

POET'S CORNER.

SELECTED.

For the Maryland Gazette.

[The following sweet and touching lines were written by the Honourable St. George Tucker, of Virginia, on being solicited to know why he had ceased to court the inspiration of the Poetic Muse. They are full of feeling, simplicity and truth, and cannot but find their way to the heart. In them we find an elevation of spirit, which can look back on the changes of time with a dignified complacency, unmingled with regret, and a lively christian hope, which points to the future, and seems to anticipate the joys of the beatified Good. It was not from the rich treasures of his highly cultivated mind that this venerable man derived this desirable temper, but from the study and observance of the mild injunctions of the Father of Peace. Such a state of mind, alone, is Happiness—to all then is it desirable; and happily to all attainable. Let the hopes of your age, be fixed on your God.]

Days of my youth! ye have glided away;
Hairs of my youth! ye are frosted and grey;
Eyes of my youth! your keen light is no more;
Cheeks of my youth! ye are furrow'd all o'er;
Strength of my youth! all your vigour is gone;
Thoughts of my youth! your gay visions are flown.

Days of my youth! I wish not your recall;
Hairs of my youth! I'm content you should fall;
Eyes of my youth! ye much evil have seen;
Cheeks of my youth! bath'd in tears have ye been;

Thoughts of my youth! ye have led me astray;
Strength of my youth! why lament your decay?
Days of my age! ye will shortly be past;
Pains of my age! yet awhile can ye last!
Joys of my age! in true wisdom delight;
Eyes of my age! be religion your light,
Thoughts of my age! dread ye not the cold sod;
Hopes of my age! be ye fix'd on your God.

Sometimes, which were written by a Lady on reading the above verses will appear in our next.

THE VACCINE INSTITUTION LOTTERY,

(Second Class)

In which there are Four Grand Capital Prizes of \$20,000
Three of 5,000
Ten of 1,000

And not two Blanks to a Prize—
Is now drawing in Baltimore—the price of Tickets only \$7 50, but will be advanced—Apply to

SIMKINS & CALDWELL,
Practical Agents for the Managers.

A few Tickets for sale by Childs & Shaw, and George Shaw & Co. Annapolis.
May 2. 3w.

A Weaver Wanted.

Any person qualified to weave plain work who can bring good recommendations, and is willing to hire in a private family, will meet with employment by applying to the Printer.

A female would be preferred.
21. 1812. 3w.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Charles Wallace, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 12th day of May, 1812.
CHS. W. HANSON, Executor.
2 May 21. 6w.

Land for Sale.

I will sell a small tract of Land situated on the head of South River in Anne-Arundel county; containing about 200 acres. This land is very valuable, and well adapted to the growth of any kind of grain or tobacco. There is a very good apple orchard, also a good meadow, a great proportion of timber land of the best quality, such as young chestnut and white oak in abundance. Terms, which will be accompanying, will be made known on application to Mr. Thomas Woodfield, who lives adjoining, or the subscriber.

Joseph Howard.
March 19, 1812. 1f.

Just in Season!

B. CURRAN,

In addition to his supply of SPRING GOODS has just opened 776 yards of Fancy Imported Gingham, 733 yards of American manufactured Gingham, Stripes and Shambrays, 100 Pieces Short and Long Nankeens, A Bale of sup. White Russia Sheeting, An assortment of Plain and Plaid Silks, And many other articles in the Dry Good Line, which makes his assortment as complete as the times will admit of. All of which will be sold low for Cash, and as usual to punctual customers.
4 Annapolis, May 7, 1812. 1f.

The Visitors & Governors of St. John's College

Wish to engage a principal of the said seminary, whose province will be to teach the higher Latin and Greek classics, and those branches of science usually taught in other American colleges. The salary is One Thousand Dollars per annum, payable quarterly. Any gentleman desirous of being a candidate for this office, is requested to make application to the subscriber

3X SAMUEL RIDOUT.
Annapolis, April 14, 1812.

A Stray.

I hereby certify, that Jacob Iglehart this day brought before me, as a stray trespassing on his inclosures, a bright bay GELDING, twelve years old, about 14 hands high, a star in his forehead, long main and switch tail, his left fore foot split, shod all round, a natural trotter; there is no perceivable mark or brand. Given under hand of me, one of the justices of the peace in and for Anne-Arundel county, this 30th April, 1812.

THOS. WORTHINGTON, Jun.
The owner of the above described horse is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

3X JACOB IGLEHART.
3w. Near Henry McCoy's Tavern.

Council Chamber,

Annapolis, April 24, 1812.

Ordered, that the following letter and orders of the adjutant general be published five times in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis. The National Intelligencer at Washington. The Star at Easton. The American, Whig, Sun and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore. The Republican Gazette, at Frederick-town; and the Maryland Herald, at Hagar's-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clk.

War Department, April 15th, 1812.

His Excellency the Governor of the State of Maryland.

Sir,
I am instructed by the president of the United States to call upon the executives of the several states to take effectual measures to organize, arm and equip, according to law, and hold in readiness to march at a moment's warning, their respective proportions of 100,000 militia, officers included, by virtue of an act of congress passed the 10th instant, entitled, "An act to authorise a detachment from the militia of the United States."

This therefore is to require of your excellency to take effectual measures for having six thousand of the militia of Maryland (being her quota) detached and regularly organized in companies, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, within the shortest period that circumstances will permit, and as nearly as possible in the following proportions of artillery, cavalry and infantry, viz. one twentieth part of artillery, one twentieth part of cavalry, and the residue infantry. There will, however, be no objection on the part of the president of the United States to the admission of a proportion of riflemen, duly organized in distinct corps, and not exceeding one tenth part of the whole quota of the states respectively.

Each corps should be properly armed and equipped for actual service. When the detachment and organization shall have been effected, the respective corps will be exercised under the officers set over them, but will not remain embodied or be considered as in actual service, until by subsequent orders they shall be directed to take the field.

Your excellency will please to direct that correct muster rolls and inspection returns be made of the several corps; and that copies thereof be transmitted to this department as early as possible.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM EUSTIS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Government-House, April 25th, 1812.

In consequence of the above call by the president of the United States, I am directed by the commander in chief of the militia of the State of Maryland, to require of the officers commanding regiments and extra battalions, to cause immediately to be enrolled in their several districts all able bodied free white male citizens from 18 to 45, in order more speedily to enable him to comply with this requisition.

By order,
JOHN GASSAWAY,
Adjutant General.

PAUL'S PATENT COLUMBIAN OIL.

The inventor of this highly esteemed Medicine is a native of America, and the composition is the production of American soil, consequently it is in every sense of the word Domestic, it is not puffed up with a numerous train of pompous foreign certificates of persons from whom the great distance that separate us, 'tis impossible to obtain information, therefore the public has better security for their money as there cannot be the least shadow of deception to cover this medicine, for he simply appears before the community with his invention and an experimental detail of the various cases in which it really is so wonderfully efficacious, and in which he is supported by the following certificates, whose names are not only subscribed but their persons may also be consulted, being residents within the circle of our neighbourhood. The following are the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found so efficacious and rarely ever fails of effecting a cure: viz Rheumatism, Consumption, Pains in any part of the body but particularly in the back and breast, Colds and Coughs, Tooth Ach, Spleen, Pleuristis, Cholic, Cramps, external and internal Bruises, Sprains, and Flesh Wounds, Scalds and Burns, Whooping Cough, and Mumps, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux, Group and the summer comity, and in a weak stomach, that is caused by indigestion; a constant sinking and loss of appetite, it will act as a powerful bracer to the relaxed fibre and restore it to its proper tone.

It seems as though nature had ranked it the first of the class of all pectorals and expectorals for the relief of the breast and lungs, as it scarcely ever fails of removing obstructions in either, particularly those who are troubled with Pleuritic or Asthmatic complaints, who in the act of walking fast, stooping or lying down are almost suffocated, half a teaspoon full of the Columbian Oil will render some relief instantaneously and if continued agreeably to the directions in such cases, will prove a radical cure, by producing the full power of inflation to the lungs, and free expansion of the breast.

Certificates of its Efficacy.

We do certify, that on Thursday, the 17th instant, we were tarring a new seine for Mr. Clark, and by accident the seine took fire, which, by endeavouring to put out the flames, John Clark and Thomas Adams got severely burnt in the face, we immediately got some Columbian Oil from Mr. Paul, and applied it to the parts burnt, which gave ease in the course of twenty minutes, and has left the parts free from blisters.

John Peacock,
Thomas Adams,
John Clark.
Baltimore, April 19th, 1812.

Sir—At your request that I should give my opinion respecting what effect your Columbian Oil had in a certain case wherein I was afflicted, I most cheerfully comply by saying that I verily believe that I might have died with one of the severest cramps in the stomach, had it not been for your Columbian Oil; and that I have been a second time relieved of the same complaint by the assistance of that valuable medicine, as such I recommend it as the best remedy, because there is no manner of doubt of its proving effectual.

E. Catharine Walker.
Sign of the Buck, Market-Space, Baltimore.

Sir—Concerning it to be my duty not to conceal from the public the virtues of your most valuable Columbian Oil, from which I received so much benefit, I am therefore induced, from a principle of gratitude for my recovery, to give a short statement of the complaint under which I suffered. I was first seized in the right hip with a most intolerable pain, which seemed exactly in the joint, and on the day following a dreadful pain in my back which lasted about three weeks, during which time I could not walk upright, but always in a bent posture; and if seated in a chair, the pain would be so excruciating in the act of raising that it was impossible for me to refrain from screaming. My appetite had entirely left me, and a constant head ach would sometimes almost deprive me of my senses; In fact, I was in a deplorable condition. A number of remedies were tried but to no purpose, I had also the advice of an eminent physician, who prescribed a hot bath, &c. which were regularly attended to, but without the smallest advantage. I had about nine ounces of blood taken from me, still the complaint did not give way in the least degree. I was then advised to try Paul's Columbian Oil, but with very little hopes of succeeding; when to my great surprise and comfort, I was sensible of some ease in my hip on the first time of anointing; the next day the pain in my back abated, the head ach left me, and in four days I was perfectly recovered.

Apolonia Walker.
Lexington-street, two doors from Liberty-street, Baltimore.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1807.
By your request I do certify, that I had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch, that my recovery appeared doubtful; my complaint seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs. I could procure no relief from incessant coughing, nor breathe without great pain & difficulty; when, by the use of one phial of Paul's Columbian Oil, my distressing cough left me, every other symptom was removed, and I was restored to an excellent state of health, which I now enjoy.
Who may be consulted if called on—
Kitty McClain.
Corner of Spruce and Fifth-streets.

The public will please to take notice; That Paul's Patent Columbian Oil, will always be sold in bottles which contain the words PAUL'S PATENT COLUMBIAN OIL, in the Glass; the bottles sealed with my initials J. L. in Red Wax, and the outside Label signed by me with Red Ink.

John Love,
Sole Agent for the U. S. of America and their dependencies.
Without which characteristics none will be Genuine.
The above valuable Medicine for sale by Childs & Shaw.

Gideon White,
Has just received, and on hand from former purchases, an assortment of new and SEASONABLE GOODS,

CONSISTING OF
Blue, Black, Green, O live, Brown and mixed Superfine Broad Cloth,
Second do. of almost every description,
Black, Mixed and Drab Bedford Cord,
Blue, Black and Mixed Stockingnets,
Meleskin Coatings, Velvets and Corduroys, Black, Blue and Fawn Cassimeres,
White and scarlet Flannels,
Marseilles waistcoating, Black Silk Florentine, Gentlemen and Ladies White and Coloured, Silk & Cotton Stockings assorted,
Ladies Long and Short White and Coloured Silk and Kid Gloves, 4-4 5-4 6-4 Cotton and Cambric Shawls, 6-4 Damask Silk do. Double Florence, assorted colours,
Black and Brown Shenshews,
Plaid Lutesstrings, White Mantua, Pink and White Sarcenes,
Mantna and Satin Ribbons,
Regency seeded, Leno and Cambric Muslins
Cambric Dimities, American and English Shirting Cambrics, 4-4 & 7-8 Irish Linens, Long Lawn and Linen Cambrics,
Linen and Cotton Diapers,
Russia sheeting, Russia Duck and Down, Ticklenburg and Berlaps,
American Linens, English and India Nankeens,
York Stripes, Seersuckers,
Fashionable Cravats, Wildbore, Durant, Calimancoes, Black and Brown Bombazees, Black Bombazees, Bed-tickings, American Jeans & Fesicians,
Calicoes, Superfine, & Plaid and Suiped Gingham,
Furniture Calicoes, Cotton Checks, Best Company Grains, Cossas, Mamoodies and Superfine Batias,
Writing Paper, Fur & Wool Hats, Knives and Forks, Cut Nails, weeding hoes, spades, Shovels, Stock and Padlocks, &c. &c.

With an assortment of GROCERIES as usual, all which he will sell on reasonable terms.
March 26, 1812. 10

To the Voters

Of Anne-Arundel County, and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,
You are hereby respectfully informed that I offer myself a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election of sheriff. I flatter myself that you will continue to me the support that you generously manifested at the late election, in consequence of which I am now in the office, the gentleman returned first on the then poll having resigned.

I undertook it, gentlemen, under circumstances of considerable difficulty, and flatter myself that my endeavours to give general satisfaction have not been altogether unavailing. Continue to me your confidence and support, and depend upon it that every exertion shall be made on my part to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and every degree of indulgence, that shall comport with justice.

I am, Gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
SOLOMON GROVES.
4 May 7, 1812.

State of Maryland, sct.

On application, by petition, of Jason Jones, administrator with the will annexed, of Margaret Conaway, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for the creditors to bring in their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for A. A. County.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed on the personal estate of Margaret Conaway, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the eleventh day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
Given under my hand this 5th day of May, 1812.
4 JASON JONES, Admr. W. A.

For Sale,

A CHAISE WITH HARNESS, and a SOLO CHAIR, without harness. Apply to
7 RICHARD B. WATTS.
April 16, 1812.

ANNAPOLIS:

PRINTED BY JONAS GREEN

Price—Two Dollars per Annum.

MAR

[LXVIIIth YEAR.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1812.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

I communicate to congress for their information, copies and extracts from the correspondence of the Secretary of State and the minister plenipotentiary of the U. S. at Paris. These documents will place before congress the actual posture of our relations with France.
JAMES MADISON.
May 26, 1812.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Letters from the Secretary of State to Mr. Barlow.

Mr. Monroe, Secretary of State, to Joel Barlow, Esq.

Department of State, July 26, 1811.
SIR—It is the desire of the president that you should set out without delay, for Paris, to commence the duties of the office of minister plenipotentiary to the emperor of France, with which you are invested. A frigate prepared for your accommodation, will receive you at Annapolis, and convey you to the most convenient part of that country. I enclose you a commission and letter of credence, with such other documents as are necessary to illustrate the subjects on which you will have to act.

With the ordinary duties of the office you are too well acquainted to require any comment on them in this letter. There are, however some subjects of peculiar importance which will claim your attention immediately after your reception. On these it is proper that you should know distinctly the sentiments of the president.

The United States have claims on France, which it is expected that her government will satisfy to their full extent and without delay. These are founded partly on the last arrangement, by which the non importation law of the 1st May, 1810, was carried into effect against G. Britain, and partly on injuries to their commerce, committed on the high seas and in French ports.

To form a just estimate of the claims of the first class, it is necessary to examine minutely their nature and extent. The present is a proper time to make this examination & to press a compliance with the arrangement, in every circumstance, on its just principles on the government of France. The president, conscious that the U. States have performed every act that was stipulated on their part, with the most perfect good faith, expects a like performance on the part of France. He considers it peculiarly incumbent on him to request such explanations from her government, as will dissipate all doubt of what he may expect from it in future, on this and every other question depending between the two nations.

By the act of May 1st, 1810, it was declared, that in case G. Britain or France should, before the 3d day of March 1811, so revoke or modify her edicts as that they should cease to violate the neutral commerce of the U. S. which fact the president should declare by proclamation, and if the other nation should not within three months thereafter, revoke or modify its edicts in like manner, then the 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 18th sections of the act, entitled, "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse of the U. States and Great-Britain and France, &c" should, from and after the expiration of 3 months, from the date of the proclamation aforesaid, be revived and have full force and effect, so far as relate to the dominions, colonies and dependencies, and to the articles the growth, produce or manufacture of the dominions, colonies, and dependencies of the nation thus refusing or neglecting to revoke or modify its edicts, in the manner aforesaid.

This act having been promulgated and made known to the governments of G. Britain and France, the minister of the latter by note, bearing date on the 5th August, 1810, addressed to the minister plenipotentiary of the U. States at Paris, declared that the decrees of Berlin and Milan were revoked, the revocation to take effect on the first of Nov. following; but that this measure was adopted in compliance with the law of 1st May, 1810, to take advantage of the condition contained in it, and in full confidence that that condition would be enforced against G. Britain, if she did not revoke her orders in council, and renounce the new principles of blockade.

This declaration of the emperor of France was considered a sufficient ground for the president to act on; it was explicit as to its object and equally so as to its import. The de-