

A CARD.

I am much pleased to see it announced by the managers of St. Anne's Church Lottery, that from their rapid sale of tickets, the drawing will commence in the ensuing Spring.
The laudable view of this lottery ought certainly to be a sufficient inducement for every citizen to risk the price of at least one ticket. When it is considered that the hazard of even one chance will contribute to the convenience, elegance and preservation of one of the noblest and largest buildings in the State, surely no friend to improvement, that can possibly spare the small sum of five dollars, ought to withhold his aid to expedite the drawing.
But as there are some whose sole object in adventuring is the hope of gain, it may be desirable for them, in considering the advantages held out in the scheme, to be early in selecting their tickets; for although the ostensibly highest prize in this lottery is but 2,000 dollars, I perceive by the scheme it is quite possible that one ticket, by first drawing a prize of twenty-five tickets, may afterwards draw the very handsome aggregate of 8,650 dollars, to its number.
The scarcity of cash in circulation is the general objection to the hasty sale of lottery tickets, but when the double prospect of success, and certain patronage to a laudable undertaking, is before our eyes, it is cheerfully hoped all who feel an interest for the church or a friendship for its improvement, will not dilly dally a few chances to promote the immediate drawing of the lottery.

A CITIZEN.

On Saturday General Turreau presented to the President his letters of recall; and Mr. Serrurier was received and presented his credentials, as an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the Emperor of France. [National Intell.]
We understand that no dispatches were received from France by the late arrival from Rochelle. [Ibid.]

UNITED STATES BANK.

In Senate, February 20.
The bill for renewing the Charter of the United States Bank under consideration.— Messrs. Brent, Pickering and Crawford, spoke in favour of the Bank. At a late hour the question on Mr. Anderson's motion to strike out the first section, which defrays the bill, was taken, and stood as follows: YEA'S.
Messrs. Anderson, Campbell, Clay, Cutts, Franklin, Gaillard, Germain, Giles, Gregg, Lambert, Leib, Mathewson, Reed, Robinson, Smith, (of Md.) Whitehead, Worthington—17.
NAYS.
Messrs. Bayard, Bradley, Brent, Champin, Condit, Crawford, Dana, Gilman, Goodrich, Harney, Lloyd, Pickering, Pope, Smith, (N. Y.) Tait, Taylor, Turner—17.
The Vice President decided in favour of the Ayes; the bill is therefore lost, and the Bank is dead!

From a London Paper.

INUNDATION.

About one o'clock in the morning of the 20th ult. the Driggle Reservoir, at the top of Stanedge, in Marsden, about 9 miles from Huddersfield, burst, & the water flowing in an adjoining valley. This reservoir, formed for the purpose of supplying the Huddersfield canal, covered about 28 acres of land, & such was the destructive impetuosity of the flood, that it swept away a cottage occupied by Jas. Schoolfield, standing on the declivity of the hill, and his wife and four children perished in the flood. Rushing forward in its fatal course, the water advanced to the mill of Messrs. Harsfall, and so completely inundated the house of the miller, that he & his wife were floated out of their bed; he seized the stone work in the window and for some time held his wife in his embrace; but she was at length forced from him, and her little body was taken up the next morning, at a place called the Paddock, two miles from Huddersfield; the husband however, kept his hold of the window till the water subsided, and by that means preserved his life. Besides these fatal accidents, in which 6 lives were lost, many others of less consequence occurred; the soil from the top to the bottom of the hill, and extending a considerable distance along the valley, is completely washed away, & the surface exhibits all the appearance of the bed of a river.
Some idea may be formed of the rapidity and force of this immense body of water, when it is stated that a stone, of an oblong form, weighing 15 tons, was carried from the summit of the hill, and lodged in the mill race of Messrs. Harsfall, a distance of two miles!

NEW-YORK, FEB. 16.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia to a merchant in this city, dated February 14.

"A meeting of the stockholders of the U. States bank, took place this morning, for the purpose of taking into consideration the steps necessary to be taken either in case of the renewal or non renewal of the charter of the U. States Bank.
The president stated that there was now little or no hope of a renewal, and of course the attention of the meeting must be turned to the taking of measures for bringing the concerns to a close.
Under the recommendation of some of our most eminent council, resolutions were adopted authorizing the presidents and directors to convey on the first of next month, to eleven trustees, all the property belonging to the institution, authorizing them to collect the property and pay the debts—to invest any money in public securities when it may not amount to sufficient to divide 10 per cent amongst the stockholders, they not obliged to make a division until fifteen months from the date of the trust. In the meanwhile to make application to congress and the State legislatures for a charter. Should they obtain the consent of a majority of the stockholders to be obtained before it can be accepted. A meeting of the stockholders to take place every six months, and in case they think proper, to be at liberty to remove any or all of the trustees, appointing others in their places. The trustees are authorized to appoint agents, and it is understood that they are at liberty to accommodate such of their debtors as may stand in need.

IMPORTANT.

By the Ship Dispatch, Murry, we have received New-Orleans papers to the 14th January which contain the following interesting intelligence:—

NEW-ORLEANS, JAN. 7.

Serious disturbances have finally broken out in the kingdom of Mexico. Three battles have been fought between the insurgents and the troops of the European Government: we learn that the last which has taken place on the 19th Oct. has been very dreadful and terminated to the advantage of the European party. A person named Hidalgo was at the head of the insurgents with Neustria Senora de la Guadalupe, and Colonel Flu with a formidable artillery command. The regular troops of the European Government. The insurgents have looted several carriages full of gold and silver wedges which were to be conducted to the mint.

JAN. 14.

We lay before our readers the following letter addressed by the brave and respectable Mr. Andry, father to his Excellency Gov. Claiborne.—It contains the most positive and latest intelligence from above.
To His Excellency Gov. Claiborne.
Sir,

I have only time to inform you in the shortest way, of the unfortunate events which have lately happened, and of which I am one of the principal sufferers.—An attempt was made to assassinate me by the stroke of an axe, and my poor son has been ferociously murdered by a horde of brigands, who from my plantation to that of Mr. Fortier, have committed every kind of mischief and excesses, which can be expected from a gang of atrocious banditti of that nature. But at last notwithstanding all their nefarious deeds, their plot has been completely frustrated, and seeing that they were unable to perform it, they have come up to pursue their criminal course. With unremitting exertions and exhortations I have been able to collect a detachment of about 30 men, and although wounded, I have taken the command of my brave fellow planters.
We have been so happy as to meet the brigand who were in the neighbourhood of the plantation of Mr. Bernudi, colours displayed and full of arrogance. As soon as we perceived them we rushed upon their troops, of whom we made considerable slaughter. The spot was unfortunately unpropitious to cut off their retreat, so that many have been able to take to the woods, and the chief principally being on horseback, have made their escape with greater facility. I have immediately ordered several strong detachments to pursue them through the woods, and at every moment our men bring them in or kill them. I hope we are now free from any fear of this plot, because it does not appear to be general. But we must make a GREAT EXAMPLE. I think a detachment of regular troops would be very useful for the tranquillity of our coast, because I am obliged to order many detachments of militia to meet and destroy the remainder of those brigands. If we can take alive the chiefs, whom I perfectly know, consider the affair as entirely finished. I have several other informations to give you, but for the present I am too harassed and pressed by sorrow; and I will very soon transmit you further communications.

Accept, Sir, the assurance of the profound respect, of your most devoted servant.
ANDRY.
German Coast, Jan. 11, 1811.

Extract of a letter from General Hampton to Governor Claiborne, bearing date the 12th January 1811, from the plantation of Mr. Desrehan.

"Having yesterday formed a junction with Major Milton's command, which has defended far beyond the commencement of this shocking insurrection, and having pulled him in this neighbourhood, to protect and give countenance to the various companies of the citizens, that are scouring the country in every direction, I shall permit the detachments that came with me from the city to return. But I have judged it expedient to order a company of Light artillery and one of Dragons to defend from Baton Rouge, and to touch at every settlement of consequence, and to crush any disturbances that may have taken place higher up.—The chiefs of the party are taken.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Andry, father to his Excellency Governor Claiborne, dated at the German Coast, the 11th of January, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

SIR,
By this opportunity I have the honour to inform you that we continue to maintain ourselves and destroy the brigands.—The first chief of these banditti named Charles Desfondes has fallen into our hands, and several others who appeared to have commanded in second are now in my power. Our detachments find many runaways dead in the woods, and three or four of the ringleaders are only missing, but are perhaps expiring in some recess of the woods, or probably taken by our men.
Colonel J. Fortier, in his private name, and in that of all the inhabitants of the upper coast, begs leave to address to Gen Hampton and the officers and regular troops under his command, as well as to the detachment his thankfulness for the zeal and promptitude with which they have been protected. The respect for the persons & property, and the strict discipline of the troops, deserved the greatest encomium. The body of volunteers are also requested to take a merited share of praise, for their courage and patience, in suffering privations and unavoidable fatigues on such occasions; and although the invaluable service which they have rendered to the country, can be but feebly expressed, it will ever be engraved in the hearts of all the inhabitants and peculiarly in that of Colonel J. Fortier.

We may now present our readers, with some positive details, relative to the military operations which have taken place in Mexico. They are extracted from the letter of an officer high in rank, who was in person at the last engagements. The following contains the substance of that letter, dated Queretaro November 12th.
The spot where has been fought the principal battle, on the 29th of October, is named Aculco. Gen. Calleja headed the European army and the parson Allende Alamo that of the insurgents, of about 25 to 30,000 men. The Indian army had selected their position upon the ridge of a hill, which was naturally fortified, and at first rendered useless the service of Cavalry. Having perceived the van-guard of the European army they attacked them by some discharge of artillery which reached no body. The Spanish Infantry supported by a well served Artillery climbed up the position of the insurgents, who after two hours combat, were completely defeated and pursued by the Cavalry, abandoning all their baggage and Artillery consisting of eight small guns and two pieces of heavy ordnance, which belonged to the regiment of La Villas. Their loss is reckoned at 6000 men in killed, wounded and prisoners, and the European army, if we attach credit to that letter, have only lost three or four men. The parson Dolores and his generals have taken their refuge through the mountains where they are strenuously pursued. All the Indian boroughs have submitted themselves, and implored the clemency of the victorious party. The letter says farther that the parson who headed the insurgents does not know how or where to conceal himself. They hope that good order will be soon restored in the revolted province.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Head Quarters Government House, New-Orleans, Jan. 9th, 1811.
The whole militia of the city and suburbs of New-Orleans, are ordered into immediate service. The Governor commands in person. The militia residing within the limits of the suburbs Marigny and Decade, will rendezvous at the house of Mr. Benard Marigny, and will receive the orders of Col. Arnaud, the second regiment. The militia residing between St. Peter's street and the Suburb Marigny, will rendezvous at the principal and receive the orders of Major Zenon Cavalier. The militia residing between the Custom-House and St. Peter's street are ordered to rendezvous at the Government House, & will receive orders of Col. Labatut. The militia residing in the Suburb St. Mary are ordered to rendezvous at the house of Mr. Labranche fronting the levee, and will receive the orders of Maj. Anthony Cavalier. The militia residing in Faubourg St. Roch, will rendezvous at the house of Mr. Desrehan, and will receive the orders of Maj. Arnaud. The officers are enjoined to maintain the strictest discipline. Colonel F. DuRoi, Major M. Fortier, Captain George W. Meffers, Thomas Urquhart, John Clay, is Serre, and Anthony Lamarere, are to aid-de-camps to the Commander in Chief will be obeyed accordingly.
WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE

Lacourse, will rendezvous at the house of Col. Bulloch, and will receive the orders of the Commander in Chief.

The militia residing at the Bayou St. John will rendezvous at the house of Mr. Desrehan in his absence of Capt. Louis Arnaud.

The officers are enjoined to maintain the strictest discipline. Colonel F. DuRoi, Major M. Fortier, Captain George W. Meffers, Thomas Urquhart, John Clay, is Serre, and Anthony Lamarere, are to aid-de-camps to the Commander in Chief will be obeyed accordingly.

WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE
GENERAL ORDERS.
Head Quarters, Government House, New-Orleans, Jan. 9th, 1811.

ALL the Cabarets in the city and suburbs of New-Orleans are ordered to be immediately closed, and no male negro is to be permitted to pass the streets after 6 o'clock.
WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE

Extract of a letter from a Merchant in Orleans, to his Correspondent in this city, dated Jan. 15.

"With great pleasure I inform you of the insurrection among the blacks and Indians. The ringleaders have all been taken and executed. Peace and order is restored.
From Bell's Weekly Messenger, of Dec. 21st.

MATCH AGAINST TIME.
Yesterday, Milton, who recently weighed 300 lbs, against 500 lbs, that he would ride the end of Dyer's-Street, Pucallly (a distance of 90 miles) to this town in 5 completed his extraordinary undertaking three quarters of an hour within the allowed. He started from Dyer's-Street at minutes past eight o'clock yesterday and arrived at the George and Angel street place, at exactly seventeen minutes twelve. When it is considered that Milton weighs 14 stone, and that the distance of his horses being misplaced he is obliged to ride one horse upwards of 100 miles this may perhaps be pronounced one of the most wonderful feats ever recorded in the annals of horsemanship. One of the horses completely knocked up before he had 40 miles. Mr. Milton, when he reached Dyer's-Street, appeared very little fatigued.

FUGLISTIC CHALLENGE.
TO MR. THOMAS CRIB.
St. Martin's street, Leicester square December 21.
SIR,
My friends think that had the match on last Tuesday, the day upon which I tended with you, not been for untoward I should have won the battle; I therefore challenge you to a second meeting at time within two months, for such terms as those gentlemen who place confidence in me please to arrange.
As it is possible this letter may meet your public eye, I cannot omit the opportunity of expressing a confident hope, that the assistance of my being of a different colour of a people among whom I have long resided will not in any way operate to my prejudice.
I am, Sir, your most obedient, Humble servant,
T. MOLINEAUX
Witness, J. Schofield.

Crib has accepted the challenge from Molineaux. The match was made up at the house of Mr. Gulley, in Rupert-street, at 250 guineas a side, and a subscription of one hundred guineas for the winner. The battle is to be fought on the 24th of February. Fifty guineas of the stake are the actual property of Molineaux, whose friends came forward with the remainder.
Three thousand of the French prisoners at the depots of Portsmouth, are to be removed to Scotland. There will then be remaining nearly 16,000 at Portchester, and on board the prison ships in the harbour.

PORTLAND, FEB. 14.
On Sunday last arrived in town, Mr. Leveson el Blanchard a passenger in the schooner Harriet and Jane, Simon Coombs, master, for the Eastport, for Boston, was cast away on Schoodic island, on the night of 27th ult. The capt. crew and three passengers, a Mr. G. of Boston, Mr. Blanchard of Passamaquoddy and a negro servant of a gentleman who had gone to N. York by land, amounting to persons were obliged to sustain life, for days, upon a few herrings and biscuit, which floated on shore from their vessel, and all the water they could procure was from the top of the sea, frozen and separated from the salt. Mr. B. says the vessel struck about 12 o'clock, midnight, and the people remained fast to the wreck (the sea beating furiously upon them) until the tide bore them to reach the shore of this desolate land. It is proper to notice that the above mentioned people are the same seen by Capt. Stover, on Tuesday 5th ult.

Capt. Stover made several ineffectual attempts to relieve them, which Mr. B. says he shall remember with gratitude. The consequence was saved from the wreck.

Obituary.

Departed this life, on Monday last, at his City, Mr. MRS. BOURN. She died in the 41st year of her age, a peculiarly lengthy and arduous career. The recollection of this worthy man, serves, in fact, to mitigate the pain we feel in mourning his dissolution. Though death was marked by adversity, sufferings were for many years and oppressive, he submitted with resignation, to the dispensation of God, with holy confidence, and a firm belief that he will not break, and that his soul shall be not quenched. Mr. B. was a faithful member of the P. E. Church, and in all his ways. He left no surviving issue, but by all who were acquainted, his memory was dear, and his virtues long remembered.
What tho' no friends in sable weed
Grieve for an hour, perhaps, the next year,
And bear about the meekery of woe
To midnight dances and the public
Yet shall thy grave with rising
dress'd,
And the green turf lie lightly on the

Charitable Societies.

THE Managers of the Charitable Society leave to inform the Members of the public generally, in charge of the various duties they have been particularly attending to, by providing as follows:—employment for the poor, to save the pleasure to state a few for a quantity of the following:—manufactured by industrious females of the charity, who hope that the charity may have occasion for and they themselves that the prices as annexed articles are as low as at

ARTICLES.

For Sale on account of the Charity at the Stores of
J. HUGHES & G. SHERWOOD
Danburg Trowsers, doles.
Tickenburg do.
Danburg shirts, do.
Do. do. do.
Do. do. do.
Candle Wick, do.
Carpet Warp, double and twisted }
Cotton, spun for Stockings }

Posts and Rates.

THE subscriber wants to purchase a Locust Post, 7 1/2 feet long, 4 1/2 inches thick, 300 of the long, and 50 of them 17 feet long, delivered at the wharf.
Annapolis, Feb. 27.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at public sale, dry tracts or parcels of Herring bay, in Anne-Arundel County, containing 1123 acres of John Muir, of the county deceased, viz. part of a tract called Wells, containing 400 acres, part of another tract and Bennett's Island, containing 240 acres, and part of another tract containing 12 1/2 acres, the property lays adjoining each other, and is suitable for plantation of wood for plantation of sale; was a part of the estate of John Muir, late of said County, and was purchased at public sale by the trustee, who by the Chancellor to sell the same, and for the payment of any person willing to purchase, or any part thereof, may apply to the subscriber, at Annapolis, or in his absence to the agent, who is fully authorized to sell.
Bapt. Jones
Annapolis, Feb. 25, 1811.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having administered the estate of Green, late of the city of Annapolis, all persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment, or to make claims against him in accounts, legally authenticated.
ROBT. JONES
Annapolis, Feb. 25, 1811.