

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor **LEONARD DORSEY** is a Candidate to represent this District, (composed of Prince-George's and Anne-Arundel counties and the City of Annapolis,) in the next Congress of the United States.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to state that **HENRY LINDSAY** will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

WE are requested to say, that **ZACHARIAH DEWALL** will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to state that **WILLIAM MARRIOTT** will serve, if elected, as a delegate to the next General Assembly, for Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

WE are authorized to say, Doctor **ANDERSON WARFIELD** is a candidate for Anne-Arundel county, as delegate to the next general assembly.

NOTICE.

WE are requested to inform the voters of Anne-Arundel county, that **RICHARD HALL, of EDWARD**, will serve as a delegate for said county in the next General Assembly, if elected.

From the (Balt.) American.

We have condensed a variety of foreign articles of minor import, received by the late arrivals from Europe, into the following summary.

Königsberg, in Prussia, is said in letters dated June 11, to offer safe access (trap) to American vessels.

Fiume or Trieste it is rumoured, is to be restored to Austria. If we may judge from the manner of the organization of the Illyrian provinces, we may decide this information to be incorrect.

Rumour, more potent in the destruction of mankind than death himself, says, that of 160 conscripts, furnished by a small province of the Rhenish confederacy, for the armies in Spain, but 7 were alive, most of them having perished in hospitals for the want of the necessaries of life.

The English quarantine ground is changed by an order of council of June 27, from Heylake or Milford haven to Bromborough Pool.

The trial at Bar in the Court of King's Bench in London, of the speaker and Sergeant at arms of the British House of Commons and the Constable of the Tower, at the instance of Sir F. Burdett, is fixed for 20th Nov. next.

The whole force of the British in the Adriatic is estimated at 2,000 men.

The Society of Friends will duly estimate the advantages of a monarchy over a republican form of government, when they learn that five of their brotherhood were committed to the house of correction in Wakefield, England, for one month, in June last, for refusing to do military duty, and to pay the penalties incurred by that refusal.

The Paris Monitor places the delay of negotiation, if any, at the door of England. Sir F. Burdett was liberated from the tower of London at half past three P. M. of the 21st June. He went privately with three friends into a row-boat, and descended the Thames. The procession of his friends on the occasion received his approbation as expressive of popular feeling, but he declined appearing in the cavalcade, lest his presence in case of riot and death should furnish his enemies with an opportunity to charge the consequences, as they had done on a former occasion, to his account.

John Gale Jones was also liberated from his imprisonment in Newgate. He was called to speak to a person at an outdoor, when the doors were closed against him, and he was told his residence there was no longer admissible.

The companion of Baron Kollin, in his trip to France, has returned to England.

French troops which had arrived at Rome from Upper Italy, in the beginning of May last, were said to be designed to form an army of reserve of 10 or 12,000 men in the Roman territory.

CARTHAGE, AUGUST 3.

The Natchez mail last night brings the joyful news that the inhabitants of this desirable section of the continent, have nobly resolved to shake off their European allegiance, and join the U. States, or establish a free government. The address, &c. will appear next week. The event is important to us, as a free commerce on the Mobile, &c. may be expected. We wish them all the success they can merit.—Clarion.

BALEM, AUG. 21. INVASION OF SICILY.

By passengers in the Francis, from Naples, we are informed, that great preparations were making by King Murat for an attack (as reported) on Sicily; and that continual impressments were making at Naples of recruits to fill up the ranks of the army intended for that service.

A gentleman who came passenger in the Monk, and who left Messina in the British Packet Express, about 10 days after the Monk, mentions, that information had been received there; that King Murat was at Scylla in Calabria, with an army of 60,000 men, and had issued a proclamation announcing his determination to be at Palermo with his army by the 23d of June. He also informs, that about 80 of his boats, with stores and field pieces being on their passage from Naples towards Scylla, were attacked by the British gun-boats, which captured and destroyed about 20 of them;

Captain Felt informs us, that the British have about twelve thousand troops in Sicily with the expectation of a speedy reinforcement, and that the naval force on that station will be sufficient to prevent any hostile landing.

BOSTON, AUG. 21.

FIRE AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Extract of a letter from an American at Constantinople, to a gentleman in this town, dated April 21, 1810.

"Yesterday a fire broke out in a Pera, one of the divisions of the suburbs, and to the N. and E. of Constantinople. It raged with the greatest degree of rapidity, and presented a truly terrific sight to the spectators. At 11 o'clock it extended nearly a mile, and formed one continual flame; not was any stop put to it until 1 o'clock, when some stone buildings stopped in some measure its rapid progress, and about midnight its ravage were nearly at an end. The distress of the inhabitants is very great. It is supposed that 30,000 are now in the fields, and burial-grounds with the little they were able to snatch from the destructive element. It is supposed that about 8000 buildings were entirely consumed.

NORFOLK, AUGUST 30.

Capt. Poythrell, from Lisbon, whose arrival we mentioned in our last politely handed us papers of that city to the 27th of June, the day before he sailed. The gentleman who has repeatedly obliged us with translations, says that their contents are uninteresting, being mostly taken up with accounts of trifling skirmishes in different parts of Spain among the armed peasantry and detachments of French troops, who are constantly "annoyed and cut to pieces by these brave mountaineers." That Ciudad Rodrigo still held out, notwithstanding its being invested by 40,000 French troops; and that on the 20th of June the brave garrison made a sortie in which they killed upwards of 1000 besiegers.

Capt P. informs, that the advanced guard of the English and French armies were in sight of each other for some weeks before he sailed, and that the general belief in Lisbon was that the British did not purpose to attack but to act on the defensive; the French appeared in a wise desirous of commencing the fight—that deserters from the French army were daily coming in, who were in general half-starved and ragged.—Provisions very scarce in Lisbon—Flour 17 dols.—Corn 3 dols. 50. [Herald.]

NEW-YORK, AUG 23.

St. DOMINGO:

We learn by a gentleman just arrived from Hayti, that on or about the 24th of July, about 10,000 brigands under the command of gen. Gomas (who is supposed to be in the pay of Christophe) surrendered to the force under general Rigaud at Jeremie. Rigaud had under him at the time an army of 5,000 men. The surrender was by negotiation. Every demonstration of joy was exhibited on the occasion.

A duty of ten per cent. on the importation of specie has been laid in all the ports under the control of Christophe in the Island of St. Domingo—Coffee the 1st. Aug. 15 fous.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

We learn from Capt. Church, of the ship Maria, that the situation of the siege of Cadiz was much the same as for sometime past. The party of 5 to 6000 men, that had been despatched under Lacey to the Sierra of Rondeu, returned to Cadiz on the 16th of July, without effecting the ultimate object of their expedition, which was to co-operate with the English to retake Malaga.

A report prevailed that Massena had retrograded, not being in force enough to meet the enemy. No news of Crauford's junction with the English army.

PHILADELPHIA, AUG. 20. LATEST FROM CADIZ.

Yesterday arrived brig Growler, capt Roberts, 30 days from Cadiz, sailed July 17, and informs that it was reported and believed at that place, that the French General Soult, with 15,000 men, had the latter end of June

attacked the advance guard of 6000 men, under the command of Gen. Crauford, on the confines of Portugal, and obliged him to fall back to the main body, with only 2000 men. That the town of Cadiz was still safe, being well supplied with water and provisions, and out of the reach of the enemy's shot and shells, tho' it was said that the French were casting Mortars at Seville of a larger calibre than any they had, with which they hoped to reach the town; that a continual fire was kept up by the French from Matagorda on the fort —, on the Leon, from whence and the Spanish Gun-boats it was as briskly returned. That the British are in possession and defend many of the advance posts with great spirit. That the Battery at the Causeway leading from the Walls of Cadiz to the Island, was nearly completed, and was to be mounted with 70 or 80 pieces of heavy ordnance, from 24 to 32 pounders.

The allies are busily employed erecting various other batteries on different parts of the Island of Leon. The French in the environs of Cadiz, are said to be only 15,000 men. Flour at Cadiz 14 dollars.

The Knell.

"DIED, on Friday, the 17th instant, in the 28th year of her age, after a lingering illness, which she bore with uncommon patience and fortitude, Mrs. ELIZABETH BROOKE, wife of Mr. Thomas Brooke, and the second daughter of Walter Bowie, Esquire.

In her virtues there is a claim to pre-eminence, and in the active and most faithful discharge of all the relative duties of her station, a reward, more precious than pure gold; these she has left behind her, never to die; and by them she was taught, the sure hope of her own immortality—and even in the arms of death, to smile on the tyrant. What a glorious bequest! To her numerous and bewailing friends, how pleasing the consolation, and how invaluable the inheritance, to her only child, an infant son."

Valuable Lands for Sale.

UPWARDS of Four Hundred Acres of Land, on the north side of Severn river, six miles from Annapolis, and 20 from Baltimore, on the south side of Magothy river, binding on said river so far by navigable waters, that 250 pannels of fence from water to water would enclose the whole of this land; a beautiful situation, remarkable level, well adapted to corn, wheat & rye, very good for marketing of all kinds, no place to exceed it for fishing and fowling; this land will be sold far below its real value, an indisputable title, or a general warranty, if required, and possession given directly, that the purchaser may see what part of the land he pleases. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms, and be shewed the place, by applying to the subscriber, living on the north side of Magothy, opposite said place, at Magothy ferry.

Aug. 25, 1810. P. H. WATTS.

Public Sale.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, at the dock, in this city, on FRIDAY the 7th day of September next, at 12 o'clock, the SCHOONER POLLY, with every thing belonging to her. She is newly repaired, and in good order. She carries 19 tons. Will be sold at the same time, TWO BATTLEAUX. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

MARGARET HEWITT.

Annapolis, Aug. 28, 1810.

Public Sale.

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of September next, at the late dwelling of Anne Ailsworth, deceased, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

ALL the personal property of the said deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, plantation utensils, household and kitchen furniture, &c. The terms of sale cash. ZACH. DUVALL, Ex'r.

All persons who have claims against the said deceased are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment. Z. D. Broad Neck, Aug. 21, 1810.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, being desirous of settling up the firm of Pinkney & Munroe as speedily as possible, for which purpose they call on all persons indebted to them on bond, note or open account, to make immediate payment; they trust that this notice will be attended to by those who have been long indebted, as further indulgence cannot be given. The business will in future be carried on under the firm of H. G. Munroe, & Co. The goods which they have now, and such as they may hereafter receive, will be sold cheap for cash, in barter for tobacco, or on short credit to those who have been punctual in their payments to Pinkney & Munroe. JONATHAN PINKNEY, HORATIO G. MUNROE.

Aug. 20.

To be hired FOR WANT OF EMPLOYMENT, (ON REASONABLE TERMS.)

A NEGRO WOMAN with two children, the oldest is about three years of age, she is a good washer and ironer, and a tolerable good plain cook, and can be well recommended as being honest and sober—for terms inquire of the subscriber, who has for sale one of Osgood's patent washing Machines.

JOHN SHAW.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of Maryland, will be offered at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the 24th day of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, at Llewellyn's Warehouse, on the premises,

ALL the real estate of Richard Jordan, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, consisting of a tract of land called Brambley, containing about four hundred and fifty acres, situate in St. Mary's county, three hundred acres of which lie immediately on Wicomico river, & are bounded by said river & Brambley Creek for upward of a mile; this land is perhaps exceeded or equalled by none in St. Mary's county for its fertility of soil, elegance of situation, and all other conveniences, being considered remarkable healthy, having plenty of fresh water and good springs on every part of it; the river and creek abound with fish, oysters, and wild fowl, which are to be had convenient in their seasons. The improvements are a new commodious two story framed dwelling-house, completely finished, adjoining the old dwelling-house, which is convenient and in tolerable repair, two good kitchens, smoke house, carriage house, and other out houses, with negro quarters sufficient to accommodate a large family; the dwelling-house commands an extensive view of the rivers Patowmack & Wicomico. The other hundred and fifty acres are part of the same tract, and lie in the forest one mile from the river, and are principally in wood; this land will be sold separate, or together, as may suit the purchaser. At the same time and place will be sold one moiety or half part of a lot containing about five acres of land; whereon stands the tobacco warehouse, also a storehouse and granary, all in tolerable repair.

The terms of sale will be one half of the purchase money to be paid at the expiration of twelve months from the day of sale, and the residue in three equal annual payments thereafter, the purchaser giving bond, with security, to be approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale; and on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor, and on payment of the whole purchase money, the trustee will by a good and sufficient deed convey to the purchaser, and his heirs, all the right, title and interest, which the said Richard Jordan had in the said land and premises. All this property will be sold subject to the dower of Mrs. Jordan, which she will sell, lease or rent; to the purchaser. Possession on will be given the first day of January next.

JAMES COOKE, Trustee.

N. B. All persons having claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit the same in the Chancery Office, on or before the 24th day of Sept. 1811.

Aug. 6, 1810.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the judges of Calvert county court, at their next session, for the benefit of the act of assembly passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplements thereto.

JAMES DIXON.

Aug. 18, 1810.

NOTICE.

By Order of the Orphans Court of Calvert County.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of LEVIN MACKALL, late of Calvert county, deceased, are requested to produce the same, legally authenticated, on or before the 16th day of September next; otherwise they will be excluded by law.

LEVIN C. MACKALL.

Aug. 20.

Runaway.

COMMITTED to the goal of Anne-Arundel county, as a runaway, a mulatto man calling himself JAMES MEGGS, who says he is the property of a Mr. JAMES BAZZ, of Middlesex county, state of Virginia; he appears to be about 25 years of age, five feet 8 inches high; well made, has a very thick head of hair, large whiskers, and a scar on his right hand; had on when committed an over jacket of white kersey country cloth, duffety vest, cotton trousers, coarse linen shirt, old hat, and coarse shoes. His owner is desirous to release him, or he will be sold for expenses of imprisonment, according to law.

JOHN CORD, Sheriff.

Anne-Arundel county.

August 6, 1810.