

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[LXVIIIth YEAR.]

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1810.

[No. 3327.]

Public Sale.

On Friday the 19th day of October next, will be offered, by the subscriber, at public sale, at Mr. Moore's store, in Charles county, the following tracts of land, viz. LATIMER'S FOREST, Latimer's Second Addition, The Widow's Hardship, and Latimer's part of Baggett's Boot, they all lie contiguous to each other, and in a compact form, as will appear by a plot, which will be shown at the time and place of sale, containing three hundred and seventy eight acres. Also two other small tracts, lying near or adjacent to the above, and an undivided part of a tract of land, called Mankin's and Latimer's Purchase. Any person wishing to buy at private sale, may be accommodated at any time before the 10th day of October. Should the above lands be sold at private sale, due notice will be given. Terms of sale, one, two and three years credit. Bond, with good security, bearing interest, will be required. An indisputable title will be given on the payment of the whole purchase money, and not before. Tobacco will be received in payment at a fair price. Mr. Francis Green, who now resides on a part of the aforesaid lands, will shew the same to any persons wishing to view the premises.

RICHARD H. HARWOOD,
Annapolis, July 20, 1810. 13X

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained letters of collection from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county on the estate of James Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased; all persons who may have claims against said estate are requested to make the same known, and those in any manner indebted to make payment, to Joseph Watkins and James Sanders, whom I hereby authorize to receive the same.

RICHARD HARWOOD,
of Wm. Collector,
Sept. 10, 1810. 4 6w.

Maus and Black's IMPROVEMENT IN THE Construction of Mills, &c.

BY means of this new invention, of all others yet discovered the most simple and all expensive, families, consisting of twenty or thirty persons, may be suited with a mill adequate to a supply of flour, at an expense less than the value of the toll paid for two or three at watermills, exclusive of the trouble attending the water or windmill. This invention may be used by hand, by horse power, by wind or water, according to the purposes for which the mill is to be used. A model may be seen at Pinkney and Munroe's store, in Annapolis, where patent rights may be had, to make and use the same under the authority of the subscriber, sole proprietor of Anne-Arundel county.

JOHN GIBSON,
N. B. The subscriber will give information to the mode of applying the power to this machine according to the experience already gained.
23 J. G.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, being desirous of settling up the firm of Pinkney & Munroe as speedily as possible, for which purpose they call on all persons indebted to them on bond, or open account, to make immediate payment; they trust that this notice will be attended to by those who have been long indebted, as further indulgence cannot be given. The business will in future be carried on under the firm of H. G. Munroe, & Co. The goods which they have now, and such they may hereafter receive, will be sold for cash, in barter for tobacco, or on credit to those who have been punctual in their payments to Pinkney & Munroe.

JONATHAN PINKNEY,
HORATIO G. MUNROE,
Aug. 20. 9

NOTICE.

WE hereby give notice to all our creditors, that we intend, after this notice shall have been published two months, to apply to Charles county court, to one of the judges thereof in the records of the court, for the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and of the several supplements thereto.

JOSEPH TURNER,
ROBERT TURNER,
Aug. 3, 1810. 6

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans court, September 18, 1810.

ON application, by petition of Gerard H. Snowden and Richard P. Snowden, administrators of John Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, & that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY,
Reg. Wills for A. A. County.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of John Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 18th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 18th day of September, 1810.

GERARD H. SNOWDEN, } Adms.
RICHARD P. SNOWDEN, }

NOTICE.

THE FREE SCHOOL of Anne-Arundel county will become vacant, on the first day of January next, any person that may be inclined to become a teacher at said place, of good moral character, possessing the qualifications of teaching reading, writing and arithmetic, will be pleased to attend on the premises, on Monday the 8th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the visitors of said school will attend to receive applications, and make known their several propositions.

RICHARD HARWOOD,
JOHN WORTHINGTON,
LEONARD SELLMAN,
BRICE J. WORTHINGTON,
RICHD. HALL, of Ewd.
WM. HALL, 3d. X
August 8th, 1810.

NOTICE.

TAKEN up adrift, in Patuxent river, by the subscriber, a ROW BOAT, about 14 feet long, 4 feet six and an half inches wide, has a ring bolt in her stern, and one in her head, the forward ringbolt leathered, 4 rowlocks and a white bottom, appears to have been used one or two years, is much barnacled and worm eaten.

WILLIAM WILSON.
The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges, on application to WILLIAM TERRY.
Annapolis, Sept. 22, 1810.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, on Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday, the 29th Sept. EZEKIEL, a stout man, upwards of six feet high, (he is a clear mulatto under his cloaths,) his face somewhat sun burnt, high and large cheek bones, his hair curly and black, and I believe tolerably short. This fellow cannot go unnoticed as he is a sensible smart fellow, being complaisant when sober, he is rather fond of liquor, which was the cause of his absconding, from his impertinence when so. Had on when he went away an osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of shoes nearly new & nailed, a coarse straw hat, short drab coat, and probably a short over jacket of the same colour, a large leather apron, tho' it is likely he will change them. Ezekiel is an ingenious fellow, a very good rough carpenter & cooper, & can do a little of Smith's work; he is lively, brisk & active considering his age which is about 50, he is a little ruptured, but cannot be discovered when he has his cloaths on. Fifteen Dollars will be paid for apprehending and securing him, if found within fifteen miles of my house, if thirty miles, thirty dollars, and if out of the state the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

BASIL BROWN.
N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby forbid from harbouring or carrying him away at their peril. B. B.

Laws of Maryland.

A FEW copies of the Laws of Maryland, for sale at this office.

FOREIGN.

Further Extracts from London papers.

DUKE OF ORLEANS.

The following documents have been published relative to the invitation of the duke of Orleans to take the command of a Spanish army.

Letter from the Supreme Council of Regency of Spain and the Indies, to his Serene Highness the Duke of Orleans.

"Most Serene Lord,

"The Spanish nation has raised its voice against the unjust aggression of Bayonne, & has unanimously sworn to preserve its independence, or to die for its legitimate sovereign Ferdinand VII. Neither the reverses of its arms, nor the fortune of the tyrant can weaken its constancy. The love of country, of religion and the monarchy, actuates all hearts, and will not cease to actuate them, whilst any sentiments of honour and loyalty remain in this land of heroes.

"Your highness is desirous of defending the cause of your august house, and of combating in the Spanish armies.

"There was a time when circumstances would have frustrated this generous desire, but now the obstacles which would then have presented themselves, have vanished. The Supreme Council of Regency invites your Highness to take the command of an army in Catalonia.

"The enthusiasm of the illustrious and brave inhabitants of that province, will be exalted to the highest pitch when they see a prince, a relative of our good king, share with them the fatigues of the war, and lead them (with the aid of Providence) to immortal victories. Your magnanimous ancestors have gained triumphs in Catalonia, of which the remembrance still exists; it belongs to your highness to preserve the freshness of so many laurels. The enterprise is great, the contest arduous, the enemy obstinate; but the Spaniards have an ardent love for their lawful sovereign, a great hatred towards the usurper, and an energetic inclination for independence.

"This people will constantly combat with your highness, and prove to you that no prince ever had to support a more just or noble cause, with soldiers more determined to defend it. God grant that at the summit of the Pyrennes, and at the head of our victorious army, your highness may one day raise your voice promising to restore liberty to oppressed France, to re-establish the throne of your ancestors, to restore order in Europe, & upon the ruins of tyranny to proclaim the triumph of virtue.

"At all events, your highness will fulfil the duties attached to your august birth. Princes are the natural defenders of the rights of nations. We congratulate ourselves in having this opportunity of manifesting to your highness our attachment to your person, and our admiration of your heroic qualities.

"God preserve the life of your serene highness for many happy years.
Royal Isle of Leon, March 4, 1810.

XAVIER DE CASTANOS,
President.
FRANCISCO DE SAAVEDRA,
ANTONIO DE ESCANO,
MIGUEL DE LARDIZABUL,
Y. URIBE."

The Supreme Council of the Regency of Spain and the Indies, to the king of the Two Sicilies.

"Sire,
The generous efforts of the Spaniards in favour of their lawful king must please the magnanimous heart of your majesty. The usurper of the throne of your majesty would usurp also the throne of his august nephew. It is time that Europe should rise from the degradation into which she has been plunged by the spirit of factions; and that nations, grateful to their legitimate sovereign, should turn their arms against the impostors who would tyrannise over them. Spain could not support the yoke—she could not bear insult. But, sire, this loyal nation, this religious and noble nation, is not yet satisfied with her perseverance; she wishes to shew to the tyrant, by fresh proofs, that she is irreconcilable to his domination—that she will abide by the oath she has taken, to perish rather than be the victim of his monstrous ambition. Government which commands this vast monarchy in the name of Ferdinand VII. desires that a prince of the august house of your majesty, should place himself at the head of a Spanish army, in order to excite revolt in the interior of France, and to snatch the bloody diadem from the head of the chief that oppresses her. The prince

is his serene highness the duke of Orleans, a prince illustrious by his military actions, and the husband of one of your majesty's daughters. We offer him the command of an army in Catalonia, and in the other provinces, where his presence may serve to attain the exalted end to which we aspire. May this offer meet your majesty's august approbation—it proceeds from our patriotism, our fidelity to our king and our respect to your majesty's august house. If Providence should crown the enterprise of your majesty's august son, we shall have the immense pleasure of having contributed to the safety of unhappy Europe, and of having afforded your majesty a proof of our veneration. God preserve your majesty many and happy years.
(Signed) "CASTANOS, Presdt.
"And the other Members of the Regency."

Royal Isle of Leon, March 11, 1810.

LONDON, AUG. 23.

The harvest is now generally begun throughout Norfolk and Suffolk; and there is every appearance of an average crop both of hard and soft corn. Some injury has been sustained on the heavy lands from the violent rains and unusual storms during last week, particularly on Thursday last; but the weather being now very favourable, it is hoped that it will continue so, to ensure the blessing of a good and plentiful crop.

A letter from Penzance, dated the 16th instant, says—"I am happy to say, that the wheat and barley crops throughout the country of Cornwall are in an excellent state, and the farmers anticipate an abundant harvest. The corn never looked better than it does at present; and the late rains, so far from having injured it, improved its appearance."

The wheat harvest yesterday became general in this vicinity, and we are happy to learn, that, with some partial exceptions, arising from local situations, the crop has rather been benefited than injured by the late rains; not so the hop plantations, which have suffered much, particularly in those grounds unsheltered from the winds.—An order of Lieut. Gen. Nicholls, the Commander in Chief of this district, has been issued to commanding officers of corps, directing them to give every possible facility and assistance, in consequence of the late unfavourable weather, in getting in the harvest, consistent with the Commander in Chief's instructions. [Kentish Gazette.]

A dreadful hail storm fell, on Wednesday last, in the neighbourhood of Chelmsford, and did considerable damage amongst the ripe corn. One farmer in the neighbourhood of Billericay had disposed of his standing crops at a valuation, but did not close the bargain until Thursday, when he was obliged to allow a deduction of 100% from the original valuation, in consequence of the damage occasioned by the storm on the preceding day.

The treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, concluded between his Britannic Majesty and the Prince Regent of Portugal, is founded upon the principle of perfect reciprocity. The goods, merchandises, and manufactures of Great-Britain are to be admitted into the Portuguese ports in Europe, America, Asia and Africa, on paying an *ad valorem* duty of 15 per cent. But the treaty is subject to our principle of colonial policy; hence the following articles, the produce of Brazil, are excluded from the markets and home consumption of the British dominions, such as sugar, coffee, and other articles similar to the produce of the British colonies; but they may be received and warehoused in the British ports appointed by law to be warehousing ports for those articles, for the purpose of re-exportation under due regulation, exempted from the greater duties with which they would be charged were they destined for consumption within the British dominions, and liable only to the reduced duties and expenses on warehousing and re-exportation. The Prince Regent of Portugal, also reserves to himself, the right of imposing heavy and even prohibitory duties on all articles of British East-India goods, and West-India produce, which cannot be admitted for consumption in the Portuguese dominions, by reason of the same principle of colonial policy which prevents the free admission into the British dominions of corresponding articles of Brazilian produce.

All trade with the Portuguese possessions on the east coast of Africa, which may have been formerly allowed to British subjects, is confirmed—of course this does not extend to trading in slaves.

The principle of the Methuen treaty respecting the wine of Portugal, is also confirmed.