

Legislature of Maryland.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.
TUESDAY, JAN. 7.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The resolution in favour of Rockville Academy, the resolution in favour of Washington Academy, and the message proposing to go into the appointment of bank directors, were sent to the senate.

The engrossed bills No. 181 and No. 183 to 200, inclusive, were assented to and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of Centre-Ville academy was read the second time, the words "and to Allegany County School the sum of 300 dollars" inserted therein, assented to and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Herbert, a message was sent to the senate, requesting a reconsideration of their amendments to the bill for the valuation of real and personal property.

On motion by Mr. L. Duval, a message was sent to the senate declining a conference on the bill for the encouragement of learning within this state.

The clerk of the senate delivers the additional supplement to the act authorizing the drawing a lottery to defray the expense of building a masonic hall in Baltimore, the bill for the encouragement of learning in Harford county, and the bill for the payment of the journal of accounts—passed, and ordered to be engrossed. Also the journal of accounts, assented to. The bill for the relief of the trustees of the Male Free School of Baltimore—will not pass. The resolutions in favour of the Hagar's-town academy, Cambridge academy, the Cumberland road, West Nottingham academy, John Bone, James Hall, Ann Hackett and others, St. Peter's School, and the resolution relative to the resolutions approving the administration of the general government, assented to. The resolution relative to the exchange of laws, assented to with amendments; Read. And a message proposing to close the session immediately.

Mr. A. Dorsey delivers a petition from Thos. B. Dorsey and John Sappington, counter to the petition of John Stringer. Read. Mr. Street a petition from Joshua Miles, a revolutionary officer, praying relief. Referred. Mr. Street a resolution in favour of Joshua Miles. Twice read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

The report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice relative to Judge Chale, was unanimously concurred with.

On motion by Mr. L. Duval the following resolution was agreed to, and sent to the senate.

Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore pay unto Jeremiah T. Chafe the sum of \$200 annually, in consideration of the duties performed by him as chief judge of the third judicial district under the different laws of this state respecting the chancery court.

On motion by Mr. C. Dorsey, a message was read agreeing to close the session immediately.

The bill to provide for straightening part of the Philadelphia post-road, the bill for the sale of the real estate of Rachel Pierpoint, the report in favour of Jehu Chandler, the supplement to the act to confirm a road in Harford and Baltimore counties, the bill for the relief of William Smith, the bill to lay out a road in Anne-Arundel county, and the report of Miles and Dewees, were referred to the next general assembly.

The bill for the relief of William and Elizabeth Davis, of Anne-Arundel county, the bill for the benefit of Francis Hance, the bill to continue in force the acts which would expire with the present session, the bill for the relief of James Buffum, the further additional supplement to an act to direct descents; and the bill to extend Green-street in the city of Baltimore, were passed and sent to the senate.

The report on the petition of Sampson G. Hyland, was concurred with.

The clerk of the senate delivers the engrossed bills Nos. 181 & 183 to 200, inclusive, & from 201 to 213, inclusive, assented to. The bill for the valuation of real and personal property, on reconsideration the amendments adhered to. The resolutions in favour of Washington College, Centre-Ville academy, Allegany county school, and Rockville academy, assented to. And a message agreeing to proceed to the election of directors for the several banks therein named. Read.

The engrossed bills No. 182, and 214 and from No. 201 to 213, inclusive, were assented to and sent to the senate.

The house proceeded to ballot for directors in the several banks mentioned in the message from the senate; and upon examining the ballots it appeared Wm. Peckin was elected for the Commercial & Farmers Bank of Bal-

timore; Edward H. Veazey for the Elkton Bank; and Phibby Nighman for the Hagar's-town Bank.

The supplement to the act to establish a market in the eastern precincts of Baltimore, and the bill for the relief of George Lash, were passed and sent to the senate.

The report on the petition of sundry inhabitants of Baltimore, praying for a road, was concurred with.

Mr. Rogerfon delivers a resolution in favour of Charles Sewell. Assented to and sent to the senate.

The bill for paving Pearl-street, the further additional supplement to an act for opening a certain road in Baltimore county, and the bill for the relief of John Walters, were passed and sent to the senate.

The report in favour of John Norris, the report in favour of Hanson Briscoe, and the bill for the relief of Alexis Romain, were referred to the next general assembly.

The bill for the benefit of Owen O'Neil, and the bill to change the time of the meeting of the court of appeals, were passed and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of Thomas S. Brewer was assented to and sent to the senate.

The engrossed bills No. 215 to 217, were assented to, and sent to the senate.

The bill vesting a right of dower in Elizabeth Hodges in the property therein mentioned, the bill for the benefit of Dennis M. Burgess, the bill to authorize the levy court of A. A. county to levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned, the bill to authorize the corporation of Annapolis to repair certain wharves, and the bill for the relief of Wm. C. Beard, were passed and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Bowles, a resolution was read, agreed to, and sent to the senate, requiring the treasurer to pay each member of the legislature, and the officers of each house, attending this day, two days allowance, in addition to what was allowed on the journal of accounts.

Also a resolution allowing Henry Thompson, door-keeper to the senate, 55 dollars, and John Sullivan door-keeper to the house of delegates 60 dollars, for taking care of the furniture of their respective rooms.

The clerk of the senate delivers a bill for the benefit of Wm. Davis and wife, and the bill in favour of James Bruff, passed, and ordered to be engrossed. The engrossed bills Nos. 182 and 214, assented to. The further additional supplement to an act to direct descents, and the bill for the benefit of Francis Hance, will not pass. The resolutions in favour of Joshua Miles, and Jeremiah T. Chafe, dissented from.

The supplement to the bill for opening Pratt-street, and the bill for the relief of Alexander Turner, were passed and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of Benjamin Johns, was assented to and sent to the senate.

The additional supplement to an act to repair the old or to build a new paper-house in A. A. county, the bill to allow the sheriff of the different counties ten per centum on the collection of all officers fees, the bill to ascertain the first boundary of the town of Upper-Marlborough, the further supplement to an act for the relief of the poor of A. A. county, the bill for the relief of William Haughey, the bill to open and establish a road in Kent county, the bill for the endowment of an academy in the several counties that have not heretofore received donations; the bill for the relief of Stephen Sanger, the bill for the relief of Edward Hazle, the bill authorizing a lottery to improve the road leading from Western Port to Morgan-town, the bill to empower John Stringer to execute deeds of conveyance for the real estate therein mentioned, the report on the memorial of the proprietors of the woollen factory in Baltimore county, and the report on the petition of the trustees and managers of the Benevolent Society of Baltimore, were referred to the next general assembly.

A message proposing to close the session was sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. L. Duval, Ordered unanimously, That the thanks of this house be presented to Tobias E. Stanbury, Esq. for the ability, attention and impartiality, with which he has, during this session, discharged the various duties of speaker of the house of delegates.

Adjourned till 5 o'clock.

5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The engrossed bills No. 218, 219, were assented to and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returns the said bills, assented to. Also the bill for the relief of Wm. C. Beard, the bill to continue in force the acts which would expire with the present session, the bill for the relief of Alexander Turner, and the bill for the benefit of Owen O'Neil, passed, and ordered to be engrossed. The further additional supplement to an act for opening a certain road in Baltimore county, the bill for extending Green-street in the city of Baltimore; the bill to authorize the paving of Pearl-street in the

western precincts of Baltimore, the bill vesting a right of dower in Elizabeth Hodges in the property therein mentioned, the supplement to an act to establish a market in the eastern precincts of Baltimore, the bill for the relief of John Walters, the bill to authorize the corporation of Annapolis to repair certain wharves, the bill for the relief of George Lash, the bill for the benefit of Dennis M. Burgess, and the bill to authorize the levy court of A. A. county to levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned—will not pass. The resolutions relative to extra per diem, in favour of the messenger in chancery, John Sullivan and Henry Thompson, assented to. The resolutions in favour of Benjamin Johns, Thomas S. Brewer, and Charles Sewell, dissented from.

The engrossed bills from No. 222 to 225 inclusive, were assented to, and sent to the senate. The clerk of the senate returns the same, assented to.

Mr. Lloyd and Mr. Tabbs, from the senate, inform the speaker, that the governor is attending in the senate to sign and seal the engrossed bills, and requests the attendance of this house for that purpose.

The speaker, with the members of this house, accordingly repaired to the senate chamber; and after having witnessed the signing and sealing the laws, returned.

Adjourned till the first Monday in October next.

OBITUARY.
Departed this life on the 8th inst. at his farm on South river, Mr. John Rawlings, in the 51st year of his age. In him society have lost an example of probity; his relations a real friend; and his acquaintance an agreeable companion. He has left no children to mourn his loss, but many who respected him as such. May a remembrance of his actions stimulate those who knew him to improve by imitating his example.

At Philadelphia, on the 7th inst. Joseph Dennis, Esq. Editor of the Port Folio, in the 45th year of his age.

It is rumoured this morning, that advices have been received from England, that the British Orders in Council are repealed.

[Phil. Registers.]

Officers of the Navy and of the Marine Corps.
As a tribute of respect to the memory of Commodore Nicholson, late senior officer of the Navy of the U. States, you are required to wear crape on the left arm and on the sword hilt for one month.

PAUL HAMILTON.
Navy Department, Jan. 6, 1811.

Extensive Forgeries Detected.
On Monday last (says the Alexandria Herald of Wednesday) some counterfeit notes were passed in Geo. Town, and on being discovered they were traced to a person by the name of Stewart, lodging at Semme's Hotel. On searching his bed room notes to a considerable amount were found under a window which he was heard to hoist before the door was forced. He was immediately arrested, and confessed that he had an accomplice in Geo. Town and another in Washington, who were immediately sent for and taken into custody—their trunks being searched, notes were found on almost all the banks in the union, to the amount (as our informant thinks) of at least \$150,000.—He further confessed that two of their accomplices, with much larger sums than they had—Messengers were immediately dispatched to these places, and we hope the whole gang will be brought to justice. He says the notes were all executed in Canada—some of them are so well executed as almost to deceive the nicest observer.

MINT.
To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.
I lay before congress for their information, a report of the director of the mint.

JAMES MADISON.
MINT OF THE U. STATES,
January 1, 1812.

STR.
I have now the honour of laying before you a report of the operations of the mint during the last year.

With the exception of a few weeks, after the expiration of the charter of the bank of the U. States, the supply of bullion, now furnished chiefly by the other banks in this city, has never been more abundant.

From the treasurer's statement of the last year's coinage, which is herewith transmitted, it will appear that during that period there have been struck and issued—In gold coins, 99,531 pieces, amounting to 497,905 dollars; in silver coins, 1,268,824 pieces, amounting to 608,340 dollars; in copper coins, 281,165 pieces, amounting to 2495 dollars 93 cents, making in the whole 1,649,570 pieces of coin, amounting to 1,108,740 dollars 93 cents.

I have the honour to be, &c.
R. PATTERSON.
JAMES MADISON, P. U. S.

From the National Intelligencer of Jan. 11.
The senate having yesterday received from their disagreement to the remaining amendments of the house of representatives to the army bill, that bill only wants the signature of the president to become a law.

The house of representatives progress but slowly in the discussion of the volunteer bill. Considerable difference exists as to its details, and the committee of the whole rose yesterday without having decided any question touching the principle of the bill.

CONGRESSIONAL.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Saturday January 4.

A petition from sundry inhabitants of Louisiana, praying for a second grade of government, was presented by Mr. Gold, and referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr. Morrow, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill for establishing a Land District in the Illinois Territory, &c. twice read and referred to the committee of the whole for Tuesday.

Communications from the secretary at war were laid before the house by the speaker, containing a statement of monies drawn from the treasury by that department for the last year, together with a statement of the contingent expenses of the military establishments, and account of the intercourse with the Barbary powers. Referred to the committee of ways and means.

A bill from the senate establishing a quarter-master's department, was read twice and referred to the select committee on military affairs.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Morrow: Resolved that a committee be appointed to inquire into the expediency of confirming the northern boundary of the state of Ohio, as fixed by the constitution of that state, and of providing by law for the actual survey of the northern and western boundary of that state, with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

The bill from the senate for raising an additional force of 25,000 troops was taken up. Messrs. Rhea, Pickens, Harper, Lowndes, & Widgery, spoke in favour of the bill, and in support of the necessity of a war with G. Britain. Mr. McKim made some observations on the statements of Mr. Sheffy yesterday, respecting exports to France. Mr. Sheffy replied. Mr. Macon spoke against the immediate passing of the bill.

A motion was made by Mr. Stanford that the house adjourn. The motion was lost. Mr. Stanford spoke in opposition to the bill. A motion was made by Mr. Quincy, that the house should adjourn—lost, 59 to 57. Mr. Stanford continued his speech. A little after sun-down, Mr. Findley moved that the house adjourn—carried, 51 to 55.

Monday, Jan. 6.
The house again resumed the consideration of the bill for raising an additional army.

Mr. Stanford spoke against the bill, and against war measures generally.

He insisted that the U. States had as good if not better cause of war with France in '98—'9, than we had now with England. As to the opinion that the fears entertained at that time of a French invasion were merely visionary, he observed, that there was good authority for believing that the Executive Directory did meditate such a project.

Mr. Blackledge made some remarks relative to what had fallen from Mr. Stanford on the subject of the projected invasion of this country by the French Directory.

Mr. Stanford said he had nothing to retract. He could prove that such a project was in contemplation, and that a person had been asked by a member of the French Directory, whether the Democrats in this country would join them? who possessing a republican heart immediately answered no, no, nobody will join you. Mr. S. repeated that he could prove this fact, but he did not feel himself at liberty to mention his authority; it was one, however, entitled to full credence. He appealed to

Mr. Randolph, who confirmed Mr. Stanford's statement; and added, that if Mr. S's speech should go before the public unimpeded, it was possible the evidence alluded to would be produced.

Mr. Blackledge could see no impropriety in the gentleman's stating his authority for a fact so important. He had often heard it mentioned before, but never had believed it. He still entertained doubts which could only be removed by the proof alluded to.

Mr. Stanford said he was deterred alone from giving his authority, by his respect for private confidence.

Mr. Stow also spoke against the bill. We were about to fight for the protection of ships, he observed, while the ship owners themselves were opposed to going to war. Should we embark in this war, he scarcely knew whether he should wish it success or not; for, if successful, it would tempt us to go to war on every occasion; and if unsuccessful we should be disgraced for ever.

Mr. Boyd also opposed the bill.

The bill finally passed, 94 to 34.

SPANISH AMERICA.
Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Natchitoches, on Red River, to his friend at Fort Columbus.

That belt of country between the Rio Grande and Sabine, called neutral ground, has been infested with robbers, thieves and murderers, that no one was safe in travelling through it, without an armed escort. The robbers have all been Americans, and some of them have been said to exceed 50 in number. Several robberies and murders have been committed.

The Spanish troops from Natchitoches have made several incursions on the side of the Sabine, and taken and plundered some parties of Spaniards of opposite politics in the neutral ground. Governor Claiborne has advised us to extend our civil authority to the Sabine. A party of our volunteers returned yesterday, which had been sent from here to arrest some robbers—but could not find them.

I have this morning had a visit from Col. Mack and Colonel Bernard, who arrived yesterday with their attendants. They are Spanish gentlemen from beyond the River Grand (Rio Bravo) attached to the republicans or revolutionary party, and delegated by the republicans of two provinces to come into the United States for some supplies. Col. Bernard will remain here for some time and endeavor to negotiate with some American merchants for the delivery of certain articles at a place agreed on, at or near the mouth of the River Grand, where there is a deposit of money to pay for the articles so delivered. They want markets. These gentlemen inform me, that Mexico, by the last information, was invaded by a large republican army, under the command of Gen. Ryan, and they believe every reason to believe the city was taken before this.—A gentleman has just returned from Trinity River, mentioning that accounts were received there of the fall of Mexico, that Gen. Ryan had taken it, and that all communication was cut off between that city and Vera Cruz, and that Vera Cruz was also soon to be taken.—Col. Manbach & Bernard and their parties were pursued by Col. Matus and 35 men, who overtook them at Bayou Pierre in the settlement, but which ten men only they intimidated their pursuers by their bravery. Col. Manbach & Bernard and their parties were pursued by Col. Matus and 35 men, who overtook them at Bayou Pierre in the settlement, but which ten men only they intimidated their pursuers by their bravery. Col. Manbach & Bernard and their parties were pursued by Col. Matus and 35 men, who overtook them at Bayou Pierre in the settlement, but which ten men only they intimidated their pursuers by their bravery.

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