

the government, with an assurance, that from the recommendations he has received in your favour, and the opinion he has formed on your correspondence, he is convinced that the public service will be benefited by your active employment in a public situation.

Lord Liverpool will also feel himself bound to give the same assurance to the marquis Wellesley, if there is any probability that it will advance the success of the application which you have made to his lordship.

I am sir,  
Your most obt. humble servant,  
(Signed) ROBERT PEEL.  
John Henry, Esq. 27, Leicester Square.

Mr. Henry to Mr. Peel, September 24, 1811.

No other answer than a despatch to Sir Geo. Prevost and the letter marked B.

No. VIII.

London, 4th Sept., 1811.

SIR.—I have just now learned the ultimate decision of my Lord Wellesley, relative to the appointment which I was desirous to obtain; and find that the subsisting relations between the two countries, forbid the creating a new office in the United States such as I was solicitous to obtain. In this state of things I have not a moment to lose in returning to Canada, and have taken my passage in the last and only ship that sails for Quebec this season. As I have not time to enter de novo into explanations with the gentleman who is in your office, and as I have received assurances from you, in addition to the letter of my Lord Liverpool, of the 27th June that "his lordship would recommend me to the governor of Canada, for the first vacant situation that I would accept," I beg the favour of you to advise me how I am to get that recommendation, without loss of time.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c.  
J. H.

Robert Peel, Esq. &c. &c.

Copy of the letter written by Lord Liverpool to Sir George Prevost, furnished by the under Secretary of State. ORIGINAL in the despatch to the Governor General.

No. IX.

Downing-street, 16th Sept. 1811.

SIR.—Mr. Henry, who will have the honour of delivering this letter, is the gentleman who addressed to me the memorial a copy of which I herewith transmit, and to whom the accompanying letter from Mr. Peel was written by my direction.

In compliance with his request, I now fulfil the assurance which I have given of stating to you my opinion of the ability & judgment which Mr. Henry has manifested on the occasions mentioned in his memorial; and of the benefit the public service might derive from his active employment in any public situation in which you should think proper to place him.

I am, sir, your most obedient, humble servant.  
(Signed) LIVERPOOL.  
To Sir George Prevost, Bart. &c. &c.

Mr. Ryland to Mr. Henry.

No. X.

Tuesday evening, July 2d, 1811.

Dear Henry—It gives me real pleasure to find that the apprehension I had formed with respect to the fulfilment of your expectations, is likely to prove erroneous.—As every thing which passed relative to your mission was in writing, I think you will do well in submitting to Mr. Peel all the original papers. I myself, could give no other information relative to the subject than what they contain, as you and I had no opportunity of any verbal communication respecting it till after your mission terminated, and I never wrote you a letter in the governor's name, which had not previously been submitted to his correction.

The impression I had received of your character and abilities made me anxious to serve you, even before I had the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with you, and the same desire has operated on me ever since; I am, therefore, entitled to hope, that any opinion which I may have given you, as to your best mode of obtaining an employment under government, will be received with the same candor, that gave rise to it. I think you will do well to persevere as you propose. I have no doubt that every letter from you which Sir James sent home will be found in Mr. Peel's office, as the established practice there is to bind the dispatches and enclosures yearly up together.

Sincerely wishing you every success, I am, most faithfully, yours  
(Signed) H. W. RYLAND.

John Henry Esq.  
Here followed, in the National Intelligencer, two columns of duplicates, the same documents, as contained in the preceding columns, except that the second copy of Henry's memorial to Lord Liverpool has the following paragraph not in the first.

The undersigned readily undertook the mission, and spent five months in the active and zealous discharges of the duties connected with it. [An erasure here of 20 or

25 lines] the information which he transmitted to Sir J. Craig, probably saved the trouble and expense of arming the Canadian militia. All this the undersigned performed, without ever showing his commission or appearing as an authorised agent—from a thorough conviction that a discovery of his mission would furnish the French party with the means of destroying the influence of the party adhering to G. Britain in every quarter of America, and enable the general government to go to war upon popular and tenable ground.

### MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 19.

The U. S. sloop of war Wasp, captain Jones, sailed from Sandy Hook on the 9th instant.

The resolution of Mr. Lloyd in the Senate, calling on the department of state for the names of any persons concerned in promoting disunion, &c. has been answered with the declaration that the department knows of none such.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Thursday, March 5.

The petition of Hart and Nazre, of Troy, New-York, was presented by Mr. Fitch.—The petitioners beg leave to import from Liverpool certain articles of British produce or manufactures, purchased before the promulgation of the Proclamation of the President, November 2d, eighteen hundred & ten. Referred to the committee of the whole, to whom was referred a bill on that subject.

On motion of Mr. Poindexter the Constitution adopted by the Convention of Orleans territory and sent to the house by message from the President yesterday, was referred to a select committee of nine; with instructions to enquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the law passed the last session on the subject as requires that the constitution shall not go into operation till the next session of Congress.

Mr. Moore offered a resolution requesting the President to cause to be prepared and laid before the house, a system of rules and regulations for training and disciplining the cavalry, army and militia. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Porter, the house considered the report of the committee of the whole on the bill supplementary to the act for raising an additional military force. The bill was agreed to, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

Gen. Breckenridge took the chair in committee of the whole on the bill for the relief of Gen. Arthur St. Clair. After a debate of about three hours and a half the bill was agreed to & reported to the house, who however adjourned without disposing of it.

Friday, March 6.

Mr. Johnson offered the following resolution: Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inquire into the situation of that part of West Florida west of the River Perdido, taken by proclamation of the President of the U. States, of Oct. 27th, 1810, with leave to report by bill or otherwise. Mr. Bacon suggested the propriety of amending the resolution by saying, "taken in pursuance of," instead of "by," the proclamation. Thus amended, the resolution was adopted, and a committee of five ordered.

The bill for the relief of Gen. St. Clair after a little debate and amendment was ordered to be engrossed for a 3d reading Monday next—59 rising in favour of the motion. The engrossed bill supplementary to the act providing an additional military force, was read a third time and passed.

The amendment of the Senate to the bill for the protection of the maritime frontier (fortifications) was read. The house appropriated one million: the Senate amend by inserting instead \$500,000. Mr. Potter and Mr. Blackledge spoke against agreeing to it. The yeas were 60 noes 50.

On motion of Mr. Gold the house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Nelson in the chair, on the bill providing for the removal of causes pending in the district courts on account of the disability of the Judges to attend. The bill was agreed to, reported to the house, confirmed, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading this day.

The house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Desha in the chair, on the bill for the relief of Ninian Pinkney. The bill was agreed to in committee of the whole, reported to the house, and, on motion to engross for a 3d reading was rejected, 44 to 35.

The bill for licensing and registering steam boats, was agreed to in committee of the whole, Gen. Breckenridge in the chair, and ordered by the house to a third reading this day. The house then adjourned till Monday.

Monday, March 9.

The following message was received from the president of the United States. [Relative to Henry's disclosures, & published in our last.]

Mr. Bibb moved that they be referred to the committee of foreign relations.

Mr. Gholson observed that the correspondence was highly creditable to the eastern section of the union, as Henry declared no one there would meddle with such a project; though it demonstrates the wish of the British to dismember the union.

Mr. Quincy thanked God, that if there is or ever was in G. Britain a belief that we are desirous of a separation, or that any part of the people would at any time look to them, the fallacy of that belief is proved. Henry it appears, during the time of the embargo, a period, if any, auspicious to their purpose, went to Boston, the spot where opposition was supposed most violent, yet he dare not even mention to any man of distinction such a project.

Mr. Rhea moved to print 500 copies. Mr. Wright thought it would disgust the people of the northern states to give, by printing, the sanction of the house to a traitor's libels, he would rather refer them to the committee of foreign relations.

Mr. Troup said, an acknowledged spy and traitor has been fruitlessly employed in attempt to separate the union; the only importance is, an obtainment of the disposition of the British, of this same James Craig, who we are told a short time since was so friendly in preventing the Indians from quarrelling with us.

Mr. Randolph said, that if worthy communication they were worthy being acted upon. He hoped they would be referred, that the committee might be authorised to send for persons, papers and effects. Perhaps it would be well to take Henry, on all hands acknowledged a traitor and spy, (yet from whom, perhaps, valuable information may be received) before he can have a chance to run away.

Mr. Fisk said he knew the man; there was no danger of his running away.—He was an Englishman by birth, but had been long in this country; was an officer in the provisional army of '98.

Mr. Macon wished the documents referred to the committee of foreign relations. For his part he never had any kind of belief that the federalists as a party had any intention of joining or being directed by the British; nor the Republicans (Democrats) by France. He knew of no greater crime than to send thus these messengers of Hell to disturb our peace, our union dear as that of man and wife.

The vote, after further debate, was taken on the motion to print, and carried unanimously.

The motion to refer them to the committee of foreign relations was also carried unanimously.

The motion to print 5000 copies was carried almost unanimously.

The motion to authorise the committee to send for persons, papers and effects, was decided by yeas and noes—Yeas 102, noes 10. The yeas were Messrs. Alston, Bard, Boyd, Fisk, Hyneman, Roberts, Seaver, Smiley, Troup, and one other.

The house then adjourned. The committee of foreign relations immediately met.

Tuesday, March 10.

The bill providing for the removal of causes pending in the U. S. district courts on account of the disability of the judges to attend, was read a third time & passed.

The bill for the relief of Arthur St. Clair, was read a third time. The yeas & noes were called on the final passage, and were yeas 67, noes 39.

The bill from the senate for registering and licensing steam boats was read a third time and passed, 54 to 23.

The amendments of the senate to the bill respecting a naval establishment, were read, and on motion of Mr. McKee referred to the naval committee.

Wednesday, March 11.

The house proceeded to the consideration of the bill to repeal the tenth section of the act incorporating the U. S. Bank—[making the notes of that bank a tender in payment of custom-house bonds.] A debate arose, which continued till after two o'clock, when the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a 3d reading.

Mr. Nelson took the chair, in committee of the whole, on the bill for enabling the people of the Mississippi Territory to form a constitution of government, and for admitting them as a state into the union. After reading the bill and certain petitions and other papers, the committee rose, reported progress, and the house adjourned.

### A CARD.

WM. H. MANN, having opened the office, formerly occupied by the Hon. Jeremiah Z. Chase, for the purpose of practicing the law, respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general, flattering himself that his promptness and assiduity will give general satisfaction.

N. B. Instruments of writing done at the shortest notice.  
March 19.

NEW-YORK, MARCH 11.

### LATE FROM ENGLAND.

Capt. Leslie, late last night, favoured the editors of the N. Y. Gazette with London papers to Jan. 18, inclusive. They contain only the news that follows.—We find in them nothing relating to us.

London, January 17.—It is now ascertained from a Danish newspaper of the 31st Dec. that only five seamen and two marine were saved from the Defence, of 74 guns; and it is supposed the whole of the crew of the St. George, of 98 guns, perished. These two vessels have lost upwards of 1400 men.

January 18.—Benjamin Walsh, Esq. M. P. was this day arraigned at Old Bailey for robbing Sir Thomas Plomer of upwards of £15,000, and found guilty of larceny subject to a question of law.

### RUSSIANS & TURKS.

The Petersburg Court Gazette, of Dec. 20, contains an account of the Russians gaining a signal victory over the Turks on the 20th Nov. when the Grand Vizier crossed the left bank of the Danube, was surrounded, and the troops compelled to lay down their arms before the Russians. The whole of the Turkish army, including their officers, and the commander in chief, Chaban Ouglow, a Bashaw of Three Tails, surrendered prisoners of war Fifty-six pieces of cannon, magazines, &c. are in the hands of the Russians. This army has, in various actions, previous to crossing the Danube, lost, in killed and wounded about 10,000. The Turkish army consisted of 35,000 men. It is supposed the above victory will lead to a peace between these two powers.

January 15.—The King's illness.—The report of the committee of the House of Commons, appointed to examine the king's physicians, has been printed and delivered this morning. It occupies 14 folio pages. The first question put to all the physicians was, whether his majesty's health was such as to render him incapable of coming to Parliament in person, or attending to business. The reply of all was in the affirmative.

### LATEST FROM LISBON.

Capt. Burke, of the ship Fanny, left Lisbon the 28th of Jan. and confirms the account of the capture of Ciudad Rodrigo by the English on the evening of the 19th. As before stated, the attack was made on three points, under Generals Crawford, Pickton, and M. Kim. Gen. M. Kim was killed, and Gen. Crawford dangerously wounded. On entering the fort the French sprung a mine, which destroyed near 700 men. The French fought desperate and the slaughter was great, for every man in the forts was bayoneted or taken prisoners. About 1700 prisoners were sent to Lisbon. The English loss was about 1100 men. Lord Wellington's official account had not been received at Lisbon when the Fanny sailed.

### Land for Sale.

I will sell a small tract of Land situated on the head of South river, in Anne-Arundel county; containing about 200 acres. This land is very valuable, and well adapted to the growth of any kind of grain or tobacco. There is a very good apple orchard, also a good meadow, a great proportion of timber land of the best quality, such as young chestnut and white oak in abundance. This land lies in a most excellent neighbourhood. The subscriber thinks it unnecessary to say any thing more of this land, as those that wish to purchase will first view the land, which will be shown by Mr. Thomas Woodfield, who lives adjoining said land, and terms made known, which will be accommodating.  
Joseph Howard.  
March 19, 1812.

### Fifty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, living near Mount Pleasant Ferry, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 27th of December last, a negro man named

### ISAAC,

Who calls himself ISAAC LOWE; he is about 25 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, rather slender made, brown complexion, both of his little fingers crooked: had on when he eloped a new striped country cloth jacket and trowsers, white yarn stockings, strong shoes with hob nails in the soles, old osanburg shirt, and a good wool hat; he is very fond of spirituous liquor, and will make use of it to excess, and is then very talkative; it is supposed he will make his way to Baltimore, the city of Washington, or Alexandria, having relations and acquaintances at each place. A reward of Thirty Dollars will be given if taken in Anne-Arundel county, Forty dollars if out of said county, and the above reward if out of the state, and secured in any goal so that I get him again, and if not home all reasonable charges paid by  
Zachariah M'Ceury.  
March 9, 1812.

ANNAPOLIS:  
PRINTED BY JONAS GREEN.

Price—Two Dollars per Annum.

# MARY

[LXVIIIth YEAR.]

### Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Tuesday next, the 31st day of March inst. at the dwelling of the late Joseph Jenifer, All the personal property of the deceased, consisting of several valuable Negroes, Household furniture, and Stock of all kinds.

Terms of sale Cash.  
Thos. Norris, Attorney in fact,  
for Ann Jenifer, executrix of Joseph.

All persons having claims against the estate are hereby notified to exhibit the same to the subscriber on or before the first day of June next.

Thos. Norris, of Jno. West River.  
March 12, 1812. 3w.

### Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Tuesday the 31st inst. if fair, if not the next fair day, at the late residence of John Rawlings, deceased, near South river church, All the personal property of the said deceased, consisting of One Negro Man, a valuable stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs; a plantation utensils, Household Furniture; a quantity of Indian Corn, Bacon, and Lard, with many other articles too tedious to mention. Terms of sale, for all sums under twenty dollars the cash to be paid; for all sums of that amount, and over, six months credit will be given, on the purchasers giving note with approved security. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock.

John Duvall of M. Admr.  
N. B. At the same time will be offered for rent the Plantation of said deceased for the present year.

J. D. Admr.  
March 12, 1812. 3w.

### For Sale

THE plantation called Aberdeen, and Lands adjoining, containing about 350 to 600 acres, situated within a half mile of South River Ferry. Also the Houses in this city, occupied at present by Messrs. John Munroe, Wm. Tuck, and Gilbert Woodcock. Also a number of Negroes, amongst them there are several valuable tradesmen. Apply to  
William Stewart.  
March 12, 1812. 3w.

### NOTICE

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Rawlings, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, for settlement, and all those indebted, to make immediate payment.  
John Duvall, of M. Admr.  
March 12, 1812.

### NOTICE.

ALL persons in any manner indebted to the subscriber, are requested to call on Mr. GEORGE MACKUBIN, living in Corn-hill-street, Annapolis, and pay the interest due and one-fourth part of the principal, of his claims against them, on or before the 20th of March next, otherwise suits will be instituted after that day for the recovery of the whole.

He also forewarns all persons from hunting with dog or gun, passing in any direction out of the public road, or trespassing in any manner whatever on his Farm, on South-River, called Hilden, and more particularly on that part of it known by the name of "Land of Ease," as the laws will be put in force against all offenders.  
Richard Mackubin.

### NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of Frederick Green, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to present the same, legally authenticated, for settlement, & all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment.  
WM. S. GREEN, Admr.

### NOTICE.

THE subscriber being, by a decree of the Honourable the Chancellor of Maryland, appointed trustee for the sale of the estate of George Mann, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, in pursuance of the directions of the said decree, hereby gives notice to all the creditors of the said George Mann, and also to all the creditors of Mary Mann, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, to exhibit their respective claims with their vouchers, properly authenticated, in the court of chancery, within six months from the 1st day of October next. THOS. H. BOWLE, Trustee.  
Sept. 26, 1811.