destroy the peace of society; that we recognize in them the principles which desolated France during her revolution, the embryo of an anarchic fiend, which, if nurtured, may lead to the extinguishment of our liberties; therefore,

Resolved unanimously, That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the executive of this state ought to take immediate and efficient measures to enforce obedience to the laws and constitution; to cause the sacred privileges of the citizen to be respected; to bring to condign punishment all instigators and perpetrators of such violations of the law; and to use every constitutional means to prevent in future similar outrages from whatever quarter they may proceed.

Resolved unanimously, That all outrageous violations and disregard of law, tend to the dissolution of the happy union of these states; that we regard the union as the ark of our

political salvation, and that we pledge our prompt and cordial co-operation, in carrying into effect every measure that may be embraced by the constituted authorities to secure its perpetuity.

On motion, ordered, That copies of the above resolutions, signed by the chairman and secretary, be forwarded to the editors of the Federal Republican and Maryland Republican, for insertion; and that Raphael Neale, Athanasius Fenwick, Gerard N. Caulin, James Forrest and Henry Gardiner, be a committee to forward to the executive of this state a copy of these resolutions.

By order,
HENRY NEALE, Chairman.
JAMES FORREST, Secretary.

From the Boston Repository.

ON THE DEATH OF GENERAL LINGAN.

"Thou hast not fallen by the sword of the mighty;
"Neither was thy blood on the spear of the valiant."
OSSIAN.

TO the sod where the bones of the Soldier are laid,
Who bared his brave breast to the spear of the foe,
Shall approach his fond friends, and, in fable array'd,

Pour over his relics the soft plaint of woe.
And first, see stern HONOR, his eye on the ground,
With the tears of affection besprinkle his mound;

He mourns, too, to mark how ungrateful have proved,
The sons of those Sires, who once LIBERTY loved.

To thy cold mansion, LINGAN! next VALOUR draws near;
A deep blush of crimson enmantles his face,
Asham'd of thy fate, he in rage rends his spear,
And exclaims, "See what lustre can fade in defence!"

But fairer than light, a meek, sorrowing form,
See FREEDOM comes griev'd and with bosom forlorn;
The sad bodings of fear still unite with her moan,
That the death of her LINGAN presages her own!

But avant grief and fear; for lo! yonder draws nigh,
The bright car of GLORY:—it stops at his grave!
Bright seraphs of light bear the Warrior away,
To realms of felicity worthy the brave.

Still, Friend of thy Country! thy name shall be dear,
Whilst we LIBERTY love, whilst Oppression we fear;
Thee Honor shall mourn, Valour, Freedom, and Glory,
Whilst free tongues and free presses shall teem with thy story!

Gen. JAMES MACUBBIN LINGAN, was a native of Maryland, descended from a respectable family; and was brought up in a store in George-town. At the commencement of the American Revolution he obtained a commission in the army—was at the battle of Long Island, where the Maryland line suffered severely, and was one of those spared to aid in the defence of Long Island—He escaped the balls of the Hessians who drove in the advanced posts of Fort Washington, and became prisoner when that fortress surrendered, and partook of the sufferings which followed, as was evinced by the rheumatism with which he was severely afflicted when he returned to George-town after the close of the war.

When the new Constitution went into operation he was appointed collector of the port of George-town by Washington the friend of the patriot and soldier. He was well known to many of those who served in congress from 1800 to 1804, who often partook of his hospitable board.

This is a brief account of the man who was recently and barbarously murdered by the infuriated mob of Baltimore.

Gen. LINGAN was one of the most upright of men, and it may justly be said he knew no guile. He was emphatically the poor man's friend, and was ever ready to aid the industrious mechanic. I do not think he would have been guilty of a deliberate falsehood to amass a fortune, or use deception to carry a favorite political point.

He was above the middle size as to height, and a stout well proportioned man; in respect to personal courage he appeared to know no fear. This was evinced in the hour of his death, after having received the fatal blow, he reached out his hand to one of his companions, saying "farewell, I am a dying man, make your escape, return home and take care there."

For several years past he lived retired in the country, useful to a numerous family circle (much dependent on his council and management) beloved by his neighbours and respected by all who knew him. Few men enjoyed a larger portion of domestic comfort. His wife is amiable and accomplished, and her time much devoted to the education of their children—her loss is great indeed, and so is that of their fatherless children; but the widow will find support, I trust, and comfort, from the ARM that the enraged mob cannot

wither—she has long since chosen the LORD as her GOD—JESUS as her Saviour, and I hope she will be enabled in this trying affliction to lay hold on that precious promise—"All things shall work together for good to those who love God." Can the leaders of the mob and those who manage behind the scene, look up to the father of mercies as she can?

FROM THE AGRICULTURAL MUSEUM.
Columbian Agricultural Society.

At a meeting of the Columbian Agricultural Society held at Georgetown, according to adjournment, on Monday the 8th of June 1812, it was determined that the following premiums in plate with suitable devices, be given, under the usual regulations and restrictions, at the general meeting of the society, to be held on the third Wednesday of November next, viz:—

Premium 1.—Forty dollars, for the best bull as to form and size, age considered, not less than one year, nor more than four grasses old.

2. Thirty dollars for the best heifer as to form and size, age considered, not less than one year nor more than three grasses old.

3. Thirty dollars for the best fat bullock or spayed heifer for beef.

4. Thirty dollars for the best yoke of draft oxen broke to work single or double.

5. Twenty dollars for the best written essay on the mode of gearing and working oxen, founded on experiments.

6. Thirty dollars for the best piece of fulled and dressed woolen cloth of any width, not less than seven square yards.

7. Fifteen dollars for the second best piece of fulled and dressed woolen cloth as above.

8. Twenty dollars for the best piece of woolen kerseymer not less than ten yards in length.

9. Ten dollars for the second best piece of woolen kerseymer as above.

10. Twenty dollars for the best piece of cloth, cotton warp filled with wool, to show the wool on one side, not less than ten yards.

11. Ten dollars for the second best piece of cloth cotton warp, filled with wool as above.

12. Twenty dollars for the best piece of fancy patterns for vests of wool and cotton not less than ten yards.

13. Twenty dollars for the best piece of flannel, all wool, not less than ten yards.

14. Ten dollars for the second best piece of flannel as above.

15. Fifteen dollars for the best piece of flannel, part cotton and part wool, not less than ten yards.

16. Ten dollars for the best pair of woolen stockings, knit or woven, full size.

17. Twenty dollars for the best pair of fine woolen blankets, large size.

18. Ten dollars for the best pair of stout coarse blankets, for laborers, full size.

19. Ten dollars for the best coarse woolen cloth fulled or otherwise, calculated for laborers, combining warmth, durability, cheapness of material and manufacture, not less than ten yards.

These are the considerations by which the quality of the blankets also will be determined.

20. Thirty dollars for the best woolen carpets, or carpeting in the piece, containing not less than thirty square yards.

By order of the standing committee.
DAVID WILEY, Sec'y.

From a London paper of June 30.
Mrs. SIDDON'S RETIREMENT.

COVENT GARDEN. The departure of Mrs. Siddons from the stage is an event that most sensibly interests every amateur of the art. She has so long maintained the lustre of the genuine drama, that it fills the breast with the most sincere regret that she should thus retire in the fulness of her fame, while her powers are undecayed by years, and when she sees no rising candidate in any adequate degree qualified to supply the place which she will leave vacant.

The play with which Mrs. Siddons took leave of the public last night was Macbeth. Mrs. Siddons, in the dress of the sleep scene, came forward and delivered a poetical piece (written by Horace Twiss, Esq.) with great feeling and effect.—The following are the concluding lines:—
Judges and Friends! to whom the tragic strain
Of nature's feeling never spoke in vain,
Perhaps your hearts, when years have glided by,
And past emotions wake a fleeting sigh,
May think on her, whose lips have pour'd so long
The charmed sorrows of your Shakespeare's song:

On her, who parting to return no more,
Is now the mourner here but SEEM'D before,
Herself tubdud, resigns the melting spell,
And breathes, with swelling heart, her long,
her last farewell!

She made her reverences with great emotion, and Mr. Kemble slept on the stage to assist in leading her off. The house took leave of their favorite with reiterated acclamations.

DEFENCE OF A HOUSE.

Sometime since the house of capt'n Trethen, at Bath, was entered in a riotous

manner, and himself and his sister abused.—The next day he procured arms & ammunition, and on the following night, when his house was attacked, but before it was entered, he fired twice, and killed two persons.—He was tried and acquitted. [Hist. Pal.]

NEW-YORK, AUG. 20.
LATEST FROM OUR SQUADRON

The prize-master of the British brig Harmony, [sent into this port by the Yankee] informs us, that previous to his leaving the Yankee they spoke and boarded an American vessel, the captain of which informed them that he was boarded on the THIRTEENTH of JULY by an officer from one of Commodore Rodgers's Squadron. The boarding officer stated that they had captured and destroyed THIRTY-ONE SAIL OF ENGLISH VESSELS during their cruise.

It is stated in a Newport paper that a letter has been received from an officer on board the President, dated July 19, [with the name or place] announcing that the Squadron had captured and destroyed 160 English vessels.

The letter also mentions, that a few days after leaving port, the Hornet had a brush with an English frigate, supposed to be the Belvidera.

A letter from New-London, dated on Monday, says, "A ship has arrived off Montaug Point in 32 days from England, waiting orders.

Died, in this city on Sunday the 16th inst. in the 69th year of his age, Mr. Thomas Wilmore—And, on Sunday last, at his dwelling on the North side of Severn, Mr. Daniel Fowler, formerly an inhabitant of this city.

Jonathan Hutton,
LATE FROM BALTIMORE.

Respectfully makes known that he carries on the COACH MAKING BUSINESS in all its various branches, at the shop formerly occupied by his father in Corn-Hill-street, and hopes by unremitting exertion to please, and the speedy and well performance of all work with which he is entrusted, to receive a portion of public patronage.

N. B. Orders from the country will be punctually attended to, and carriages of all kinds mended on the most reasonable terms. Half worn carriages will be received in part payment for new ones.

Aug. 27. Sw.

By His Excellency ROBERT BOWIE, Esquire, Governor of Maryland, A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Executive of the State of Pennsylvania hath lately demanded of the Executive of Maryland, Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, as fugitives from justice, alleged to be at large in the State of Maryland; and hath transmitted an affidavit, dated the nineteenth ultimo, charging said Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, with felony in kidnapping three negroes from the city of Philadelphia, viz. Solomon Luff, Richard Bailey and Gabriel Jackson. I have therefore issued this my Proclamation, authorizing & enjoining it on all civil officers, and other citizens of this State, to arrest and commit said Joseph Roche, Thomas Kennedy, John Oram and James Oram, to the gaol of the county in which they may be found, and to give notice thereof to the Governor and Council of this State, in order that the Executive of Pennsylvania may be duly notified of the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, this third day of August, eighteen hundred and twelve.

ROBERT BOWIE.

By his Excellency's command,
NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

ORDERED, That the above Proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American, and Federal Gazette at Baltimore; and the Maryland Herald at Hagerstown, and the National Intelligencer at Washington, and the Star at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

August 13, 1812. 8t.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of the county aforesaid, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nicholas Carroll, Esquire, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and those in any manner indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to Nicholas Brice, Esquire, of Baltimore, whom I have fully authorised to settle the business of said estate.

NICH. C. CARROLL, Adm'r.
August 13. 3X