cept of offices, unless they received
laries.

Newton and Mr. Little also spoke in
granting further compensation.
Cheves supported the report of the
ee of ways and means. The priva.
mplained of had not been confined
collectors. The whole community
ered under the circumstances of the

question was taken on the report and
greed to.
mpanying the report was a bill in ad.
the act establishing the salaries of
s, &c. This was also agreed to when
mittee of the whole rose and report.
agreement to the resolution and the
he house concurred and the bill was
to be read a third time on Mon-

house again went into committee of
le on the bill for the relief of Anna

considerable discussion, the commit.
and reported the bill with some a.
ents.
n the Speaker resumed the chair, he
there was not a QUORUM in the
A motion was made to adjourn and
ome other members soon after came
question was put, shall the bill be en-
for a third reading? and it again ap-
hat there was not a quorum. Two
nsuccessful motions was made to ad-
the third to the same purpose finally
d. And then the house adjourned *for*
a quorum!

Saturday, May 16.

President has signed the bill for in.
ting the Mechanics Bank of Alexan-

Reed from the committee to whom
erred the resolution on the subject, re.
bill granting an annuity to Arthur
r, Referred to a committee of the
n Monday.
bill from the Senate, supplementary
act admitting the state of Louisiana
Union, and extending the laws of the
States to the same, was read three
nd passed.
bill for the relief of Anna Young
lered to be read a third time on Mon-

them the House adjourned.

Monday, May 18.

Seybert presented a petition from a
of the inhabitants of Philadelphia,
a declaration of war. Ordered to lie
table.
Rocman presented petitions from sub-
abitants of Leigh and Berks counties,
praying for a repeal or modification of
bargo law. Ordered to lie on the ta-

Cheves presented a letter from the
ry of the treasury to the committee of
nd means, (below) relative to the loa
From this it appears that $ 6,118,900
een subscribed by banks and individua-
To prevent disappointment, the secre-
roposes to make up the balance by is-
treasury notes payable in one year from
ate, and receivable in payment of taxes,
Mr. Cheves stated that the committee
s and means intended to bring in a
nformable to the recommendations con-
in this letter. It was ordered to be
d.
engrossed bill relative to the salaries
sons employed in the collection of du-
imports and tonnage, (custom-house
s,) was read a third time and on moti-
Mr. Cheves, recommitted to a com-
of the whole for the purpose of a-
ment.
engrossed bill for the relief of Anna
was read a third time and passed,
0 noes 37.
house went into committee of the
Mr. Lacock in the chair, on the bill
g further provisions for settling claims
ds in Louisiana. It was agreed to be
third time to-morrow.
house went into committee of the
Mr. Stanford in the chair, on the bill
e to the defence of ports and harbours.
object of this bill is to appropriate a
or making an experiment with Clark's
invented floating batteries.]
Wright moved to fill the blank with
housand dollars. He read a letter from
Dent, approving the plan. The moti-
s agreed to, and the committee rose
eported the bill.
Lowndes thought the most correct
would be to refer the subject to the
ary of war, in order to obtain his opi-
before the bill was finally acted on.
motion was agreed to, and the bill or-
to lie on the table.
house went into committee of the
, Mr. Lewis in the chair, on the bill
g provision for settling all the out-
ing claims for services rendered in the
ruction and repair of the president's
, for compensation to the surveyor
e public buildings, &c.

Some debate took place as to the appropriations necessary to be made for these objects—after which the committee of the whole rose and reported the bill, and it was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

Adjourned quarter past 3 o'clock.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
MAY 14, 1812.

SIR,

Subscriptions were opened on the first and second inst. to the loan of 11 millions of dollars authorised by the act of the 14th of March last, in conformity with the enclosed notice (A.) It was left optional with the banks which were disposed to subscribe, either to receive stock or to loan the money by special contract. The enclosed circular letters (B. C. D.) shew the instructions transmitted and the manner in which the proposals were made to the several banks. It was thought most eligible not to limit in any place the amount of subscriptions to any specific sum: for which reason the loan was kept open only two days, in order that the general result might be ascertained, and a reduction, if necessary, be made.

All the returns have now been received, and an abstract (E) is herewith transmitted. From these it appears that $ 6,118,900 were subscribed in those two days, viz. $ 4,190,000 by Banks, and $ 1,928,000 by individuals. This last sum is greater than the aggregate of all the loans at 6 per cent. ever before obtained by government from individuals in the U. States; and, considering the price of stocks, and various obstacles which at this time have impeded the subscriptions, the amount is as great as might have been expected within so short a period. The unsubscribed residue will now be apportioned among the several places according to the apparent demand in each, and subscriptions will be received or stock sold, until the sums thus respectively apportioned shall have been disposed of.

It is confidently believed that the amount which remains unsubscribed for will thus be filled as the money will be wanted for the public service. In order, however, to prevent the possibility of disappointment, and to remove doubts and erroneous expectations, I beg leave to submit, the propriety of authorising the issue of treasury notes on the following principles, viz:

1. Not to exceed in the whole the amount which may ultimately not be subscribed to the loan; that is to say, that the amount received on account of the loan and that of the treasury notes shall not together exceed 11 millions; which limits therefore the greatest possible amount of treasury notes to less than 4,900,000 dollars.

2. To bear an interest of 5 and 2-3 per cent. a year, equal to 1 and 1-2 cents per day on a one hundred dollar note.

3. To become payable by the treasury one year after the date of their respective issues.

4. To be in the meanwhile receivable in payment of all duties, taxes, or debts due to the U. S.

I have the honour to be, &c.
ALBERT GALLATIN.

Tuesday, May 19

In consequence of an accident which happened to the honorable the Speaker of the House of Representatives yesterday, that body transacted no business. Immediately after the meeting of the House they were informed by the Clerk, that the Speaker was unable to attend, and the House adjourned.

Wednesday, May 20.

The House of Representatives did not sit to-day, owing to the Speaker's continued indisposition. Whatever friendship the members may entertain for him personally, I believe most of them are glad of some decent apology for doing nothing.

Thursday, May 21.

Mr. Bartlett presented a petition from Ebenezer Tucker, of Exeter, N. H. praying Congress to allow him to convert to his own use, whatever lost articles he may be able to bring up from the beds of ruins in the U. S. by means of his Diving Bell, or grant him such other compensation as they may deem proper. The petitioner states that he has already brought up some cannon, guineas, ect. sunk during the revolutionary war. Referred to a select committee of five.

Mr. Greene presented a memorial from the inhabitants of Nantucket, praying that war may not take place, in consequence of their exposed situation. Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Mitchell presented a number of affidavits relative to the scarcity of provisions in the Canary Islands. Referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

The engrossed bill making further provision for settling claims to lands in Louisiana, was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed bill making appropriations for settling all out standing claims in the construction and repair of the Capitol and President's house, &c. was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed bill in addition to the act regulating the corporation of persons employed in the collection of the revenue, was read a 3d time and passed. [On the suggestion of Mr. Cheves, the passage of this bill was a mistake, as it was not at its 3d reading, but before a committee of the whole; the vote for its passage was therefore rescinded.]

Mr. Nelson moved that when the house adjourn they adjourn till Monday. Lost, yeas 34, nays 38, [precisely a quorum.]

The house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Lewis in the chair, on the bill from the Senate authorising the State of Tennessee to grant patents for certain lands.

After some debate relating entirely to the conflicting claims of Tennessee and North-Carolina, the committee rose, reported progress, and the bill was recommitted to the committee on public lands.—Adjourned.

Friday, May 22.

Mr. Newton from the committee of commerce and manufactures, to whom was referred a resolution directing them to enquire whether any and what relief ought to be extended to the Canary Islands; reported that there was not sufficient evidence; in the opinion of the committee to justify them in recommending any legislative interference. [It will be recollected that there was a similar *verbal* report made by Mr. Newton some days ago; this was a *written* one.] Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Smilie, from the committee of way & means, reported a bill for imposing ADDITIONAL DUTIES on all goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States from any foreign port or place. [All the additional duties proposed, are as yet to be filled up in the bill, except one of ten per cent on goods imported in foreign vessels.] Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday.

Mr. Poindexter, from the select committee to whom was referred a presentment from the grand jury of Washington county, Mississippi Territory, relative to the conduct of Judge Toulmin, reported, that there was not sufficient testimony to justify any legislative measures on the subject. The report was agreed to.

The bill from the Senate respecting the judges of the U. S. was referred to a committee of the whole on Monday. The object of this bill is to compel the judges to reside in the districts over which they preside.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Hineman in the chair, on the bill for the relief of George Lyon, assistant in the Patent Office, granting him a compensation for his services.

After some debate, the committee of the whole rose, and were refused leave to sit again.

On motion of Mr. Seybert, a committee of three members was appointed to inquire into the state of the Patent office, & the number of persons employed therein.

The house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Breckenridge in the chair, on the bill from the senate for the relief of Ninian Pinkney. It was agreed to and ordered to be read a third time on Monday.

The house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Nelson in the chair, on the bill conferring certain powers on the Levy Court of Washington county, (D. C.) It was agreed to, and ordered to be read a third time on Monday.

The house went into committee of the whole Mr. Piper in the chair, on the bill for the relief of John Rutherford. The object of this bill was to allow Rutherford to import certain Slaves (formerly belonging to him) from the West Indies.

Mr. Clay (Speaker) moved that the first section (the whole) of the bill be stricken out. This motion was agreed to without division; the committee of the whole rose, and their report was concurred in by the house. So the bill was rejected.

And the house adjourned (quarter before 2) till Monday.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 20.

From Laguira we learn, that after the violent shock of an earthquake on the 26th of March, which destroyed a great part of that town, &c. as mentioned in former papers they had frequent small shocks till the 16th of April, when they experienced a very severe one which destroyed the few remaining buildings and destroyed several hundred persons. This shock was so severe, that not a single house or building was left in the whole town. This shock is said to have done considerable damage at Caraccas, and other parts of the country. The inhabitants of Laguira who are left alive, have, with the concurrence of government, fixed on a scite to rebuild a new city, a small distance to the southward of the old one.

The Subscriber

Intending to remove from this city in a short time, requests those persons who have property in his hands either to call or send for the same immediately.

CALEB HESSEY.

May 28, 1812. 3w.

By His Excellency ROBERT BOWIE,
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas great and weighty matters requiring the immediate attention of the Legislature, render it necessary that the power of convening the members thereof, vested in this department, should be exercised, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to appoint the third Monday of June next, for the meeting and session of the General Assembly of this state. Whereof the several sheriffs are hereby enjoined to give public and due notice.

Given in Council at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the state of Maryland, (SEAL) this twenty-fifth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Robert Bowie.

By his Excellency's command,
Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
of the Council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published in the several news-papers in the state of Maryland, until the third Monday of June next.

Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
of the Council.

By his Excellency ROBERT BOWIE,
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been stated to me, that Levin C. Mackall has lately lost two houses by fire, and that he has reason to suspect that some wicked and evil disposed person set fire to the same; and whereas it is highly important that all offenders against the laws and peace of society should be brought to justice; I have thought proper to issue this my proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

To any person who shall discover and make known the author or perpetrator of said offence; provided he, she or they, or any of them, be brought to justice: And I do further in virtue of the powers vested in me by law, offer a full and free pardon to any person being an accomplice, who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators of the said crime on the aforesaid condition.

Given under my hand and the seal of the state of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, this fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

ROBERT BOWIE.

By his excellency's command,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clk.
of the council.

Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week for the space of three weeks in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette at Annapolis; the Whig, Federal Gazette, American and Sun at Baltimore; Bartgis's paper at Frederick-town; the Maryland Herald, at Hagar's-town; the National Intelligencer, and the Star, at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the managers of St Anne's Church Lottery this day, it was unanimously resolved, that a further day be given for the present holders of prize tickets to present them for payment. Therefore, all possessors of prize tickets are hereby notified that said tickets will be considered donations to the Church, if not demanded by the 20th of June next, as the nett gain of the scheme will on that day be struck, and the balance immediately thereafter expended as the law authorising the lottery expressly directs.

John Golder, Tr. St. A. C. L.

N. B. The managers again request payment from all persons indebted to them for tickets, by note or otherwise, as all unsettled accounts on the 20th of June (without respect to persons) will then be issued on. J. G.

Annapolis, May 28, 1812. 3w.

100 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber on the 3d of February last, a negro man by the name of SAMBO, alias Samuel Stuart. Sam is a well made, stout black fellow, with large heavy eyes and thick lips; about five feet 8 or 10 inches high. Had on when he went away a drab coloured plains jacket and trousers, and new ticklenburg shirt. I suppose he has other cloathing, as he is an artful cunning fellow. It is probable he may make for Hagar's-town, where he has a brother living by the name of Robert Stuart. He was seen at what is generally called Bell's Quarter, near mr Richard Hopkins's, on South river, about three weeks after he eloped. Sam was hired the last two years in Queen-Anne, and is pretty generally known in that neighbourhood. Thirty Dollars will be given if taken on the western shore of Maryland, the District of Columbia included, Fifty Dollars if taken on the eastern shore, and One Hundred Dollars if taken out of the state, including what the law allows, (the District of Columbia excepted,) to be lodged in any gaol with information so that I get him again.

Gassaway Pindell.

Pig Point, May 28, 1812. tf.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others, are forewarned harbouring or carrying of said negro at their peril. G. P.

Ridgely & Pindell

Respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have just received a variety of

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Handsome Plaid Silks,
Plain and White Lustrings,
Pink, Blue and White Sarcenets,
4 4 Rich Coloured Silk Shawls,
Ribbons Assorted,
Extra Long and Short Silk, Kid and Beaver Gloves,
Silk and Cotton Stockings,
Handsome undress blue, purple, pink, & yellow Plaid, & Plain Stripe Ginghams,
A variety of low price American Calicoes,
Cambrick, Leno, Jaconet, & Knotted Muslins,
Fine Linen Cambrick, and Long Lawns,
American Chambrays & Shirting Cottons,
Fine White American Linens,
Striped Bed Ticking,
Russia Sheeting & Ravens Duck,
White & Coloured Marseilles & Royal Ribs, for Waistcoating,
Seersuckers, Fine Cottons, & Grain Scythes

They also have on hand Superfine and Second Cloths and Cassimeres, Silk Waistcoatings, Black Jeans and Satinet, Best White and Yellow Nankeens, Drab Cotton Cassimeres, Carradaries, Irish Linens, Shirting Cottons, White India Cottons, Cotton, Check and Stripe Custahs, Fine Ticklenburgs, Brown Country Linens, Spinning Cotton; Best Gunpowder, Old and Young Hyson and Congo Teas; Rope, Traces, Plough lines, and Bed Cords, Cotton and Wool Cards; Reap Hooks, Weeding Hoes; Wrought and Cut Nails, and a number of other seasonable goods, which they offer for sale at a small advance for cash, and on reasonable terms to punctual customers on a short credit.

†††They have a few Chests of best company Congo and Souchong Teas, which they will sell at reduced prices for cash.

May 28, 1812. 3w.

Anne-Arundel County, ss.

I hereby certify, that Barton Cross, living near Owings's mill, in said county, has this day brought before me as a trespassing stray, a BROWN MARE, with a small star in her forehead, about five years old, thirteen and a half hands high, ridged mane, short tail, no perceivable brand, trots and paces. Given under hand of me, one of the justices of the peace for said county, the 20th day of May, 1812.

NICHS. WORTHINGTON, of Thos.

The owner of the above mare is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. BARTON CROSS.

Joseph Evans,

Has just received, and on hand from former purchases, an Assortment of

New and Seasonable Goods,

CONSISTING OF

4-4 & 7-8 Irish Linens,
Russia Sheeting & Russia Duck,
Ticklenburg, Burlaps,
Hessians & American Linens,
Checks, Stripes, Bedticks, Cambric and Corded Dimities,
Calicoes and Chintz,
Ginghams, Madrass & Bandanno Silk handkerchiefs,
Baftas, Mamodies, Cossas and Gurrahs,
Muslin & Silk Shawls,
Regency, Leno & Cambric Muslins,
Marseilles and Dimity Waistcoating,
Silk Florentines, Silk and Cotton Hose,
Ladies extra long and short White and Coloured Kid Gloves,
Double Florence, assorted Colours,
Plaid Lutestring,
Sarcenets, Ribbons,
English and India Nankeens,
Superfine Broad Cloths, Second ditto,
Bedford Cords, Velvets and Corduroys, Cassimers,
Superfine White Flannels,
Glass, Earthen & China Ware,
Spades and Shovels,
Broad & Narrow Hoes,
Cut & Wrought Nails,
Wool Hats,

And a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

With a *General Assortment of GROCERIES* as usual, all of which he offers for sale on reasonable terms to punctual customers.

☞ *A generous discount will be made for Cash.*

N. B. All those who are indebted to him on open account, are requested to call at his store and pay the same, or close them by note, and those indebted to him on note or bond, are particularly requested to call and pay the same on or before the 4th July next, as further indulgence cannot be given, otherwise suits will be commenced to next September county court.

April 23, 1812.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the plantation of Mr. Mary Rawlings, near Queen-Anne, on the 10th of April last, a Negro Man named BEN, 21 or 22 years of age, of a sickly complexion; 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, slender made, has a coarse voice, speaks quick, and stammers when spoken sharp to. His cloathing blue cloth round jacket and trousers, an old surtout country cloth coat, wove fustian, cotton warp filled in with black yarn, new osnaburg shirt, old hat, coarse yarn stockings and old shoes. He may have taken other cloaths with him, and as he is connected with free negroes he may have procured a pass and changed his name. He is the property of Moses Rawlings of Tennessee and fell to him in a division of his father's estate. If taken within twenty miles of Queen Anne, Twenty Dollars, if a greater distance the above Reward, including what the law allows, for securing him in the most convenient gaol and giving information to

John Duvall, of M.
Near the Governor's Bridge.