

had in conversation or in writing any communication whatever, directly or indirectly, on any such subject with either the President, or Gen. Armstrong, or with either of them through any person whatever, but I trust, as I most sincerely do, that to ensure the reputation of the republican party as well as to preserve the honour and the best interests of the U. States, it has become indispensable necessary, that our president be a man of energetic mind, of enlarged and liberal views of temperate and dignified deportment, honourable and manly feelings, and as diligent in maintaining, as sagacious in discerning the rights of our much injured and oppressed country.

R. SMITH

Baltimore, June 7, 1811.
P. S. It is, I trust, not expected by any person, that I should enumerate the particular nominations to the senate which I have proved. Such an undertaking would, at the time, be as unjustifiable as it would be injurious.

APPENDIX.

The following letters and extracts are published merely to show how ungrateful are the tales, with respect to Mr. Jefferson, to which certain underlings of Madison, for the purpose of sustaining his name, have found it expedient to resort.

Monticello, June 10th, 1811.

DEAR SIR,
I enclose you a letter from one of the members of Pennsylvania, which you perceive ought to have been addressed to me. I am, however, gratified by his mistake in sending it to me, inasmuch as it gives me an opportunity of abstracting myself from rural occupations and of fainting over whom I have been connected in service in many years, and to which I have been so much indebted. I look back with peculiar satisfaction on the harmony and cordial good will, which, between myself and our brethren of the cabinet, has sweetened our toils. From the characters now associated in the administration, I have no doubt of the continuance of the cordiality so interesting to themselves and the public; and great as are the difficulties and dangers surrounding our camp, I feel with perfect composure, knowing who is watching for us.

I pray you to present me respectfully to Mrs. Smith, and to accept my prayers for your may long continue in the enjoyment of health and the public esteem in return for your useful services past and to come.

TH: JEFFERSON

The Honourable Robert Smith, Secretary of State.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Jefferson to R. Smith, dated Monticello, Sept. 1810, enclosing a work in manuscript intended for publication at some future day.

"You will see what I have made of (the subject) by the enclosed, which I have taken in the hope you will consider and rectify it. Will you do me the favour to print on paper such corrections as you would send and forward them to me. I pray you to be assured of my constant affection and respect."

Monticello, April 30, 1811.

DEAR SIR,
I have learned with sincere concern the circumstances which have taken place in Washington. Their first confirmation to me was from the National Intelligencer. My hopes and confidence were that your retirement was purely a matter of choice on your part. A letter I have received makes me suppose there was a more serious matter understanding than I had apprehended. Now I feel more painfully than I do the separation of friends, and suffering myself under the same afflictions as you, I feel the more for them. The harmony which made me feel while at Washington, is as dear to me now as it was then, and I should be equally affected were it by any circumstances to be imposed on myself. I have so much confidence in the candour and liberality of both parties to trust that the misunderstanding will not be permitted to lead to any sinister effects, and my constant prayer will be for the best on you all.

TH: JEFFERSON

Robert Smith, Esq. Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 1811.

DEAR SIR,
With great satisfaction I have just received your friendly letter of the 30th of May. Of the occurrence at Washington I had little suspicion as you had said, at this time, I know not to what kind of insinuation it is to attribute it.

From one of your old and unflinching friends, I some days since received a letter

information, as to the ground there for the opinion, that you had been privy to this transaction, stating at the same time, that he could not for a moment allow himself to give any kind of credit to so improbable a story. I at once assured him, that it was to be referred to the numerous class of fabrications, and that, so far from entertaining myself with a suspicion, I was confident there was not the slightest ground for the imputation, and by way of illustration, I transmitted to him his individual satisfaction, copies of two letters I had received from you, after my accession to the department of state.

I entreat you, sir, to remain assured, that with sentiments, as grateful as pleasing, I at this time do, and I trust, I ever will retain, the sense of your dignified, liberal, frank deportment towards me on every occasion during your administration, and that however difficult it may be to forgive an enemy, I never abandon a friend.

R. SMITH.

The Hon. Ths. Jefferson, Monticello.

On Tuesday the 2d inst. AUGUSTUS J. STEBB, Esq. was presented by the secretary of state to the president of the U. S. and admitted his credentials as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Great Britain to the United States. Mr. MORIER was also presented as secretary of legation, and Mr. BAKER attached to the legation.

[Nat. Intel.]

Obituary.

DEPARTED this life on Saturday morning the 2d inst. Mrs. MARY MANN, the amiable and venerable lady supported by that Holy Religion of Jesus, whose paths are happiness and peace, amidst many of the severest trials that infest the ferocity of the "pure in heart" endured with pious composure a long and lingering illness with christian resignation. Mrs. Mann had for the last eight or ten years a great measure withdrawn herself from the circle and society of her numerous friends and acquaintance, but she did not thereby all forget her justly acquired claim to their qualified esteem, so that we may say in her probations was also ornamented in retirement with the cardinal virtues of the christian. When we reflect that the irreparable loss the friends in general, and a number of children in particular, of this good woman, are sustained in her death, we have reason to believe has gained her a seat where the christian's trouble ceases, and "the weary at rest," we trust they will not "be sorry the men without hope," but devoutly bowing with patience and resignation to the Great Disposer of all things, will religiously say, "Thy will be done O Lord."

At his Farm, on South River, at an advanced age, Mr. WILLIAM BREWER.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, the subscriber having been appointed, for the sale of the real estate of the late GLOVER, late of Anne-Arundel county; deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at Mr. William Brewer's Tavern, in Annapolis, on Saturday, the 27th day of July instant, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, the following tract of land, called

ANDGATE, lying about one mile from the city of Annapolis, containing about 60 acres. This land is capable of being divided into two parcels (should purchasers wish to buy it in that way, or it would be sold entire) on both of which there are good dwelling-houses, with other convenient houses. A further description of this property is deemed unnecessary, as it is supposed that any person wishing to purchase will view the premises previous to the day of sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond, with security to be approved by the trustee, for the payment of the purchase money within twelve months from the day of sale, and upon the ratification of the sale by the Chancellor, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money, the trustee will duly convey the same to the purchaser or purchasers.

JAMES HUNTER, Trustee.

July 10.

GENUINE DRUGS & MEDICINES.

John Wells,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY, INFORMS his friends, and the Public, that he has on hand an extensive assortment of the best Drugs and Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c. which he offers for sale at reduced prices. Having seen an article he flatters himself that his assortment is equal, if not superior, in quality to any in the state, and he is certain he can sell them at least as low, if not lower, than they are purchased in Baltimore or elsewhere.

July 3, 1811. 2

LATEST FROM PORTUGAL.

Arrived this morning, brig Mary and Elizabeth, capt. Parson, 26 days from Oporto. Sailed 20th May. Capt. P. informs that a hard fought battle took place at Almeida on the 7th of May, between the combined armies and the French, and which continued until the morning of the 8th, when the French retreated—that Almeida surrendered to the English, in which were found a vast quantity of stores, artillery, and plate, which the French had plundered. That on the morning the battle took place, Massena had received a reinforcement of 12,000 men. That on the 8th, the English were pursuing the French and it was supposed would drive them completely out of Portugal. That the English accounts stated the loss of the French to be at 8,000 killed and wounded, and the combined army at 2500. The accounts are various relative to the force of the armies.—The combined was stated at 60 to 70,000 men, and the French from 40 to 60,000.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 30.

The ship Elizabeth, 33 days from Liverpool below—the sailed May 26, and brings London dates of the 23d. She brings confirmation accounts of the battle in Portugal. The king of England was worse but rode out on the 20th. Marshal Ney had reached Paris. King Joseph had left Spain for Paris. Omnium at London was at par, and was expected soon to be at discount. The minister had opened his budget—nothing said about new taxes.

Defeat of the French in Portugal.

Captain Henderson, of the firm, Virginia Planter from Oporto, informs, that the day he failed (May 19) he received the following account from his confidant, in Oporto, of the defeat of the French, and of the capture of Almeida by the English.

The French general Bellieres with 4000 horse and 8000 foot of the Imperial guards, left his infantry in the rear to follow, and pushed on with his cavalry and joined Massena at Ciudad Rodrigo on the 2d of May, and on the 3d he advanced to Fuenta de Onoro, and drove in our pickets after some sharp skirmishing. Massena's other forces came up on the 4th, and on the 5th the whole force attacked our troops, which consisted of the 1st division, and the 85th, and chaffeurs Britaniques—the action lasted the whole day; at night both parties rested on their own ground; the 6th and 7th were occupied by the enemy in burying their dead, and removing the wounded. They buried 3000 men. Their loss in killed and wounded exceeded 10,000. They left upwards of 500 dead horses on the field of battle. The loss of the allies was in all 1475 men.—The chaffeurs Britaniques behaved remarkably well, as did the 79th. In fact all behaved admirably.

The following is a list of some of the officers who have been killed, &c. lieutenant Colonel Cameron, 79th, killed, and 10 officers killed and wounded—220 men killed; lieutenant Col. Harvey, 14th dragoons, wounded; Captain Knipe, 14th, do. do. Lieut. Blake, 16 do. capt. Belli, 16, do. taken; col. Hill, 3d guards do. Colonel Stoddard, do. wounded and taken; capt. E. Harvey, do. do. do. capt. Andrews, 24th taken; Lt. Ireland, 24th, killed; 56 horses of the royals killed and wounded; 42 men do. do.

On the 8th the enemy returned to Ciudad Rodrigo, leaving a small corps in front of Fuentes de Onoro.

At Badajoz the firing commenced on the 7th, and on the 9th we completely invested the place, and took Fort Christoval.

Almeida was blockaded by the 6th division of the British army—the garrison consisted of 1000 men, under gen. Brenier.—It has been taken. The French now occupying nothing in this kingdom.

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 1.

Latest from Cadiz. Arrived, brig Junius, capt. Anderson, in 32 days from Cadiz. The Editor of the Freeman's Journal has the Cadiz Gazette Extraordinary of May 23, containing the important intelligence of the defeat of marshal Soult, received by the above vessel.

Translated for the Freeman's Journal, DEFEAT OF MARSHAL SOULT. From the Cadiz Gazette Extra, May 23, 1811.

Copy of a despatch from his Excellency Don Joaquin Blake to the Council of Regency, with an account of the glorious and complete victory obtained over the army of the enemy, commanded by Soult.

Most Excellent Sir, I have the satisfaction to announce to you that the allied Spanish, British and Portuguese army, have completely and gloriously beaten, in the camp of Albuhera, yesterday the 16th May, the army of the enemy which was marching under the command of marshal Soult to the relief of Badajoz and the conquest of New Extremadura. But we have defeated his projects, and he is rapidly retreating, pursued by our cavalry, who are supported by our vanguard and some British infantry.

We have not gained an easy victory; the battle has been very obstinate and sanguinary on both sides; but the loss of the enemy greatly exceeded ours. Their loss is certainly 7000 men. Our army fought for many hours without giving an inch of ground, which enhances the glory of our victory.—Soult had united extraordinary forces with activity proportionate to the grand object he had in view. We were equal in force as to infantry but his cavalry and artillery far exceeded ours in number; but such was the ardour with which the allied army fought against the common enemy, their noble emulation to distinguish themselves, and the mutual support which they afforded to each other, that they defeated 30,000 of the tyrant's satellites; and such was their enthusiasm, that they would have conquered any number, in defence of the liberties of Europe.

I will procure you the details of this most brilliant and memorable day, as soon as possible; and in order that you may be early informed of this most important victory, I send this by adjutant Don Sebastian Llano, who was in the action, and who may give every verbal information you may require.

I want words to convey to you an idea of the intrepidity, courage and good conduct of all the Spanish generals, officers and troops, who animated by their illustrious British and Portuguese allies, with whom there subsisted the most cordial union, strove to rival them in heroic deeds.

I do not wish to particularize those who have distinguished themselves, lest I should involuntarily give an unjust preference as all have done their duty—but I cannot pass over in silence the extraordinary military merit of his excellency Marshal Beresford, general in chief of the United British and Portuguese troops, and the superior good conduct of gen. Castanos, who acted in concert and planned the action. Nothing indeed can be compared to the intelligence, activity and value of marshal Beresford, whose example animated the troops and led them on to victory.

God preserve your excellency many years. From the Camp at Albuhera, May 18, 1811.

JOAQUIN BLAKE.

To the Council of Regency.

Charitable Society.

THE members of the Charitable Society, are requested to attend the semi-annual meeting of said Society, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Saturday next, at St. John's College.

The 2d instalment of 3 dollars is now due, the treasurer requests the favour of the members to transmit it to him. July 9, 1811.

A List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, July 1, 1811.

DR. JOHN BROWN, Capt. John Brown, Francis Beveridge, Clerk of Anne-Arundel county, F. T. Clements, James Currie, Mrs. Cacklon, Burrough H. Gibbs, Mary Handy, Aquila Hall, Rebecca Hall, John Kilty, Jos. McCeney, Wm. McFadin, Wm. Mayou, Samuel Mead, Samuel Nelson, Jane Nichols, Letitia Orm, Mr. O'Neil, Joseph Powell, Thomas Russell, Richard Ridgely, Francis Ricketts, The Sheriff of A. A. County, Harriott Smith, Thomas Skedmore, Ann Sellman, Robert Spence, Merititia Weaver, Annapolis.

Joseph Altep, Thomas Bicknell (2.) Joseph Bray, Samuel Cheney, Maren B. Duvall, Timothy Gray, Thomas Gibbs, Bradock Green, Richard Hall, Henry Howard, Sabert Jorney, Edmond Kelly, James H. Marriott, Moses Oim, John O'Harrow, Wm. Parten, Joseph Ray, Charles Robinson, of Chs. Fielder B. Smith, John Thomas, West River, George Watts, John Warfield, of Richd. Anne-Arundel county. JOHN MUNROE, P. M.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having disposed of his Stock of Goods to Childs and Shaw, and being anxious to settle up his business, requests all persons indebted to him to make payment to him or George Shaw. JOHN SHAW. July 1, 1811.

JOHN CHILDS & GEO. SHAW, HAYING purchased Mr. John Shaw's Stock of Goods, consisting of Ironmongery, Stationary, Books, Bookbinding, &c. will continue the business at the store lately occupied by Mr. J. Shaw, under the firm of GEORGE SHAW, & CO. And will in a few days have a complete assortment of IRONMONGERY, &c. Childs & Shaw offer for rent the house lately occupied by Benjamin Hodges, Esq. July 1, 1811. 2

To be Leased.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS. THAT elegant situation opposite to the city of Annapolis, adjoining Fort Madison, it contains upwards of 300 acres of excellent land, with oyster shell banks of maure in each field, with three negro men; and good improvements, the advantage of keeping a ferry boat, having hands used to it, and the convenience to one of the best markets, (for the seller,) in the state, is very great. Any person willing to rent, may apply to Mr. Clements in Annapolis, or to the subscriber at Easton. I observe that some person has cut several cedar posts on the banks of the river and creek, I hereby forewarn all persons from bringing boats or canoes into any of my creeks, or taking away any sort of wood, at their peril. To save trouble no person need apply without they can give good security if required. DAVID KERR. May 5, 1811. 9

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of Thomas Norman, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of June next ensuing, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 25th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eleven. THEOPHILUS NORMAN, Adm'r. 4

An independent Fortune may be gained at a cheaper rate than has ever before been offered to the Public!!! FOR THREE DOLLARS & THIRTY-THREE CENTS A TICKET IN THE Vaccine Institution Lottery, Can now be purchased, which may gain the whole of any one or more of the following CAPITAL PRIZES, VIZ.

1	Prize of \$10,000 is \$10,000	
1	5,000	5,000
1	3,000	3,000
15	1,000	15,000
50	400	20,000
1	20,000	60,000
3	5,000	15,000
10	1,000	10,000

Not two Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing will positively commence on Wednesday, the 31st day of July next, (before any other Lottery which is to be drawn in this city) and will continue to draw without any intermission, every week, until the lottery is completed. The most ample security has been given to ensure the full payment of all the Prizes without delay.

The first drawn Ticket will be entitled to a Prize of THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS. For which the Cash may be obtained, at a small discount, in an hour's notice. * The Tickets being nearly all sold, the price will rise before the drawing commences. Baltimore, 1st June, 1811.

A few Tickets in the above Lottery for sale in Annapolis by CHILDS & SHAW.

RELIGION OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD, BY HANNAH MOORE. This Work, which was lately announced for publication, may now be had at the Subscriber's store—Price 50 cents. JOHN SHAW. July 19

All Hallows Parish.

THE Parish of All Hallows, on South River, being vacant, the vestry are desirous to engage a clergyman to supply such vacancy. Applications to Mr. William Stewart, near London-town, will meet with attention.

There is a glebe-house and land appendant to the parish. June-10, 1811. 4

CHURCH LOTTERY.

THE Managers having understood that many of the Citizens have delayed purchasing TICKETS, from an apprehension that the drawing would not commence until a distant day. To remove such impressions, and with a view to attain the objects contemplated by the law, as soon as possible, they confidently assure the public, that the sale of a few more Tickets will justify them in commencing the drawing; they therefore earnestly solicit all those disposed to purchase to come forward, and notify to some one of the Managers, what number of Tickets they are willing to take.

JUST PUBLISHED, And for Sale at the Office of the Maryland Gazette,

THE LAWS OF MARYLAND, PASSED NOVEMBER SESSION, 1810. Price—One Dollar.